The Colonist.

FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1895,

THE BRITISH BLECTIONS.

It is evident that the victory of the Conservatives in Great Britain will be more can do very little towards retrieving their Zealand journal says: losses. The total number of members is 670, so that the number of elections still to be held and declared was then 227. The total result will therefore this morning be pretty well known. The Liberals have lost in all the Three Kingdoms, but their exact loss in each is not at the time we write known. Ireland sends 103 members to Parliament, Scotland 72. and Wales 30. The Liberals expected to get majorities in each of these divisions, bus appearances indicate that they will be disappointed as to Scotland and perhaps Wales. Ireland is divided, but giving the Liberals both the Parnellites and the anti-Parnellites their Irish majority will, in all gust the English constituencies and to do their cause in Great Britain all the harm they possibly could, when they elected the prisoner Daly to a seat in Parliament. It is difficult to estimate how many votes they lost in Great Britain by this suicidal proceeding. The loss outright, and by the diminished majorities of the members of their party who were Liberal party. When men of their standing and ability are beaten in constituencies considered sure by their own party, it will have Liberals a long time to recover from the blow they have just received, and the Unionists, if they are wise and keep together, may make sure of a long lease of power.

A TIMELY UTTERANCE.

The following article from the Montreal Herald is so judicious, so reasonable and in every way well-suited to meet the difficulties of the political situation that we could not resist the temptation to produce it ertire. It is headed The Late Unpleasantness

The withdrawal by Sir Adolphe Caron and the Hon. Mr. Ouimet of their resignations terminates a crisis that was less dangerous to the Conservative party than to the well-being of the country. The worst misfortune that could happen to Canada would be for its political divisions to be drawn apon sectarian lines. Had the French Minsters persisted in retiring the result would have been to precipitate a general election, with the school question for the main issue, It is difficult to see in what way a revolt of the French Conservatives could promote the interests of the Roman Catholic minority in Manitoba; it is not difficult to see that by wrecking the Government on this issue the spirit of conciliation and concession which now prevails among the vast majority of Protestant Conservatives might have been weakened or destroyed. A question involving respect for the rights of a religious minority and respect for the antonomy of a province, two principles now brought into real or apparent conflict, cannot be too delicately handled. Such a problem is not to be solved by flouts and gibes and sneers," nor even by the clamours of noisy extremists. It is eminently desirable that Federal interference in provincial affairs should only be adopted as a last resort. A conference, mot a correspondence, between the Dominion and Manitoba Governments ought to render Federal interference unmecessary. The Manitoba Government is aware of the fact that the power to enforce the spirit of the Privy Council's judgment rests at Ottawa and that it is intended to exercise that power. Under such circumstances the Provincial Government would maintain its own dignity and consult the interests of its electorate by meeting the Otta-wa Government in a spirit of friendly, mutual concession. The Dominion Govern ment has manifested such a spirit even at scheme: the cost of jeopardizing its own existence. For many reasons it is preferable that the Manitoba Legislature, rather than Parliament, should deal with this question. A remedial law enacted at Ottawa, with more or less haste, would become part of the constitution and no matter what its imperfections would be almost impossible of amendment. Be it good or bad, it would most assuredly have to run the gauntlet of the courts for many years, and during all that time would keep alive passions and prejudices that had better be allowed to die. The enforcement of a Federal law by Federal machinery, and the imposition and collection of a separate school tax by Federal officers are all evils that in the interests of

A POLITICAL SEER.

According to the hopes and aspirations of According to the hopes and aspirations of by the Army from England, hundreds of many loyal British subjects the New Zealander of the remote future will have some in Scandinavia and all over the world who thing more pleasant and more important to thing more pleasant and more important to the Army, and who do not require financial assistance, would flook to Canada to live, work, die, and be buried in a colony which what was the capital of the greatest Empire | was being operated by their brethren of the that the world ever saw. He will, as a part of the Empire, take his place in the legislative hall of a magnificent palace, and there, with hundreds of other representative of the Empire, take his place in the legislative hall of a magnificent palace, and there, with hundreds of other representative of the development and there, with hundreds of other representatives of the inhabitants of other seco our Northwest.' I daresay; a very lauda- lished, and it is bound to grow. Celd tions of the Federated British Empire, aid

and interest as well as by distance, will be closely united and a nation will be formed which for extent and strength and all the

"The population of Australasia or of Ireland or of Scotland, not to mention Wales, and on the possible supposition that Home Rule similar to that enjoyed in the of the colonial groups in even a more con-spicuous position, and as, whether we are in Australia or South Africa, Canada or New probability, be less than it was. It would the time in residence by some thousand leagues of water from the shores of the Zealand, we are merely Britons parted for British Islands, our interest in the common Tipperary or Argyle."

Is this a mere idle dream impossible of realization, or is it the forecast of a sagacious closest union has disappeared.

GENERAL BOOTH'S COLONY.

and a reasonable certainty of the new Part to remain on it? Will not a considerable niggardly. liament being less favorable to reme-

let us say, wished to emigrate to Canada and live on our reserve, we should at once send him to one of our home colonies, where he would be taught to work on a farm and to make himself acquainted with everything which he ought to know. He would be un-

It is believed in this country that it is pretty hard even for the Salvation Army to drive the old Adam out of a man or a woman in whom he has exhibited himself unpleasantly, and consequently there are many in it who are friendly to the Salvation Army and wish well to its schemes who would rather that General Booth would plant his colony in some other country than theirs. and in some other neighborhood than the one in which they have settled. This is the explanation the Canadian Gazette (London) makes of General Booth's colonization

The plan which the Army authorities have submitted to the Dominion Governhave submitted to the Dominion Coveries and mining operations is cheering.

It shows that a lively interest has been He fled from Trinidad early in 1893. Newever be devoted to any uses other than those specified in the agreement which the Government might see fit to make. We do not quite know where such a tract of Govern-ment land is to be found under the system of alternate Government and railway or company sections adopted on the prairie. They also ask for a bonus of so much s head on suitable immigrants, a loan being made to the Army to be repaid by the numofficers are all evils that in the interests of the whole people of Manitoba ought, if possible, to be avoided.

A POLITICAL SEER.

In the Army would put \$125,000 a year for several years after. Says

"Commandant":
"Not only would immigrants be sent out minerals. have been brought under the influence of £300 in their pockets to come and settle in ble wish, but I tell you, you are not going to storage is a valuable adjunct to other indus-

A USEFUL REPORT.

elements of national greatness will surpass British Columbia Board of Trade is compre- and information is given with respect to the any Empire or Kingdom or Republic that hensive and well written. It shows clearly Government surveys of lands hitherto unex. The Government Have Acted in an complete than the most sanguine members the world has ever seen. The Federation of that the interest of the Board in the proof the party anticipated. At the close of the Empire does not seem at all difficult to grees of the Province has been active, and to education, colonization and immigration. the polls on Thursday 443 elections had the Auckland Herald. He cannot see why that its inquiries have been well directed. Appended to the Report is a very interestbeen declared, and of these the Unionists Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South It has kept the track of the development of wen 305, giving the Government a majority Africa and the other colonies and dependentered every one of the resources of British Columef 167. It is not expected that this dispro- cies of Great Britain cannot be represented bia, and has marked the progress of all its shows how colonists can be settled on the portion between the parties will be kept up, in a Parliament of the Empire which will industries. The Report shows that the Government lands of the Province. It will but it is absolutely certain that the Liberals | hold its sessions in Westminster. The New | Board of Trade has been of the greatest use | be seen from what the Minister says that can see that if its energies continue to be settlers and every facility possible extended Canada at present equals or exceeds that of vigorously exerted and intelligently directed to them, but they are not to be coddled. the Board can be made still more useful in ad. The appendix to the Report contains devancing its interests and stimulating its pro-Dominion and the colonies were given for the conduct of local affairs to England, to Wales as is the value to the whole community of the conduct of local affairs to England, to Wales as is the value to the whole community of the conduct of local affairs to England, to Wales as is seriously advocated now, the representation labors of a body of intelligent, energetic ment at which the Province has arrived will of the several groups of dependencies be- men deeply interested in the welfare of the find valuable. yond the seas in an Imperial Parliament at Province who keep a watchful eye on the Westminster would not take an insignificant advancement of its material interests, and presentatives of the several sections of United Kingdom. Ten or fifteen or renty years would place the representation to stimulate progress and to the several would place the representation to stimulate progress and to the several sections of the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement, to stimulate progress and to the several sections of improvement in the several sections of the several sections representatives of the several sections of are ready on all proper occasions to mark twenty years would place the representation direct attention to supineness and want of toba school question. The matter has no Catholic. I am sorry that I am an unwornot be afraid to go on any platform in the

very best and most desirable settlers. If a resources are to be properly developed and disputants that perhaps all the right on them until everything in the shape of if trade is to flourish within its bounds, railways must be constructed in all parts of it.

The Board of Trade evidently sees this, for The Board of Trade evidently sees this, for it gives an account of the roads lately comleving spectator hints that a compromise leving spectator hints that a compromise before the country before the co which he ought to know. He would be under the supervision of experienced agriculturists, and would be compelled to pass an examination before being allowed to go over the seas.

Proced and of these which are projected. In encouraging railroad construction within is likely to be an angry one. Neither party is likely to be an angry one. Neither party is likely to be an angry one. Would it not be wise in such a case, if it is possible, to the Government of this Dominion that it the Government of this Dominion that it should in justice be as generous in giving aid to railways in this Province as it has been to those of Eastern Canada, the Board time to cool off? The excitement will be to comply with his views in the council of Trade will be conferring a great benefit on the whole of its inhabitants. Here likely both parties will be able to approach will ever be able to bring this on or not. I again it would not be good policy merely to the subject with clearer heads and better say that that document which was read by hint their wishes. British Columbia is a tempers. This, it seems to us, is the comlarge contributor to the revenue of the Do-minion, and it is nothing but fair that it sheuld be at least as well treated in this sheuld be at least as well treated in this respect as the most invored province in the able to a fair and reasonable settlement. Dominion.

As might be expected, a considerable part of the Report is devoted to the consideration of the mining interests of the Province. The account it gives of mining dis- dad, has been arrested in Brooklyn upon resources and that there are good grounds for that interest. Uncertainty as to the mineral wealth of British Columbia has disappeared. It is now known to be rich, not only in the precious metals, but in mineral products of almost all kinds. The extent of its mineral wealth is not wet known but in mitted him. Newsan's alleged embezzleappeared. It is now known to be rich, not

vince, not only in the salmon fishery and that he had enough, of New York and reseal hunting industry—miscalled a fishery -which are well established, but in the deep sea fishery, which is only beginaing to be developed. In this fishery we Salvation Army. Does the government of Canada want men? Here then is a grand deep sea fishery, has already been estabtions of the Federated British Empire, aid get many of them. When a man has a comfortable home in England and has spent his life in scraping together £200 or £250, he is New Zealander of the Nineteenth long going to leave everything and come out long the strategy is a valuable adjunct to other industries besides that of fishing, and it is one of the gigns of the progress of the Province that long the provin

Century is right, the Empire of Great Brit-ain is still in its infancy. Before very long its parts, which are separated by sentiment in the Board of Trade's report, and its prospects hopefully alluded to. The advancement which the manufactures The Sixteenth Annual Report of the of the country have made, is pointed out to the Province, and the reflecting reader all reasonable encouragement is given to the tailed information respecting the Province

TAKE TIME.

interest in the general welfare.

In the report before us the Board of Trade directs attention to the improvements made—chiefly by private enterprise and energy

The province of the content of the simplest and pleasantest way possible, a way, too, and pleasantest way possible way at the outer wharf, to the progress made that every man, woman and child likes and sinuate that I am infringing upon the cause welfare of the Empire should be equally worthy of consideration as if we were domiciled in Yorkshire or Carnarvon, in the Government that the light at the entrance of Baynes Sound is not satisfactory, and pions of the minority, however widely they that other aids to navigation are still under may differ on other subjects, agree on this. lay of five months is an unreasonable reddees not think it improbable that his col the consideration of the Government. We Let each party have their own way, and all the purpose of giving time to make than submit to remedial legislation, and if man who has taken a correct view of the fear that the reminder is too mild and indidifficulties disappear. There will, in fact, an effort to settle a great question, they did submit, he questioned very much Liberals had hoped that London would have done better for them than it did in 1892, but it has not. The truth is that the Liberals were discredited in the whole of England.

The truth is that the Liberals which has not according to the discretization of things which has not according to the discretization of things which has not according to the discretization of the proposed improvements that the safety of navigation and the condition of things which that the safety of navigation and the condition of the way.

That the definition of the time? We feel very much inclined to believe that our New Zealand contemporary is a clever and a courageous by this time that if the proposed improvements that the proposed improvements that the safety of navigation and the condition of things which that the safety of navigation and the condition of the way.

That tendencies of the time? We feel very much inclined to believe that our New Zealand contemporary is a clever and a courageous by this time that if the proposed improvements that the proposed improvements of the that the safety of navigation and the condition of things which that the safety of navigation and the condition of the way.

That the definition of departmental on dispute to settle. There is one and only one obstacle to this mode of putting this inclined to believe that our New Zealand only one obstacle to this mode of putting this inclined to believe that our New Zealand only one obstacle to this mode of putting this inclined to believe that our New Zealand only one obstacle to this mode of putting this inclined to a vexed question, a question that only one obstacle to this mode of putting this inclined to a vexed question, a vexed question, that is no long to the province of th venience of trade require are not promptly party is obstrusive and persistent and he my share of the blame. I am identified on the Crown, his place would be filled; and being impossible. Modern inventions have being impossible. Modern inventions have made the Government should be reminded will have his say. This is too bad, but in this occasion with the government. I have if more step out there are men at the helm already brought countries so close together of its slackness and its neglect in the plainthat mere distance is not an obstacle that mere distance is not an obstacle of the property of the standard on the head. It has been courage and the most foreible terms. When a titch extra property were broaded on the head. returned. The defeat of Sir Vernon Harceurt and Mr. John Morley must be a sore

that mere distance is not an obstacle
to union. And who knows what
body of influential and earnest men who
to fits slackness and its neglect in the plainthee days it cannot be nelped. In old times
that mere distance is not an obstacle
to union. And who knows what
body of influential and earnest men who
the other party "was knocked on the head
or silenced by some means not less effectual.

The defeat of Sir Vernon Harto union. And who knows what
body of influential and earnest men who
to fill up every place thus made vacant.

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to fill up every place thus made vacant.

The defeat of Sir Vernon Harto union. And who knows what
body of influential and earnest men who blow and a great discouragement to the liberal new will be the discoveries and inventions of the future. Time being made the mode of settling disputes is now benefit of the Dominion at large. I believe He had confidence in the good intention of of the future. Time being made the measure of distance, New Zealand is not so far

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sure of distance, New Zeal sure of distance, New Zealand is not so far for what in justice it ought to have, it is not fashion. "The other party" used somethat time brought many things to an amicafrom London to-day as Halifax or New good for them to mince matters and to ask times to be bullied and abused and persecuble settlement, and that it was true and to be acknowledged that the cause of York was in the days of our grandfathers. good for them to mince matters and to ask times to be builted and abused and persecutive be acknowledged that the cause of York was in the days of our grandfathers. for what they have a right to with bated to in the hope that he would be frightened in the hope that he was a work when he was a work where he was a work when he was a work when he was a work where when he was a work when he was a work when h which they are the champions is, for a time with Montreal or land or to communicate with Montreal or land or to communicate with Montreal or land or l London to communicate with Montreal or should speak out boldly and leave the Gov- ing "the other party" has not yet been am not going to say whether I did so or not. even Victoria, B.C., than it was in the ernment no excuse for continued neglect. | quite abandoned. It is resorted to now and | If anyone says so he could only have learned | the transfer of the council board, and he was not at In this matter of aids to navigation this then, but with little effect. Hard words it from the council board, and he was not at liberty to speak, who voted first on a quesof Scotland. This fact alone lessens the Province has been neglected. Its coast break no bones, and "the other party," liberty to speak, who voted first on a question difficulties that lie in the way of the federa-should be better lighted than it is, and its after being denounced and abused and scoid-that came before that council. I say that tion of the British Empire immeasurably, harbors and channels should be better suped, comes up again, perhaps denouncing and those things are unfair to those people who and people living in all parts of it are beginplied with those safeguards of navigation abusing and scolding back, but sometimes belong to the cabinet, and unbecoming to that are considered on the Eastern calmand smiling. He is not to be talked oath and declaration going in side of the Dominion indispensable. When the Board of Trade in all that pertains to the safe navigation of the coast, and the safe navigation of the coast, and the safe navigation of the barbon of the Board of the There are many Canadians who look upon security of the harbors of the Province, acts not see the force of the arguments of the but that every man when he walks out of the Cabinet shall take the responsibility of General Booth's colonization scheme with as the mouthpiece of the community, and other side, and so obstinate that he will not the decision of the Cabinet as a body, let it distrust. They fear that the colonists, no makes its wants known in no faltering tone, give in. He is so provoking as to insist on be right or wrong. When they are not

COST OF A SPREE.

New York, July 17.—Arthur Newsan, late a magistrate over the island of Trinisan was arraigned before Commiss Shields and said that he would strenuously resist extradition. Charles Fox, counse or the British consul, upon whose athdavit Newsan was arrested, asked that he

A Humerous Fact A Rumerous Fact
About Hood's Sarsaparilla—it expels bad
humor and creates good humor. A battle for
blood is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously
fights, and it is always victorious in expelling
foul taints and giving the vital fluid the
quality and quantity of perfect health. It
cures scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other
blood diseases.

Heed's Fills act easily, yet promptly and files my an the bowels and liver, 26c.

SIR FRANK SMITH.

His Explanations in the Senate on the Position He Occupies.

Equitable and Proper Manner.

In the Senate on the 11th instant, after the Premier had made his statement regarding the political situation, Sir Frank Smith said : On this occasion I

matter how carefully they may be chosen, it performs one of its most important functions will not be a valuable acquisition to the population of the country. It is understood, Province of the Pacific Coast. Its important functions and regulations of society are such that he is allowed hearing.

give in. He is so proveking as to insist on being heard, and the rules and regulations of society are such that he is allowed a hearing. of course, that they will be put upon the ance as such is already considerable, as the What is to be done under such circum. ment has been given for the benefit of the of course, that they will be put upon the land, but it is natural, and pertinent as well, because the already considerable, as stances? Those who have decided the dispute among themselves in one way are sure and best of my ability to remain in the Cabinet free country, and if Mr. Booth's colonists Fisheries should therefore give it all the atcertain they are right, and those who have and help us who were working in the cause get weary of life on the farm, as many of tention it requires, and in supplying its taken sweet counsel together and decided it that he has at heart, but we could not agree get weary of life on the farm, as many of them no doubt will, who is to compel them wants it should be neither dilatory nor in the other and opposite way are equally fore Parliament. There are seven provinces we are pleased to see that the Board of party is not disposed to make allowances for affected in any shape or form in the matter. the towns and form a most undesirable addition to their populations? Commandant Booth is represented as saying:

We are pleased to see that the Board of party is not disposed to make showances for the other or indeed to hear what the other and the other or indeed to hear what indeed to hear what indeed to hear what indeed to hea We do not intend to send anyone but the British Columbia. If it is to advance, if its bystander hints to one of the heated provinces in a false position and force a bill

> and the government are honest in their intentions. When that day comes, and I see any failure to do what is right and proper, I shall be the first man to declare war on th government, and say "You are unworthy of being representatives of the country." Then I would vote against them on that occasion, and perhaps do as the hon gentle-man has done to-day, but I do not want to be one of these who will put the pistol to man's breast and say that " You must stand and deliver now, there is no time given. You must bring it before this present session, or if you do not we will leave the cabinet and upset the government and let you go to Jericho."

Mr. Angers—That was not said.
Sir Frank Smith—There is something at
the bottom of this. Those gentlemen think its mineral wealth is not yet known, but there are indications which lead to the belief that it is literally "unbounded." The located in New York, the chief of the located in New York, the located in New York, the located lief that it is literally "unbounded." The Board of Trade does well when it does what it can to disseminate reliable information relative to British Columbia's mines and minerals.

We are pleased to see that the Board of Trade has faith in the fisheries of the Produce and produce a I am bound to stand by the minority of Manitoba, and I ask for what is reasonable, but nothing more. I am bound to do what I think is for the benefit of the Dominion at I think is for the benefit of the Dominion at large, and nothing else. I am bound to wait the time, and not put other men, our collegues, in a false position. Our friends in the other house and the country should not be driven into a false position. Let time and truth and good feeling be tried by all and a not the extreme war on all sides must and truth and good feeling be tried by all of us, and the extreme men on all sides must give way. You will find the Protestant majority of this country will support the government, and return them here, because they did not flinch from doing their duty. I say you will see our government come back with a sweeping majority here, and the times of the extremists on both sides will be set aside. Parliament will go on, and the

ority, no matter what their race or creed may be. I would not have said so much on this occasion if it had not been stated outside that I had deserted the French Canadians There is no such thing. There ought to be no Quebec or Ontaric; there aught to be a Dominion, and that is all, and that Dominion we ought all to be proud of. I am sorry that my hon, friend has deserted the government, but cannot support him simply because he is a Frenchanadian. I would not support an Irish Catholic because of his creed and origin. There ought to be an end of 'hose differences in the Senate, which is called house. There should be no such thing as a stand in a very peculiar position, for the reason that it has been insinuated outside of Irish origin. I would not have said so much this House within the last few days that the if it had not been asserted outside that I am Irish Catholics were untrue to their princi- untrue to the minority of Manitoba, and unples, and untrue to the minerity of this true to the French Canadians of the councountry, and untrue to the enactment of the remedial legislation for the benefit of the party, and I believe that the majority of the minority in Manitoba. I think I shall be people of Canada have faith in them. If they have not, they will send us home, and one am neither untrue to the minority in house and we will take the other, but that other gentlemen can take this side of the Manitoba nor to the Dominion at large. I time has not come. In conclusion, let me

Conservative party will tell this country that they are going to do justice to the min

Mr. O'Donohoe—I would like to ask the

their promise.

SHE HAS BACKACHE Feels sore aches with muscular Pains, and has just put on that Banisher of Backaches
The DEL MENTHOL PLASTER

J. McLachlan, Point au Chene, writes: Nothing better for Lame Back and Lumbage than the D. & L. Menthol Plaster.

A. E. Menthol Plaster from Windsor: "The D. & L. Menthol Plaster is curing Sore Backs and Rheumatism at a great rate in this vicinity.

25c. each in air-tight tin box.

\$100 REWARD

Will be given to anyone who will give such information as will lead to the con-viction of any person or persons imitat-ing our trade mark by stamping plugs of Tobacco with bronge in such a manne

MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO

Each plug of which is Stamped with

& B in Bronze.

Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with

The George E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

I N answer to many inquiries by post (in B, of Walthan, Elgin, Dueber, Columbus, Rockford and other brands of celebrated.

the following schedule will show that the prices of our firm are Rock Bottom Prices: MOVEMENTS.

Ditto, 15 jewels, P. S. Bartlett Ditto, ditto, 15 jewels, fine Damas-keened nickel movement...... Ditto. Appleton. Tracy & Co. 15 ruby jewels in gold settings in egnet hair spring, gold serve, compensation balance adjusted to heat and cold and position.

Ditto, non-magnetic SILVER CASES.

Plain.....\$ 4 00 Engraved..... Ditto, gold inlaid with subjects, Wood Chopper, Locomotive, Stag, etc.

GOLD FILLED CASES. Ditto, hunters 6.50 to 15

Ten to twenty-one years warrants to wear equal to gold. Fourteen karat Solid Gold Cases, 90 cents iwb. A 50-dwt. Case is strong enough to last a century.

Prices of other movements to follow.
Goods sent C.O.D., with permission to inspect on paying express carringe
WATCH JOBBING, no matter how difficult, can be done at our establishment at most reasonable rates. We can refer you to customers all over British Columbia.

S. A. STODDART,

68 Yates Street, - Victoria, B.O.

WANTED

YOUNG WOMEN AND MEN or older ones if still young in spirit, of undoubted character, good talkers, ambitious and industrious, can find employment in a good cause, with \$60 per month and upwards, according to ability.

REV. T. S. LINSCOTT.

Breatford, Can.

Presen

LOND

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Total Gove The ne H. Ride standing East No a four-he treated,

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