Gindmenne, Elward A. Freman, Dr. Schafl, Dr. Wawson, and other foremost living witern.

Several kchorls have for several ghas taken magezines for circulation innsend of lilimies, as being much - hapar, frisher, and more attractive. Sprocial ratey for schools given on "plimation.
ock phemiun.
The Premium offored with the Magazine for 1884 in, we think the mobt attractive ever given therewith. The tulleis, "Ancedotes of the Wenleys," by tho Rev. J. B. Wakeley. These are glemed, the author tells us from all the Lives of the Werleys, from Wesley's Journals, the Arminian ad Wibleyan Magazines, and from hundreds of volumes and pamphlets. Thoughan A merican bcok it has reached a tentid edation in England, and rolls at one dollar and a quartor, wathout the stcel portrat, lt gives over tour hundred pithy and racy anecdoter, that clang like burrs, to the memory of the Rev. Shmuel and Susannah Wesley, and of John and Charles Wesleg. The wisdom and piety, the wit and humour of the Founder of Methodism and of the emarbable family to which he belonged are strikingly set forth. The book contains 391 I ges and is handsomely bound in cloth, with stamped and gilt back and side. A spectal feature, not found in the Euglish Edition, is an admirablesteel portrait of the venerable Founder of Methodism, so familiar in the old Wesleynn Hy mn-book, which has been spicially supprted by the Bouk-Steward, and never before printed in Canada. Thas of isselt is almost worth the phice asked for the book. Thas atcractive premium is now ready for dolivery, and will be sent, Postage P'ud, to all subseribers to the M/agazinc. uld or now, for the meroly nomanal sum of Tharly-five cents.

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We are anxious that they should be in immediate possession of a copy, as it will greatly help them in their canvass. The price of the Mlagazine is as heretolore $\$ 2$ a year, Magazine and Christian Guardiar, together $\$ 3.50$. The Century Magazine and Marper's Monthly whil be sent to subscriber for S3 each. The regular price of each of these is 84. Terms to Agents, same as heretofore.

## THE REV. DR. NELLES ON SUNDAY-SCHOOLS.

6AT the late Sunday-school Convention, held in Cobourg, the Rer. Principal Nelles, D.D., President of Victoria University, delivered an admirable address on
" Tho Sabbath-school an Authorized "The Sabbath-school an Authorized
ard Fruitful Field for the Working ard Fruitful Field for the Working has attracted nuch attention and was made the sulject of a leading article in the Toronto Globe strongly endorsing the position which he trot. The fol-
lowing is a brief outline of the address. lowing is a brief outline of the address:,
He remarked that he thought it was hardly worth while to discuss the
question of authority in the face of the question of authority in the face of the
rbundant authority there was in civery page of the Bible, both by precept and
example, for religious training. As to the fruitfulness of the field. he could not do better than follow the advice of the old philosopher and take the consenting testimony of the wise on the subject. It was only necessary to go about the country and ask the people as to the usefulness of the Sundayschool, and there wound ba a very hearty expression from all the Protestant Churches in Christendom proclaiming its inmeasurable value. Indeed the Sundag-school was their chief reliance just now for sj stematic religious instruction in any systematic and thorough form. Religious training, it whs well known, was sadly neglected in many homes, and this was not the fault of the Suuday-schools, for this ovil exiated to just as great an extent before Sundry ichools were foundel. R ligicus training was ulso neglected on the public schools all over the continent. Seeing, then, that there was a great want somewhere, the Sundayschool was almost the only means of supplying that want. In 1 his connection he uished it to be distinctly un derstood that he thought something more should be done in our public schools than is done for the religious training of the young, and that all that was asked for in that line conld be accomplished without doing violence to the conscience of any nember of the community. He did not wish to have it thought strange that he touched upon this qucstion with such earneatness. It was a vital matter, not touching any particular Church alone, but the whole nation. To allow any considerable portion of the community to grow up without any religious training was to bring them up in immorality and crime. An important question presented itself here, Whether or not the Sunday-school could be made more fruitful and powerful? In the early history of the Sunday school it was looked upon only as a school for neglected children. Then it came to be recognized as a means of instruction for those of all grades in the congregation. Why could it not be made a place for young people, not merely the children alone, and for that matter for the mature people as well, and thus the whole congregation would be instructed in the Holy Soriptures? This experiment was being tried in some places in the United States, and he beliesed in Knox Cburch, Toronto. To make such a scheme work successfully, one of the preseat preaching services on the Sabbath would be devoted to a consideration with the whole congregation of some passage of Scripture which had previously been studied at home. In this way there would be a more intelligent piety, a more consistent staple form of religious life, and a wider diffucion of religious intelligence among the people. The learned Doctor pointed out that there is a great revival of interest going on at present in regard to the study of the Scriptures, such as perhaps the Church had never sten before. This was made necessary by now discoveries in the field of science, which opened up a new era of Biblicul criticism and research. In this way the efforts of the very men who denied the authenticity and inspiration of the Gospel were being overruled in the good providence of God for good. He paid an eloquent tribute to the memory of Miartin Lather, who opened the prison house in which the truth had bitherto been imprisoned, and proclaimed a free

Gospel to all, and in closing he again drow attention to the important point of how the Sunday school can be mado more productive of good in the future. The learned Doctor delivered an eloquent and powerful addess, occupying upwards of an hour, and his remarks wore listened to with the deepest attention. The session was dismissed with the benediction.

## "THIS IS MY MOTHER."



HE following incident, relased in the Burlington Haukeye, illustrates both the tenderness of the German heart and the familiar lines of Coleridge:
"A mother is a mother still,
We wore at a railroad junction one night, says the writer, waiting a few hours for the train, in the waiting room, in the only rocking-chair, trying to talk a brown-eyed boy to sletp, who talks a great deal when he wants to seep awake.
Presently a freight train arrived, and a beautiful little old noman came in, escorted by a great big German.
They talked in German, he giving her evidently lots of information about the route she was going, and telling bar about ber tickets and her baggage-check, and occasionally patting her on the arm.
At fist our United Siates baby, who did not understand. German, was rickled to hear them talk, and he "snickered" at the pecular sound of the language that was being spuken.
The great big man put his hand up to the good old lads's cheek, and said something encouraging, and a great big tear came to her eye, and she looked as happy as a queen.

The little brown eyes of the boy opened pietty big, and his face sobered down from its laugh, and he said,-
"Papa, it is his mother!"
We knew it was, but how could a four-year-old sleepy baby, that couldn't unders.and German, tell that the lady was the big man's mother, and we asked him how he knew, and he suid,-1
"Oh the big man was so kind to her."
The big man bustled out, we gave the rocking chair to the little old mother, and presently the man came in with a baggage-nan, and to him he spoke Engtish. He said, -

This is my mother, and she does not speak English. She is going to Iowa, and I have got to go back on the next train, but I want you to attend to her baggage and see her on the right train, the rear car, with a good seat near the centre, and tell the conductor she's my mother.
"And here is a dollar for you, and I will do as much for your mother some time."
The baggage man grasped the dollar with ons hand, and grasped the big man's hand with the other, and looked at the little German with an expression that showed that be had a mother, too, and we almost know that the old : oman was well treated.
Then wo put the sleeping mindreader on a bench and went out on the platform and got acguainted with the big German.

He talked of horse trading, buying and selling and everything that showed he was a live business man, ready for any speculation, from buying a yearling colt to a crop of hops or barley
and that his life was $a$ busy one, and at times full of hard work, disarpoint ment, hard roads.
But with all this hurry and excitt. ment ho was kind to his mother, and we loved ham just a little.

When after a few minutes' talt about business, he said, "You must excuse me; I must go in the depot and see if my mother wants anything," we folt like taking his fat, red hand and kissing it.

Oh! the love of the mother is tha same in any language, and it is cool in all languages.- Youth's Companion

## FAREVELL TO THE PRINCESS

 LOUISE."解AREWELL! farevell to the," Vic toria's daughter,
We bid thee a kindly, a loving faremell' Snoonth be thy passage across tho bue water
Calm bo its Losom, and gentle tis swe Not from conv entional mattit of funh Not from consentional matter of funh, With offer the fondest, 1 est wish of our liart, With sincerity true, and "ith carnest ness
warm, warm,
hid the
We lid thee good bye and regret we must part.
Son of MacCallum More,
Shall wo ne er see thee more t
Frimd el var wo haria shure Here is our hand,
Ovor Atlantic's suell
Ovor Atlantic's snell
Safo may'st thou journey nell,
And our true story tall
In thane ona land.
Tell cur heloved Queen,
Canada firldsar gicen,
And her farr torents alieen,Scarlet and gold;
Charmx buth the sense amd eye, While her Llue asthag shy Eurlh's starlit canoly, Beauties untolu.

Tell her that fond and true
Men Lid yun now nditu-
In dancer's vaust for jou
In danger s van
Tell her that all revere
Bintann's ofd Bamer here ; To every man!

## Tell her that freedom rejgns <br> Over our hi ls and phins;

And progress onward strains
From shore to shore.
Tell her our happy land
Boasts of a grllant hat,
True round that flag to stand
To the heart's core.

Who Killed Hia?-This question was asked in an energetic way by a preacher not long since concerning a man of the town who had been brought to bis death by liquor. The preacher answered it: "We, the Methodists and Baptists of thes community who allow liquor to be sold in our town." The preacher was not far wong, if wrong at all. Nearly every community could stop the sale of liquor if the members of the Church would exert themselves to have it voted down.

Home and School will contain many hints on teaching and other S. S. itens that will make if especially useful for teachers. In addition to the large amount of reading attraction to all ages, evely school should take enough to supply each teacher, eyen if it took no more.

Sunday-schools will please send in their orders for all S. S. papers as soon as possible, that there may be no inter. ruption in sending them, and that we may prepare to meet the anticipated largely increased demand.

