

Weather Forecast:
Fair and Milder

The London Advertiser

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TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 3, 1914.

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HOME
EDITION

British Prepared To Repel Invasion of Egypt

British Commence War on Turkey By Capture of Town

KAISER MUST BACK UP NOW TO THE RHINE

Military Experts Agreed Germans Will Be Pushed From Belgium.

MAY TAKE TILL FEBRUARY

Some Statesmen Believe War Will Be Ended in Six Months' Time.

"CHESTER" IS OPTIMISTIC

Conveys Feeling of Old Land That First Sea Lord Fisher Will Take Action.

BY "CHESTER."
(Special Cable to The Advertiser Copyright.)

London, Nov. 3.—The outcome of the continental campaign is regarded here in authoritative circles with a feeling of rapidly-growing confidence and satisfaction. Our leading soldiers now assert that the worst is passed, the great weight of the German onrush being successfully met. Every day from now adds to our strength and the Germans' weakness.

Continental commanders of the allies say that, barring accidents, we should succeed in recouping the whole of Belgium by the end of February. They do not believe assertions that the Germans will rapidly retreat behind the Rhine after the failure of the present effort, and are prepared for stubborn, sustained resistance.

Exhaustion is Evident.
"We have them where we want them," sums up the British military view. The German army is beginning to give evidence of exhaustion in some portions of the first line of troops, and from the present position, the French army is not far off from being able to support them in the first line of troops at the main fighting points. Germany, with her lengthened line, can no longer do this.

Reports are arriving here from Holland and from independent American observers in Belgium, showing growing confidence and confidence in the German ranks. There is no tendency here to over-estimate these factors, but they cannot be ignored.

In Germany by March.
According to present prospects the Germans should, by March, be fighting on their own soil, where their defensive fortifications are amazingly complete. These lines, which are sometimes unknown to the world at large, contain vast fields of hidden traps and concealed redoubts with heavy armaments. The allies know the task before them.

Many politicians and economists are confident the war will be over within six months. The calculation upon the collapse of German resistance. Military circles do not share this view, holding that with the best of fortune we must be prepared to fight for a long time. The German army, with a minimum of eight hundred thousand men, and conduct an aggressive war throughout the summer, forcing the Germans to make peace at the approach of next winter.

Fisher for Action.
The activity in declaring a blockade of the North Sea is regarded here as the first step in Lord Fisher's policy, and gives the greatest confidence that the comprehensive offensive naval tactics since the outbreak of the war have now definitely ceased.

HAVE DISCOVERED GANGRENE GERMS

American Doctors Succeed in Isolating Them and Prepare Serum For Use of Wounded.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, Nov. 3.—A microbe causing gangrene has been discovered and named by Dr. J. J. Metchnikoff and Dr. G. Desjardins, of the American Ambulance Service.

Previously introduced cultures all were impure, leading to the belief that the disease was caused not by a single germ but by a combination of germs. After much research and experiments on horses and guinea pigs, a single bacillus has been discovered and isolated and the serum is now being prepared by Dr. Henri Weiberg, of the Pasteur Institute.

The discovery is expected in medical circles to have world-wide importance. The serum is being injected into patients on the battlefield in the early stages of infection, obviating amputations and preventing a great loss of life.

GERMANS ABANDON LEFT BANK OF YSER

Allies Succeed in Reoccupying Vantage Points Without Difficulty—Advance Considerably at Many Points. Falling Back East of Valley.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, Nov. 3.—2:47 p.m.—The French official announcement, given out this afternoon, says: "On our left wing the enemy seems to have completely abandoned the left bank of the Yser down stream from Dixmude, and reconnaissance by troops of the allied undertake on the highways in the inundated regions were successful in reoccupying points of passage across the river without great difficulty."
"To the south of Dixmude and in the direction of Gheluvliet our advance was particularly perceptible."
"On the centre in the region of the Aisne, to the east of the forest of Aigue, we have made some progress."
"To the east of Valley, according to

the latest news, those of our troops who held the positions on the slopes of the plateau to the north of the villages of Chavonne and Souper, had been compelled to draw back into the valley to the east of this location. We have maintained our positions at Amont, on the right bank of the river."
"There was violent cannonading during the day between Rheims and the Meuse, as well as on the heights of the Meuse."
"Further efforts on the part of the Germans in the forest of Argonne have been checked."
"We have continued to make progress to the northwest of Pont-a-Mousson."
"On our right wing there have been some engagements favorable to our arms along the River Sella."

BRITISH CRUISER MINERVA CAPTURES ARABIAN TOWN

Shells and Occupies Akabah, Red Sea Fortified Port, Without Any Casualties—Defenders Lost Some Troops Before Giving Up.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Nov. 3.—12:53 p.m.—The fortified town of Akabah, in Arabia, on an arm of the Red Sea, has been shelled and occupied by the British cruiser Minerva. There was some loss to the troops holding the position, but no British casualties. Akabah is at the head of the Gulf of Akabah, 150 miles east of Suez.

The Minerva then shelled the port and the troops. The town was evacuated, and landing parties from the Minerva proceeded to destroy the forts, the barracks, the postoffice and the stores. "There was some loss to the enemy, but no British casualties."

CARRIES OUT TRADITIONS OF MILITARY FAMILY

Roy Gray, Whose Father and Grandfather Served Their Country, Enlists For Second Canadian Contingent.

The eldest son in the younger generation of a family which has produced a long line of soldiers, Roy Gray, son of James Gray, of Gray's, Limited, came to the conclusion yesterday that his duty in Europe offered an opportunity he could not afford to miss of carrying on the traditions of his forebears, and accordingly he volunteered for active service for the second Canadian contingent, and was accepted.

Last evening Roy walked into the store, and to his father, who was standing in the doorway, said: "Well, they have passed me."
"Who have passed you, for what?" asked Mr. Gray, senior, who was not aware of his son's intention to enlist. "For the second Canadian contingent," was the reply.

Brought Up Among Soldiers.
Mr. James Gray served a number of years with the Seventh Regiment, and was brought up amongst soldiers.

BRITISH TROOPS READY TO REPULSE TURKS IN EGYPT

General Public Unaware of Any Rupture—Czar Reported To Have Ordered Attack on Turks—The Indian Moslems Solid For Britain.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Nov. 3.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Cairo, Egypt, says: "The Turkish troops are reported near the border, which they have not crossed. The British are fully prepared to repulse an invasion, thanks to the measures taken by the Government."

"The public in Egypt are calm and not even aware of a Russo-Turkish rupture. A press censorship will be established tomorrow."

[Canadian Press.]

Cairo, via London, Nov. 3.—1:55 p.m.—All Egypt from today is placed under martial law. Major-General Sir John Grenfell Maxwell, commanding the forces in Egypt, has published a proclamation to the effect that the British Government has ordered him to take charge of the military control of Egypt and to insure protection.

TO ATTACK TURKS.
[Canadian Press.]
London, Nov. 3.—7 a.m.—A dispatch from Tiflis, capital of the Russian Government of the same name in Trans-Caucasia, to Reuters' Telegram Company, says: "It is announced that the Emperor has ordered the Caucasian army to cross the frontier and attack the Turks."

TOO LATE NOW.
[Canadian Press.]
London, Nov. 3.—4:23 a.m.—A Reuters dispatch from Petrograd says: "In reply to a telegram from the Turkish Grand Vizier, expressing regret at the rupture

BRITAIN AND TURKEY ARE NOW AT WAR

After Day's Uncertainty All Hopes of Peace Are Dispersed.

BARRACKS DESTROYED

Akakah Was Town Where the Turkish Patrols Were Reported Monday.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Nov. 3.—1:10 p.m.—Great Britain and Turkey are at war; Germany has recruited an ally in the East. After 24 hours of uncertainty, during which hope was expressed that the Porte might make amends for the incidents in the Black Sea, the British Admiralty announced shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon that a British warship had been shelled and had destroyed the Turkish barracks at Akabah, on the Turco-Egyptian frontier.

ANTICIPATE HEAVY VOTING IN U. S.

Fine Weather Favors Election Day, Bringing Out the Crowd.

PRESIDENT AT PRINCETON

Anxious To Vote For Representative Walsh in Hard Fight.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Nov. 3.—National and State issues conspired to bring the election of New York State to the polls today in numbers that promised a vote like that of a presidential year. Fair weather prevailed. The first opportunity to choose a United States senator by popular vote, and the congressional contests arouse a most intense interest in the struggle for the governorship.

Before the contingent of the war, and District Attorney Charles S. Whitman, the Republican nominee for governor, spoke at meetings that did not break up until well after midnight. Both expressed confidence in the outcome of the election. At Oyster Bay, Col. Roosevelt made the final appeal for the Progressive ticket, headed by Frederick M. Davenport.

No figures by the party leaders marked the close of the campaign.

Heavy Rush.
The early rush to the polls in Greater New York was almost without precedent, and from many sections of the State came reports that the voting there also was heavy. At five election districts in Harlem nearly half of the enrolled vote was in before 9 o'clock.

LITTLE INTEREST.

[Canadian Press.]
Boston, Mass., Nov. 3.—If a clear sky and moderate temperature were the only factors in bringing out the voters, the polls would be crowded in Massachusetts today. But popular interest has not appeared to be greatly

(Continued on Page Three.)

Farmer of German Sympathies Said To Have Bought Rifles

The story is in circulation that a farmer of German parentage, who resides in Middlesex, has not only been openly declaring in favor of the Kaiser's cause, but has been buying arms and ammunition.

The matter has been talked of on the London market and in other quarters, and it is said that several of the man's neighbors are prepared to give information to the authorities.

No definite statement could be secured by The Advertiser in regard to the matter.

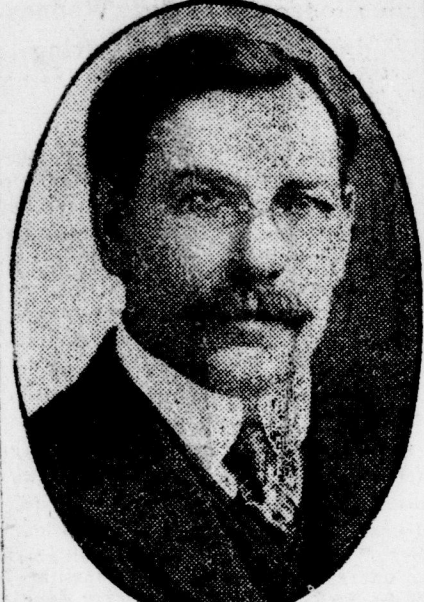
TRAVELLERS INSIST THAT
CROWN PRINCE IS WOUNDED

Say That He Is at Strassburg Palace, Under Specialists' Care.

[Canadian Press.]

Geneva, Switzerland, via Paris, Nov. 3.—For several days rumors have drifted into Basel that Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany has been wounded in the fighting in France. These reports could not be verified, but travellers who arrived here on Monday from Strassburg insist that they are

DEMANDS RESIGNATION OF GEN. MGR. GLAUBITZ



ALD. F. G. MITCHELL, who introduced motion asking German-born official's retirement.

DEFENDS MR. GLAUBITZ: ASKS COURT TO DECIDE



CHAIRMAN PHILIP POCKOCK, of the hydro-electric commission, who takes sides with manager.

HOME GUARD OF "U" STUDENTS

President Braithwaite Will Start Organization of Corps Today.

CAPT. MURPHY TO SPEAK
Will Address Meeting at Medical School To Help Project.

Western University students will be organized into a Home Guard Corps. With this object in view, President E. E. Braithwaite, Capt. T. J. Murphy, military instructor of the Seventh, and Dr. H. A. McCallum, dean of the medical department, will address a mass meeting of students in the medical school this afternoon.

To keep the request of the war office to have two Canadian army divisions established in Canada has started a search for equipment. Before the contingent of the war, there will be plenty of men, horses, wagons and uniforms. However, there will have to be some hustling done for food and laundry.

The fifteen thousand men required to turn the extra brigade now in England into an army division will be enlisted and sent, and in addition there will be thirty thousand men kept drilling in Canada to be used for filling vacancies in the two overseas divisions.

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ITALIAN PREMIER FORMING A POLICY

Salandra Consults Friends in Order to Solve Crisis Quickly.

[Canadian Press.]
Rome, Nov. 3.—Signor Salandra, the premier of the cabinet which has just resigned, is consulting his friends in order to solve the crisis in the shortest possible time, owing to the international complications.

According to the custom here, the official announcement of his having been entrusted with the formation of a cabinet, sent the whole of last evening in consultation with political friends, as he wishes to solve the crisis in the shortest possible time, owing to the international complications.

THE WEATHER
TOMORROW—FAIR AND MILD.

Forecast.

Today—Fresh south and southwest winds; showers.

GLAUBITZ DECLARES HE'S FOR GREAT BRITAIN; MITCHELL SAYS HE'S READY TO GO TO COURTS; POCKOCK SAYS HE WILL STAND BY MANAGER

NEW MINE POLICY A GREAT ADVANTAGE

[Canadian Press.]
London, Nov. 3.—The safe arrival of the White Star Line Olympic at Belfast has caused much relief here. The mysterious disappearance of this vessel at Lough Swilly, in the north of Ireland, gave rise to many rumors of disaster to the great liner, and her narrow escape from the mine field has brought home to the English imagination the great danger from this source. Today the British Admiralty is meeting with general approval. The new mine regulations virtually close the North Sea from the north, and navigation which normally follows the North Sea routes will be directed to the English Channel. This change in trade routes will save England much better control over neutral shipping, which otherwise would use the North Sea.

HUSTLING GUNS TO EQUIP THE CANUCK FORCE

Two Divisions in Canada Will Require Very Considerable Amount.

HEAVY GUNS ARE NEEDED

Enlistment of 35,000 Men a Year Required To Keep Up Strength.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Nov. 3.—The military authorities of Canada are now hustling guns, trucks, horses and all the rest of the equipment which an army corps requires in order to march, camp, eat and fight. The request of the war office to have two Canadian army divisions established in Canada has started a search for equipment.

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Public Utilities Official States He Left Germany To Escape Military Autocracy—Chairman Defends Manager and Challenges Alder Man To Go to Courts— Latter Accepts the Challenge.

"I am not surprised at the action of Ald. Mitchell. He has always been an opponent of hydro power. I have heard lots of talk, but I have yet to see the first formal charge in writing. Everyone who has made a complaint has had some motive back of it, and that motive has never been mere nationality."—CHAIRMAN PHILIP POCKOCK.

"My sympathies are against German militarism, and I left Germany 22 years ago for the very reason that Great Britain is now fighting her—because of the military autocracy."—MANAGER H. J. GLAUBITZ.

"Mr. Glaubitz told me that if the Germans ever invaded Canada they would find him fighting in the ranks of the Canadians against them."—COMMISSIONER WILLIAM WYATT.

"There are no hard feelings against Mr. Glaubitz, but there is suspicion enough surrounding him to warrant his removal. It is not a British subject, and that ought to be reason enough. It is true that he has his naturalization papers, but a German doesn't give a fig for a 'scrap of paper.'"—ALD. F. G. MITCHELL.

"To dismiss him without a definite cause would not be British fair-play. If anyone has a charge to bring, it should be investigated."—COMMISSIONER J. H. CHAPMAN.

"It is just a question of what the people want. If they don't want Mr. Glaubitz, he should not be retained."—COMMISSIONER H. A. STEVENSON.

General Manager H. J. Glaubitz, of the public utilities commission, and Chairman Philip Pocock, of the commission, are sitting tight in reference to the resolution introduced into the city council by Ald. F. G. Mitchell on Monday night, that the manager's resignation be asked for on the grounds of his German birth.

Manager Glaubitz declares that he will welcome the fullest investigation, but refuses to make a move until some formal charges are made. Chairman Pocock claims that it was an anti-hydro move on the part of Ald. Mitchell. He further declares that if Ald. Mitchell will prefer formal charges against Mr. Glaubitz he will have them investigated before the county judge.

Fate to Rest With Judge.
"If these charges are sustained then I will pay the costs," said Mr. Pocock. "If they are not, then Ald. Mitchell can pay the costs, and Mr. Glaubitz's fate will depend on the judge's report."

"I was not surprised at the action of Ald. Mitchell. He has always been an opponent of hydro power. I have heard lots of talk, but I have yet to see the first formal charge in writing. Everyone who has made a complaint has had some motive back of it, and that motive has never been mere nationality."

"Personally, I welcome this opportunity to have the question threshed out and have the air cleared of all the talk and rumor that has been going on the rounds."

Accepts Mr. Pocock's Challenge.
"Yes, I'm willing to go to the courts with the question," declared Ald. F. G. Mitchell, when informed by the Aldermen of Commissioner Pocock's challenge to have the case decided by the county judge.

The onus should be on him to produce his proofs why he should retain his position, and I am willing to consider the proposition. I had an idea that he would use that old story about my opposition to hydro power. There is absolutely nothing to it.

"There are no hard feelings toward Mr. Glaubitz, but there is suspicion enough surrounding him to warrant his removal. It is true that he has his naturalization papers, but a German doesn't give a fig for a 'scrap of paper.'"

"I believe that it is time to change, and that the time is right now. He is not a British subject, and that ought to be reason enough. It is true that he has his naturalization papers, but a German doesn't give a fig for a 'scrap of paper.'"

Asked what formal charges he would prefer in the hearing before the judge, Mr. Mitchell replied that it would be time enough to produce them when the case was called.

"I have them, and when the time comes I will produce them," he declared.

In an interview with The Advertiser today, Manager Glaubitz made an absolute denial of pro-German sentiment, and declared that he hoped Great Britain would be triumphant in its attempt to rid Europe of the German military spirit, and no corporate influence to interfere with your work.

"I have heard all kinds of tales about me since the war began, but I have only laughed at them. Now that this thing has come out, I am glad of it, for it will be an opportunity to put myself right with the people."

It has been said that I got a black eye for expressing German sentiments, that I was running a wireless station for the Germans when I was up north on my holidays, and that I went to New York to get information about Canada to the German officials there. This kind of talk doesn't hurt anyone, but I am glad that there now seems to be a chance to have it cleared up at once.

Will Do Nothing.
"Seven years ago, in view of the opening possibilities of this country, I came to Canada. I have always said that it is a freer country than the States. There is no caste here, as in the States and Germany, and no corporate influence to interfere with your work."

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