of international organization the principle expressed in the phrase "United Nations"? If this question is answered affirmatively, it would be appropriate for the Canadian Government to take the initiative in putting forward proposals. These proposals might have the double objective of recognizing through membership in some new body the partnership of all countries at war with the Axis, and of giving to the Combined Boards (and perhaps to other regional bodies concerned with the direction of the war effort) a mandate in the name of the United Nations.

One possible form of organization would be the creation of a Council of the United Nations on which all should be represented. The Council itself would be called to meet rarely and then principally for the performance of formal acts such as the issuance of declarations of purpose on the lines of the Declaration of January 1st, 1942. At its first meeting the Council might establish a series of bodies concerned with particular aspects of war organization. There might be, for instance, a Food Council of the United Nations composed of representatives of the six . or eight most important countries either as producers or consumers of foodstuffs. The Combined Food Board might become the standing executive agency of the Food Council and thus be turned into an inter-Allied body. The Food Council could itself meet every two or three months, preferably in Washington, and between

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