

A BOLD FALSEHOOD.

At Wednesday night's meeting of the Conservatives Mr. Earle said, according to the Colonist report: "The constitutional aspect of the government's course was fully upheld by Hon. David Mills, the greatest constitutional authority in the opposition party." Later on this statement was re-echoed by Controller Prior, who said: "Hon. David Mills also, as Mr. Earle had said, had in a masterly argument, proved that the course of the government was perfectly constitutional." To put it mildly, the two gentlemen were guilty of a direct misrepresentation of Mr. Mills' opinion. The following extracts from the official report shows what Mr. Mills' opinion of the government's course is: "The official proceedings since the second judgment of the privy council have been harsh, arrogant and offensive. They have been calculated to repel the local government and to prevent any frank interchange of opinion. Every consideration of public duty has been subordinated to the one desire to make political capital against the leader of the opposition in the province of Quebec. Ministers have assumed the air of victors, and they have been expecting the local government to come forward to make submission and lay down their arms." "The right of the minority is a collective right, and there is no evidence that could be recognized in any court of justice which shows that there was any authority even for taking the initiative. The judgment of the judicial committee of the privy council is based upon the assumption that the facts submitted, hypothetically, for the opinion, are true. They did not pass upon the adequacy of the actual facts. They remain to be ascertained. Up to this hour neither ministers nor parliament have in their possession as a basis of action the complaint that the law calls for." "There ought to have been unquestionable evidence from the parents and guardians, the parties whom the law recognizes and with whom the law alone deals, before government and before parliament. The manner in which the ministers representing Quebec have dealt with the question has indeed been an extraordinary one. These hon. gentlemen have not left the matter to the only parties that the law knows and can know, the minority in the province of Manitoba. They have invited action all over the country as if in the fulfillment of a compact some extraordinary pressure were required. They have asked the hierarchy of Quebec to recognize their meritorious services in the province, beginning with the election in Vercheville. Could there have been a more unwise, a more foolish course taken on the part of the government?" Mr. Mills says the government did not do what the law requires, and yet Messrs. Earle and Prior represent him as upholding the government's course. Surely it requires an extraordinary amount of hardihood on the part of two public men at a public meeting to falsify the record in this way. Even Tupper could not employ more despicable means of warfare. Perhaps association with the new head of their party is the cause of this moral laxity on the part of Messrs. Earle and Prior.

HOW CARON ELECTIONEERED.

Sir Adolphe P. Caron, a member of the last four governments and the leader of the Quebec Conservatives, succeeded in reducing bribery to a fine art. He was an expert, and unlike some of his less hardened colleagues he defended his crimes and boldly proclaimed his intention of repeating them on the first opportunity.

In 1892 Mr. J. D. Edgar, M. P., in the House of Commons, charged that sums amounting to \$100,000 and upwards were levied from the government contractors and those interested in certain railway subsidies, and were spent in the bribery of twenty-two Quebec constituencies at the general election of 1887. To investigate these charges Mr. Edgar demanded a reference to the committee of privileges and elections, which is composed of two-thirds of supporters of the government and one-third of opponents. The ministry did not dare to face a full enquiry, and Mr. Mackenzie Bowell, the late premier, moved to strike out some and to vary other of the charges, and that the revised charges should be referred to a royal commission to be selected by the accused.

Mr. Edgar very properly declined to appear at the sittings of this royal commission, but sent to the commissioners a list of his witnesses, whom they called and partially examined. In due time the royal commission reported the evidence taken. The startling and disgraceful facts revealed before them, even under the limited scope of the inquiry, show that the ministers had good reason for dreading the more complete exposure that would have been made if the original charges had been gone into. It was clearly shown that when Sir Adolphe Caron entered the ministry in 1880, he was a shareholder of the construction company who received all the government subsidies granted to the Quebec and Lake St. John railway company. After he entered the government, the subsidies voted to that railway exceeded a million of dollars. The late Senator Ross was president of this company, and Mr. Beemer was the contractor, also deeply interested in the subsidies. Just before the elections of 1887, Sir Adolphe Caron applied for a political subscription from Senator Ross, who promptly gave him \$25,000. According to Mr. Beemer's books, there

were also about the same time a number of other payments amounting to \$25,000 more, which were charged to "A. F. C." and "G. E. F." These letters were sworn to have meant "A. P. Caron" and "General Election Fund." There can be no doubt that at least \$50,000 were furnished towards a corruption fund in 1887, from those interested in the subsidies to this one railway. It was a good investment for them, of course, to make this contribution, for the government have paid them \$463,408 since 1887.

Then there was the Temiscouata railway, which was also receiving Dominion subsidies, and was partially inquiry into by the royal commissioners. They found in this instance, too, that \$25,000 was set apart and expended by this railway for political purposes during the progress of the work of construction. These sums went to swell a reptile fund for the district of Quebec alone, for the elections of 1887, which amounted to \$112,000 according to the figures of the McGreevy papers published in the press. Out of the twenty-two counties where this fund was expended, the government only carried ten seats, making the average cost to the country for each member returned to support them \$11,200.

Sir Adolphe Caron, with an audacity befitting the chief of political cracksmen, said in his defence on the floor of parliament: "I say that under the same circumstances what I did on that occasion I would do again to-morrow in order to help my friends."

On two occasions the government supporters voted down motions of censure moved by Mr. Edgar. One vote took place on the 23rd of March, 1893, and the other on the 3rd of July, 1894. The Victoria representatives, Messrs. Earle and Prior, condoned Caron's corruption by voting against these motions.

A CANDID FRIEND.

The St. John's, Quebec, News, a Conservative paper says: "Candidly, the best thing that could happen to the Conservative party would be defeat. The long use of power has unfitted them from the task of governing. They have been enervated by the security of possession and fatness. Keen cerebral processes have been strangled at birth by the lethargy of society. And the leaders through being for the long years a law unto themselves, have lost that keenness of moral sense which only a season in the opposition can restore. 'Twas opposition which developed the epigram in Disraeli. One needs a garret sometimes for brilliancy. An empty cupboard has, before now, given genius to the world. Hunger is a good intellectual whetstone. If Milton had never been poor and despised he might never have given us 'Paradise Lost.' Offices make us fat, and obesity is the foe of intellect. Caesar recognized that when he cried only to have fat men about his person—'sleek persons who sleep well o' nights'—being well assured that with obesity he had a torpidity which was his best protection against the schemes and treasons which are possible to intellectual alertness. 'I will be a mercy, then, for the country to put the Conservatives in the opposition for at least five years. The effect will be illuminative, and dense creatures will feel the need of growing brains as well as fat. Bumptious individuals will learn in the cool shades of the opposition that the glamour of office being gone, ability only is the passport to popular favor."

WHY CONSERVATIVES CHANGE.

Mention has already been made of the fact that A. F. Mulhern, president of the Stormont and Cornwall Conservative association, has withdrawn from the government party and taken his place with the liberals. Cornwall's defection is keenly felt in the Conservative ranks, and well it may, for he was a very influential and active worker. He was the organizer of the Conservative association, the presidency of which he now resigns. Mr. Mulhern's letter of resignation reads as follows: "Gentlemen, I hereby tender my resignation as president of the Liberal-Conservative Association of Stormont and Cornwall, and also desire to state that I have decided to withdraw from the Liberal-Conservative party. I feel that I should express to my many warm friends in the Conservative ranks in Cornwall and Stormont my appreciation and gratitude to them for their kindness and loyalty to me while president of the association. Before deciding to retire from the party, I have given the matter full and deliberate consideration, and I have come to the conclusion that I cannot consistently, with the views I now hold, endorse the policy of the Conservative party, as developed the last session of parliament. Sir Mackenzie Bowell having been treated most unfairly by the men who are now accepted as the leaders to fill the position of those great statesmen, the late Sir John Macdonald and the late Sir John Thompson, I feel I would be subverting my common sense and intelligence if I supported them in the coming campaign. For years I have stood by the Conservative cause, while at all times in accord with their policy. But rather than accept the plank in the Liberal platform of unrestricted reciprocity or commercial union with the United States, I insist in my humble way in opposing that plank in their platform, and which question was unequivocally repudiated by the people of Canada at the polls, they being uncompromisingly hostile to any policy that savors of unpatriotic influence in the relationship which unites us with the mother land."

The Liberals here, as I understand, wisely accepted the verdict, and the question of unrestricted reciprocity or commercial union disappears from the arena of politics. Now that the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier has declared openly for the adjustment of the tariff upon wise and conservative lines, and not with the view of destroying the industries of the country, and believing that the common sense of the people is strong in favor of a purer and more economical administration in the expenditure of the people's money, and that they will not support any further addition to the national debt of Canada, which is now at the limit line, by such financing as the Curran bridge, the Soulanges canal, etc., etc. I now throw in my lot with the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier believing that he will administer the affairs of the country with wisdom, honesty, and patriotism, and will advocate a strong, vigorous immigration policy, which may be the means of populating our western provinces and bringing back some return to the people of Canada for the millions they have so readily spent in opening up a fertile country. This will certainly be a great means of stimulating and assisting the prosperity of the manufacturing industries in the east. I furthermore believe that the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier will make every effort to secure reciprocity treaties upon fair terms with all nations, which will largely assist in expanding the trade of the Dominion and place us in line with the mother land, whose tremendous trade to-day is the envy and jealousy of the divided world. Believe me, your obedient servant, A. F. MULHERN.

When prominent men like Mr. Mulhern, who is an ex-mayor of Cornwall, Messrs. Chipman and Forbes, of Halifax, a prominent merchant and a prominent manufacturer, and Hon. Wm. Pugsley, who was until lately the Conservative candidate in King's, N. B., leave the Conservative for the Liberal side, the extent of the stampede in this east may be judged. And yet Victorians are asked to believe all sorts of "cock-and-bull" stories about the government being sure of success.

MR. DAVIN AS A CONVERT.

Nicholas Flood Davin is represented as having been induced by the speech of the Hon. David Mills to vote for the remedial bill. Before he heard that speech, we are told, he was opposed to the measure, but Mr. Mills' speech converted him. Now it so happens that Mr. Davin the other day addressed a meeting of his constituents at Medicine Hat, and this is what occurred: "Mr. Davin explained, at some length his vote on the remedial bill. Mr. Davin's plea was that he did it to save the party, seeing that the opposition were for similar legislation though conniving to beat the government on a catch vote. Thus we have it on Mr. Davin's own authority that he did not vote for the bill because of Mr. Mills' speech, but because he wanted to 'save the party.' Moreover, at the same meeting he announced that in an election address to be published that week he would pledge himself to oppose the bill if it should again be introduced. If Mr. Davin had been converted by Mr. Mills, this announcement would offer a very severe reflection on the latter's converting powers. But the fact evidently is that Mr. Davin voted for the bill, as he says himself, to 'save the party.' Now to save himself he gives a pledge to his constituents that he will vote against it if it is reintroduced. Mr. Davin is a very poor witness for the Tory side."

WINNIPEG'S ATTITUDE.

Sir Charles Tupper has been treating the people of the East to a number of falsehoods respecting his visit to Winnipeg, and these have been faithfully rehearsed for the deception of Victorians. Let these "yarns" be compared with the following review of Tupper's reception and meeting which Mr. K. J. Whittle, the well known wholesale merchant of Winnipeg sent to the Toronto Globe: "Regarding the reception accorded to Sir Charles Tupper the other night on his arrival in Winnipeg, and the subsequent mass meeting held the following evening, I am not in a position to give an opinion formed from observation as I was not present at either. That a large number of citizens should welcome the premier of Canada and the minister of the interior is no matter for surprise. The people of Winnipeg are most loyal Canadians, and would welcome any personages of importance of political difference, and Sir Charles Tupper and his popular colleague received at both gatherings a courteous welcome from hundreds of good citizens, who will cast their votes against the Conservative candidate at the coming election. The cheering and greeting should be rated as partisan demonstrations is a great mistake, as the ballots of hundreds who were present at both occasions will prove at the coming election. Winnipeg people of all shades of politics are ever ready to be courteous to illustrious visitors, and always abstain from any semblance of rowdiness, even to men with whom they may differ politically or otherwise. This omnipresent courtesy and ever-absent rowdiness Sir Charles and his colleague met with in Winnipeg, and not much more."

I must warn people at a distance not to augur success from reports (highly colored in most cases) of enthusiasm for Sir Charles Tupper's reception in this city. It is not the noisy excitable element on the surface from which Conservative candidates in Manitoba have most to fear. The feeling against our Ottawa rulers for their conduct towards the province during the past two years is deep rooted in the minds of the solid thinking citizens of the prairie province, and party lines are powerless to bind it down. It is silent in many instances, it is none the less sullen and determined. A few months ago when an appeal was made to the citizens of the province by the provincial government, the verdict was unmistakable, and at the coming dominion elections it will be equally so. If Sir Charles Tupper thinks he can reverse the verdict of our electors with egotistical sophistry

and empty promises, with which he has entertained some and amused others of our Winnipeg citizens, he will be a sorely disappointed man on the 24th of June next.

As already stated, no party lines can divide the interests contending in this fight. There are thousands of sound Conservatives like myself in Manitoba, who are thoroughly in accord with the leading planks of the party, but who will not submit to coercion from any government, Conservative or Reform, and will resent the attempt thus insultingly and tyrannically made by Sir Charles Tupper and his associates, by making their ballots for the opposition, candidate on the 23rd of June next, and when marking their ballots thus, they will have feelings of the deepest gratitude to their friends in Ontario who aided in frustrating the lately made attempt at coercive legislation, and who have so conscientiously and fearlessly broke away from party lines rather than support coercion. A rousing reception awaits Mr. D'Alton McCarthy on his arrival in Winnipeg. (Signed) R. J. WHITTLE.

Mr. Whittle is one of Winnipeg's most prominent and respected business men. He has hitherto been a Conservative, but now he takes his place with Messrs. Chipman and Forbes, of Halifax, Hon. Wm. Pugsley, of New Brunswick, and Mr. Mulhern, of Cornwall, as an opponent of the government. He is well known to many people in this province, who will not hesitate for a moment in accepting his word before that of the blatant Tupper. Mr. Whittle is a capable judge of Winnipeg feeling, and he would not lie about it.

INSANE THROUGH DESPAIR.

"Whom the gods would ruin they first make mad." The "Tupper" healers in this city, in fulfillment of the adage have gone insane, as would appear from the wonderful electioneering dodges to which they have been resorting. This morning they circulated a document—apparently the production of some juvenile brain—containing a peculiar combination of fulsome praise, scurrility and lies. Of course it is easy to guess at whom each of these different efforts is aimed. The Liberals can have no fault to find with the adoption of such tactics by the Tupper gang; they mean just so many more votes for the opposition candidates.

While Sir Charles Tupper was telling the people of Winnipeg that he always kept his pledges, ex-Premier Taitton, of Quebec, who is in Sir Charles' cabinet, has been telling the people of Quebec that he had a pledge of the premier that no matter what Premier Greenway would do short of accepting the remedial bill, he (Sir Charles) would introduce and push through the same remedial bill next session without any alterations. Taitton said he did not read that bill nor did he intend to do so, since it was good enough for the bishops and that was satisfactory to him.

Hon. John S. Hall, brother of T. B. Hall of this city, felt himself compelled to resign his office in the Taitton government because of the crooked course followed by Mr. Taitton in regard to the Paris loan. Yet Mr. Taitton is held up to Victorians as a pure and unspotted politician. They are practically asked to believe that ex-Treasurer Hall was a hypocrite and a humbug when he protested against his chief's conduct.

From an analysis given in the Tory organ it is plain that most of the time spent in debating the remedial bill in committee was taken up by Conservatives. The Conservative members supporting the bill took 183½ columns of "Hansard," and the Conservatives opposing it took up 261 columns, making a total of 444½ columns as against 384 for the Liberals.

A DISGUSTED CONSERVATIVE. To the Editor:—I was simply astounded to learn from the Times of last evening that Messrs. Prior and Earle had deliberately falsified the statements made by Hon. David Mills in the debate in the House of Commons upon the Manitoba school question. Those gentlemen may think it clever to attempt in this bold fashion to deceive the electors of Victoria, but I am sure their efforts will disgust very many of those who intended supporting them at the approaching election.

Speaking for myself, I may say that although I still retain my Conservative principles and although I had intended to support Messrs. Earle and Prior, I am so completely disgusted at their base scheme to do all that lies in my power to secure their defeat and the election of Messrs. Templeman and Milne.

I have been a resident of Victoria for upwards of a quarter of a century, and during that period have lent my feeble support to the Conservative party. The stories of fraud and deceit which have been circulated about that party I refused to believe until I suddenly became aware that these stories were not false but true in every particular. I have decided to do all that I can to secure the election of Messrs. Templeman and Milne. Although I disagree with much of their platform, I am satisfied that we shall, under Mr. Laurier's administration, at least get honest government. I enclose my card.

GOVERNMENT SHORTCOMINGS.

Appropos of Sir Charles Tupper's manifesto, the Montreal Shareholder, which formerly approved of the Conservative government, says:

Canada's present and her future are of more interest just now than is her past, but in this regard, on the eve of a general election, they are denied the enlightenment they have a right to expect, and the manifesto resolves itself into a mass of empty generalities which may have little or no binding effect.

The remedial question, however, is an exception. The bitter war which the discussion of religious questions always gives rise to, is to be carried into the political arena, to be reflected in the next parliament. The disgraceful scenes and their injurious effects upon the country are to be renewed, to the interruption of the ordinary business of the country until by the exercise of brute force the price of the allegiance of desirable factions is paid to the utmost farthing. To this phantom the business men of the country are to prostrate themselves; if not unwillingly, as a result of coercion, and the country's progress is to be retarded, its settlement interfered with, and its business disturbed in order to keep in power men who are not actuated by principle but by self. There is no doubt that the long-headed, clear-sighted and intelligent business men of Canada will weigh the prospects and the results of a return to power of those who have already shown their unfitness and profligacy. The present ministry is not composed of the representatives of the people, they are not members of parliament, for parliament is dead. And yet they have not contented themselves, while awaiting the approval of the people, with the discharge of such duties as the position justified, but have multiplied appointments without any warrant from the electorate. The indulgence in such uncalculated acts gives but a poor promise for the carrying out of the wishes of the people, and indicates an autocratic tendency, the exercise of which is most undesirable. The business community will no doubt weigh the past, consider the present and guard their interests for the future by electing men who will always realize that their mission is to carry out the wishes of the people instead of forcing their wishes upon the people. Never in the history of this Dominion did a general election confer upon the electorate greater responsibilities than the present one, responsibilities which it is to be hoped every voter will realize and honorably discharge.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

THE TURF.

KENTUCKY RACES. Louisville, May 14.—Next in importance to the Kentucky derby is the Clark stakes, and yesterday that event was decided before 7,500 people on a fast track and fine weather. The race was a disappointing one, owing to Ben Brush being scratched. Mike Dwyer gave W. McGuigan a check for \$10,000 and became the owner of Ben Elder, who was raced in Dwyer's colors and ridden by Sims. Sir Vassar and Lokki were also scratched, and when the flag fell there were but four contestants for the second largest stake of the new Louisville Jockey Club. Ulysses shot out in front for half a furlong, when he began to falter, and after half a mile had been covered R. Williams pulled him up to a canter. There was but one horse in the race that could interest the Ponso colt, and that was Samper Ego. All the way down the back stretch Sherrer set the pace with the son of Logic. All the while Sims had Ben Elder at his girth, and when the turn was made in the stretch Mike Dwyer's new purchase was a scant head in front. Sherrer worked with might and main on Semper Ego, but the colt was not equal to the strain. Ben Elder passed under the wire a winner by a head.

But he did not win without urging, although every time Sims drove the steel and finished with something to spare. Ben Elder was a 3 to 1 favorite, with Semper Ego second choice. Paragon, a 40 to 1 shot, was third. The race, which was a mile and an eighth, was run in 1:56½.

THE RIFLE.

LEAGUE SHOOTING.

The Canadian Military Rifle League matches are taking place this afternoon in the cities of the Dominion where there are regiments. The shooting by the members of the Fifth Regiment commenced this morning at 6 o'clock at the Clover Point range and is being continued this afternoon. The scores for this morning's shoot were as follows:

Names.	200	500	600	Total.
Gr. Goodwin	30	84	27	91
Serg. McDonald	29	82	27	88
Cor. Hunter	30	27	27	84
Gr. W. Duncan	28	29	19	76
Corp. Burns	22	24	28	74
Gr. W. H. Bailey	31	20	23	74
Serge. Leese	30	21	23	74
Leut. Hibben	28	21	14	63
Cor. Hibben	28	17	15	60
Gr. McFarlane	22	20	15	57
Gr. E. Brown	23	27	6	56
Gr. Gardin	14	21	16	51
Gr. Fletcher	16	19	13	48
Bom. H. J. Ross	10	22	14	46
Gr. L. Trimen	19	15	9	43
Gr. L. Kane	18	15	9	42
Gr. H. P. Dickenson	14	13	3	30
Cor. McLeish	8	8	3	19
Gr. Lorrimer	3	18	8	29
Gr. Wilson	17	7	4	28
Gr. J. Lavender	13	13	2	28
Gr. R. Leeman	6	9	7	22

LEAGUE SHOOTING.

Despite the unfortunate weather the teams of the Fifth Regiment C. A., did very well in the Canadian Military Rifle League shooting, which took place on Saturday. There were eight teams entered from British Columbia, the first two from the Mainland and the others from Victoria. One of the Victoria teams took fifth place with a score of 791. The 59th Battalion, Cornwall, was first with 927. The scores of the other five Victoria teams were: fourth team, 554; fifth team, 346; sixth team, 274; seventh team, 225; eighth team, 308.

In conjunction with the league match the second spoon competition of the Victoria Garrison Artillery Rifle Association was held. Fourteen competitors took part in the first class match, 15 in the second, and 20 in the third. Gr. Goodwin with 91 won the first class spoon, Corp. R. R. Burns 74, won the second class, and Gr. John Godson, with 52 won the third.

YACHTING.

Berlin, May 15.—Col. Prinkemann von Kessel, aide de camp to Emperor William of Germany, informed a representative of the Associated Press to-day that there was no truth in the statement attributed to Lord Londsdale, His Majesty's representative on the coast, that the Meteor just launched, that the new cutter may challenge for the America's cup if she proves to be a faster craft than Valkyrie III. Colonel von Kessel

added that the Meteor will only sail in European waters.

BASEBALL.

RETURN HOME.

The Victoria league team returned home yesterday after having played their series of games in Portland, Tacoma and Seattle. Although they are at the tail end in the race for the pennant, Capt. Klopff is not disappointed. He expects to go up a few steps before the series of home games is completed. Of one thing there is no doubt, Victoria has in Darby the best pitcher in the league. But he cannot pitch every day. On Saturday Tacoma defeated Victoria by 14 to 8, but not before a committee of Tacomans had come on the field and interfered with the umpire, Sugars. At Seattle, Portland won by 8 to 6. In yesterday's games Portland won from Tacoma by 7 to 4, and Seattle defeated Victoria by 14 to 1. Van Geisen, Seattle's new pitcher was invincible, the victors securing but three hits off him. Hughes pitched a steady game, but was hit hard. The attendance was 12,000.

On Saturday at Tacoma Pitts was knocked out of the box in the fifth, Fanning taking his place. Tacoma secured seven hits off Pitts and nine of Fanning.

THE RACE FOR THE PENNANT.

Team.	Won.	Lost.
Portland	5	3
Seattle	6	4
Tacoma	8	4
Victoria	4	7

LACROSSE.

SEASON OPENS.

Vancouver and New Westminster opened the lacrosse season at Brockton Point, Vancouver, on Saturday last. Rain interfered somewhat with the game, but nevertheless there was some good play on both sides. Vancouver won by 4 games to 1, the score being: First, Vancouver, by Campbell, 30 min.; second, Vancouver, by Williams, 20 minutes; third, Westminster, by Ryal, 2 minutes; fourth, Vancouver, by Campbell, 2 minutes; fifth, Vancouver, by Smith, 2 minutes.

THE WHEEL.

The list of events for the race meeting to take place at Brockton Point, Vancouver, on Saturday, May 30th, is as follows:

Amateur—1 mile novice; half-mile handicap; 1 mile handicap; half-mile handicap for boys under 16 years; 3 mile handicap.

Professional—Quarter-mile standing start; 1 mile handicap; 3 mile handicap.

AFFAIRS IN METCHOSIN.

Mrs. Walter Langley has gone with her children to reside in Victoria.

I understand that Mr. T. Helgesen intends going to Cariboo shortly, where his father and brother are engaged in mining.

Mr. Argyle, of Rocky Point, has had the good fortune to kill a large panther which made some havoc among his sheep.

Through the death of his father in the east, Mr. A. Clark, of Happy Valley, falls heir to some valuable property.

Mrs. Stevenson, wife of Rev. Mr. Stevenson, of Port Simpson, is, with her children, visiting friends here.

Two weddings are expected to take place shortly in this vicinity.

On Saturday there was a well attended meeting in the hall to organize a farmers' association. The committee which had been selected at a previous meeting to prepare a basis for organization had done their work well and had ready a series of suggested by-laws to be voted on by those present. These were adopted nearly as suggested after a short discussion. The society is to be known as the Metchosin Agricultural Society. All persons over 18 years of age residing in Esquimalt district are eligible for membership on payment of 25 cents per quarter. The object of the Society is to deal with social, political and agricultural problems, and, in fact, discuss and agitate anything of interest to the district. Meetings are to be held in the evening of the first Saturday in each month. Nearly all present signed the membership roll. The following officers were elected until the next term: Mr. Hayward, president; Mr. Smart, vice-president; Rev. Mr. Ellison, secretary-treasurer, and Messrs. Poole, Cook and Argyle as a committee. In the coming political campaign the next meeting is expected to be a political one.

That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weak, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

Feel-

ing is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. It is easy to take, and easy to operate. 25 cents.

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Lebanon, Mo.
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SENTENC
Two Years in
Banishment

Cape Town,
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