

THE ELECTIONS.

Nomination.	Polling.	Dec'd.
Northumberland, Aug. 29	Sept. 4	Sept. 7
York, " 30	" 5	" 10
Carleton, " 31	" 6	" 11
Restigouche, " 32	" 7	" 12
Sunbury, " 33	" 8	" 13
Queens, " 34	" 9	" 14
Kent, " 35	" 10	" 15
Charlotte, " 36	" 11	" 16
Westmorland, " 37	" 12	" 17
St. John County, " 38	" 13	" 18
St. John City, " 39	" 14	" 19
Albert, " 40	" 15	" 20
King's, " 41	" 16	" 21
Gloucester, " 42	" 17	" 22

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, SEP. 4, 1867.

NOMINATION DAY.—Saturday next will be the day of nomination for a member to represent this County, in the House of Commons of Canada. A large number of persons from various parts of the County intend to be present.

The Union victories in Ontario are as complete as their most ardent advocates could desire; indeed the success is such, as to create a fear in the minds of staunch Confederates as to the permanency of the Government. A respectable opposition is necessary to all governments, as it serves to check extravagance, and watches with a jealous eye the public interest.

Among the names of intending Candidates, we notice a number of those who formerly opposed Confederation, but now with a good grace, submit to the law which has united the Provinces into a Dominion. That several of those gentlemen would make good representatives, we are free to admit, and why they should be condemned and misrepresented by some of our contemporaries we cannot imagine; they were as honest in their opposition, as they are now sincere in supporting the constitution, and like other men, were not "from change and all mutation free."

Let us not be misunderstood; while we advocated Confederation, and desire to see it carried out faithfully, giving the newly formed Government an opportunity to perfect the measure, still we believed its opponents were sincere in their opposition, and were not actuated by factious motives.

Ability, integrity, and loyalty, are not confined to any class of politicians. It is only fair to accord to others the rights which we claim for ourselves, of acting according to our own convictions.

We can honestly assure our contemporary of the opposition, the "Evening Globe," that we have no sympathy with Annexationists of any stripe; whether Antis, or Confederates if there are any such among them. All that is urged is "fair play" for our Fishermen, let our Legislators place them on an equal footing with the Americans. We desire no "larger Union" than that of the whole B. N. A. Colonies. We have sworn to be true to our Sovereign and Government—and cannot support either men or measures which favor Annexation to the American Republic.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONCERT.—On Wednesday evening last, according to announcement, the children of the Baptist Sabbath School gave a concert in the Baptist Chapel. We have not space this week to give an extended notice, but have much pleasure in stating, that the solos, duets, and choruses were very well rendered; and the dialogues and recitations reflected much credit upon the children. One pleasing feature in the entertainment was the address given by Mr. Ames, Superintendent of one of the St. John Sabbath Schools. The church was crowded and all expressed themselves pleased with the first Sabbath School Concert given in St. Andrews.

LAUNCHED at Robbinston, on the 31st ult., a handsomely modelled, well built and neatly finished schooner, named the "Calvin," by Messrs. Downing & Gregg. She is constructed of lacustrine and hardwood—length of keel 92 feet, breadth of beam 25 feet 8 in., depth of hold 9 ft 5 in. Being rigged she proceeded at once to this Port, under command of her master, Capt. Thos. B. Adams, late of the "Julia Clinch." This vessel is owned by Messrs. Clinch, Bradford, and Stevens of this place.

At the recent fire in Fredericton, Gen. Doyle, Lieut. Governor, met with an accident, which though not dangerous, still prevented his Excellency from being present at the Rifle competition at St. John this week. The General being desirous to render assistance, approached one of the burning buildings, and an explosion of oil occurred, scattering wood and masonry in every direction, one of the

bricks struck the Governor on the shoulder, and injured him.

ANOTHER CANDIDATE.—The constituency of Charlotte may now exclaim "which of the two to choose," as they have a choice from the number of candidates. Since our last issue, a new candidate has presented himself, NATHAN SMART, Esq., who offers his services to represent this County in the Provincial Legislature. Mr. Smart is favorably known in the County as an energetic business man, a successful agriculturist. As a Railroad contractor he has won golden opinions for the rapidity with which he completed his contracts and the thorough manner in which the work was performed. His political views are progressive, as may be seen by his card in our columns, and he is thoroughly acquainted with the resources and requirements of the County. From a long and intimate acquaintance, Mr. Smart having resided at Chatham for many years, we have no hesitation in saying he would make an excellent representative. Of this we are assured, he comes before the electors upon his own responsibility, unconnected with and unopposed to any candidate.

From the "Courier" we learn that Mr. Geo. F. Hill is to be called out by requisition. Mr. Donald in his letter published in another column, says he is to be brought out in opposition to him.

We learn that our remarks on the Fisheries, have given much satisfaction to those engaged in that important branch of Provincial wealth. We intend to follow up the subject until something is done to protect our Fishermen; mere promises at election time will not answer, measures should be passed to foster this natural and great source of wealth, and give encouragement to those employed in the calling.

It will be seen, that the Hon. Chas. Fisher was elected by acclamation on Monday last, as member of the Commons for the County of York. This is a good beginning.

Hon. Charles Connell was elected yesterday (Tuesday) by acclamation as member of the House of Commons.

An electioneering report has been circulated to the effect that Mr. Chipman, has been offered and accepted a Senatorship. We learn from authority that there is no foundation for the report, as Mr. Chipman has not been offered and consequently not accepted the office of Senator.

It is also reported that Mr. Todd's resignation has not been accepted; this may be true, but it is also a fact, that he will not serve as a Senator; he will however remain in the Legislative Council. Since the deaths of Col. Hatch and Col. Wier, St. Andrews has been unrepresented in the Council, and we trust the new Government will see to it and appoint some one from the Town.

TELEGRAPHIC.

New York, 29.
A Montreal special says the Nominations for members of Parliament were made here to day. McGee hooted down, and prevented from speaking. Cartier's friends raised a riot at another place. Lanctot (Liberal) had to be guarded home by the police. Three men were dangerously beaten and several others were injured.

Later—6.45 p. m.
The riot in the East part of the City was more serious than at first reported. The troops were called out and the cavalry charged upon the mob, and two squadrons had to guard the candidates on their way home. The casualties were severe and number over thirty, but none are reported to be fatal.

London, Aug. 29.
Active preparations are being made by the Board of Admiralty and War Office for an expedition to Abyssinia to save the English captives. Sixteen steamers have been chartered to transport troops.

Liverpool, 29.
Cotton edged dull at a decline of 4d. on American.

New York, 30th.

Gold 142.

London, Aug. 30.

Gold 142 1/2.

London, Aug. 31.
The little schooner-yacht "John T. Ford," Capt. Gould, which sailed from Baltimore, June 23 for Paris, captured when at her journey's end, on the 19th of August, when entering the English Channel. A sudden squall upset the little craft. One person—name not ascertained—was saved.

Consols 94 1/2. 5 20's 73 1/2. Markets unchanged.

Paris, Aug. 31.
Later in the day yesterday the Emperor Napoleon arrived at Amiens where he also made a few remarks. He considered that the enthusiastic receptions which have everywhere extended to him throughout the country attested the patriotism of the people and their confidence in the Government. Alluding briefly to the Mexican question, he did not think French honor had been tarnished or

French prestige impaired. Late events in Germany left France tranquil, and she would remain so. He was certain that the peace in Europe would not be disturbed. In conclusion he expressed his desire for the establishment of moral institutions and more enthusiastic citizens he would do his utmost to promote.

Gold 141 1/2.

Paris, 1st.
Baron Montier, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, had addressed a circular despatch to the diplomatic representatives of France at the European Courts, in regard to the existing relations of the Government with other Continental powers.

Alluding to the recent events, particularly to the conference held at Salzburg, M. Montier declares that this auspicious meeting of the Emperors of France and Austria should be regarded as a fresh pledge for the maintenance of peace in Europe.

Berlin, 1st.
The elections which were held in this city on Saturday for members of the new Parliament of the North German Confederation, resulted in the success of the candidates of the Radical party.

Gold 141 1/2.

London, Sept. 2.
The foreign office has issued a blue book containing the documents which have been issued in that department in the Alabama case and the correspondence which passed between the Governments of Great Britain and the United States, for the settlement of claims. The latest despatch in the collection shows what progress has been made in the controversy, and states the condition upon which the English Government is willing to accept a final settlement. The despatch is addressed by Lord Stanley, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to Sir Frederick Bruce, British Minister at Washington, and is dated May 21.

Lord Stanley informs Sir Frederick Bruce that England is willing to submit the claims of American citizens for damages caused by the Alabama and all other similar damages on the part of the United States to a commission, the arbitration of claims of British subjects against the United States for losses suffered during the late war, being likewise submitted to the same commission.

The name of the only survivor of the crew of the miniature yacht, "J. T. Ford," which was lost in the English Channel is Armstrong. Consols 94 1/2. 5 20's 73 1/2. Markets unchanged.

New York, Sept. 3.

Gold 141.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Sir—I see by the St. Stephen "Courier" of the 30th, that our would-be ruler of St. Stephen, are about to bring out Mr. George F. Hill, to stand for the Local Legislature, after requesting Mr. Rose to offer, they now fear that he is too weak, so in order to defeat me, they are about to request Mr. Hill to come forward. This is now, Sir, in reality, become a contest between capital and labor, and I as the champion for Labor, or the Working man, give them this challenge:—

Let all other aspirants retire from the field with the exception of Mr. Stevenson, and I will contest the County single handed against any man that those Lumber Lords or Bank Barren men can bring-out and ask no favor from that quarter.

Yours,
JOSEPH DONALD.
St. Stephen, Sept. 2nd, 1867.

Since our last announcement, Messrs. Wilmet, Chandler, Ryan, Smith and Connell have handed in their resignations of seats in the House of Assembly. Mr. Gray's resignation was prepared the other day, but withheld from presentation in order to facilitate the issue of the warrants for elections to fill the vacancies. [News.]

Mr. Fisher has since tendered his resignation.

Sir John A. McDonald addressed a large number of people in Toronto, in front of the Leader office on the occasion of the defeat of Brown for South Ontario. He spoke with his eloquent power and in the course of his remarks asked for his friend, Beauty of the Leader the hearty support of the electors of East Toronto.

ARREST OF HOUSE BREAKERS.—The three boys who broke into Foster's Tack Factory have now, by the energy of the Police Force, all been arrested. This is the party of rascals that is suspected of having been engaged in the various depredations in the way of house and store-breaking which have lately been committed. It is to be hoped that those arrests will interpose a salutary check against future depredations. [News.]

FIRE IN FREDERICTON.—The Globe states a fire broke out at an early hour on Monday morning in some wooden buildings at the rear of City Hotel, Fredericton, which destroyed the hotel and the large block of buildings fronting on Queen street and the Phoenix Square including Mr. C. W. Wetmore's office, the printing office of Mr. C. Logrin, the office of Dr. Dow, the store of Mr. Guion, and various other stores, dwellings and buildings. The Phoenix loses about \$20,000, and some other offices make pretty large losses.

The Hon. Nathan Sargent, Commissioner of Customs; Charles Clark, Esq., United States Marshal; G. F. Talbot, Esq., District Attorney, and W. Hingham, Esq., Special Agent, Treasury Department, have just returned from Eastport, Me., where they have been to attend to the smuggling cases that had been reported so common in that vicinity. A large amount of money was paid by the pri-

ncipal merchants there, and in the immediate neighborhood, in settlement for their violations of the Revenue laws. Many cases have been continued, as the Hon. Commissioner did not have time to investigate the entire lot. [N. Y. Tribune.]

A case of considerable interest has arisen at Richmond, which may provoke international correspondence. A negro, a citizen of Canada, who asked for a first cabin passage by steamer to New York, was refused on account of his color. He applied to the Courts, but Judge Underwood referred him to his Consul. There is no British Consul at Richmond, and the report is that the dark-skinned Canadian will at once lay the matter before the Queen's Minister at Washington. The Dominion of Canada will be early in the diplomatic controversy. [Ibid.]

Mr. DONALD of Red Pine Grove, presented us with a lucious bunch of Grapes and some very fine Apples, all from his nursery. He has several fruit bearing trees for sale.

SYDNEY (Australia) advises to July 16th, have been received. A most devastating calamity had visited the colony. Five days' rain had flooded the country, and a five days' gale had dashed helpless wrecks on the coast. The highest flood marks were 60 to 70 feet above the ordinary level. Hundreds of houses were swept away, and thousands of live stock destroyed. The crops were ruined and many lives lost. One family of nine persons were drowned, and in another case twelve persons of the families of two brothers lost their lives. Hundreds were rescued from the tops of trees, hay-stacks and roofs of houses. Numbers were almost starving and homeless and naked. Subscriptions for their relief were flowing in, and would do much to alleviate the distress. Four schooners were wrecked, and several seamen drowned.

THE FENIANS.—The Fenian Convention which met in New York on Wednesday last is still in session. There is a division in the body as to who shall be elected Head Centre, O'Mahony and John Savage being the two rival candidates.

ITEMS.

—We learn by telegraph to day that Mr. Fisher, was nominated by Messrs. Beddick and Pickard and was elected by acclamation. Very few people were present. [Globe.]

WISTAR'S WILD CHERRY BALSAM.—This Balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy.

—A portion of the troops in St. John and Fredericton have been supplied with breech-loaders of the Snider Enfield pattern.

—Imprisonment for debt has been abolished in France.

—The Detroit Board of Trade has passed a resolution that two hundred pounds shall hereafter constitute a barrel of flour.

—There are volunteers being enlisted in many of the principal cities of Europe to form an army to be sent to Mexico for the purpose of avenging the death of Maximilian.

—The Prince and Princess of Wales left for Wiesbaden on the 17th. Rumors are afloat that the health of the Princess is not making much progress, and that there is little hope of a perfect cure of her knee.

DIED.

On Friday, 30th ult., the Rev. John McGiven, for the last eighteen years rector of St. George, County of Charlotte, aged 60 years, universally regretted by a large circle of relatives and friends.

At St. George, on the 31st ult., Mr. Edward Billings, aged 38 years.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Aug. 28, Schr. Louise, Clark, New Haven, ballast, master.

Blossing Rose, Coggins, Lubec, ballast.

Matilda, Simson, St. Stephen, Provisions.

20, Albert, Thomas, Boston, Meal, J. R. Bradford.

Franklin, Coats, Portland, ballast.

Sept. 2, Jane, Clark, Boston, Mize, J. W. Street and others.

3, Brig Bachelor, Fenery, New York, ballast, Wm. Whitlock.

CLEARED.

Aug. 28, Schr. Julia Clinch, New York, Deals & Plank, J. R. Bradford, and C. F. Clinch.

30, Good Intent, Hyland, Lubec, Salt.

Charlie, Gatecomb, Boston, Hay & 400 Sleepers, R. Ross.

New York, Aug. 30, Bgo. Hesperus, Waycott, Buenos Ayres, 54 days. Chartered again for the same port.

Dominion Tweeds.

Received THIS DAY at the ALBION HOUSE direct from the manufacturers, Montreal: 1 BALE Canada TWEEDS for Gentlemen's wear, better than anything imported, and very cheap. Call and examine the Dominion Manufactured Tweeds. JOHN S. MAGEE.

St. Andrews, Aug. 27th 1867.

Cases Brandy.

100 Cases Pale and Brown Brandy, vin. 34, just Received. J. W. STRIBEL.

July 3, 1867.

To the Electors of the County of Charlotte.

GENTLEMEN.—I have been induced by many considerations, to present myself for election to the local Legislature, as one of the Representatives of this County.

I have resided for 25 years in the County, and am not unknown to you even in a public capacity, and I do not wish it to be understood that my recent connection with the St. Stephen Branch Railroad Company, (as Contractor) in any way identifies me with that section of the County in particular.

My political policy will be:—To maintain the Constitution under the Act of Union.

To use whatever influence the Local Legislature may possess in supporting the Intercolonial Railway by the FRONTIER ROUTE.

To advocate an improved system of Education, in accordance with the well understood wishes of a majority of the people.

As a FARMER, I will of course give my best attention to the advancement of the Agricultural interest.

The FISHERIES will also have my warmest support.

Commerce, Lumbering interests, and other industrial pursuits, will find in me, a strenuous and unflinching advocate.

Should I have the honor to be elected, I will prove myself.

Your faithful and humble servant,
NATHAN SMART.

September 2, 1867.

To the Electors of the County of Charlotte.

GENTLEMEN.—You will doubtless soon be called upon to exercise your prerogative in the selection of two persons to supply the vacancies in the representation of this County in the Local Legislature, occasioned by the elevation of Messrs. Stevens and Chandler to the Bench.

From the many solicitations and gratifying assurances of support received from all parts of the County, I am induced to place myself at your disposal.

The altered condition in the political relations of this Province under the act of Union, calls loudly for the strictest economy in the management of its local affairs.

The resources of the County left to our own control, if properly directed and developed should aid materially to our ability in granting greater encouragement to its industrial and commercial pursuits.

The importance of a thorough revision in the educational system of the Province, is generally acknowledged, and that a more enlightened, liberal, and progressive policy should be adopted.

Should I be honored by your choice, you may rely upon my unremitting exertions being faithfully directed toward the promotion of those objects and your laterate generally.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your most obdt. servt.
WM. L. ROSE.

St. Stephen, Sept. 3, 1867.

To the Electors of Charlotte County.

GENTLEMEN.—At the urgent request of a great many of the voters and working men from every part of the County, I am once more induced to offer my services to represent your interests in the Local Legislature. Two members will be wanted to fill the seats vacated by Messrs. Stevens and Chandler, who have played their game on the political chess board, and won.

Now gentlemen, I wish it distinctly understood that I am now, as I have ever been, the Candidate of the working men. Independent and free from all party trammels or ties, I dare act and think for myself, both in politics and other matters concerning the interests of the working class; and this I shall always do, in spite of the few men in St. Stephen who presume to rule the County.

I am not the nominee of a few designing men who wish to push into the field a candidate that, if elected will be sure to serve them.—No, Gentlemen, I am the Candidate of the independent working men who have dared to shake off the shackles that have hitherto bound them, men who dare show the world that they are not cowards, and will not be political slaves. I will, as I have always done, stand by them in all matters of progress and reform, until, like our brethren in England, we gain our objects, POLITICAL EQUALITY. Too long have one class of men ruled and governed us. Too long have they act themselves above us, treating us with scorn, except at election time, when they want our votes; then their hypocrisy knows no bounds, but, thank God, we can see through them, and understand their motives.

Then, working men of Charlotte, rally in your strength! Let us stand shoulder to shoulder in this contest, and there will be such a shaking of dry bones amongst those would-be rulers, that they will almost cry for the mountains to fall upon them. Let us teach these few men that the Bank Party is not all-powerful, although backed up by greenbacks. Let us tell those men at the polls that we have men amongst us who are their equals, in foot their superiors, both in ability and brains, though the greenbacks may be wanting, but this want may be supplied by fearless independence on Election day.

With reference to the Intercolonial Railway—the Frontier route will have my warmest support. At the hustings I will explain fully my views on this important matter.

Now, my friends, I would much rather that you would choose from amongst yourselves some intelligent honest working man, whom you can trust, to represent you, and I will give him my support, for at this season of the year I will not be able to visit you at your different localities. Like yourselves I must attend to my work, but as most of you know me, this should not make much difference, as I will meet you on nomination day at St. Andrews when I hope to have the pleasure of addressing you, and if elected, will serve you fearlessly, honestly and faithfully to the best of my ability.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
JOSEPH DONALD.

St. Stephen, Sept. 4, 1867.

Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale that valuable farm of localities Point, called the Varren farm, containing 100 Acres with a House and Barn thereon, having a shore frontage on Passamaquoddy Bay. The farm is well known, and does not require further description. An undesirable title will be given.

Terms—25 percent on day of sale, the residue in one and two years, with approved security. If not sold before 18th September next, will on that day be offered at Auction, at 12 o'clock noon.

SOPHIA KAHILL.

Bocabee, Aug. 5, 1867.

To the Electors of Charlotte County.

GENTLEMEN.—In accordance with the wishes of many of my friends and sections of the County, I have the honor to present myself for the representation of the County in the House of Commons of Canada.

Agriculture, the Fisheries, Commerce, will receive which such important matter. The Intercolonial Railway, with the Passamaquoddy Bay, (as Contractor) in any way identifies me with that section of the County in particular.

My political policy will be:—To maintain the Constitution under the Act of Union.

To use whatever influence the Local Legislature may possess in supporting the Intercolonial Railway by the FRONTIER ROUTE.

To advocate an improved system of Education, in accordance with the well understood wishes of a majority of the people.

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