

Governesses and trained nurses may inquire as to situations at the Colonial Emigration Society, 13, Dorset Street, Portman Square, W. Loans granted and passages arranged for in private parties by special passenger ships by Mrs. E. L. Blanchard, Hon. Secretary.

For free pamphlets and further information apply by letter or in person to the Emigration Department, New South Wales Government Offices, 5, Westminster Chambers, London, S.W.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Area.—903,690 square miles. Population, 314,000. Government is popular and representative. Capital, Adelaide, 43,000; founded in 1837. Land under cultivation, chiefly wheat, 2,785,490 acres.

Climate.—Hot and dry, especially in summer, viz., December, January, and February. Rainy season in winter—June, July, and August. Rainfall at Adelaide, $21\frac{1}{2}$; in many squatting regions barely 8 inches a year. The best country is south and 200 miles north of Adelaide, and in some parts of the hot north, where enough rain falls.

Education is secular and compulsory for children from seven to thirteen years: fee is 6*d.* a week per child. The teacher may read the Bible to the children. There are 727 Sunday-schools. No State religion. The University at Adelaide is open to all; a new (1885) Agricultural College at Roseworthy, 30 miles off. Friendly societies, &c., abound.

Manufactories are small, chiefly milling, clothing, and foundries.

Agriculture.—Wheat averages under 8 bushels an acre. The last year or two the crop has almost entirely failed through long drought. A "stripper" machine (£50 to £55) reaps an acre an hour. Scrub lands cost at least 8*s.* to 12*s.* an acre to clear; are then worked by a stump-jumping plough. Cost of Crown land is from 20*s.* an acre, payable by instal-