FOR SALE
FACTORY SITE, CARLAW AVENUE, Immediately North of Wrigley Building. 176 feet by average 226 feet. Light on three sides. Railway siding.
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The Toronto World

Senate Special Bag
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PROBS: Southwest winds, mostly fair and comparatively mild; scattered showers.

THURSDAY MORNING APRIL 15 1920

40TH YEAR—ISSUE NO. 14,400 TWO CENTS

DRURY GOVERNMENT UPHELD ON FIRST DIVISION BY 71 TO 23

POLITICAL RUMORS IN OTTAWA GIVEN STRONG STIMULUS

Visit of Rogers and Mackenzie Believed Connected With Premier's Early Return.

TARIFF TALK TO FORE

Ottawa, April 14.—(Special.)—With Hon. Robert Rogers and Sir William Mackenzie in Ottawa, there is more political than legislative activity in the capital. The former minister of public works hopes to revive the Conservative party, become an active leader in some capacity, and have it represent the solid sentiment of the country at the next election. He has been in Toronto in consultation with his friends and is now in Ottawa. It is stated that at the next election he will be a candidate in South Winnipeg, now represented by G. W. Allan, a Conservative Unionist.

Sir William Mackenzie's mission to the capital is more obscure. He is a keen politician and a friend of Hon. Robert Rogers, but has also many friends in the Unionist party and cabinet.

Probably the impending return of the prime minister has brought both these prominent politicians to Ottawa. It is doubtful, however, if Sir Robert will be here before the first week in May. He will not arrive until the presentation of the budget, when he will make his party's pronouncement on national problems. If he retains the leadership his party will accept prorogation with good grace, but there is a very determined element which will demand a distinct understanding on the leadership question before they return home.

Guesses on Budget.

There is considerable guessing on the budget. There always is, yet seldom has any important detail become public before it was presented to parliament. Those guessing are being guided by conditions. There must be more revenue, therefore there must be more taxation. This does not augur well for the advocates of reduction in tariffs. It is a question of retention of all the present taxes, increasing them from some sources, and making up the deficit from new sources. A luxury tax in some form is almost certain. Then before any radical tariff revision there is promised an exhaustive investigation. Under this condition indirect taxation will not be decreased and direct taxation must be increased.

SAYS HE'S ASHAMED OF SOME MINISTERS

Hamilton Labor Member Pours Hot Shot Into Government.

TEMPERANCE POLICY

Demands That They Stop "Passing the Buck Along."

East Hamilton's Labor member, G. G. Halcrow, poured some hot shot into the government forces in the legislature yesterday afternoon. Their attitude on the temperance question was the reason for the outbreak. Mr. Halcrow said he was ashamed of the attitude of some of the members of the government. They had been evading the question, but when they found that it could be boosted to the Dominion government they were perfectly willing to pass the buck. The whole question of submitting a referendum to the people should be considered by the government themselves, and they should stand or fall on their decision.

There were a large number of people, Mr. Halcrow said, who did not favor prohibition, and altho they were in the minority a minority had rights as well as a majority. If the government would take a stand and eliminate all "hard liquor" he would fall in behind them. But the working classes, whom he represented, wanted light wines and beer. Their wishes in the matter should be consulted.

Ballot Was Unfair.

Referring to the ballot submitted at the last referendum, Mr. Halcrow said it was not a fair one. The temperance forces on the one hand were a unit in voting four no's, while other interests split up their vote and the result was that the vote did not pro-

(Continued on Page 5, Column 2.)

GOVERNMENT ESTABLISHES NEW PURCHASING BOARD

Ottawa, April 14.—The Dominion government is to inaugurate a purchasing board for Canada, which will replace the war purchasing commission which existed during the war period. It will take over all the duties and powers of the latter body and will buy all the departmental and other supplies for the Dominion. The board will consist of three members, one of whom will be a member of the privy council of Canada, and who will act as chairman. The salary is $6000 a year for each member and the term of office ten years.

DELIBERATE PLANS WERE LAID TO DISRUPT RAILWAY UNIONS AND CAPTURE OTHER INDUSTRIES

U. S. Attorney-General Says Head of Steel Strike and Other Reds Were at Back of Movement — Courier From Russia With Incriminating Documents Recently Captured.

Washington, April 14.—An effort to cause a great cataclysm in the ranks of organized labor and establish direct and close relationship with the Industrial Workers of the World, and the One Big Union of Canada, by the communists was to have been the first step towards "drawing the proletarian masses into the pathway of revolution," according to Attorney-General Palmtr, who stated today that federal agents had intercepted a courier from Russia on March 1 bearing messages to American locals of the communists, detailing methods of class war.

The I. W. W., the word continued, was to be the tool employed, and it was to establish the basis for uniting all unions under the One Big Union idea.

Department of justice investigators report that evidence in their possession proves that William Z. Foster, leader of the ill-fated steel strike, is the prime mover behind the "outlaw" railroad strike.

The government let this be known tonight, feeling that when the strikers learn what influences are behind the movement they will align themselves with their recognized organizations. Action by the government in the direction of prosecution of strike leaders, therefore, will be held in abeyance, pending the expected reaction among the strikers on receipt of information showing the directing impulse of the strike agitation.

The evidence in the hands of Attorney-General Palmer shows that Foster was present at union meetings which were adjourned to meet in other halls, not as organizations, but as individuals. Mr. Palmer also said that Carl Pierson and A. E. Reese, both of whom the department's investigators have placed in the category with Foster, were engaged in attempts to expand the strike and were definitely connected with planning it. Both began this work in Chicago, Mr. Palmer said.

Decide to Publish Motives.

As this phase of the situation became known, President Wilson met his cabinet for the first time since last August. The whole story of the strike crisis was related, and it was understood a decision was then reached to seek a solution thru the publication of the motives behind the walkout, the strikers being assured at the same time of early consideration of any wage demands they may have by the railway labor board.

This must not be construed to

(Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)

FEDERAL ATTITUDE TO RACETRACKS UNAFFECTED

Ottawa, April 14.—Action by the government of Ontario in imposing heavy taxation on the race tracks of that province will not have any bearing or influence upon whatever federal legislation on the subject may be brought down this session. The present probabilities point to some amending legislation, tho there has been no final decision as yet.

PRICE OF MILK NEARLY DOUBLE THAT IN STATES

Surplus in New York Sells at 8½c While Toronto Pays 15½c Per Quart.

SPRING PROFITS HIGHER

Mrs. Toronto Housewife was congratulating herself yesterday on having a nice philanthropic milk dealer who, for the four summer months, will give her fourteen tickets for a dollar instead of thirteen, as at present, and thus help her reduce her housekeeping account. If Mrs. Toronto Housewife only read her newspapers she would soon learn that Mr. Milkman, whilst apparently helping her, is considerably benefiting himself—in point of fact, he is increasing his profit from buying to selling by over 20 per cent. from his winter rates.

During the past winter the Toronto milk distributors have been purchasing milk at $3.25 per 8-gallon can, or practically 10 cents per quart, and selling it to the consumer at 15 1-2 cents per quart. On Tuesday last at a joint meeting of the producers and distributors it was agreed that the price to be paid during the four summer months, starting May 1, by the distributor to the producer should be $2.60 per 8-gallon can, or 8 cents per quart, and that the selling price to the consumer would be 14 1-8 cents a quart. On the winter or present price the distributor was making 55 per cent. profit, as between producer and consumer; on the summer rate he will be taking 77 1-2 per cent.:

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68 IRISH HUNGER STRIKERS ARE RELEASED FROM PRISON; GENERAL STRIKE CALLED OFF

Refused to Agree to Conditions First Made by Castle Authorities, That They Be Returned After Hospital Treatment—Political Prisoners to Receive Better Treatment.

Dublin, April 14.—Sixty-eight hunger striking prisoners have been released, apparently unconditionally, and as a result the strike has been called off.

It had been previously officially announced that it was not intended to release all the hunger strikers in Mount Joy prison unconditionally, but that an order had been issued that those requiring medical treatment outside the prison would be released on parole for periods to be specified in the case of each individual by the prison doctor.

After only four of the prisoners had been removed from Mount Joy prison the government intervened with the conditions pertaining to the reincarceration of the hunger strikers after hospital treatment.

The prisoners refused the new terms. When a danger arose that there would be a refusal of further departure from the prison by the hunger strikers, the lord mayor again visited the viceregal lodge with a view to having the order rescinded. On his return he announced that the prisoners would be released unconditionally.

The prisoners had refused to accept the stipulation on the ground that it was a reapplication of the "cat and mouse" policy.

The release of the prisoners, announced at five o'clock in the afternoon, is regarded as a complete triumph for the hunger strike and its ally, the general strike. It became known early that Viscount French had summoned the lord mayor, and that it was then only a question of terms.

Strike Called Off.

It is not definitely known what the terms are, and for some days there may be contradictory statements regarding them. The trade unionists, however, had no doubt which side had won, and immediately called off the strike, to the great relief of the citizens.

The prisons board also received an order that henceforth under the defence of the realm act, prisoners should receive ameliorative treatment from the date of their arrest until their trial for a specific offence.

The visit to Dublin of James Henry Thomas, general secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, and Labor member of parliament for Derby, is regarded as having had some share in the decision for the release of the men. It is said that an attempt was to have been made to bring about a strike in England in support of the Irish case. Mr. Thomas made a speech from a window of the labor executive offices this afternoon, endorsing the action of the hunger strikers.

The absence of military from the streets today was conspicuous. There were no tanks or armored cars posted at the jail, and the barbed wire barricades had been removed. The Irish volunteers assumed charge of maintaining order outside the prison and were implicitly obeyed.

ANOTHER REVENUE OFFICE BURNED

Belfast, April 14.—The internal revenue office at Dundalk was burned this afternoon. A number of men rushed into the building, seized the members of the working staff, and set the office on fire. No effort was made to subdue the flames until after the arrival of the soldiers.

TABLE RUMANIAN TREATY.

Ottawa, April 14.—(By Canadian Press.)—Hon. N. W. Rowell, in the house this afternoon, tabled the peace treaty with Rumania.

LONDONDERRY MOB STONED SOLDIERS; BULLETS IN REPLY

Troops Fired Over Heads of Crowd, But Two Wounded by Glancing Balls.

AWAITING PRISONERS

Belfast, April 14.—Soldiers fired ball cartridges over the heads of crowds gathered at the Londonderry station today and two civilians were wounded by ricocheting bullets.

The crowds at the station assembled with the expectation of greeting the arrival of Sinn Fein prisoners. Armed police were summoned to the scene, but the gathering became so threatening that two companies of soldiers, who were accompanied by an armored car, were called and ordered to make a bayonet charge.

The military was subjected to a fierce fusilade of stones and fired volleys of blank cartridges in an endeavor to warn the people. The blanks proving ineffective, several rounds of ball cartridges were discharged over the heads of the people, and the two civilians received injuries from glancing bullets.

Later in the day the Sinn Fein prisoners arrived and were taken in motor cars to the Londonderry jail.

TEN GIANT CARS BRINGING U. S. GOODS TO TORONTO

Sarnia, April 14.—The strike situation hourly grows worse at this section of the border, with freight cars filling the local yards to capacity. Ten giant motor lorries from Detroit arrived in the city tonight and will leave here tomorrow morning for Toronto, from where, it is stated, they will commence a return trip to the city of the straits loaded with merchandise.

GIRL DISAPPEARS ON WAY TO FATHER

Last Seen Going to Oshawa—Foul Play is Feared.

Special to The Toronto World.

Whitby, April 14.—The police and citizens of Whitby, Ontario, are puzzled over the disappearance of a young girl, Alice Mabel Burt, from that neighborhood. On Saturday, April 10 she was to have gone to Oshawa to meet her father, a returned man. A neighbor is said to have seen the girl on a bus traveling towards the G.T.R. station at Whitby, and that is the last the distracted father has heard of her whereabouts. The police description of her is as follows: Brown coat, black straw hat, veil, black laced boots; hair, light brown; eyes, light grey; 5 feet in height and of stout build. When last seen she was carrying a suit case. She is 17 years old.

Intensity is added to the father's anxiety by his inability to locate his wife, with whom he has not lived since returning from active service in France. Information which he received overseas caused him to become estranged from his wife, who had been living in Kitchener with the daughter. Mrs. Burt remained in Kitchener and the father and Alice moved to Whitby.

Preferred Her Father.

Apparently Alice Burt could not conceive any great affection for her mother, and severed relations with her, preferring to stay with her father.

The father rejects the idea that his daughter might have eloped and professes to be sufficiently familiar with her character to be sure that she would not have left Whitby for any destination other than Oshawa of her own free will.

The railway officials at Whitby are not in a position to state whether the girl boarded a train, or even if she was on the station at all on Saturday. The police and the father are diligently searching for the missing young woman and no little anxiety is felt by the neighbors.

ALICE MABEL BURT,
Of Whitby, who has mysteriously disappeared while on her way to rejoin her father. Foul play is feared.

GOVERNMENT DIVIDES HOUSE; GETS FORTY-EIGHT MAJORITY

One U.F.O. Member, One Conservative and Five Liberals Break Away From Their Respective Groups—Vote Stood 71 to 23—Liberal and Government Leaders Discuss Affairs of Kapuskasing Colony.

For the first time the Drury government last night concluded to make a test of strength and divided the house. They were overwhelmingly upheld—the vote was 71 to 23—and the result was interesting. Strict party lines were not adhered to.

The division took place over an amendment by the Conservative member for Sudbury, Charles McCrae, to give a six months' hoist to a government measure to reduce property qualifications for candidates for membership in municipal councils.

Only one U. F. O. member—L. W. Oke (East Lambton) voted for the amendment and only one Conservative, J. Joynt, North Huron. Five Liberals voted for the amendement—W. J. Bragg (West Durham), J. M. Govenlock (Centre Huron), F. Rennie (South Bruce), R. R. Hall (Parry Sound) and J. A. Calder (North Ontario.)

Upon the main motion—that the government measure be given its second reading—D. M. Hogarth (Port Arthur) voted for it with the explanation that he approved the principal of the bill but thought it should have further discussion.

Another interesting feature of last night's session was a general criticism of the soldiers' settlement colony at Kapuskasing by Hartley Dewart, who called on the government as a matter of duty to act generously with those returned men who were unfortunate enough to have gone to the colony and from no fault of the own failed. Premier Drury also participated in the debate and promised that everything possible would be done to re-establish the northern settlers. The net result of the discussion was the adoption of the premier's amendment that the report of the commissioners who inquired into the colony's affairs be adopted in the main with the promise that such modifications and changes may be made, to bring the findings of the report into operation, as the government may deem advisable.

Property Qualifications.

Hon. Mr. Rollo's bill, which was responsible for the division, provides that everybody shall be qualified to be elected a member of a municipal council of a local municipality who is a householder residing in the municipality and is entered on the voters' list as qualified to vote, who is a British subject, of 21 years of age, and not disqualified. The debate was

(Continued on Page 10, Column 5.)

BELGIANS ENTER FRANKFORT GERMANS LOOK PLACIDLY ON

Frankfort, April 14.—Belgian troops arrived in Frankfort today. The French military, several thousand strong, gave them a ceremonial reception, while crowds in the streets silently looked on. There was no disorder.

The Belgians, numbering about 700, marched into the city during the afternoon to give co-operation to the French occupational forces. Their coming was unheralded to the Germans, and the first intimation of it by the people was when the French troops began to line the streets leading to the freight station, where the Belgians detrained.

ALLIANCE, FARMERS AND Y.M.C.A. UNDER FIRE IN COMMONS

Broadsides by J. H. Burnham in Calling for Abolishment of Campaign Funds.

MOTION IS WITHDRAWN

Ottawa, April 14.—(By Canadian Press.)—There was considerable discussion in the house of commons today on a motion by J. H. Burnham, East Peterboro, dealing with large campaign funds. The resolution follows:

"That, in the opinion of this house, in view of the reported statement by the Rev. Ben Spence, that another prohibition referendum in Ontario would cost the prohibitionists five million dollars, and in view of the fact that such immense sums tend to the corruption by patronage and otherwise, of press and people, and to the destruction of public liberty and public morals, and in view of the reported collection of party funds for the Farmers' party and parties, and in view of the fact that a coming struggle in Canada will probably be between the owners of land and the employers of labor, and, in view of the charges made against other parties in respect of party funds, it is desirable that all campaign funds be prohibited and made a criminal offence, and that an amendment of the criminal code be made to that effect."

Campaign funds, said Mr. Burnham, should be made illegal. Mr. Burnham was particularly critical of the Dominion Alliance, the Y. M. C. A. and the Farmers' party.

Says Methods Bolshevistic.

Mr. Burnham compared the methods of Bolshevism with those of the Dominion Alliance. When any organization, he said, threw aside ancient practice of law and justice and used all its weapons to force its wishes upon the people, a dangerous precedent was established, and the way would be paved to civil war.

"We must take out of the hands of the people who would foment disturbance, the powerful weapons which they propose to use," said Mr. Burnham, "and we must take from Mr. Ben Spence and people of that ilk, the means by which they propose to make themselves their brothers' keepers."

Remarks on Y.M.C.A.

Mr. Burnham next paid attention to the Y.M.C.A., declaring that it collected large sums of money on the pretence that such was for Christian work, when it had been found that the only way to make the institution pay was to run it on a self-supporting basis and supply the demand for popular amusement, such as billiards and pool, rather than religious instruction.

He spoke of the farmers shaking their fists in the faces of the people, "after having deluded them into believing that they have given their money to rid the country of corruption."

Mr. Burnham, in finally withdrawing his motion, concluded with the remark that so far as prohibition was concerned, he believed it was anti-Christian, and came from the devil, to whom it would finally return.

Better Quantity and Quality Of French Harvests Predicted

Paris, April 14.—Good harvests in France are predicted by the department of agriculture in a statement issued today. Considerable improvement in the quality of the crops as compared with last year is expected.

Sir Lomer Gouin Visits The President of France

Paris, April 14.—Sir Lomer Gouin, prime minister of the province of Quebec, was this afternoon received by President Deschanel. Sir Lomer accompanied Ambassador Lord Derby of Great Britain.

BRANTFORD POWER SHORTAGE.

Brantford, Ont., April 14—(Special)—The shortage of hydro power continues here. Repeatedly the local allowance of 2,500 kilowatts is passed owing to the big stove load thruout the day and the coupling of factory, street railway and street lighting at night.

GIANT FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL MERGERS COMING

Col. Grant Morden Indicates Steel Consolidation is But Initial Step.

MAY SEEK SUBSIDIES

Ottawa, April 14—(Special).—Industrial and financial combinations for the development of Canada's resources and trade was the theme of Col. Grant Morden's speech before the Empire Parliamentary Association tonight. Drawing his precedents from England's past industrial life and present banking policy, he would encourage powerful banking combinations, industrial mergers and an immense merchant marine. Coal and steel made England and coal and steel would make Canada, he assured the members of parliament.

From the speech it is deduced that the consolidation of Nova Scotia and Dominion steel companies has been accomplished and that there will be a further effort to secure large subsidies for Canadian shipbuilding. The guest of the evening is prominent in both Dominion Steel and Canada Steamships. He admitted that the combination of steel interests would include British concerns to finish the raw product of the Sydney and New Glasgow plants. He admitted that the combination was to fight the United States steel trust for the world's trade.

Parliament is mostly interested in the effect of this extensive proposal on our banking institutions and gov-

(Continued on Page 7, Column 3.)

MACREADY ORDERED PRISONERS FREED

Superseded French After Wireless to Lloyd George, Says London Mail.

London, April 15.—(Thursday)—The release of the Irish prisoners was by direct order of General Sir Nevil Macready, and marks the beginning of an entire change in the Irish policy, according to a prominently displayed statement in The Daily Mail.

When it became clear some time ago, says this paper, that the policy of repression was leading to disastrous consequences, the premier decided to change the policy, and, if necessary, get rid of the men associated with the old regime. He suddenly and without warning told J. I. MacPherson, chief secretary for Ireland, that he was to be transferred to the pensions ministry, and appointed General Macready in command of the troops, without consulting the Irish office. General Macready, adds The Mail, was instructed to inaugurate a new policy of conciliation, and was given a free hand. In other words, he was to supersede the existing heads of the government in Ireland.

General Macready arrived in Dublin Wednesday morning and ordered the release of the prisoners after an exchange of wireless messages with Premier Lloyd George, who is on his way to San Remo, according to The Daily Mail.

Inasmuch as General Macready reversed the policy for which Viscount French was responsible, the viceroy, the paper believes, wishes a clear definition as to whether he or General Macready is the chief power in Ireland, and may come to London to inquire.

"The answer," continues The Mail, "may lead to his resignation—a contingency for which the premier possibly planned. Names of his possible successor are being discussed in the lobbies of parliament, the favorite being the Earl of Granard, altho he is a Catholic. A special act of parliament would be necessary to enable him to act as viceroy."

The Mail assumes from Mr. Bonar Law's speeches that he was not informed of the decision for the release of the prisoners, and says that the peculiarity of his position is being discussed in political circles.

SONORA FORCES FIGHT CARRANZISTS

Battle in Progress on the Borders of Sinaola is Reported.

Nogales, Ariz., April 14.—Federal troops under General Carranzico, are in battle with a part of the army of General Florez at El Fuert on the border of Sinaola, according to a despatch received in Nogales, Sonora, this afternoon.

General Angel Florez came from Sinaloa to join forces with General P. Elias Calles, commander in chief of the Sonora forces, and 15 other high Mexican commanders have aligned themselves with the movement. Generals Rios and Plank, formerly with the Federal government, have announced their intention of joining the Calles forces.

Protect Eastern Ave. Crossing; Railways and City Share Cost

Ottawa, April 14.—In the application of the city of Toronto for the installation of gates and the appointment of a watchman at the crossing of the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk and Canadian National Railways on Eastern venue, Toronto, the board of railway commissioners has directed that protection be provided by the appointment of watchmen and the cost is ordered to be apportioned as follows: Grand Trunk, fifty per cent.; Canadian Pacific, twenty-five per cent., and the city of Toronto, twenty-five per cent.

DATE FOR REFERENDUM

Lethbridge, Alta., April 14.—June 29 is understood by Social Service League officers here to be the date set for the holding of the referendum on the importation of liquor into Alberta.

Special Sale of Ladies' Dresses Friday and Saturday at Dineen's.

On the ladies' page of this paper a display advertisement announces the purchase from one of the best manufacturers in Canada of one hundred ladies' dresses in all the new Spring styles. The materials are silk, tricolette, serge, georgette and novelties for immediate wear. These dresses are worth from $45.00 to $65.00 each and will be sold at Dineen's on Friday and Saturday. Choice for $32.50. Every dress is a copy of Paris and New York styles.