## 2 The Canada Farmer's Almanac.

EXPLANATION OF THE CALENDAR PAGES. -At the head of the respective paged for each month are given the ordinary tables of the changes and quadratures of the Moon. These tables, together with the first 3 vertical columns, it is presumed irguise no explanation. The 4th and fifth columns show the mean times of the rising and setting of the $\$ \mathrm{qu}$. The quantities are only sat down to the nearest minute, the uncertainty of the observed times of the rising or setting of heavealy bodies on land, caused by the varying amount of horizontal refraction and the general liability to the intervention of terrestrial objects in such observations, renders a closer approximation unnecessary for ordinary practical purposes. In the sixth column, marked a souttis," are given the times which should be shown by a well ragulated clock or watch when the Sun is on the meridian. The seventh column contains the mean times of the rising or setting of the Moon. The quautities are only set down to the nearest minute, for the reasons mentioned above in respeet to the Sun.

## SOLAR AND LUNAR ECLIPSES AND TRANSIT OF MERCURY.

In the year 1848 there will be 4 Eelipses of the Sun, 2 of the Moon, an̂d a Transit of Mercury. I.-A Partial Eelipse of the Sun, March 5th, visible at Montreal as follows :-

(Suration of visibility, 1 hour 21 minutes. Magnitude of the Eclipse (Son's dimeter on the southers limb.
11.-A Total Eclipse of the Moon, March 19th, invisible at Montreal.

Conjunction in Right Ascension. . . . ................................. 22 2 Msan time Moon rises at time of last centact with dark shadow......................., 12 Evening. Maguitude of the Eclipse (Mcon's diameter $=1$ ) 1.601 on the northern limb.
III.-A Partial Eclipse of the Sun, April 3d 10 visible at Montreal. The mean time of conjunetion in Right Ascension will be at 3 hours 15 minutes in the erening. This Elfipse will bo seen only from the Southern Ocean.
IV.-A Partial Eelypse of the Sun, August 28th, invisible at Montreal. 'Conjunction in Right Ascenston at 3 hours 14 minntes mean timein the evening. The visibility of this Eclipse will be confined to a small part of the Great Southern Oeean.
V - A Total Eelipse of the Moon, September 1zth and 13th, visible at Montreal as follows : First contact with the Dark Shadow... . . . . . . ..II 37,0 meas time in the evering of the 12 th. First total immersion in the $\mathbf{S h}$ hadow. ne in the
0
0 Middle of the Eclipse. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 124.7 Mean fime in the Last total immersion in the Shadow............................ 2141 morning of the 13th. Last contact with the Shadow . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ............. . 3 12.4)
Daration of visibility 3 hoars 35 minutes 24 geconds. Magnitade of the Eclipse (Moon's diameter $=1$ ) 4702 on the southern limb.
VI - A Partial Eclipse of the San, September 27ch, invisible at Montreal. Mean time of conjunction in Right Ascension, 3 hoans 38 minutes in the morning. This Eclipse will be chiefly visible from the northern parts of Europe and Asia.
VII - A Transit of Mercury, November 9th. The geocentric appearance of this Transit will
be as followss :
First contact of Limbs. . . . . . ................................ $67^{\text {H. }} 4$ ) Mean time
 Last contact of Limbs. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 11 32.0 at Montical. Augle from North Pole. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \{ $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Of first contact } 75^{\circ} \text { towards the West. } \\ \text { Or }\end{array}\right.$
The Ingress will be visible from the greater portion of Earope; and A sia, and the whole of Africa, and South America. The Egress from the western extremity of Europe, the greater part of Africa, and North America, and the whole of South America.

## EXPLANATION OF ASTRONOMICAL SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS.



