"LORD, WHAT WILT THOU HAVE ME TO DO?"

When first the soul awoke to life and love, Consumed with earnest longing pure and true To give itself away, it looks above And asks, "O Lord, what wilt Thou have me do?"

To each the answer comes in different form : To some the message is, "My son, arise, And face the force and fury of the storm; Far from thy home and friends thy duty lies :

"To seek the wanderer, whereso'er he roam : Although the way be desolate and wild, By love and pity lead him gently home : If he has wandered far, he is My child."

Another hears the Master say, "To you A bright and glorious mission I assign— The sunbeam's work I give to you to do, To gladden all you meet with love divine.

"Where'er you are, at home or in the street, With sunny brightness every cloud dispel : Disarm all anger by forbearance sweet ; Tell those who sorrow all will yet be well."

To others comes a voice, "In lying still And patient waiting shall your service be; But in your loneliness My love shall fill Your life, and draw you very near to Me.

" In your retirement many a weary heart Shall come to you for comfort, peace and rest. By suffering you shall learn the gracious art Of soothing those by grief and care oppressed."

Lo, to his work each one the Master speeds, Chocsing for every one, in love alone, That discipline his character most needs To mould it to the likeness of His own.

SAFE SAILING.



OD "holdeth the winds in His fists." "He ruleth the raging of the sea." A voyager, not himself a Christian, thus expressed his confidence in his mother's God, and in his mother's prayers:

"Sleep soft, O storm-tossed mariner, Rocked in the cradle of the sea: The ear of heaven bends low to *her*, He comes to port who sails with me."

In an article in *The Missionary Review* on "The Divine and Supernatural," Edward Storrow mentions the voyages of the Moravian missionary ship which has sailed to and from Labrador for 120 years without any serious accident, though the voyage is an unusually precarious one. The case is so exceptional that the experienced Lord Gambier declared that he considered the continued preservation of this ship the most remarkable occurrence in maritime history that had come to his knowledge. And this is but one of many marvels.

During 158 years 2300 Moravian missionaries have sailed to foreign lands, but only eleven times has shipwreck resulted in the loss of life. Of all the children of missionaries sent home to Europe in charge of friends, not one has perished at sea. And so it is with missions generally. A careful investigation of the nautical affairs of any society will show how few missionary vessels have been lost, and how few missionaries or missionary families have perished by shipwreck.

Mr. Storrow says that the protection of missionaries from violent men is very marked. The escape of five Malagasy refugees to England was a series of providential interventions. Three of them were chiefly sustained for six months in a forest by food brought by a friend a distance of fifty miles. One of them would have been apprehended by soldiers in a house where she was hiding had not the noise made by crows given warning of their approach. On another occasion she only escaped by lying in a bog, with her head concealed in rushes. She was recognized by a slave, who told her master, but he would not believe her. A house in which she was hidden was searched, but she was not found. On their flight to the coast they had to travel by night, often lost their' way, had to avoid villages, soldiers, and spies, to be ferried across a river swarming with alligators, where the boatmen were on the watch for fugitives. How they escaped was a marvel to their enemies, to themselves, and to their friends.

N a sermon published in the Chinese Recorder, T. R. Stevenson tells of a missionary in a Chinese city who labored long without success, seeking to win the Chinese to Christ. One day when he was becoming discouraged, a Chinaman said to him, "I want your God to be my God." "What do you mean?" said the missionary. "I wish to have the same religion as you," said the Chinaman. "Why do you?" inquired the missionary. "Because if your God is like you, He must be good."

This was the result of a Chinaman's reading a living cpistle which was placed before his This was his conclusion, after watching eves. the man who had come to bring him tidings of an unknown God and an unknown Saviour. Just as the name of God is blasphemed among the heathen on account of the whisky, the opium, the drunkenness, and the immorality of men who come from professedly Christian lands, so Chistian men, walking in the fear of God and bearing the beauty of God in their faces, and the love of God in their hearts, adorn the doctrine of God our Saviour in all things, and lead others to believe and know the grace of God in truth.

In the rest of the Christian there is stability, Nothing can shake his confidence but sin.— *Carlylc*.

180