ir desire naturally being ur readers to purcha emselves, so that they it, and be possessors of nd well written account ich reflect honor and cre forefathers in this city, we hope, with the patri-ented editor of the volimulate them to imitate

Y, MAY 3, 1902.

AN ASYLUM (1855)

AN. RA McDONNELL.

ADLIER. *********

BRIEN.

the Jubilee book is may be had at St. eytery. Any of our side of this city who

a copy of this really k may do so by sendof \$1.00 to office, and it will be

*** en of good will in

union. aph of truth and of hastened in the hastened in the the great family of for the drawing toof peace.

a pledge of the most vine favor may the ch We give you with lescend upon you and

committed to your at St. Peter's, 19th

the twenty-fifth year te. LEO XIII.

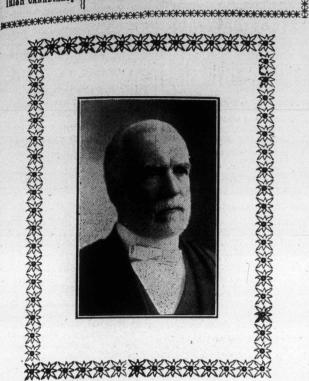
NOTES.

JE. St. Patrick's d a pilgrimage by nne de Beaupre on 5. Arrangements by which the pilon Saturday evenn Sunday evening.

2, C.M.B.A.- At a lution of condolence C.SS.R. Other rewere also eath of Mrs. James Flavian Barbeau.

AILORS' CLUB. ving institution held eption on Saturday, large attendance of es were deliverhe first concert took ights of Columbus tributed the prone direction of Prof. ch was of a high early issue we hope tch of the work of during the past

SKETCHES HON. PATRICK MCCURRY. IRISH CANADIANS.



mon schools there, and after the establishment of the Christian Bro-thers as teachers remained under their instruction during his element-ary course until 1853. On the establishment of St. Michael's College was one of the first pupils, having for class mates the present Archbishop of Toronto and Bishop O'Connor of Peterboro. Continued course in classics there until 1855. In September of that year was articled to Henry Eccles, Q.C., of Toronto, the then leader of the Bar of Upper Canada, where he continued to his admission as a Solicitor in 1860. In 1861 commenced the practice of his profession, and was called to the Bar November, 1861, and continued

to practice with success until 1871. In 1871 was appointed by the late Hon. Sanfield Macdonell Stipendary Magistrate and Registrar of the new district of Parry Sound, which was unorganized at that time. Under his charge municipal institutions were organized, the courts were established, and have since been carried on up to the time of his appointment as district judge. Was first promoter district judge. and president of the Parry Sound Colonization Railway connecting Parry Sound with the Grand Trunk System at Scotia, and was president thereof until its amalgamation with

the Canada Atlantic Railway. While in Guelph took a prominen part in municipal affairs, and was president for years of the St. Patrick's Society in that city

ATRICK McCURRY was On leaving Guelph was presented born in the city of Belfast by the citizens with a complete sil-Ireland, on the first of ver service stated in the address April, 1838, and came to To- presented therewith as a mark of aparents about | preciation for his public services and the year 1844. Attended the Com- in recognition of his continued and successful efforts to establish kindly and liberal sentiments of the citizens towards each other without any distinction as to race or creed. We take the following extract from the address :-

Your departure after so long a reprivate and public circles vacancies which we shall find it difficult to fill, but we reconcile ourselves to the separation by the reflection that your character and abilities have received a fitting recognition in your appointment to the onerous position you are about to assume a position which we are convinced you will fill with credit to yourself, and to entire satisfaction of the community secure a public servant of your experience and attainments." which has been so fortunate as to

Judge Curry, previous to his elevation to the Bench, was frequently requested to allow himself to be put in nomination for Parlia-ment, but steadily refused feeling that he was not in a position to go there Independent, knowing that as matters were at that time it was almost impossible to remain tied to any party on the questions which were agitating the public attention, and because he preferred the prac tice of his profession?

In 1864 married Emily M. Foley daughter of the Hon. M. H. Foley, Postmaster-General, in the Brown Dorion and McDonald-Sicotte Administrations.

In Our Legislative Halls

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Ottawa, April, 30.

IN PARLIAMENT.—On all sides as nature is now donning her most beautiful garments, and the grass, flowers and all the surroundings of Parliament Hill are as lovely and as charming as it is possible to conceive, the legislators are in haste to get away from these attractions and to hurry the date of prorogation. But there are other attractions else where, far more powerful and equally as natural. If it is magnificent around the grounds here, the members feel that "it is not home," and that they long for surroundings, of their own places. Then we have the Ontario general elections in full blast. Scores of members are anxious to exchange the floor of the House for the hustings, and men on both sides are growing weary of the restraint. But with all these incentives there is a vast amount of work yet to be done; there are a number of important bills before the various mittees; and there are items, of estimates yet to be passed that will cause considerable debate. In addition the supplementary estimates have not yet been brought down, and the Minister of Finance has just given notice that he will ask power to borrow another sum of fifteen million dollars. Needless to say

On the other hand, there will be morning sittings next week, which will help greatly to expediate mat-Taking everything into considecided, in view of all the circumstances just mentioned, the lateness of the hour, the desire for an early prorogation, and the impossibility to have a fair expression of opinion the Home Rule resolutions which Hon. Mr. Costigan intended to introduce will not be moved. It is the concensus of all interested that it would now be inopportune to raise the subject in the House. Moreover, on three different occasions-in 1882, 1884 and 1887-the Canadian Parliament has emphatically pronounce in favor of the principle of Home Rule for Ireland; and any weakene expression at this hour might prove more harmful than otherwise.

THE K. C.'S NEW HOME. - Ot- reasons. tawa has had a very important ceremony, which took place on Tuesday really representative gathering, at Falconio and the Archbishop of Ottawa, Mgr. Duhamel, were present The occasion was the opening of the spleudid new quarters of the Knights The members of the of Columbus. Council No. 485, K. of C. were present in full force, and delegates came from Burlington, Vt., Syracuse, Ogdensburgh, Montreal, Quebec, and Cernwall; while hundreds of Cathothat this a subject that will entail a Cornwall; while hundreds of Catho-considerable amount of discussion. lic citizens of Ottawa attended. Mgr. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemistre.

The addresses were enthusiastically received. Here it may not be inappropriate der and to the Catholics of the Cap-Finished and furnished at a cost

of \$25,000, the imposing club building is a credit to the Order and the city. The location is a central and ideal one, the structure facing as it tier square. The interior of the various apartments is finished in British Columbia fir, lending an attractive and artistic appearance. The furnish- the Society. ings are all done in solid quarteroak. Lecture hall, library, reading, recreation and committe rooms bowling alleys and billiard room are all fitted up in a pleasing manner. Every attention has been paid to the detail, and in the opinion of visitors the club building is one of the

In the ranks of the Knights in this country there is no more enthusiastic and able administrator than the genial and patriotic Grand Knight the local Council, Mr. John P sidence in Guelph will create in our Dunne. To his zeal and energy, and a few others, much of the success achieved in connection with the organization in this city is due.

MEN HOLD

WHY STAY PALE?

A pity to see pale girls stay pale and dull when it is so easy to get Scott's Emulsion.

girls. There is a reason for it.

interested in results than in

The result of steady daily mony, which took place on Tuesday night last, in connection with the doses of Scott's Emulsion Knights of Columbus. It was a is an increase not only in which the Apostolic Delegate, Mgr. | the red color of the blood and in the appetite but in the good looks and bright manners which are the real charm of good health.

Scott's Emulsion is blood

Falconio, addressing the and friends of the Order, expressed

Hon. John W. Hogan, of Syracuse, showed considerable research, and made an eloquent address on the not a littule power of clear and log-alms and present prosperity of the ical expression. On the whole, the so-Order. He told how its objects are Order. He told how its objects are ciety has reason to hope to rank Mr. threefold, the advancement of the religious, social and benevolent intersections. He was followed by ligious, social and benevolent interests of the members. The membership in the States and Canada is J. Costigan, in support of moral 100,000. Reference was made to the fact that the Order has the sanction ley, T. Tansey and J. J. McCaffrey, and co-operation of the Church, All as ardent prohibitionists. It is safe persons engaged in the manufacture or sale of intoxicants are excluded the question neglected, and few posfrom membership and lessons of loy- sible arguments left untouched in the alty to the Church and state, gener- course of the long and interesting osity to fellow-men and sobriety are examination of this particularly optaught. During the evening congra- portune subject. tulatory reference was made by the Rev. Father visiting Church dignitaries and other present during the greater part speakers to the completion of the discussion, after congratulating palatial home of the local councif.

finest on the continent.

TEMPERANCE

DEBATE.

On Tuesday evening a most interdiscussion was opened by Messrs. O. as the more effectual means of re-

Scott's Emulsion does a few things well. One of them is to give rich red blood to pale

But perhaps you are more

ance. His reasoning was chiefly in accordance with the inductive meentire approval and appreciation of thod, and he supported his concluits aims. At the close of his address, the delegate bestowed the Papal benediction.

sions by a formidable array of statistics concerning the extent of the evil to be coped with. His effort evil to be coped with. His effort

Rev. Father McGrath, who was of the evening's work, declared himself a victim of moral suasion, inasmuch as whilst he was committed to to say a word about the new struc- its principles from his position, the ture, which is an honor to the Or- prohibitionist debaters had made such effective use of its power that he found it difficult to stand securely

on his usual ground. Mr. W. P. Doyle presided with his accustomed dignity and tact. He submitted the question to the large audience. The result was a victory for does the park-like expanse of Car- "Moral Suasion." The debate was regarded by all as a very creditable one and another evidence of increased vitality and energy of the work of

On Monday last the Catholic

Church of Canada lost, by death one of the most distinguished membrs of the clergy, in the person of the late Mgr. Cyprien Tanguay. Surrounded by dear friends and supported and consoled by the sacraments, he passed peacefully away, at his late residence in Ottawa, at the advanced age of eighty-three years. For some time past the late ptelate had been in failing health; but he had so rallied that there appeared to be hopes of at least, his partial recovery. A brief but very complete biographical sketch of the eminent priest and author is the following :-"Mgr. Tanguay was known throughout the whole of Canada as ticularly on subjects connected with French life in Canada. In the Royal Society, which annually brings toge-

ther in Ottawa the savants of Canada, he was a moving spirit and *CONCIONOCIONOCIONOCIONOCION one of the founders. Born in the city of Quebec September 15th, 1819, he was the son of Pierre Tanesting and ably conducted debate guay and Reine Barthell. He received was held under the auspices of St. his early education at the Seminary Patrick's T. A. and B. Society. The of 'Quebec, and as a student was noted for his piety and devotion to J. Sullivan and James Blanchfield, the former upholding "Moral Sua-sion," and the latter "Prohibition," liant theological course he was ordained in 1843 to the priesthood. pressing the vice of intemperance. His first charge was the parish of Mr. Sullivan opened fire on the pro- St. Luc in the diocese of Rimouski hibitionists in a brief address, where- Afterwards he was cure of St. Basile in he pointed out the failure of their and St. Raymond. In 1860 he reprinciples wherever they had been moved to St. Germain, where under deration we may safely say that the applied. Mr. Blanchfield delivered a his ministry was reared a magnifi-close of the session will take place pointed, practical and forcible discent Church which served afterwards about the 15th of May. It has been course on the necessity of legal pre- as a cathedral for the diocese of Rivention of the ravages of intemper- mouski. From his youth prominent in the educational movement he founded the college of Rimouski, thriving institution of to-day, and also the convent of Notre Dame. In 1865 he retired from the active priesthood, although continuing to exercise to some extent the functions of a prelate of the church up to th time of his death. In that year he entered the service of the Dominion Government and was attached to the department of agriculture and sta tistics, serving in that capacity for many years, when he was retired on a pension. In 1867 he was sent to Paris to examine the French archives in connection with the history Canada, and in 1887 he went to Rome on an a similar mission. When in the Eternal City the Sovereign Pontifi recognizing his worth as a historian and litterateur, created him a prelat romain. Mgr. Tanguay received the honor degree of LL.D. fsom Laval University in 1883. Subsequently he was profe of archaeology in that institution. He was one of the original fellows of the Royal Society, and in 1886 received the confederation medal from the Dominion Government as a rec ognition of his literary services. He was a member of the Society L'His-toire Diplomatique de France and honorary president of the Conseil Heraldeque de France. His Repertoire du Clerge Canadien was largely cirApure hard Soap SURPRISE

work was a genealogical dictionary of Canadian families from the founding of the colony up to the present. This work, which was a brilliant effort and a most valuable store of information, received the warmest approbation of the Governor-General the archbishops and the leading citizens of the country, and won for the author no small amount of celebrity.'

May his soul rest in peace.

******* SERMON OF THE WEEK OUR OWN REPORTER. ****************

"The Mother of God" was the theme of a touching sermon preached by Rev. J. McKenna, the new assistant priest at St. Patrick's Church, at High Mass, on Sunday morning. He took his text from St. Luke's words, "Hail full of grace!" In these days of infidelity and agnosticism, he said, it has been the

fashion to sneer at the tender devotion and love which we Catholics profess for Mary, the Mother of God, the Queen of Angels and Saints. It is stated that we rob God of the adoration due to Him when we worship a human being like Mary, when we pay homage to the Queen of Angels. But these freethinkers, these non-Catholic calumniators, do not comprehend the nature and the mowould love and honor her as much as we do, in the words of the Gos-pel, "Hail full of grace!" They would recognize as we do that on account of the preternatural sanctity and the wonderful merits- sanctity and merits exceeding those of all the other saints, of the cherubing and Seraphim, of the Thrones and Dominations-Mary is worthy of all homage except what we owe to God Himself. Fair as the moon and bright as the sun, as the prophet of advocate and our mediator with her is seated next to the God-head, our advocate and our mediator with the Divine Son, our consoler, our help, the source of our grace, our refuge in sin, and our comforter in sorrow. She is as the poet well said : "Our tainted nature's solitary boast."

blessed and glorified beyond all other work.

culated, but his most celebrated creatures. She is next to her Divine Son, who gave us His flesh and _ blood to be our salvation. In her the finite is exalted, so to speak, to the sublime height of the Infinite. Her immaculate soul, though was born of humble servants, has risen to the Beatific Vision. Who can conceive her virtues, her spotless purity, her union with the through her being the Mother of God, and not be overcome by gratitude for all she has done for us and all she is doing for us during our pilgrimage through this valley of tears here

> But though she holds a position in heaven far loftier than that of any other created being, she had a sorrowful life on earth, as Catholics know well. She suffered as many deaths as her Beloved Son shed drops of blood. How her heart must have bled at His cruel sufferings, ending at the terrible sight on Golgotha. Now she is our Mother as well as God's mother-that Mother who was so intimate with Him from the cradle to the Crucifixion, was the reflex of His earthly life, who was permeated through and through with His warm and glowing graces, and who sits next to Him in Heaven-oh, what an all-powerful, a tender, a sympathizing friend for us to have? Is it any wonder that we honor and revere and love the Mother of God ?

Subscribers

Miss F. writes :- "I have much pleasure in sending two new subscribers to your valuable paper. Enclosed please find \$2.00." very grateful indeed to our fellowcountrywoman, for the practical interest which she takes in the "True Witness." Her example is one that should be emulated by hundreds of others, who with the same good will, as Miss F. manifests, could assist us very materially in the endeavor to carry out the aim we have in view of improving the old organ from week to week

A subscriber J. L., from this city called at the office the other day and paid his subscription. He said : "Keep on improving the paper as you have been doing during the past three months, and it will be only a matter of a very short time before you will make the "True Witness" a daily visitor to Catholic homes.'

Mrs. J. C. writes :- "I enclose you \$1.00, and address of a new subscriber."

We are thankful to Mrs. J. C. for She is a creature certainly, but the interest she manifests in our

Note the advance in prices for the "Guards" and "Hankey's" Mixtures. Mr. Carreras has been compelled to advance his prices 'Guards' (full strength! and "Hankey's" (medium), and the following are the prices we are now compelled to charge for :

A D "BARRIE BLENDS" of TOBACCO.

English Smoking Mixtures.

THE FAMOUS

Price per The CR VEN (Mild) Invented by 3rd Earl of Craven, In ½ Ib. 75 cents and ½ Ib. tins \$1.50 \$3.00 HANKFY'S (Medium) Invented by Maj. Gen. Hankey, In 1 1b. tins 85 cents and 1 lb. tins \$1.70 ____ ...

The GUARDS (Full)

Invented by J. J. Carreras,
In 1 1b. tins 80 cents - \$3.20 SIL PHILLIPS (Extra Special) Invented by Col. Sil Phillips,

In ; D. tins 90 cents ____ \$3.*0 Out of Stock of Sil Phillips for a few weeks.

Delivered free by Post or Express to any Post Office in Canada

FRASER, VIGER & CO.,

Sole Agents for J. J. CARRERAS, London.