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THIRTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 6 1892 ONE CENT.

BLAINE'S BOMBSHELL.

The Brilliant Secretary of State Resigns.

HIS RESIGNATION ACCEPTED.

His Action Tantamount to Announcing His Candidature.

IT IS SO INTERPRETED EVERYWHERE

Harrison's Friends Are Perfectly Amazed at the Event.

Minneapolis Overrun by Excited Politicians—Blaine Will Surely Be Nominated and His Supporters Say Will Carry on the First Ballot—The Harrison Men, However, Speak Hopefully — Dark Horses Are Spoken of—Blaine's Explanation of His Resignation — It Spoiled the Conference of the Canadian Ministers—A Woman at the Bottom of the Matter—Mrs. Blaine and Mrs. Harrison Are Not Good Friends.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Secretary Blaine's resignation was taken to the White House by his private secretary, Mr. Dent, who placed it in the hands of President Harrison. This was a little before 1 o'clock and 15 minutes after it was written. Soon after reading it the President descended to the east room and held his usual Saturday afternoon reception to the public. There were about 200 people present, not one of whom, as he shook the President's hands, could have told from his cool and collected manner that anything unusual had happened. Indeed, an official of the mansion said the President really seemed to be in better spirits than usual, and made felicitous replies to the greetings of some of his visitors. The reception over, the President returned to his library and addressed a letter to Mr. Blaine accepting his resignation. This was given to Private Secretary Halford with instructions that it be delivered at once, and Mr. Halford thereupon took it over to Mr. Blaine's house and placed it in his hands. Thus the whole transaction did not consume more than an hour's time. The following is the correspondence:

Blaine's Note to Harrison.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, June 4, 1892.

To the President:

I respectfully beg leave to submit my resignation of the office of Secretary of State of the United States, to which I was appointed by you on the 9th of March, 1889. The condition of public business in the Department of State justifies me in requesting that my resignation may be accepted immediately.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
JAMES G. BLAINE.

The President's Reply.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, June 4, 1892.

To the Secretary of State:

Your letter of this date tendering your resignation of the office of Secretary of State of the United States has been received. The terms in which you state your desire are such as to leave me no choice but to accede to your wishes at once. Your resignation is therefore accepted.

Very respectfully yours,
BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Hon. James G. Blaine.

The Washington agent of the Associated Press called at Mr. Blaine's residence shortly after the correspondence had been made public and asked him if he would not supplement it with an explanation. Mr. Blaine smilingly but deliberately replied: "The correspondence explains itself and I have not a word to add to it."

The President was next called upon and asked if he was willing to say anything in regard to it. His response, though made with entire courtesy of tone and manner, was equally emphatic—"nothing whatever."

Both the President and Mr. Blaine were seemingly in excellent spirits and each of them after declining to say anything for publication about the great event of the day or its effect upon the situation at Minneapolis turned the conversation to other topics with marked composure. Mr. Blaine's appearance and manner and tone of voice, however, were especially noticeable as indicative of a feeling of relief and satisfaction which made him even buoyantly cheerful.

WHY HE RETIRED.

Secretary Blaine Explains the Reasons for His Resignation.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—In an interview with Secretary Blaine late this afternoon he said that his resignation was not occasioned by the near approach of the Republican nominating convention and would not affect his action in the slightest. The question of his candidacy or the acceptance of a proffered nomination did not influence him in deciding to retire from the State Department. His only object was to obtain personal freedom and peace. Mr. Blaine then proceeded to indicate the reasons which had resulted in his retirement. He felt supersentitive because of the constant discussion of his name in connection with the presidential nomination. To this was added the annoyance of sensational rumors constantly placed in circulation as to his being secretly working to accomplish Mr. Harrison's defeat and at the same time encouraging his friends to pursue a similar course. Without any reference to the truthfulness, plausibility or practicability of these reports they apparently had a perceptible effect upon the President's personal friends and most intimate admirers. The feeling daily grew upon Mr. Blaine that he was regarded with suspicion and distrust, that the friends of the administration practically considered him guilty of duplicity; and even his associates in the cabinet seemed to look upon him with silent reproach. There also seemed a constant desire to humiliate him by urging the necessity for further public declaration that he was not a candidate for the Republican nomination. These thoughts and suspicions constantly preyed upon Mr. Blaine's mind until the worry and annoyance became intolerable, and as a consequence he determined to resign. Having fully decided upon that course he desired a speedy settlement of the whole matter in order that he might enjoy the rest as a private citizen which was denied him as a part and parcel of the administration.

SUDDENLY DECIDED UPON.

Speculations as to the Cause of Secretary Blaine's Resignation.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—So far as can be learned the resignation volunteered by Secretary Blaine to-day had not been preceded by any notice or intimation to the President that it might be expected. Mr. Blaine has seen the President only once this week, which was during his half-hour's attendance at the Cabinet meeting yesterday, when he read a report concerning his conference with the Canadian commissioners and returned to the State Department to resume it. The resignation appears, therefore, to have been determined upon very suddenly; but for some time there have been various facts known to close observers in Washington, a sort of "open secret," which warrants a belief that the resignation, though undoubtedly precipitated by occurrences of a very recent date, had its origin a long while ago and in causes essentially personal rather than political.

They Did Not Hitch.

These causes may be briefly summarized as incompatibilities of temperament developed and emphasized at times by important disagreements over public questions, such as the management of the war-threatening difficulty with Chili, invidious comparisons and comments on the part of injurious friends concerning the credit due to either for the enactment and the execution of the reciprocity project and the general conduct of the foreign affairs of this Government, including the management of the Behring Sea controversy, and the lack of cordial relations between their respective families. Mrs. Blaine and the President's wife have not been good friends.

These causes had undoubtedly created a feeling of constraint in the personal relations of the President and the Secretary of State months before the writing of the letter in which Mr. Blaine declared that he was not a candidate for the presidential nomination, and the recent publications authorized by different members of the cabinet concerning Mr. Blaine and the presidency, closely following other published statements attributed to a member of the President's family and to some of his close political friends, regarding the secretary's physical and mental condition, etc., are understood to have made him feel that longer continuance in President Harrison's Cabinet would be intolerable to him, wholly irrespective of any questions of right or duty to accept the Republican nomination for the presidency if tendered to him. But whatever may have been the genesis or the immediately impelling cause of Mr. Blaine's resignation to-day there seems to be no doubt whatever among his friends in this city that by it he has placed himself in a position of readiness to accept the nomination.

Our Commissioners Incommoded.

One effect of Mr. Blaine's resignation is the sudden termination of the conference between himself and Gen. Foster on one side and the British Minister and Canadian Commissioners Foster and Bowell on the other, looking to a readjustment of the differences between the United States and Canada growing out of the discriminating tolls imposed on American vessels passing through the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals. This conference began at the State Department yesterday and was resumed this morning. To-day's session, however, did not last more than an hour, and it is understood was brought to an abrupt termination by Mr. Blaine's unexpected statement that it was useless to continue the present negotiations, for the reason that he was about to sever his official relations with the Government.

It is said further that this announcement was a great surprise to the other members of the conference. At any rate the deliberations were brought to a sudden close and the Canadian Commissioners were passengers on the afternoon train bound for the Dominion capital. Persons who saw them at their hotel prior to their departure say they were in a very unpleasant frame of mind and were quite free in stating that they had not been fairly treated by the administration.

Mr. Blaine's letter to the President is dated June 4, 1892, 12.45 p.m. It therefore must have been written almost directly after the British Minister and his confreres had left Mr. Blaine's office, which had been used as the council chamber, and it was but 15 minutes later when he instructed his private secretary to take it over to the White House. The secretary remained at the department until 1.15 o'clock arranging some private papers. While he was doing this one of the messengers laid an official document before him for his signature. He told him to take it away, remarking quietly: "I am no longer Secretary of State." It is said Seventeen hits, two being doubles, for only five runs looks like a paradox. The score:

U. OF M.	B	R	H	O	A	E
Peer, lf	5	0	0	2	0	0
Flurscheim, 2b	5	0	0	3	2	0
Jefferis, 1b	5	1	0	9	0	2
Pearsons, c	5	0	1	8	2	0
Spitzer, ss	5	0	1	2	1	1
Shields, rf	3	2	1	1	0	0
Senecal, rf	3	2	1	4	3	0
H'bin'n, rf	4	0	2	1	1	0
Seymour, p	4	1	2	0	3	0
Total	39	4	7	30	12	3

VARSITY.	B	R	H	O	A	E
Moore, lf	6	0	3	6	0	0
Garrett, 2b	4	0	2	1	2	0
Fitzsr'ld, c	5	1	1	5	1	1
Driscoll, 1b	5	1	2	9	0	1
McIntsh, cf	4	1	0	3	0	0
Gall'gh'r, p	4	2	2	1	2	0
Wardell, ss	4	0	1	2	5	1
Nickle, ss	5	0	1	2	4	0
Samson, rf	5	0	2	2	0	0
Total	42	5	17	30	13	4

	R.	H.	E.
Varsity	0 0 3 0 0 0 1 0 1—	5	17	3
U. of M	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0—	4	7	4

Earned runs—U. of M. 1, Varsity 1. Two base hits—Peer, Fitzgerald, Driscoll. First base on balls—By Gallagher 1; Seymour 4. Hit by pitcher—Gallagher 1. Struck out—By Gallagher 2; Seymour 6. Sacrifice hits—Seymour 3; Gallagher 4. Wild pitch—Seymour 4. Umpire—Merrill.

Chicago Wins a Game.

	R.	H.	E.
At Baltimore:			
Baltimore 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—	3	8	2
Chicago 0 0 0 2 3 0 2 0 x—	7	12	4
Buffinton-Robinson; Hutchinson-Kittredge.			
At New York:			
New York 0 0 2 0 1 1 0 1 1—	6	14	4
Louisville 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—	2	5	8
King-Fields; Stratton-Dowse.			
At Brooklyn:			
Brooklyn 1 0 0 0 1 2 0 2 2—	8	14	2
Cleveland 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0—	4	11	2
Foutz-Dailey; Cuppy-O'Connor.			
At Philadelphia:			
Philadelphia 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 2 x—	4	10	3
St. Louis 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—	3	7	2
Weyhing-Clements; Gleason-Buckley.			
At Washington:			
Washington 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	5	10	3
Cincinnati 1 0 0 1 0 5 0 0 0—	7	13	0
Gastright-Milligan; Mullane-Murphy.			
At Boston:			
Boston 1 0 1 2 0 0 0 1 1—	6	10	5
Pittsburg 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—	2	4	3
Stivetts-Kelly; Woodcock-Mack.			

Eastern Association Games.

	R.	H.	E.
At Binghamton:			
Binghamton 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	3	3
Troy 0 1 0 2 0 0 1 0 1—	4	6	1
Clarkson-Townsend; Duke-Cahill. Betts.			
At Providence:			
Providence 1 0 5 3 0 0 0 2 —11	8	3	
New Haven 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	1	2	4
Knauss-Murphy; Fournier-Cassian-Wells. Dorchester.			
At Syracuse and Buffalo no game, rain.			
At Rochester:			
Rochester 0 0 3 1 0 1 0 0 0—	5	6	2
Albany 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	2	0
Goodall - McKeough; Sullivan-Murphy. Cudworth.			
At Binghamton, (second game):			
Binghamton 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0—4	5	3	
Troy 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 x—	3	8	4
Casey-Townsend; Freeman-Cahill. Betts.			

Nationals Defeat Dauntless.

The Nationals defeated the Dauntless in their league game Saturday. The game was close and exciting. From the start it was a pitchers' battle. The fielding and throwing of both teams was perfect. The following was the score:

NATIONALS.	R.	H.	E.	DAUNTLESS.	R.	H.	E.
Snider, c	1	1	0	Gagen, 3b	0	1	0
Maxwell, 2b	0	1	0	Jackman, 1b	0	1	0
Hurst, ss	0	0	1	King, 2b	0	0	0
Anketell, lf	0	0	0	Cruise, c	0	0	1
Cruller, 1b	1	1	0	Capps, cf	1	0	0
Tredger, cf	0	0	0	Younge, p	1	1	0
Earls, rf	1	0	1	McArthur, rf	0	0	0
Mackrell, 3b	1	0	0	Bright, ss	0	0	1
Thompson, p	0	0	0	Stubbins, lf	0	0	0
Total	4	3	2	Total	3	3	2

Nationals	0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 x—	4	
Dauntless	0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—	2	

Struck out—By Thompson 7, by Younge 8. Two-base hit—Cruller. Time—1 hr. 25 min. Umpire—Mr. Atkisson.

In the Toronto League.

Eight games have been won and lost in the Toronto Amateur League up to Saturday night. The standing follows:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Dukes	4	0	Parkdale	1	2
Nationals	3	1	Excelsiors	0	2
Dauntless	1	1	Park Nine	0	2

Dukes Shut Out Excelsiors.

The Dukes shut out the Excelsiors on Saturday in one of the best amateur games ever played in this city. For the Dukes, Humphrey pitched an excellent game, his effective work at critical points being the feature of the game. Prentice's catching was first-class, his throwing being especially good. Schnapauff played a fine game on second base and hit the ball with good effect. For the Excelsiors, Buckland pitched a clever game,

Continued on Second Page.

IN THE SPHERE OF SPORTS.

HOW VARSITY SCORED A VICTORY OVER U. OF M.

A Great Game Between the Two Universities at Ann Arbor on Saturday—Michigan's Celebrated Cheer — The Game Was Won in the Tenth Inning—On Many Cricket Creases—All the Sporting News.

Varsity's baseball club returned to Toronto last night from Ann Arbor, where they had scored their great victory over University of Michigan's crack nine.

It was the Western College club's first home game after her victorious Eastern tour. Their biggest success on that trip was over Yale, the score being 3-2. U. of M. succumbed to Harvard by 4 to 2, and had success with almost every club encountered.

The day was fine at the start overhead at Athletic Park, but the skinned field was a sea of mud. A sprinkling rain started in the fifth and soon the sliding cohorts were covered with sticky Michigan soil. Five hundred howling students paid 50 cents each to occupy the neat grand stand and yell.

Seymour, the crack pitcher of the club, went in against Varsity. He was banged for 15 singles and 2 doubles, but Toronto's stupid base-running only permitted five tallies in ten innings.

In the absence of Coty, Gallagher of Detroit was secured to twirl for Varsity. He was hit pretty freely also. But Varsity's clever field work spoiled many an apparent hit. The left fielders were the stars of both nines and pulled down 6 and 5 flies respectively. U. of M. took an early lead of 1 run, which Varsity overhauled in the fourth, which Driscoll opened by sending a long fly to right that big Robinson made a vain endeavor to secure and, judiciously tumbled over a pile of cinders in his effort to do so. Gallagher went to first on balls, Jeffries tumbled Nickle's grounder and threw wild to catch Driscoll at the plate when two runs scored. Another run came in when Samson made a scratch hit. Two singles and a stolen base in the eighth added another run for Varsity. It was in their half that U. of M. tied the score. Shields took first on balls and second on Wardell's poor throw of Smeltzer's grounder. Stolen bases advanced both. Then Peer made a two-base hit, two runs came in, and Michigan's famous shout from the enthusiastic throats:

"U. of M. Hurrah! Hurrah!! U. of M. Hurrah! Hurrah!! Hoo-rah!! Hoo-rah!! Michigan, Michigan, Rah, Rah, Rah!"

The score was four all. Varsity couldn't get a run in the 9th and two men perished on the bags. Michigan had the bases full in her half with two men out. Three balls and no strikes were on the batter. Two strikes were soon called and a pop fly went up for Nickle. McIntosh took first on balls in the tenth, went to third on a passed ball. The next two men went out, but Nickle singled and sent in the run that secured the victory. U. of M. went out 1-2-3 and it was Varsity's turn to shout.

The game was most exciting. The players of both teams wrangled with one another and the umpire, who was a freshman Michigan student, and didn't know the rules. He permitted a double play on a muffed infield fly. U. of M. sustained their reputation for dirty ball playing by resorting to contemptible tricks, one the most notorious of which was Thirdbaseman Pearson's holding Fitzgerald by grasping him to prevent a tally on McIntosh's long left field sacrifice fly. Varsity should have scored at least four more runs, but stupid base-running wouldn't allow it.

Seventeen hits, two being doubles, for only five runs looks like a paradox. The score:

U. OF M.	B	R	H	O	A	E
Peer, lf	5	0	0	2	0	0
Flurscheim, 2b	5	0	0	3	2	0
Jefferis, 1b	5	1	0	9	0	2
Pearsons, c	5	0	1	8	2	0
Spitzer, ss	5	0	1	2	1	1
Shields, rf	3	2	1	1	0	0
Senecal, rf	3	2	1	4	3	0
H'bin'n, rf	4	0	2	1	1	0
Seymour, p	4	1	2	0	3	0
Total	39	4	7	30	12	3

VARSITY.	B	R	H	O	A	E
Moore, lf	6	0	3	6	0	0
Garrett, 2b	4	0	2	1	2	0
Fitzsr'ld, c	5	1	1	5	1	1
Driscoll, 1b	5	1	2	9	0	1
McIntsh, cf	4	1	0	3	0	0
Gall'gh'r, p	4	2	2	1	2	0
Wardell, ss	4	0	1	2	5	1
Nickle, ss	5	0	1	2	4	0
Samson, rf	5	0	2	2	0	0
Total	42	5	17	30	13	4

	R.	H.	E.
Varsity	0 0 3 0 0 0 1 0 1—	5	17	3
U. of M	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0—	4	7	4

Earned runs—U. of M. 1, Varsity 1. Two base hits—Peer, Fitzgerald, Driscoll. First base on balls—By Gallagher 1; Seymour 4. Hit by pitcher—Gallagher 1. Struck out—By Gallagher 2; Seymour 6. Sacrifice hits—Seymour 3; Gallagher 4. Wild pitch—Seymour 4. Umpire—Merrill.

THE ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

MR. GLADSTONE ALREADY ESTIMATING HIS MAJORITY.

But It Will Not Be Large Enough to Carry Home Rule—The Liberal-Unionists Also Confident—Irish Faction Fight—Blood Flowed—Davitt Has a Bandaged Head.

Mr. G. W. Smalley telegraphs to The New York Tribune:

LONDON, June 4.—That the dissolution of this long Parliament will take place at the end of June is now an article of faith with both parties. The understanding between Mr. Balfour and Mr. Gladstone is for business purposes pretty complete. There is for parliamentary purposes a truce.

The business, if not the general turmoil of a general election, has already begun. Agents and candidates are hard at work. The Whitsuntide holidays will be no holidays to men whose political fortunes are at issue. Speculations on the result, estimates, conjectures, calculations and calculated exaggerations abound. Temperament has as much to do with the matter as figures. Mr. Gladstone, more sanguine in age than other men in youth, believes his majority in the next House will be a majority of three figures. Gladstonian journalists of more prosaic minds, with good information and of careful judgment, give him 50. The Gladstonian whips, who by no means wear their hearts on their sleeves, are understood to expect about 30. The Tory whips, equally discreet, are not thought to dissent very widely from this estimate. The authorities among those Liberal-Unionists whose political extinction has been daily predicted for years are more confident than their Tory colleagues.

Mr. Gladstone is expected to come back with a majority, but a majority too small to enable him to carry Home Rule, or such Home Rule as he wishes; too small to overawe the House of Lords; too small for permanent power. He will be obliged to produce some more of the Home Rule bill; he will fail to carry it, and another general election will follow at no very long interval. Such is the theory of prudent politicians, but to put it into the form of a positive prophecy is what no prudent person will do.

The war of words at Dublin has been followed by blows at Navan. An anti-Parnellite convention was held there on Wednesday to turn out the present Parnellite members for County Meath. It was the first note of hostilities between the two Nationalist wings. Mr. Davitt, Mr. O'Brien and other leading anti-Parnellites led the invasion. The priests took charge of the proceedings and the convention met in the rivedin Torcoto. They had no money and no friends in the city, and intended to beat their way home.

While going along the Esplanade to an unoccupied building, where they intended to sleep, Clark's foot was caught in a frog and a freight train, coming up before he could release his foot, ran over him, severing his right leg and crushing the left leg in a terrible manner. Atwood, in hurrying to the switch house to call assistance ran against a switchman, receiving various injuries. Clark died about the face and legs. Clark received no attendance until the arrival of the ambulance, when it was found that he had lost a good deal of blood. He was removed to the hospital. Although perfectly conscious he gradually grew weaker until 8 o'clock yesterday morning, when he died.

Atwood is very much shocked by his friend's sudden death. His own injuries are not likely to prove dangerous, although he is very weak, the pair not having eaten anything on Saturday except a few biscuits.

The G.T.R. yardman gives another version of the story. The young men, he says, were trying to board a freight train, and while climbing up the side struck the switch-case, which knocked Clark under the wheels. Coroner Johnson is investigating the case, and the facts will doubtless be fully brought out. It has not yet been decided whether an inquest will be held or not.

GREAT RAILWAY PROJECT.

English Money to Build the Line From Winnipeg to Fort Churchill.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—It is asserted here that the money has been found in England for building a railway from Winnipeg to Fort Churchill on Hudson's Bay to connect with a line of steamers running to England. This is Hugh Sutherland's scheme, which the Government is disposed to encourage by a bonus.

A Bomb in a Pennsylvania Town.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 5.—About 1 o'clock this morning an explosion of dynamite occurred at Kensington, Pa., in the house of J. K. Turner, a jeweler.

Mr. Turner and Miss Emma Scheffer of Emleton, Pa., were instantly killed. Mrs. Turner and two of the children were badly injured.

It is believed the house was blown up deliberately, as Mr. Turner was never known to have dynamite in his dwelling or store. The explosion was of great force, breaking windows and doors at some distance. The authorities are trying to find a clue to the fiend who caused the explosion.

Tastes Vary.

The wrapper (the outside leaf) does not *altogether* indicate by its color the *strength* of a cigar, as is generally supposed to be the case. On the contrary, cigars with light-colored wrappers may be very *strong* unless proper care is taken by the manufacturer in handling the leaf to have the interior or "bunch" properly represented by the outside leaf, which should be the "mirror of the cigar."

Our brands are properly represented by the sizes and colors. For example: The El Padre brand is made in the following sizes: "Perfectos," "Lansdowne," "Pins," "Bouquets," and "Reina Victoria," all of different qualities, which are represented by the "sizes" mentioned, all of which are of different *strength* in each size.

You can obtain a mild, medium or full flavored Perfecto in that particular grade and quality; the same with the other sizes. Smokers who like a full-flavored, fairly large cigar should ask for the Reina Victoria size; for a large mild cigar the Perfecto; medium size Lansdowne or Pin; small size Bouquets. Our aim is to suit all tastes and dispel the illusion that exists with many smokers that an imported cigar is as good at anything like the price at which the El Pade, Madre e Hijo, La Cadena or La Flora are sold. S. Davis & Sons, Montreal. 136

300 Houses Burned.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 5.—A fire in the town of Kevno has destroyed 300 houses depriving 2000 persons of their homes.

The World on the Island.

The World will resume their Island delivery on and after Monday next. Subscribers will leave change of address at this office.

Acquitted On the Capital Charge.

DETROIT, June 4.—Mrs. Charles N. Ayers has been acquitted of the charge of murdering her husband on the night of March 4 last.

All the leading actors, orators and singers use Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum to keep the voice clear and strong. It improves the voice at once.

McElwaine Was Acquitted.

UTICA, June 4.—The trial of E. K. McElwaine, ex-Deputy United States Marshal, indicted for aiding and abetting the escape of Thomas O'Brien, the prince of bunco steerers, ended to-night in a verdict of acquittal.

The World has resumed its Kew Beach and Victoria Park Delivery.

Hard and soft corns cannot withstand Holloway's Corn Cure; it is effectual every time. Get a bottle at once and be happy.

A TERRIBLE CYCLONE.

Railway Property Demolished—A Church in Ruins—Fifty Children Maimed.

OMAHA, Neb., June 5.—McCook, Neb., was visited yesterday by a terrible cyclone. As the huge funnel-shaped cloud passed over the Burlington and Missouri shops and roundhouse it seemed to suddenly drop to the ground, first striking the business building owned by H. W. Cole, and with awful power raised the metal roof clear off the two parts in the rear, and whirling it around brought it down with terrible force in almost its former position upon the heads of the cigar-makers who were at work there. All escaped except one, who was severely injured. The storm centre seemed to raise up in the air and again drop to the ground about three blocks away. In a moment the air was filled with flying debris, and the cry was raised that the Congregational Church was in ruins and hundreds of children buried in the ruins. The children of the city were rehearsing for the children's day at the Congregational Church, and that edifice was packed to its utmost capacity with the little folks. But two minutes before the cyclone struck the building about two hundred of the smaller children had finished the exercises and gone home. The church was raised from its foundation and dashed down in one mass of ruins, burying about 60 children together with the pastor of the church and several teachers. Many of the children who were leaving were hurt by flying timbers, but so far as is known none seriously. With willing hands the fallen timbers were raised from the ruins and soon all were released from their imprisonment. Timbers, in falling, had formed an arch over the heads of those who were in the church. Several of the children are so seriously injured that it is feared they cannot live but a few hours. Many of the injured children have legs and arms broken, and still others seem to be hurt internally. The list of the injured is about 50, and as many were carried home at once it is impossible at this hour to get the exact number. Had the cyclone struck the church five minutes earlier at least 250 would have been buried in the ruins.

WHEN FAR FROM HOME

John Clark Met His Death While Travelling Like a Tramp.

John Clark, a young man about 20 years of age, was run over by a G.T.R. freight train at 9.45 Saturday night, receiving injuries from which he died yesterday morning. He was accompanied by George Atwood, a young man of about the same age. Atwood was also injured, but not seriously. The accident occurred at the foot of Tecumseth-street.

According to the story told by the two men, it appears that they came from North Manchester, Indiana, where Clark's father is owner of considerable property. They had been at Niagara Falls. Atwood says, and there boarded a train which took them to Hamilton. From Hamilton they intended to go to Windsor, but boarded the wrong train, and on Saturday morning they arrived in Toronto. They had no money and no friends in the city, and intended to beat their way home.

While going along the Esplanade to an unoccupied building, where they intended to sleep, Clark's foot was caught in a frog and a freight train, coming up before he could release his foot, ran over him, severing his right leg and crushing the left leg in a terrible manner. Atwood, in hurrying to the switch house to call assistance ran against a switchman, receiving various injuries. Clark received no attendance until the arrival of the ambulance, when it was found that he had lost a good deal of blood. He was removed to the hospital. Although perfectly conscious he gradually grew weaker until 8 o'clock yesterday morning, when he died.

Atwood is very much shocked by his friend's sudden death. His own injuries are not likely to prove dangerous, although he is very weak, the pair not having eaten anything on Saturday except a few biscuits.

The G.T.R. yardman gives another version of the story. The young men, he says, were trying to board a freight train, and while climbing up the side struck the switch-case, which knocked Clark under the wheels. Coroner Johnson is investigating the case, and the facts will doubtless be fully brought out. It has not yet been decided whether an inquest will be held or not.

GREAT RAILWAY PROJECT.

English Money to Build the Line From Winnipeg to Fort Churchill.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—It is asserted here that the money has been found in England for building a railway from Winnipeg to Fort Churchill on Hudson's Bay to connect with a line of steamers running to England. This is Hugh Sutherland's scheme, which the Government is disposed to encourage by a bonus.

A Bomb in a Pennsylvania Town.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 5.—About 1 o'clock this morning an explosion of dynamite occurred at Kensington, Pa., in the house of J. K. Turner, a jeweler.

Mr. Turner and Miss Emma Scheffer of Emleton, Pa., were instantly killed. Mrs. Turner and two of the children were badly injured.

It is believed the house was blown up deliberately, as Mr. Turner was never known to have dynamite in his dwelling or store. The explosion was of great force, breaking windows and doors at some distance. The authorities are trying to find a clue to the fiend who caused the explosion.

Tastes Vary.

The wrapper (the outside leaf) does not *altogether* indicate by its color the *strength* of a cigar, as is generally supposed to be the case. On the contrary, cigars with light-colored wrappers may be very *strong* unless proper care is taken by the manufacturer in handling the leaf to have the interior or "bunch" properly represented by the outside leaf, which should be the "mirror of the cigar."

Our brands are properly represented by the sizes and colors. For example: The El Padre brand is made in the following sizes: "Perfectos," "Lansdowne," "Pins," "Bouquets," and "Reina Victoria," all of different qualities, which are represented by the "sizes" mentioned, all of which are of different *strength* in each size.

You can obtain a mild, medium or full flavored Perfecto in that particular grade and quality; the same with the other sizes. Smokers who like a full-flavored, fairly large cigar should ask for the Reina Victoria size; for a large mild cigar the Perfecto; medium size Lansdowne or Pin; small size Bouquets. Our aim is to suit all tastes and dispel the illusion that exists with many smokers that an imported cigar is as good at anything like the price at which the El Pade, Madre e Hijo, La Cadena or La Flora are sold. S. Davis & Sons, Montreal. 136

300 Houses Burned.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 5.—A fire in the town of Kevno has destroyed 300 houses depriving 2000 persons of their homes.

The World on the Island.

The World will resume their Island delivery on and after Monday next. Subscribers will leave change of address at this office.

Acquitted On the Capital Charge.

DETROIT, June 4.—Mrs. Charles N. Ayers has been acquitted of the charge of murdering her husband on the night of March 4 last.

All the leading actors, orators and singers use Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum to keep the voice clear and strong. It improves the voice at once.

McElwaine Was Acquitted.

UTICA, June 4.—The trial of E. K. McElwaine, ex-Deputy United States Marshal, indicted for aiding and abetting the escape of Thomas O'Brien, the prince of bunco steerers, ended to-night in a verdict of acquittal.

The World has resumed its Kew Beach and Victoria Park Delivery.

Hard and soft corns cannot withstand Holloway's Corn Cure; it is effectual every time. Get a bottle at once and be happy.

DIABOLICAL OUTRAGE.

Attempt to Wreck a Grand Trunk Express Train—Providential Escape.

CLINTON, Ont., June 4.—A dastardly attempt was made to-night to wreck the regular G.T.R. express train due here at 9.30 p.m., which was heavily loaded with passengers for Clinton and Goderich. The scene of this inhuman attempt was two miles east of Clinton on the Buffalo and Lake Huron branch of the G.T.R. There is at the spot a bridge known as the second bridge, which spans the Bayfield River, and fully 30 feet above it, and this is the same bridge where loss of life was providentially averted a few years ago, caused by sinkage of the bridge during the time of a flood. The place is a very lonely one, no houses or help being within half a mile, and is approached by descending a heavy grade. Providentially for all, Mr. T. Palterman, who was walking from Seaforth to his home in Clinton, had chosen the track rather than the muddy roads and was thus able to avert the accident. When approaching the bridge he heard sounds of falling stones and the removal of timbers, which aroused his suspicion. When stooping down he perceived to his horror that obstructions were being placed on the bridge, and knowing that the express would soon be rushing down upon it, he rushed to the top of the grade, shouting with all his force, and waving his lantern frantically to and fro succeeded in attracting the attention of Engineer Green on the now approaching train. The engineer brought his train to a standstill. Conductor Ansebrooke, after hearing Palterman's amazing statements, gave orders to proceed carefully, and found when nearing the bridge that powerful obstructions had been placed on and near it.

On examination it was found that heavy beams about 12 feet long had been carefully wedged uprightly between the sleepers of the bridge, which were supported by huge stones, any of which would have been the immediate destruction of the train. At intervals of a few yards were similar obstructions, which showed the perpetrators were fully bent on carrying out their devilish plans. The obstructions being removed the train hastened to Clinton station, where the affrighted passengers were safely landed, feeling thankful that their lives had been spared through the action of Palterman. The event has caused considerable excitement and intense indignation has been expressed on all sides. The perpetrators have not yet been arrested.

An Anti-Home Rule Amendment.

OTTAWA, June 5.—The Anti-Home Rulers will introduce an amendment to Mr. Devlin's Irish Home Rule resolution. Their amendment will declare that the question is not one of Canadian concern and express regret that the Canadian Parliament previously passed a resolution on this subject.

Chit-Chat of the Capital.

OTTAWA, Ont., June 5.—The Cabinet Council had its usual Saturday meeting yesterday, at which it is understood only routine business was transacted.

No information for publication has been received from Hon. Mackenzie Bowell and Hon. Mr. Foster since their departure for Washington, although they are understood to have been in telegraphic communication with the Premier since their arrival in Washington.

About 15 members of the Parliamentary press, some of whom were accompanied by their wives, accepted the invitation of the Canada Atlantic Railway Company to take part in the first Saturday excursion to Montreal, running the rapids from Cotean landing, and returning by train. The trip was a most enjoyable one, and the gallery boys feel that they can tackle Mr. Devlin's Home Rule resolution to-morrow and Mr. McCarthy's amendment on the Redistribution Bill on Tuesday with renewed vigor after the replenishment of ozone received from the noble St. Lawrence. Mr. J. E. Walsh, assistant general passenger agent of the company, accompanied the excursion, and was unremitting in his attention to the excursionists. It is probable that the company will shortly start a Sunday service between Ottawa and Montreal, running one train a day each way, so that Saturday excursionists may spend the night in Montreal and come up Sunday afternoon.

The annual rifle match between the Senate and House of Commons will take place at the Rideau range on Tuesday. The Senate team will be: Hon. Mr. Boulton captain, and Hon. Messrs. McKay, Bolduc, Poirier, Power and Reid; the Commons team will be picked from the