YORK COUNTY IN LINE FOR MOREHOUSE

Opposition Lies and Slander Have no Effect --- Carvell's Utter Rout the Chief Topic of Conversation.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, March 27.—York county is solid for Dr. Morehouse, Premier Hazen and the Valley railway. Despite the lies being sent broadcast to the opposition newspapers in the province, by the paid staff of correspondents in the employ of the slanderbund there is no possibility of question that the result of the voting on the 30th will be a decisive victory for the government party candidate.

The great meeting at Meductic on Saturday evening has been the sole topic of conversation on the streets here. Even Carvell's friends in the heart of the opposition camp admit that the dodger of Carleton county attempted too large an order when he was cornered by Hon. Mr. Flemming and the tissue of his misstatements exposed in convincing fashion.

How Mr. Carvell could have been so foolish is a matter which is causing much speculation, but that he hoped that he could get away with his bluff and had not the slightest intention of meeting the provincial secretary, if it could be avoided, is the only explanation possible.

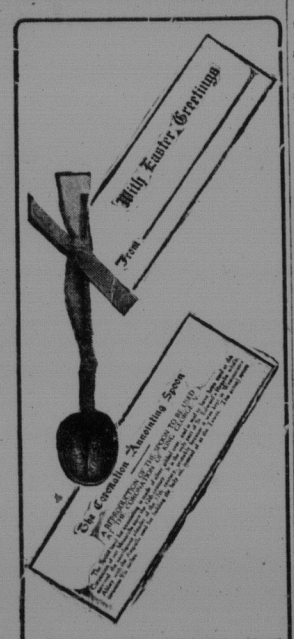
All the meetings held in the interests of Dr. Morehouse have been largely attended and most enthusiastic while the ranks of the opposition party are split to such an extent that they will never be united.

The dreariest places in the county are the halls where the opposition speakers are holding forth. They have no arguments to put forth against the return of the government candidate and cannot but speak in approval of the course of the Hazen administration if they speak the truth, and they know it.

They are the last shattered remnants of a never strong organization and they are fighting in a lost cause. This they also know and it accounts for the funereal aspect of the few gatherings they have addressed.

The last week of the campaign finds the government more strongly than ever entrenched in the affections and esteem of the people of York who have had their first taste of honest government and are not anxious to change it for the former administration of incompetency and graft.

Again York county is solid for Dr. Morehouse, Premier Hazen and the Valley railway, and the people are more enthusiastic over the outcome now than at any time since the campaign opened.



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INDIGNATION MEETING WAS LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC

Strong Resolution Passed Condemning Action of Eight Aldermen who Voted for Royal Commission--Addresses Delivered by Miles E. Agar, Timothy Donovan and others.

When W. H. Barnaby called the indignation meeting to order last evening, Keith's Assembly rooms were crowded by an audience of substantial looking citizens, and the subsequent proceedings were a great deal more enthusiastic than the meetings held in favor of the commission movement so far. Miles E. Agar, Timothy Donovan, L. P. D. Tilley, Walter Allingham, D. F. Pidgeon, and others delivered addresses, protesting against the appointment of a Royal Commission to frame a charter for the city, and their remarks were received with great enthusiasm.

Some disorder was caused by the attempt of a young man in the audience to heckle Mr. Pidgeon as to his standing as a citizen, and when Mr. Pidgeon had concluded his address, the young man came forward, said he was a son of Ald. McGoldrick, entered a vigorous protest against a statement that his father was the head and fronting of the offending, and called upon the commission advocates to play the game as British citizens should.

He wanted to know why the aldermen hadn't a right to their convictions, pointed out that some of them had enjoyed the confidence of the people for many years, and that if the representatives were as incompetent and wasteful as some of the commissionites alleged, the represented had nothing to boast of—a home thrust which seemed to be duly appreciated by some of those who have recently become interested in their obligations as citizens.

The Resolution Adopted.

During the course of the meeting the following resolution, moved by E. L. Rising, and seconded by T. Donovan, was passed unanimously by a standing vote:—

"Resolved—That this meeting of citizens condemns in the most vigorous terms the action of the aldermen who voted for a resolution asking the legislature to appoint a Royal Commission to frame a new city charter; a bill which may be of the greatest importance to every citizen of the city and the framing of which no outside influence should be permitted to control.

"If by the vote at the coming civic election a new charter is required it will be the right and duty of the aldermen then elected to prepare such a charter and submit it to the legislature for final approval, we naturally expecting that the common council will, in the framing of this very important bill, seek the aid and advice of the best talent representing the various interests of the city.

"We submit it was a gross breach of trust for those aldermen with only a few weeks of office remaining to attempt to vote away such an important right of the people who elected them, and to deprive their successors in office a few weeks hence of the right and privilege of carrying out the will and voice of the people.

"Further resolved: That copy of this resolution be sent to Hon. J. Douglas Hazen, Hon. Robt. Maxwell, and Messrs. J. E. Wilson and W. F. Hatheway, urging that they use all their influence with the government and legislature to prevent the passing of this bill."

W. H. Barnaby was elected chairman and in opening the meeting said the matter of governing the city by commission had been agitated extensively, and the promoters were satisfied with the progress made. The meeting was called to discuss the action of the Common Council in moving for a Royal Commission to frame a charter for the city. If there was one thing the people desired it was the right to govern themselves, and the citizens should fling back the insinuation that there were not brains enough in the city to frame a charter. He then read letters from Ald. Christie and Ald. Holder, stating that had they been present at the council meeting they would have voted against the motion for a royal commission.

Continuing, the chairman said the action of the council showed a great lack of confidence in the ability of the people of St. John. The commission movement knew no politics.

Mr. Agar's Views.

M. E. Agar said it was a matter of reproach that they had not been attentive to local interests in the past. The Citizens' Committee were of the opinion that this apathy was due to the system of government, under which it seemed impossible to get good results. Good men had been sent to the council, but they failed to make their mark. Then there had been a change in conditions. A citizen now could not undertake to do justice to the onerous duties of a civic administration and at the same time attend to his private business.

The remedy was to change the system and make it possible for men to devote their whole time to city affairs. The commission, he thought, was specially adapted to cope with present needs.

Under the present system the citizens did not get the best results for the money expended. Nothing had been done in the way of town planning, or towards the solution of the many problems connected with the question of making the city a good place to live in, a city whereof their children might be proud.

After remarking that, in his opinion, the commission plan would carry he went on to discuss the objection that good men could not be secured. He thought there were plenty of men who could give the city good government if they devoted their whole time to the city's affairs.

Turning to the express object of the meeting, he said, the Common Council had tried to draw a red herring across the scent, and intended to ask the legislature to take the right of self-government from them. He did not think the citizens would submit to the appointment of overseers to frame a system of government for them. The citizens were now aroused and if they kept a watch on civic proceedings they would get good government.

L. P. D. Tilley Heard From.

L. P. D. Tilley was the next speaker. He said he felt it the duty of every citizen to come out, and take part in movements for civic good. A city was made up of two elements, the business men and the workers. Eighty per cent. of the business men and a majority of the workers were strongly in favor of the commission.

The speaker was not in favor of a royal commission, because it savored too much of the common council. He had heard some time ago that an alderman from Stanley ward had been trying to get the legislature to appoint a royal commission to see whether the plebiscite should be taken.

Continuing the speaker said the commission could not be sidetracked.

It had been said that he and Mr. Skinner and Mr. Schofield had told the citizens of Carleton that they would get a bridge as soon as a commission got to work. What they had said was that the commission might save money now wasted and make it possible to build the bridge.

He said there were some aldermen capable of making good commissioners but there were not enough of them to carry weight.

Turning to the city's mode of selling land, he said that he had waited for an answer to an application for a lot till the building season had passed. An application was treated in accord with the aldermanic mood, and the applicant needed a pull. Under commission the lots would be listed, and have a price upon them, and anybody wanting a lot could get it not on the spur of the moment, but in a reasonable time. In conclusion he said, he did not want to see party politics introduced into civic politics.

Timothy Donovan Speaks.

Timothy Donovan said the royal commission had come like a bolt from the blue. Once they had a royal commission to frame up a charter, but Carleton was not represented on it, but he did not see what good the West Side got out of it. He wished to pay his respects to The Standard. Its headlines the other day were, he thought, rather far-fetched, when it tried to show up the graft in Cedar Rapids. They wouldn't go down with intelligent men. There were grafters everywhere. (Laughter.)

Continuing, he said, "Whose is the head that wears the helmet, and whose the hand that grasps the spear?" (Uproarious laughter.)

In conclusion, he said, there was an impression that there were pecuniary interests behind the opposition to the commission.

E. L. Rising then moved the adoption of the resolution given above. Timothy Donovan seconded and it was carried unanimously by a standing vote amid great enthusiasm.

Rev. G. M. Campbell in Favor.

Rev. G. M. Campbell said he believed in the focusing of responsibility and placing the administrator in the open, and he thought the commission plan would meet these requirements. He had faith that men would come forward to meet the crisis and make the commission a success. As to the Royal Commission, he thought the city had intelligence enough to frame its charter, and that the legislature would read the signs of the times and not attempt to deprive the city of the right of self government.

Walter W. Allingham said that if there was one thing he wanted to oppose it was the action of the council in asking for a Royal Commission to countermand a movement which had the majority of the people behind it. He thought the commission would prove a great benefit to the city, and that the workingmen of the city would vote for the commission almost unanimously. He thought the common council spent money that was not satisfactorily accounted for, and that the commission would introduce a system similar to that in any big business.

Mr. Pidgeon Indignant.

D. F. Pidgeon said he came to the meeting to express his indignation at the action of a minority of the common council. He wanted to know why the two aldermen present had not voted against Mr. Rising's motion. If they had experienced a change of heart, he wished to congratulate them. St. John had a very old charter; compared with the city the legislature was an infant in swaddling clothes. Why should the city ask an infant to appoint a partizan committee to tell it how it should be governed? The eight aldermen must have judged the intelligence of the citizens by their own.

Some Questions.

At this point J. Harry McGoldrick, a son of the alderman, rose and asked: How many years has Mr. Pidgeon paid taxes in St. John?

Mr. Pidgeon said he had been away some eight or nine years, but when he returned 12 months ago he went to the assessors' office and asked that a tax bill be rendered against him. That bill had been presented and paid.

Mr. McGoldrick rose again and attempted to interrupt. Some said "sit down," while others cried out that "the man has a right to speak. It is a public meeting."

After some disorder the chairman ruled that the interruption was out of order, and Mr. Pidgeon was allowed to proceed.

He said he was used to interruptions, and concluded by saying that the commission would carry by a vote of 3 to 1.

After Mr. Pidgeon had concluded the chairman said that he would not allow personalities. The meeting had been called to protest against the royal commission, and speakers would have to keep to the question under discussion.

Aldermen Treated Unfairly.

Mr. McGoldrick then came to the platform. He said he had signed the protest against the royal commission, but he did not think the aldermen had been treated fairly by the commission speakers. It had been said his father had taken the lead in the movement for a royal commission. His father had represented Stanley ward for 28 years, and he occupied his position because the people had put him there.

He was satisfied that his father was no more responsible for the resolution about the royal commission than any of the other aldermen who had voted for it. The aldermen were acting according to their convictions, just as the supporters of this commission were acting on theirs. If the aldermen were defeated in their purpose it would be so much to the credit of the commission supporters.

His father played the game in a fair manner and so would he. He did not want to introduce personalities, and he apologized for what he said to Mr. Pidgeon, but he felt obliged to come forward and protest against unwarranted attacks on his father.

Mr. McGoldrick was given an attentive hearing and his remarks were received with applause.

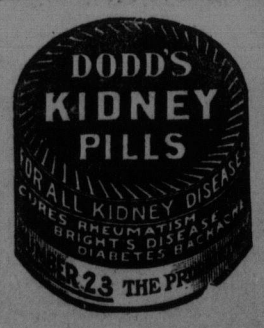
Other Citizens.

Kendall Hall said when he came home five years ago, after an absence of twelve years, he had taken an active interest in civic affairs. He had thought to restrain his indignation at the action of the civic representatives in proposnig to steal his birthright. But his blood was up and he had to enter a protest.

Col. J. R. Armstrong said the commission has his best wishes and that the royal commission was the most villainous thing he ever heard of. There was a hidden hand behind it.

A. M. Rowan said they ought to get to work and moved adjournment.

Before the meeting closed the chairman announced that the special train for Fredericton would leave at eight o'clock Wednesday morning instead of seven. He hoped 300 citizens would go on the excursion.



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Geo Ackman, G H Wright, Moncton; A E Trites, Salisbury; J W Windsor, H W Freedman, Montreal; A E G McKenzie, Campbellton; Miss Gray, Boston; J A Wilson, Moosejaw; A R Lawrie, Glasgow; Lt Gov and Mrs Tweedie, Mrs J P Byrne, Chatham; R S Baker, Fredericton; C S Riley, Winnipeg; C P Clare, Campbellton; Wm Cruikshank, Fredericton; Mrs G G J Clark, St Stephen; Mr and Mrs T Bell, G P Trites, Rothesay; Mrs C W Robinson, Miss M Hunter, Miss Parlee, Moncton; E R Clark, G Brock, Toronto; Miss Ackman, W G Jones, Moncton; G L Clinton, Montreal; J H McFadgen, Sussex; L B Forsyth, Toronto; James Ribinson, Miramichi; W A McKee, Moncton; G H Lounsbury, Chatham; F Rocock, Beebe, Que; A McArthur, Truro; W C Knight, Moncton; J Wildman, Bradford; W U Hornfray, Kamloops, BC; H C Martin, London; G A Garland, W Joy, London; T H Buffurn, Providence; J T Whitlock, St Stephen; T D Scott, S G Fields, J C Micolle, Montreal; R A March, Hampton; J D Kuppenhemier, T Reid, Montreal; A W Gibbons, Boston; Geo P Trites, Rothesay; A W Duffis, Halifax; W A Scott and wife, Miss P W Scott, Montreal; D Grant Kirk, Antigonish NS; Miss M Weymouth, Eng; D O Robbin, G D Cummings, Toronto; R R Stewart, Leicester, Eng; T R Bacon, Montreal; R G Bowie, London; A R Miller, L H Miller, J R Macdonald, London; R Knox McLean, Chicago; Geo L Webb, Boston; S S Miller, Hartland; R H Lockhard, Montreal; O H Shepard, New York; H E Traves, Clarksburg, Va; E W Bentley, D Bentley, Boston; R W Chipman, Bos-A F Brewer, Newton, Mass; J A Chiquette, Quebec; H M Davy and wife, Ottawa; L P LaPants, G Barrington, Mass; G W Clark, Cambridge, Eng; A F Bentley, St Martins; T H King, E C Alexander, Chipman; H J Amos, Rochester, NY; J R McIsaac, Sydney; J A Wilson, Moosejaw, Sask.

Victoria.

P J Melvin, Montreal; W J Covney, Megantic; John McLeod, Alberta; B M Williams, Bridgetown; Rev G A Lawson and wife, Moncton; E Ledoux, St Hyacinthe; D V Lawrence, Boston; O J Killane, Truro; Mr and Mrs C B Lockhart, Miss Alice Lockhart; E P Baker, T G Feans, Truro; R W Bowell, Geo H Turton, Montreal; Thomas Fynes, New York; M Morris, John Gray, Chatham; E Batterby, Windhorst, Sask.; A L Clarke, Pembina, Alta; H A Carter, London, Eng; J L Chisholm, Halifax; J E Phelan, G K Hawkins, J Robinson, H E Baird, D O'Brien, W Emery, Montreal; J T Hanning, Riverside; H C Dayley, Moosejaw; J S Field, Toronto; Frederick Bramwell and wife, London, Eng; Joseph McVey, W A McVey, St Stephen; Chas E Oak, C A Thompson, Bangor; Capt A McLean, Loggieville; N M Clarke, St Andrews.

Dufferin.

J A Murray, Sussex; E J Hohs, Toronto; A E Atlinger, New York; J Pollak, London; C W Burpee, Brownville; D L Jones, McAdam Jct.; Chas Gixbney, N Y; H S Campbell and wife, Fredericton; R M Armstrong, Chipman; D McIntosh, Montreal; G E Cutten, Wolfville; Fred W Tresham, Hamilton; N H Asselyn, Montreal; John Fleming, Halifax; A D Wetmore, Truro; F L Schwartz, Moncton; L M Trask, W H Trask, Yarmouth; A B Teakles, Sussex; O R Patriquin, Norton; R W Whelpley, Moncton; M G Monner, Boston; B H Kerr, Milltown.

VICTORY IS CERTAIN FOR MOREHOUSE

Continued from page 1.

Hon. John Morrissy shattered the charges of the opposition spell binders of too much money being paid for the supervision of bridge construction work in York county and called upon the Liberals who were interested in the welfare of the province to support the Hazen administration.

Hon. Dr. Landry charged George F. Burden with selling the rights of York county when he was in the legislature before by allowing the bonds of the Central Railway to be guaranteed when the road stopped at Minto instead of coming through to Fredericton as proposed.

Hon. J. K. Flemming announced himself as ready to meet Mr. Carvell in joint debate on the St. John Valley Railway subject, on Wednesday evening.

Chief Commissioner Morrissy read the following letter during the course of his speech:

Fredericton, N. B.,
Mar. 27th, 1911.

Hon. J. D. Hazen, premier
Prov. of New Brunswick.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your inquiry of even date re the classification of the York county bridge expenditures as it appears in the auditor's report of 1909 and 1910, may say that the amount set opposite the name of R. A. Logan, superintendent of York county bridges as well as bridge superintendents in other counties in many instances include expenses, such as charges for freight on tools and equipment, horse hire, railway fares, etc.

Bridge superintendents while engaged on bridge work pay for their board out of the amount received for their services.

Out of the expenditures of $15,560.96 on York County bridges in 1909, Supt. Logan received $1,100.66 for his time and $137.59 for expenses and out of the expenditure of $15,341.70 on York County bridges in 1910 Supt. Logan received $1,008.00 for his time and $249.74 for expenses. The accounts as presented for audit oftimes show that the superintendents were engaged for several days securing lumber and materials before actual work was commenced on the bridges, thus making the amount paid them appear comparatively large.

Submitted herewith please find schedules showing the division of the payments to Supt. Logan for time and expenses on the various bridges during the fiscal years 1909 and 1910.

I am, dear sir,
Yours faithfully,
(Signed) W. A. LOUDOUN.
Auditor General.

As polling day, March 30th, approaches a great victory at the polls for Dr. O. E. Morehouse, the Hazen government and the St. John Valley Railway, seems inevitable.

SHELDON IN NET AT LAST

Continued From Page 1.

Tonight after asking about the extradition treaty between the United States and Canada, Sheldon said: "Well, I am the man wanted, and I guess the best thing for me to do is to waive all extradition rights."

Following Sheldon's departure from Montreal, a newspaper, which had questioned his financial transactions, offered a reward of $10,000 for his arrest.

Found Victims Everywhere.

About three years ago Sheldon opened an office in Montreal and carried on an investment and brokerage business. He advertised extensively. For a time it is said, he paid from 25 to 50 per cent. on these investments monthly. In a short time money came pouring into his office from all parts of Canada. The fact that large dividends had been paid to a number of his customers attracted widespread attention, and it is said investors fell over each other to give Sheldon their money. Agents were employed in many towns and cities to solicit and collect money for him on a 10 per cent. commission. About this time the newspapers became suspicious and commenced an investigation. For a time Sheldon fought the newspaper through advertisements in other papers. Then it is said when the authorities were about to examine his books, he fled.

Began In Small Way.

Montreal, March 27.—Charles D. Sheldon, as he was known in Montreal, disappeared on October 11th, leaving behind him creditors to the amount of nearly $2,000,000, as a result of his blind pool operations, and assets of about $18,000. The real liabilities of Sheldon, however, were only about $800,000, the balance of $1,200,000 representing dividends declared upon investments which their owners had left with him to accumulate.

Sheldon began business in a very modest way about a year previous to his disappearance, but when after a few months he continued paying dividends at the rate of 20 per cent. per month, to those who invested money with him, his fame spread and he soon had customers all over the Dominion.

By June, his operations had become so extensive that the local stock brokers began feeling the lack of customers, and a newspaper campaign was begun against him. This led to a falling off in the number of new customers added, and a consequent lack of money with which to pay the "dividends," declared at the end of each month.

One Cent on the Dollar.

A run set in one day on Sheldon's office and the "wizard" at once recognized that the time to get out had arrived. Investigation of his accounts with local brokers showed that he had operated on very modest lines and with but little success. All classes of people were numbered among his customers, and it is stated that the lack of energy shown in the search for him was directly due to the fact that some influential people preferred standing the loss they had incurred rather than have him brought back to Montreal and run the risk of having their connection with him exposed. Sheldon's assets will pay, according to the last report of the curators of his estate, about 1 cent on the dollar.

ROUTINE IN THE HOUSE

Hon. Mr. McLeod Contradicts False Statements Made by Carvell--- Many Bills were Agreed to Yesterday.

Fredericton, N. B., March 27.—The House met at three o'clock.

Hon. Mr. Morrissy, in answer to Mr. Upham's inquiry in regard to the government having received a petition from about 300 ratepayers of Woodstock, Carleton and the parish of Southampton, York County, asking that the government give special aid toward the opening up of a road from Woodstock through Carleton County to Campbellton, York County, said that the government had received such a petition in the month of April, 1909, but had not given the assistance asked for.

Mr. Burchill gave notice regarding the bridge across the Miramichi river at Nelson.

Hon. Mr. Flemming laid on the table a statement of receipts and expenditures of the general public hospital in St. John, 1910.

Hon. Mr. Hazen introduced a bill for the prevention of accidents from fire in hotels. He explained that the bill was introduced at the instance of the Commercial Travellers Association and he thought it was a very proper one. The object of the bill was to provide some means of escape for guests from hotels in case of fire. Under the provisions of the bill, hotel keepers are compelled to furnish suitable means of egress in case of fire. A penalty is attached for noncompliance with the regulations.

Questions Of Privilege.

Hon. Mr. Robinson rose to a question of privilege. He said he had noticed a statement in the St. John Standard, today, charging him with a falsehood in his speech the other day when he had made a statement with regard to the Eastern Extension Claims. He said a reference to the auditor general's report would show that he was correct. He thought the statement in The Standard could aptly be described as a frigid and palpable lie. The people should be informed of that state of affairs whereby a newspaper unfairly misrepresented the members of the House.

Hon. Mr. McLeod rose to a question of privilege. He said the statement made in different parts of York county by F. B. Carvell and later repeated by the hon. leader of the opposition on the floors of the House that he (McLeod) had said the contract for building the Valley Railroad had been signed, was untrue. He wished to brand this slander as absolutely and unqualifiedly false since he had never made such a statement.

Hon. Mr. Robinson wished to know if such a statement had ever been made at any time by Hon. Mr. McLeod.

Hon. Mr. McLeod—I have just given you an answer to that question.

Hon. Mr. Grimmer introduced a bill for the relief of Cadwallader C. Flag. He explained that this bill related to land in Campobello Island, which had been left by Mr. Flag's wife, who died without issue and it now seemed that the land would probably revert to the Crown. It appeared to be an injustice for the government to take possession of the property. The bill provides that Mr. Flag is to have the property during his life and that then it should pass to the Church of England synod.

Mr. Jones presented a petition in favor of the St. John Street Railway Company's bill to enable the company to extend its light and power line to Kings county.

Hon. Mr. Hazen introduced a bill respecting trustees. He explained the necessity for the bill was brought about by certain land transfers in the Courtenay Bay section at St. John and that it was a modification of the settled lands act of England.

The Valley Railway.

Mr. Tweeddale asked when the papers regarding the St. John Valley railway company would be brought down as promised.

Hon. Mr. Hazen said that some papers had been supplied by the hon. gentleman himself. There was hardly any other correspondence to speak of and the report of the chief engineer with estimates had already been submitted. Most of the negotiations had been verbal but he would see that the hon.gentlemen would get what other papers there were, provided they were not marked private.

Hon. Mr. Hazen introduced a bill to consolidate and amend the public health act. He explained that a great deal of expense had fallen upon the province from the suppression of smallpox and the bill provided to lessen this expense and the general inconvenience of the public by taking further steps to prevent the disease.

Hon. Mr. Grimmer introduced a bill to amend the act respecting the settlement of Crown land. He explained that the purpose of the bill was to increase the compulsory term of settlement from three to five years. It had been found that the conditions of the present law were not being complied with.

Under this legislation a man must clear and cultivate fifteen acres of land before he can get a good title. He thought the bill would materially better the labor act.

Hon. Mr. Burchill asked if the bill in regard to taxation of the banks would be reconsidered.

Hon. Mr. Hazen said the bill provided for the taxation of all branch banks instead of limiting the number to four, as had been the law formerly. The bill had been very fully discussed in committee, and sufficient notice of legislation had been provided through the newspapers.

The House went into committee of the whole with Mr. Glasier in the chair.

Bills authorizing the city and county of St. John to effect a loan for the purpose of enabling the commissioners of the general public hospital in St. John to redeem certain debentures; to amend the act relating to sewerage in the Parish of Lancaster, in the city and county of St. John, and to amend the act to provide for lighting the streets in the parish of Lancaster, in the city and county of St. John, were agreed to with amendments.

The House adjourned at 5.40.

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WATCHES

A. POYAS, Watchmaker and Jeweller, 16 Mill St.

RED ROSE FLOUR

DIED.

FLETCHER—At Titusville, N. B., on the 27th inst., Mary Fletcher, in her 85th year.
Funeral Tuesday afternoon at 3.30 from the residence of Theodore E. Titus. Service will be held at the Baptist church.

D. BOYANER

Scientific Optician, 38 Dock St

The only exclusive optical store in the city. Hours: 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Saturday to 9.30 p.m.

Notice

All accounts due The New Star for advertising or subscription, must be paid at once as the books arebeing closed

CARDWELL CLUB IS FLOURISHING

Liberal Conservative Organization Of Kings County Village Is Active, Enthusiastic, And Prosperous.

Penobsquis, March 27.—The Liberal Conservative club of Cardwell held two enthusiastic meetings recently.

On the 28th inst a largely attended meeting of the club was addressed by Edward Weyman, of St. John. In his interesting discourse Mr. Weyman spoke of the formation of the Liberal Conservative party, and told of the drafting of the National Policy, showing, by the most convincing arguments that not until the advent of the Liberal party, was any change effected in the National Policy. The I. O. F. Hall was crowded to the doors, and the speaker's remarks were received with long and frequent plaudits.

On the 25th inst the club held a successful bean supper, which was largely attended. Music was furnished by Lister Wilson, and several stirring speeches were given by members of the club.

Jacob McLeod, until recently a resident of Boston, but now of this place, entertained the club with an interesting speech on the Boston stock exchange.

The club is in a flourishing condition, both financially and in number of members. Several Liberals have joined the club, and prospects are bright for the coming year.