

NEW Grocery Store!

EVERYTHING NEW AND FIRST CLASS.
NEW GOODS Constantly Coming In!
The Highest Price paid for Country Produce.

BURNS'
Canadian Baked Beans,
The Best Article in the Market always on hand at
J. G. CONNOLLY'S,
REGENT STREET,
Fredericton, Nov. 27, 1879.—6mos.

MARBLES.
60,000 MARBELS, all kinds Wholesale and Retail.
LEMON'S VARIETY STORE
Fton, April 6, 1880.—4f

TO LET.
THE House on Queen Street, opposite the Brayley House, at present occupied by Dr. Currie; also, the two stores or offices in same building, occupied by W. C. Brown, J. F. and Miss Davidson. Also, the lower flat of the House on Campbell Street occupied by Mr. Geo. H. Simmons. Possession given 1st of May.
RAINSFORD & BLACK.
Fton, Jan 21, 1880.—4f

TO BE RENTED.
THAT splendid Store with plate glass front in the subscribers new building, situated between the store occupied by Mr. Thomas Lucy as a Boot and Shoe Store and Mr. S. F. Shute's Jewellery store, and well adapted for Dry Goods, Clothing, or a Fancy Stock. Possession given immediately if required.
Also, the Shop now occupied by Mr. Daniel Lucy, as a Boot and Shoe store.
Also, the Shop at present occupied by Mr. John Owens as a Grocery Store and the dwelling over the same. Possession given 1st of May.
OWEN SHARKEY.
Jan. 22, 1880.—Rep if.

TO LET.
THE SHOP formerly occupied by Mr. Thomas Morris, in the building known as the "Albion Hotel." For further particulars enquire of
T. M. SPAHNN,
Queen Street, Fredericton.
Jan 15.—6mos.

TO LET.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.
THE subscriber will let for a year or term of years, a nicely finished and situated Store 22x55 feet, at Gibson, formerly occupied as a grocery stand by W. R. Logan. The lessee will have a fine first proof cellar of the same size as the store. Enquire of
P. A. LOGAN.
Gibson, Feb. 12.—4f

For Sale.
200 Cords Dry Hardwood
75 Cords Softwood.
VERY LOW FOR CASH.
The above will be delivered when ordered.
JOHN OWENS,
Queen Street
Fredericton, Sept. 20th, 1879.—4f.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
Tenders for Rolling Stock.
TENDERS are invited for furnishing the Rolling Stock required to be delivered on the Canadian Pacific Railway, within the next four years, comprising the delivery in each year of about the following, viz:—
20 Locomotive Engines
16 First-class Cars (a proportion being sleepers).
20 Second-class Cars, do.
3 Express and Baggage Cars.
3 Postal and Smoking Cars.
20 Box Freight Cars.
100 Flat Cars.
2 Wing Ploughs.
2 Snow Ploughs.
2 Flangers.
40 Hand Cars.

THE WHOLE TO BE MANUFACTURED IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA and delivered on the Canadian Pacific Railway, at Fort William, or in the Province of Manitoba.
Drawings, specifications and other information may be had on application at the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, at Ottawa, on and after the 15th day of MARCH next.
Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon of THURSDAY, the 1st day of JULY next.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary,
Dept. of Railways & Canals, 1 Feb 21-10
Ottawa, 7th February, 1880. 5 w 4 ju 2a

NEW DOMINION HOTEL,
J. H. MCCOY, Proprietor.
Meals 15 cents. No charge will be made to parties who go away dissatisfied.
St. Mary's, Oct. 4, 1879. 8 mos

The Star.

VOLUME II. FREDERICTON, MAY 6, 1880. NO. 149.

IMPERIAL HALL.
Old and Reliable Tailoring Establishment.
Our Motto:—Good Work for Living Profits.
The undersigned may still be found at his OLD STAND on Queen Street. Many years experience in the tailoring business in this city enables us to guarantee perfect satisfaction in every respect to all who may lend their support. Our stock of clothes suitable for
OVERCOATINGS and SUITINGS is the best in Fredericton. Just received,
FALL and WINTER GOODS, ENGLISH, SCOTCH and CANADIAN WEEDS
THOS. STANGER.
Queen Street, opp. Officer's Quarters.
TO DELINQUENTS.—All accounts standing for over six months will be placed in Attorneys hand for collection.
Oct. 21, 1879.—4f

NOTICE
The subscriber has just received
FROM NACKAWICK,
A large consignment of ready-made
LUMBER
—CONSISTING OF—
SHINGLES, CLAPBOARDS, PINE BOARDS, PINE PLANK, SCANTLING, HEMLOCK BOARDS, CEDAR POSTS,
—ALSO—
Ash Plank and Ash Boards,
The above are all well seasoned and will be exchanged For Cash at
NACKAWICK PRICES.
Respectfully,
D. LUCY,
Fredericton, Oct. 7, 1879.—6mos*

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
DANIEL LUCY
KEEPS AS USUAL ON THE OLD STAND,
QUEEN STREET;
OPPOSITE THE CUSTOM HOUSE,
Where he will be found selling
BOOTS, SHOES, CLOTHING, &c. &c.
At REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.
All are welcome.
Remember the place.
DANIEL LUCY.
Oct. 6, 1879.—6mos.

PEVEE STEEL, & C.
JUST RECEIVED.
15 cwt. Pevee and Pick Steel;
2 bundles Firth & Son's Axe Steel;
20 " Plough Plating.
JAMES S. NEILL.
Feb. 2

"WESTERN" FIRE INSURANCE CO.
WE beg to intimate that we have been appointed agents for the above first class company and are now prepared to extend their lines in any single Risk to \$50,000.
JOHN RICHARDS & SON.
Fton, March 4, 1880.—4f

F. & O. McGoldrick
DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, ROOM PAPER, BOOTS AND SHOES, TRUNKS AND VALISES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Queen Street, Fredericton.
Cash and the highest prices paid or shipping furs may 31

"ELDON HOUSE"
No. 190 Union Street, St. John, N. B.
PERMANENT and TRANSIENT Boarders accommodated on reasonable terms.
W. A. LIVINGSTON, Proprietor.
Oct. 2, 1879.—4f.

ALLEN & CHANDLER
Barristers, &c.
OFFICE:
PALMER'S CHAMBERS,
Princess St
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
T. C. ALLEN. W. B. CHANDLER
July 24.

WM. WILSON,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY AT LAW
CONVEYANCER, &c.
Office, Opposite Normal School
QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON.
Accounts Collected, Loans Negotiated.
P. BRODERICK,
DEALER IN
General Groceries.
Country Produce taken in exchange.
Cor. Northumberland and George Sts
Fredericton, Sept. 25th, 1879.

NOTICE TO BLACKSMITHS.
Now in Stock, and for sale at Bottom prices.
25 TONS Refined American Iron, 2 tons Sled Shoe Steel, 1 ton Sled Shoe Steel, 4 cwt. Axe Steel (Firth's), 4 ton Firth's Steel, 1 ton Octagon and Square Steel, 1 ton Firth's Steel, 75 boxes Mooney's Celebrated Horse Nails 20 kegs Horse Shoes, 10 " Snow Ball Horse Shoes, 50 " Borax, 2M Slight Shoe Bolts, 1 " Sled Shoe Bolts, 6 " Screw Bolts, 2 " Fire Bolts, 4 pairs Bellows, 2 Anvils, 24 Smith Vices, 0 kegs Nuts and Washers, 1 Portable Forge, 26 doz. Horse Shoe Rasps, 5 " Files, assorted, 2 " Farriers' Knives.
Jan 1 1879. **JAMES S. NEILL.**

Potatoes WANTED.
1000 OR MORE
BARRELS
OF GOOD
Rose, Susies and Prolifics,
CASH AND HIGHEST MARKET PRICES ALWAYS PAID.
ROBERT S. BELLEY,
Railway Crossing, St. Mary's
Jan 9 1880.—6mos.

Farm for Sale.
A FARM of 100 acres (40 cleared), with good House, Barns, etc., well wooded and watered, situated about 5 miles from Woodstock and 1-1/4 miles from Jacksonville Corner. Will be sold on terms hereinafter to be agreed upon or exchanged for property in Fredericton.
Further information may be obtained by seeing John Chamber or Hamilton Emery at Jacksonville, or J. C. Risteen, at Sash and Door Factory, Fredericton.
Fton, March, 29, 1880.—1 mo. Far. & Sentinel.

JAMES D. HANLON
Cabinet Making and Undertaking.
Furniture of all kinds made and repaired with neatness and despatch. I have in Stock a lot of Hand Made Wood Seat Chairs, very low for Cash.
UNDERTAKING ORDERS
From town or country promptly attended to at all hours.
King Street, Fredericton N. B., between Carleton and Regent Streets.
Nov 4, 1879.—3mos.

SNOW SHOVELS, & C.
Just Received from Boston:
15 DOZ. Snow Shovels;
30 doz. pairs T and Strap Hinges;
10 M Carriage Bolts;
2 Cases Wood Screws;
10 doz. Auger Bits;
For Sale by
JAMES S. NEILL.
Jan 31

To Whom It May Concern.
THE Subscriber begs leave to thank his numerous customers for their patronage during the past, and to solicit a continuance of the same in the future. **BOARDERS, PERMANENT and TRANSIENT,** may be accommodated at seasonable prices.
WM. MCPALPINE.
Fredericton, Oct. 14th, 1879.—6mos

McFarlane, Thompson, & Anderson's
CELEBRATED
WOOD-FURNACES
MADE OF
Boiler Plate with Heavy Plate Hot Air Reservoir with Central Flue or Heavy Cast Iron, thoroughly strapped to prevent breakage, to suit customers.
ALSO:
SQUARE REGISTER
AND
Round Pipe Register
Of all sizes to suit.
—CONTRACTS—
Made for putting in Furnaces to Houses complete at THE LOWEST MARKET RATES. Satisfaction guaranteed.
ON HAND:
LARGE & VARIED ASSORTMENT
COOK AND PARLOR STOVES!
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Parties desirous of purchasing either Stoves or Furnaces would do well to give us a call.
McF. T. & A.
Fredericton, Sept. 19, 1879.—4f.

ONE TON OF WOOL
Wanted at the Establishment of
T. G. CONNOR.
November 1, 1879.—4f.

CUTLERY.
ASK American Table Cutlery,
For sale low by
JAMES S. NEILL.
Fredericton, Oct. 14, 1879.

ST PRIZE AT EXHIBITION
In 1878.
BROOMS AND WISPS.
We Respectfully Solicit the patronage of those in the trade.
All Orders Promptly Filled & Satisfaction Guaranteed.
REED & REED,
QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.
opt 16

L. BLACK & CO'S
Spheroidal Spectacles AND EYE GLASSES
ARE the best for the preservation of the sight, and took the medal at the Centennial Exhibition.
The lenses are made of the best material, uniform in density, and of high refractive power, their perfect polish and spheroidal shape adapt them to ease and improve the sight of the wearer. The eye being the most delicate organ great care should be exercised in selecting spectacles; it is not enough that the glass be of the right focus, but the lenses must be perfectly centered and in many cases perfect relief is only given by having each eye fitted separately. To effect this the lenses are made interchangeable, and having an Optometer to measure the sight, a perfect fit is guaranteed.
Call and examine before purchasing any other kind.
A full stock in Steel, Rubber, and Gold Frames and prices to suit all pockets.
S. F. SHUTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Sole Agent for Fredericton and vicinity.
aug. 28.

JAMES BOONE,
HARNESS MAKER,
Ferry Landing, Saint Mary's, York County, N. B.
Harness, Bridles, Saddles, Whips, etc.
Orders promptly attended to on reasonable terms. Repairing executed in a satisfactory manner.
Oct. 18, 1879.—6 mos.

GLASS. GLASS.
NOW LANDING AND IN STOCK:
250 BOXES Window Glass; 1 TON Putty;
COW BELLS.
1 bbl. Cow Bells;
2 doz. Sheep Bells.
JAMES S. NEILL.
ma 29

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!
To the People of the City of Fredericton and the Public generally.
The subscriber has just received his
FALL STOCK!
And thanking his numerous customers for their patronage during the past, begs leave to request a continuance of the same during the frosty future and to assure them that as ever, no pains will be spared to make this establishment head and shoulders above its fellows and to produce a good honest SUIT OF CLOTHES, or parts thereof at prices to suit the times. ON HAND:—A large and choice assortment of the
CELEBRATED EDINBURGH RUBBER COATS.
Absolutely unrivalled for durability. Also, a splendid lot of
OVERCOATINGS, BLACK DIAGONALS, Etc., IRISH FRIEZE, ENGLISH and SCOTCH TWEEDS,
Lastly we would respectfully solicit the attention of our patrons to our stock of
GERMAN CLOTHS, VENETIAN'S Black and Broad Superfine Weave of England, and Gent's Furnishing Goods, without doubt the finest lot in the city.
JAS. R. HOWIE,
CUSTOM TAILOR,
MARBLE HALL, FREDERICTON
Oct. 7, 1879.—6 mos.

CHEAP TINWARE.
THE undersigned now have in stock a full assortment of Pressed, japanned, and tinned Tinware, also, Galvanized Iron and Granite Iron and Enamelled ware, which they will sell at reasonable prices.
PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.
We keep on hand a full stock of Iron, Brass, and Lead Pipe, ranging in size from 1/8 in. to 3 inch. Also,
Pumps and Drivewell Strainers,
STEAM, GAS, AND WATER FITTINGS
with a general assortment of goods usually found in a FIRST-CLASS establishment.
Jobbing attended to with neatness and despatch.
Oval shades and Patent Burners for sale cheap.
All orders for TIN ROOFING and GALVANIZED IRON WORK promptly attended to, and a good job warranted.
Fton, March 31. J. & J. O'BRIEN.



STOVES, STOVES,
Through all these years of vacillating fortune the people of Fredericton and the public at large have always shown their appreciation of every endeavor which has been made to keep parallel with the times and have ever been willing to recognize the merits of good, honest workmanship.
STOVES & PLOUGHS
Manufactured and Re aired.
Country Produce taken in exchange.
GEO. TODD,
KING STREET, FREDERICTON.
Oct. 26, 1879.—3 mos.

HOLY FAMILY ACADEMY
ST. BASIL, MADAWASKA.
THIS new institution occupies a beautiful site on the banks of the St. John. Its position unites all the benefits of country atmosphere with every desirable facility for youthful exercise and amusement; well-being neglected to promote the health and well-being of the pupils. The course of study comprises English, French, Composition, Geography, History, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, Zoology, Botany, Instrumental and Vocal Music, Penmanship, Plain and Fancy Needlework.
Board and tuition, per year, \$80.
Music and use of Instruments, 25.
Drawing, 10.
Washing, 2.
Fancy work, 3.
The train running from Grand Falls to Little Falls affords an easy mode of access. Great attention is given to the French course, which is conduced to the special care of French teachers.
Nov. 29, 1879.—w & w 4 jear

IVANHOE.
So saying, he stepped to the stone basin, in which the waters of the fountain as they fell formed bubbles which danced in the moonlight, and took a long drink of the water.
"When didst thou drink so deep a draught of water before?" asked the knight.
"Never since my wine butt leaked and let out its liquor by an illegal vent," replied the friar, "and left me nothing to drink but my patron's bounty."
Then plunging his hands and head into the fountain he washed away all marks and signs of his revel.
Thus refreshed and sobed, the jolly priest twirled his heavy partisan round his head with three fingers, as if he had been handling a reed, exclaiming, "Where be the false ravishers who carry away wenches against their will? May the foul fiend fly off with me if I am not man enough for a dozen of them."
"Swearst thou, Clerk?" said the Knight.
"Clerk me no Clerks," said the transformed priest; "By Saint George and the Dragon, I am no longer a shavling than while my frock is on my back. When I am cased in my green cassock I will drink, swear and woo a lass with any other."
"Come on, Jack Priest," said Locksley, "and be quiet; thou art as noisy as a whole Convent on a holy eve, when the Father Abbot has gone. Come on you, too, my masters, tarry not to talk of it—I say, come on, we must collect all our forces, and few enough we shall have, if we are to storm the castle of Front-de-Bœuf."
"What! is it Front-de-Bœuf?" said the Black Knight. "Is he turned thief and oppressor?"
"Oppressor he ever was," said Locksley.
"And for thief," said the priest, "I doubt if ever he were half so honest a man as many a thief of my acquaintance."
"Move on, priest, and be silent," said the said yeoman; "it were better you led the way to the place of rendezvous, than say what should be left unsaid, both in decency and prudence."
CHAPTER XXI.
While these measures were taking place in behalf of Cedric and his companions, the armed men by whom the latter had been seized, hurried their captives along toward the place of security, where they intended to imprison them. But darkness came on fast, and the way seemed but imperfectly known to the marauders. They were forced to make several long halts, and once or twice to return on their road to resume the direction they wished to pursue. The summer morn had dawned upon them ere they could travel in full assurance that they held the right path. But confidence returned with light and the cavalcade now moved rapidly forward. Meanwhile the following dialogue took place between the two leaders.
"It is time thou shouldst leave us, Sir Maurice," said the Templar to De Bracy, "in order to prepare the second part of the mystery. Thou art next, thou knowest, to act the part of the Knight Deliver to the captives."
"I have thought better of it," said De Bracy; "I will not leave thee till the prize is fairly deposited in Front-de-Bœuf's castle. There will I appear before the Lady Rowena in my own shape, and trust that she will set down to the vehemence of my passion the violence of which I have been guilty."
"And what has made thee change thy mind, De Bracy?" asked the Templar.
"That concerns thee nothing," answered his companion.
"I would hope, however, Sir Knight," said the Templar, "that this alteration of measures arises from no suspicion of my honorable meaning, such as Fitzurse instilled into thee?"
"My thoughts are my own," said De Bracy. "The fiend laughs, they say, when one thief robs another; and we know that were he to spit fire and brimstone, it would never prevent a Templar from following his bent."
"Or the leader of a Free Company," answered the Templar, "from dreading at the hands of a comrade and friend the injustice he does to mankind."
"This is unprofitable and perilous recrimination," answered De Bracy. "Suffice it to say, I know the morals of the Temple Order, and I will not give thee the power of cheating me out of the fair prey for which I have run such risks."
"Pshaw!" replied the Templar.
"What hast thou to fear? Thou knowest the vows of our order."

"Right well," said De Bracy, "and also how they are kept. Come, Sir Templar, the laws of gallantry have a liberal interpretation in Palestine, and this is a case in which I will trust nothing to your conscience."
"Hear the truth, then," said the Templar. "I care not for your blue-eyed beauty. There is in that train one who will make me a better mate."
"No, Sir Knight," said the Templar, haughtily, "to the waiting-woman I will not stoop. I have a prize among the captives as lovely as thine own."
"By the mass, thou meanest the fair Jewess!" said De Bracy.
"And if I do," said Bois-Guilbert, "who shall gainsay me?"
"No one that I know," said De Bracy, "unless it be your vow of celibacy, or a check of conscience for an intrigue with a Jewess."
"For my vow," said the Templar, "our Grand Master hath granted me a dispensation. And for my conscience, a man that has slain three hundred Saracens need not reckon up every little failing, like a village girl at her first confession upon Good Friday eve."
"Thou knowest best thine own privileges," said De Bracy. "Yet I would have sworn thy thoughts had been more on the old usurper's money bags than on the black eyes of the daughter."
"I can admire both," answered the Templar; "besides, the old Jew is but half-prize. I must share his spoils with Font-de-Bœuf, who will not lend us the use of his castle for nothing. I must have something of my own by this foray of ours, and I have fixed on the lovely Jewess as my peculiar prize. But, now thou knowest my drift, thou wilt resume thine own original plan, wilt thou not?—Thou hast nothing, thou seest, to fear from my interference."
"No," replied De Bracy, "I will remain beside my prize. What thou sayest is passing true, but I like not the privileges acquired in the dispensation of the Grand Master, and the merit acquired by the slaughter of three hundred Saracens. You have too good a right to a free pardon, to render you very scrupulous about peccadilloes."
While this dialogue was proceeding, Cedric was endeavoring to wring out of those who guarded him an avowal of their character and purpose. "You should be Englishmen," said he; "and yet, sacred Heaven! you prey upon your countrymen as if you were very Normans. You should be my neighbors, and, if so, my friends; for which of my English neighbors have reason to be otherwise? I tell ye, yeomen, that even those among ye who have been branded with outlawry have had from me protection; for I have pitied their miseries, and curst the oppression of their tyrannic nobles. What, then, would you have of me? or in what can this violence serve ye? Ye are worse than brute beasts in your actions, and will you imitate them in their very dumbness?"
It was in vain that Cedric expostulated with his guards, who had too many good reasons for their silence to be induced to break it either by his wrath or his expostulations. They continued to hurry him along, travelling at a very rapid rate, until, at the end of an avenue of huge trees, arose Torquilstone, now the hoary and ancient castle of Reginald Front-de-Bœuf. It was a fortress of no great size, consisting of a donjon, or large and high square tower, surrounded by buildings of inferior height, which were encircled by an inner courtyard. Around the exterior wall was a deep moat, supplied with water from a neighboring rivulet. Front-de-Bœuf, whose character placed him often at feud with his enemies, had made considerable additions to the strength of his castle, by building towers upon the outward wall, so as to flank it in every angle. The access, as usual in castles of the period, lay through an arched barbican, or outwork, which was terminated and defended by a small turret at each corner.
Cedric no sooner saw the turrets of Front-de-Bœuf's castle raise their gray and moss-grown battlements, glimmering in the morning sun above the woods by which they were surrounded, than he instantly argued more truly concerning the cause of his misfortune.
"I did injustice," he said, "to the thieves and outlaws of these woods, when I supposed such bandits to belong to their bands; I might as justly have confounded the foxes of these brakes with ravening wolves of France. Tell me, dogs—is it my life or my wealth that your master aims at? Is it too much that two Saxons, myself and the noble Athelstane, should hold land in the country which was once the patrimony of our race? Put us then to death, and complete your tyranny by taking our lives, as you began with our liberties. If the Saxon Cedric cannot rescue England, he is willing to die for her. Tell your tyrannical master I do only beseech him to deliver the Lady Rowena in honor and safety. She is a woman, and he need not dread her, and with us will die all who dare fight in her cause."

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"No," replied De Bracy, "I will remain beside my prize. What thou sayest is passing true, but I like not the privileges acquired in the dispensation of the Grand Master, and the merit acquired by the slaughter of three hundred Saracens. You have too good a right to a free pardon, to render you very scrupulous about peccadilloes."
While this dialogue was proceeding, Cedric was endeavoring to wring out of those who guarded him an avowal of their character and purpose. "You should be Englishmen," said he; "and yet, sacred Heaven! you prey upon your countrymen as if you were very Normans. You should be my neighbors, and, if so, my friends; for which of my English neighbors have reason to be otherwise? I tell ye, yeomen, that even those among ye who have been branded with outlawry have had from me protection; for I have pitied their miseries, and curst the oppression of their tyrannic nobles. What, then, would you have of me? or in what can this violence serve ye? Ye are worse than brute beasts in your actions, and will you imitate them in their very dumbness?"
It was in vain that Cedric expostulated with his guards, who had too many good reasons for their silence to be induced to break it either by his wrath or his expostulations. They continued to hurry him along, travelling at a very rapid rate, until, at the end of an avenue of huge trees, arose Torquilstone, now the hoary and ancient castle of Reginald Front-de-Bœuf. It was a fortress of no great size, consisting of a donjon, or large and high square tower, surrounded by buildings of inferior height, which were encircled by an inner courtyard. Around the exterior wall was a deep moat, supplied with water from a neighboring rivulet. Front-de-Bœuf, whose character placed him often at feud with his enemies, had made considerable additions to the strength of his castle, by building towers upon the outward wall, so as to flank it in every angle. The access, as usual in castles of the period, lay through an arched barbican, or outwork, which was terminated and defended by a small turret at each corner.
Cedric no sooner saw the turrets of Front-de-Bœuf's castle raise their gray and moss-grown battlements, glimmering in the morning sun above the woods by which they were surrounded, than he instantly argued more truly concerning the cause of his misfortune.
"I did injustice," he said, "to the thieves and outlaws of these woods, when I supposed such bandits to belong to their bands; I might as justly have confounded the foxes of these brakes with ravening wolves of France. Tell me, dogs—is it my life or my wealth that your master aims at? Is it too much that two Saxons, myself and the noble Athelstane, should hold land in the country which was once the patrimony of our race? Put us then to death, and complete your tyranny by taking our lives, as you began with our liberties. If the Saxon Cedric cannot rescue England, he is willing to die for her. Tell your tyrannical master I do only beseech him to deliver the Lady Rowena in honor and safety. She is a woman, and he need not dread her, and with us will die all who dare fight in her cause."

"I care not for your blue-eyed beauty. There is in that train one who will make me a better mate."
"No, Sir Knight," said the Templar, haughtily, "to the waiting-woman I will not stoop. I have a prize among the captives as lovely as thine own."
"By the mass, thou meanest the fair Jewess!" said De Bracy.
"And if I do," said Bois-Guilbert, "who shall gainsay me?"
"No one that I know," said De Bracy, "unless it be your vow of celibacy, or a check of conscience for an intrigue with a Jewess."
"For my vow," said the Templar, "our Grand Master hath granted me a dispensation. And for my conscience, a man that has slain three hundred Saracens need not reckon up every little failing, like a village girl at her first confession upon Good Friday eve."
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