

## NEW SUSPECT IN ST. SULPICE MURDER CASE ARRESTED

The Arrest Followed a Statement Made by Patrick Delorme, Accused of Murdering the Farmer.

Montreal, June 12.—In connection with the St. Sulpice murder case in August, 1917, Henri Poirier was arrested today by Detective Thibault and Pigeon. Poirier, who was arrested by Patrick Delorme, alias May, to Judge Cusson yesterday. Delorme, who is accused of murdering Armand Poirier, the St. Sulpice farmer, denies the crime and implicates Poirier in his statement.

Chief of Detectives Lafage and two of his men went to St. Sulpice yesterday afternoon to make further inquiries into the case.

## ARABIAN MISSION

Marseilles, June 10. (French Wireless)—An Arabian mission to France headed by General Gouraud, said Pacha, arrived here today on board the French cruiser Jules Meyer. General Gouraud, formerly chief of staff to the French army, was the commander of the mission. He is accompanied by the French army, the commander of the mission. He is accompanied by the French army, the commander of the mission.

What the Bolsheviks Need: Vancouver Daily Province. All society and all governments ought to do what is possible to promote peace and establish justice in industrial relations. But such a task is hopeless if every misunderstanding or disagreement is to be complicated by the intervention of alien or other revolutionary embassies, who make it the occasion of a general class war, and the opportunity to promote national disaster. The workers are always the greatest sufferers in these attacks, but suffering workers are the material which the Bolsheviks need, and if he cannot find them he makes them.

## Cuticura SOAP

The pore-cleansing, purifying and sterilizing properties of this wonderful skin soap, using plenty of hot water and soap, best applied to the hands, will prove helpful to those who use it for the first time. Touch eruptions, roughness or irritation, if any, the Cuticura Ointment before bathing. Dry and dust lightly with Cuticura Talcum, a fascinating fragrance for powdering and perfume turning the skin. Nothing better than these ideal skin purifiers and their cost is but little.

## TELL THE WORLD THIS WOMAN SAYS

That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made Me a Well Woman.

Los Angeles, Cal.—"I suffered with female troubles for years, was sick most of the time, was not able to do my own housework, and I could not get help from doctors. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in the newspapers, and took six bottles, and am a well woman. You can use my name to sell the world the good your medicine has done me as I shall praise it always."—Mrs. A. L. Devine, 647 St. Paul Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.

Women who suffer from any form of weakness, as indicated by displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues," should do as Mrs. Devine did, and give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a thorough trial. For over forty years this famous remedy, which contains the curative, strengthening properties of good old fashioned roots and herbs, has been correcting just such ailments. If you have mysterious complications write for advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Rich Red Blood means health—means mental vigor and physical strength. What women in particular need to purify and enrich the blood, build up and invigorate the system, and clear the complexion—

Dr. Wilson's HERBINE BITTERS. It is a true blood purifier—a blood tonic—made from Nature's healing herbs—and has given new health and happiness to thousands of women during the 50 years and more it has been before the public.

The Grayley Drug Company, Limited. At most stores, 25c a bottle; Family size, five times as large, \$1.

## The Technical Education Matter

Generally Known Dominion Government Would Make Substantial Contribution to Cause — Foster Government Has Remained Idle, Missing Golden Opportunity.

"If the Times would turn its stage thunder upon the Foster government, it would at any rate demonstrate the sincerity of its efforts to arouse public interest in the question of the provision of facilities for technical education," remarked a citizen who has been an advocate of technical education for some years past.

The characteristic inability of the Foster government to make up its mind about anything the unreliability of its promises, and the general indifference of the government to the cause of technical education, and the general conditions on which its grants would be available have also been known; and if the Foster government had any foresight it would already have adopted legislation, making it possible to proceed with an adequate scheme of technical education without delay. It has been known that the general idea of the Dominion scheme should be used to provide buildings, and equipment, leaving it to the provinces and municipalities to provide for tuition and ordinary maintenance expenses. That being so, it would have been a simple matter for the Foster government to have arranged for the funding of the annual grant, which St. John might expect to get, and have proceeded with the construction of equipment of a building here which would be worthy of the commercial capital of the province. The province's government might, if it intends to make any contribution on its own account, have also funded that, and following the example of Nova Scotia, extended something in the nature of a technical college here, which could be made the centre of a system of technical education for the whole province.

Under the Nova Scotia scheme the city of Halifax is only called upon to spend about \$4,000 for tuition in the technical evening schools, and the city council of St. John has already signified its willingness to spend that much or more. Given a suitable plant, well equipped and provided by anticipating the Dominion and provincial grants that sum would provide instruction for seven or eight hundred students, which would be probably more than would attend until there is a more general recognition here of the advantages of technical education.

Westminster Gazette: General Sir Arthur Currie, lately in command of the Canadian troops in France, who was entertained by the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House yesterday paid an eloquent tribute to the gallantry of London troops and to the old-fashioned spirit of the Empire, which he wished to see united in a closer political system. In this connection there is a proposition which we are now laying down. The people of the Empire are quite willing, indeed are anxious, for some closer organization, and in recent times there has been no British Government which would have opposed any reasonable step in that direction. But it is impossible to close our eyes to the difficulties which face any concrete proposal. Are the Dominions prepared to surrender their present complete independence in exchange for closer organization?

"Was that young Brown I saw striking you for a loan? Why, I heard that only recently he fell into a fortune. That's so, but he fell into it so hard that he went right through it."

It is inevitable that the determined fight which is being made in the Senate to defeat the proposed covenant for a League of Nations will lead to a frank and intimate discussion of the relations between the United States and the British Empire.

This is a fact that has already become apparent, and in order that there may be disturbance of the pleasant relations and kindly feeling between the two countries that have been strengthened by the war, both sides should be prepared to keep their heads," as one Senator recently expressed it.

I know that many Senators fear the debate will lead to the "appearance" that a large percentage, perhaps a majority, of the Senate is "anti-British." This is realized especially by the leaders of the opposition to the league and they deeply regret it.

They place the blame upon President Wilson for attempting to mix up purely American affairs with the affairs of European countries through the instrumentality of a league in which the British Empire will have six votes against one vote by the United States.

These senators, although they are not yet ready to give public expression to their views on this question, hope that the more thoughtful statement of the Great Britain and her colonies will understand the matter in the proper light—that they will realize that the Republican and some Democratic Senators, who are bringing forward every legitimate argument they can find to defeat the League covenant, have no idea of trying to stir up anti-British feeling in this country. Quite the contrary is true.

Put Blame on Wilson.

But when President Wilson, in an attempt to gain support among certain elements in this country, accepts an article in the proposed covenant defining the Monroe Doctrine as a "regional understanding" and makes it incumbent upon the supporters of Lloyd

## AMERICA TAKES SECOND PLACE IN SHIPPING WORLD

Adds 3,400,000 Tons to Her Holdings During the War Despite Enormous Losses.

The United States has jumped from sixth to second place in the list of nations as a shipping power. This remarkable gain has been made in the last five years of war and in the face of great losses of tonnage by submarines and mines.

The war's effect on shipping has been remarkable and twenty-four of the twenty-eight leading nations have changed their positions. Henry C. Willbank has compiled figures from governmental sources showing just what has happened and he sets forth his conclusions in an article appearing in the current issue of The Rodder.

Most amazing was America's great stride forward in the world's maritime lineup. At the outset of the war the country had only 1,076,000 gross in the tonnage of steam ocean going shipping. Nearly two-thirds of that total was lost, yet the United States now possesses 4,476,000 tons. To gain second position this country had to pass Italy, Holland, the British Colonies, Japan, France, Norway and Germany.

Chile and Portugal each advanced four positions in the list of nations. Mr. Willbank shows, mainly through acquiring German tonnage, Turkey sustained the greatest loss, falling seven positions. Great Britain retained her lead but with tonnage greatly reduced. Germany fell back only one position in the list of nations because her shipping was driven off the seas and not exposed to loss. Norway, France and Belgium each lost four positions; Greece and Rumania three and Austria two.

Exhaustive analysis of the ship casualties of the war convinces Mr. Willbank that the U-boat was greatly over-rated as a weapon of destruction. Comparison of the figures showing the losses in all shipping develops the fact that German mines destroyed more tonnage than submarines. The total loss from all causes is placed at 16,136,000 tons, of which forty-two per cent is attributed to mines, thirty-eight to U-boats, sixteen to maritime risks and the remaining four per cent to raiders, seizures and other causes. Neutral nations sustained a loss of 2,239,000 tons, of which 806,000 was due to mines; 806,000 to U-boats and 328,000 to other causes.

In the case of America, Mr. Willbank shows, the loss of about 700,000 tons was divided about evenly between war and regular maritime risks. About 7,000 German and neutral vessels were destroyed, the figures show. Germany is believed to have employed about 300 U-boats and to have destroyed even half of the ships lost the maritime losses would have had to account for a dozen victims each.

"While the total of U-boat destruction seems far less than has been believed," Mr. Willbank states, "the aggregate is in excess of 5,700,000 tons, representing a loss in ship values of about \$1,140,000,000. On the same basis, the Allied and neutral losses in ships and cargo values, due to mines, totals more than \$1,000,000,000, or from other causes about \$900,000,000. Here is an aggregate of more than \$4,000,000,000 loss, to which must be added a loss of more than \$3,000,000,000, the lost earning power, property, lives insured and cargoes damaged, but not sunk, a total of nearly \$8,000,000,000."

The record of replacement of losses is more remarkable than the destruction. Mr. Willbank states, "The Allies and the neutrals built 11,551,000 gross tons of Germany and her allies only 14,000 tons. The tonnage seized by the Allies amounted to 2,734,000, while the Germany allies seized 211,000 tons. In other words, the enemy seizures were larger on percentage basis than were those of the Allies."

Of the 29,260,000 gross tons of steam ocean going shipping held by Allies on August 1, 1914, more than 40 per cent was destroyed during the war, but at the close of hostilities the net loss in tonnage was hardly more than 4 per cent of the pre-war totals."

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Wm. L. Potter

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

## CIVIL EMPLOYEES MUST WATCH OUT IN THE FUTURE

Evidence Before Commission Shows They Have Been Absent from Their Posts Altogether Too Frequently

Ottawa, June 12.—It is not unlikely that the special committee of the Commons, which is conducting an inquiry into the civil service, will recommend to the House the drafting of more stringent regulations governing sick leave and absences.

The evidence given before the commission by deputy heads and other officials has indicated that in addition to their regular holidays, civil servants are frequently absent from their posts on sick leave and for other reasons.

A. W. Throop, secretary of the Post Office Department who appeared before the committee today, when questioned as to the number of employees absent from his branch during last year, said that six of the forty-six regular members of his staff had been absent for various periods in addition to their regular holidays.

The committee members were inclined to the opinion that these figures represented conditions which do not prevail in the average business house.

## Specks Floating Before His Eyes

When specks start to float before the eyes, when everything turns black for a few seconds and you feel as if you were going to faint, you may rest assured that your liver is not working properly.

The essential thing to do in all cases where the liver is slow, lazy or torpid, is to stir it up by the use of a medicine that will clear away all the waste and poisonous matter from the system, and prevent as well as cure all the troubles arising from this cause. The liver is the most important organ in the body, and it is the most neglected. It is the most important organ in the body, and it is the most neglected. It is the most important organ in the body, and it is the most neglected.

Mr. John R. Morrison, Grand River Falls, N. S., writes: "Several months ago I was troubled with a sour stomach, and had specks floating before my eyes. I took five vials of Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills which cured me, and cleared my blood before any length of time. I told my friends about it, and they got some, and they, too, find themselves different since they took them. I recommend your pills very highly."

Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills are sold direct to you by mail order by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Mr. Willbank states: "For the neutrals the result was a slight net gain and the Allies, when they had won the war, had to replace Germany and her allies with a loss of more than 1,000,000 tons in their pre-war holdings."

The showing of the Central Powers is poor. In net loss and in proportion of gross tonnage lost to Germany and her allies, the loss is more severe than that of the rest of the world. Germany replaced only 66 per cent of her losses, Austria, 70 per cent, and Turkey only 48 per cent. Despite her heavy losses, Germany at the time the armistice was signed was still in possession of sufficient tonnage to leave her a menace as a commercial power."

The heavy penalty laid on Germany by the peace terms, however, reduces her to impotency as a shipping power and today she has not even a prospect of a position among the first ten maritime leaders for years to come.

## BRITISH AND THE AMERICANS WILL GET TOGETHER

It is inevitable that the determined fight which is being made in the Senate to defeat the proposed covenant for a League of Nations will lead to a frank and intimate discussion of the relations between the United States and the British Empire.

This is a fact that has already become apparent, and in order that there may be disturbance of the pleasant relations and kindly feeling between the two countries that have been strengthened by the war, both sides should be prepared to keep their heads," as one Senator recently expressed it.

I know that many Senators fear the debate will lead to the "appearance" that a large percentage, perhaps a majority, of the Senate is "anti-British." This is realized especially by the leaders of the opposition to the league and they deeply regret it.

George to explain to the British public that in case any dispute arises as to the meaning of this "regional understanding" it shall be interpreted by the proposed League of Nations, in which the United States will have only one vote against six votes by the British Empire, these senators say he has made it absolutely necessary for the States to attack the covenant as pro-British—as a document designed to surrender part of the sovereignty of this country for the benefit of the British people.

Then, of course, there is the Irish question, which is assuming tremendous proportions.

Already the Senate has done an unprecedented thing in expressing by formal resolution its sympathy for the Irish cause and asking the peace conference to give a hearing to the representation of the Irish people who are demanding self-government. No Senator is losing sight for a moment of the deep significance of the statement made by Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, in support of this Irish resolution last Friday.

Mr. Lodge said that since the framers of the League covenant had seen fit to define the Monroe Doctrine in part and reserve to the league further interpretation of its meaning, it could no longer be considered disinterested for the United States to make official suggestions about what Great Britain ought to do in settling the Irish problem, and he voted for the Irish resolution on this ground.

Senator Lodge's Attitude.

It is well known that Senator Lodge is not anti-British. He has long been considered pro-British, in so far as an American can within the bounds of patriotism and good sense be. His natural sympathies have always been with the British except when his own country has been involved. In this sense he is still pro-British.

That is what makes his stand against the League of Nations, his willingness to attack it on the ground that it is not pro-British, so much the more significant. It is an answer to any British statesman who may hereafter assert that there is a deliberate attempt being made in this country to bring about a rupture in the friendly feeling that exists between the two great English speaking nations of the world.

As the debate on the league proceeds many speeches will be made which might be interpreted by the uninitiated as attacks upon Great Britain, but they will not be that in reality.

In fact, as Senator Borah recently expressed it, there is nothing but admiration and respect for the British negotiators, especially Lloyd George, because of the mastery manner in which they have "grabbed the lion's share," and paved the way for bringing purely American policies under the partial control of foreign, and chiefly English, statesmen. Both he and Senator Reed, of Missouri, who is the leader of the anti-league Democrats, have several times expressed the wish that the United States had such able men as Lloyd George, men with the interest of their country so sincerely at heart—that the peace conference instead of President Wilson, who has admittedly accepted many foreign "suggestions" in order to save his pet project, the League of Nations.

But there is another phase of the question which British statesmen will undoubtedly begin to see more clearly as the debate in the Senate proceeds, and which is regarded as an unfortunate possibility by the Republican Senatorial leaders. That is the danger that British influence may be exerted, or an attempt made to exert it, in this country in support of the league. This would have a tendency, these Senators say, to arraign the Republic.

Then for Both Countries.

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## WOMEN! MOTHERS! DAUGHTERS!

You who tire easily; are pale, haggard and nervous or irritable; who are afflicted with indigestion, constipation, or "the blues," get your blood purified by taking F. King, M.D.'s "Blood Purifier." It will increase your strength and endurance in two weeks' time in many cases.—Ferdinand King, M.D.

Three times a day after meals will increase your strength and endurance in two weeks' time in many cases.—Ferdinand King, M.D.

Handsome William Desmond —IN A FIVE-REEL FARCE— "LIFE'S A FUNNY PROPOSITION" —OR— FOR GOODNESS SAKE WHOSE BABY IS IT, ANYWAY? A Clean, Satisfying Feast of Fattening Laughter. A ROBERTSON-COLE PICTURE

Herbert Rawlinson —IN THE SERIAL STORY— "THE CARTER CASE" Two Weeks —WE— WILL SHOW LAST WEEK'S CHAPTER, ALSO THIS WEEK'S. Thus Making Up for the Lapse Due to Grand Opera. TWO EPISODES AT ONCE.

COMEDY GALORE, THRILLS AND GOOD MUSIC

## Pure, Clean, Economical

Preserved & sold only in Sealed air-tight packets to preserve its native goodness.

## "SALADA"

Used in Millions of Tea-Pots Daily

Our party against the British. It would be a bad thing for both nations, because at present the Republican party is in the saddle in this country, and for all anybody knows, may be for a good many years.

I happen to know personally that several prominent Republican Senators will do everything in their power to prevent the debate taking this turn, but that they will deeply resent any appearance on the part of the British government or the British press of attempts to "influence" sentiment here and if that should happen, they will not hesitate to openly express their opinion of such a manoeuvre. They say that if Great Britain wants the league as much as some persons think she does, it would be bad policy for her to say so too often or too emphatically.

But at the bottom of the whole business is the feeling of genuine regret by the great majority of the anti-League Senators that they have been forced by President Wilson into a position which may have a tendency to develop misunderstandings between the United States and the mother country, instead of bringing them closer together, as the war would have naturally done if the question of the league had not been thrust into the anti-war situation.

Ottawa, Ont., June 11.—Sir Robert Borden today gave notice that the Commons will sit this week on Saturday afternoon, and that morning sittings will commence on Monday next. The government hopes to bring about prorogation about the end of the month.

## The Best Tires from Canada's Leading Tire Maker

Just as Dominion Tires are the favorites with Canadian automobile owners, because of their acknowledged superiority, so

## DOMINION BICYCLE AND MOTORCYCLE TIRES

are the choice of those who appreciate speed, safety, sturdy wear and thoroughly reliable service. Sold by the Leading Dealers

UNIQUE THURS. PEARL WHITE IN "The Lightning Raider" 12TH EPISODE. MATINEES AT 2, 3.30 EVENINGS AT 7, 8.30

W. S. HART IN "THE RUSE" 2-REEL DRAMA. IN "HOT DOGS" —A JOLLY— GOOD COMEDY.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN COMING MONDAY "Maciste," the Giant, in "THE SUPERMAN" LYRIC THE KING MUSICAL CO. —Present— THE DETECTIVE A NEW BILL FULL OF FUNNY SITUATIONS

THURS., FRI., SAT. FRIDAY—REGULAR AMATEUR NIGHT

## OPERA HOUSE VAUDEVILLE

TONIGHT 7.30 and 9 ALL NEW PROGRAM WELLS, VIRGINIA AND WEST Musical Comedy Hits

HARRY MEEHAN The Tramp Caruso

FIELD SISTERS Two Clever Children AUDLEY C. TOBIN Comedy Revolving Globe

PAGE and GREENE Comedy Acrobats THE TIGER'S TRAIL

## IMPERIAL

BILL OF LAUGHS AND TANGLES TODAY

Handsome William Desmond —IN A FIVE-REEL FARCE— "LIFE'S A FUNNY PROPOSITION" —OR— FOR GOODNESS SAKE WHOSE BABY IS IT, ANYWAY? A Clean, Satisfying Feast of Fattening Laughter. A ROBERTSON-COLE PICTURE

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COMEDY GALORE, THRILLS AND GOOD MUSIC

## Winnipeg Woman Gained 24 Pounds

Mrs. A. W. Odger Was able to Find Relief of Seven Years' Trouble She Tried Tanlac.

"I have more confidence in Tanlac than any medicine I have ever used," said Mrs. A. W. Odger, who lives at 1846 Logan street, Winnipeg, talking to a Tanlac representative a few days ago.

"I had been trying for seven years to find a medicine or treatment that would overcome my trouble," continued Mrs. Odger, "but I did not get relief until I commenced taking Tanlac. I was in a very nervous, rundown condition, which was broken by my stomach being out of order for such a long time. Everything I ate disagreed with me, and I was in agony for hours at a time. I counted my food souring and coming out of my stomach. My nerves were so bad that I would often have suicidal ideas in the small of my mind. I was actually sitting down and crying. Why, I was so weak and down that I couldn't walk as one block without being completely exhausted, and I just kept on getting worse until I reached the point where I had to stay in bed for weeks at a time."

"Then I began to read in the paper about this new medicine—Tanalac. I just somehow felt that I just what I needed, so I got me a bottle of it. Well, I was right in the way I felt about Tanlac. I am not only well and strong again, but I have actually gained twenty-four pounds, and can do all of my housework without the trouble. I have my stomach as good condition as it ever was. I have a fine appetite and eat anything I want, and I never feel a particle afterwards. That put me back, and my nerves have proved so much that I sleep a child every night. I have regained my strength, and can keep on at all day now, and my nerves are tired. Yes, Tanlac has done for me what other medicine and tonics I had for seven years could not do, and that is why I tell you I have more confidence in Tanlac than any medicine than any other I ever seen."

Tanalac is sold in St. John by Drug Co., and P. W. Munro, who is a personal direction of a special Tanlac representative—Adv.

## POSILAM LIKES BAD CASES OF FIERI ECZEMA

When Posilam takes hold of you and stubborn eczema, it soothes and cools at once, putting a stop to the terrible itching. On raw parts the skin it feels like a warm blanket. As Posilam continues to penetrate, the healing process begins. Contrast the ease of Posilam with the severity of the trouble. Posilam's work seems remarkable. Deed, one ounce of Posilam is a pound of ointment less efficient. Sold everywhere. For free literature write to Emergency Laboratories, West 47th St., New York City. Urge your skin to become firmer, better by the daily use of Posilam ointment, medicated with

Lieut.-Colonel Walker Bell, D. son of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bell, Kingston Row, came to the city on leave. He went with the 1st Canadian Dragoons to France, returning with that unit throughout the war, returning as commanding

## WINCARNIS gives Weak, Anaemic

DON'T let your health be clouded by different health. Don't let ill-health steal your good looks. Don't remain weak or anaemic, or nervous, run-down. Don't suffer needlessly. Get well the Wincarnis way—the quick, sure and easy way to new and vigorous health.

Wincarnis is the quick way, because the benefit begins from the first dose—the sure way, because it gives new health to count thousands of sufferers for over years—the safe way, because it contains no depressing drugs. Wincarnis is recommended by 10,000 Doctors, because it is a four-fold power in producing health. It is a Tonic, a Restorative, a Blood-maker, and a Nerve Tonic—all in one. There is no new strength, new blood, new nerve force and new vitality. This life-giving Wincarnis is the thing you need when you are Weak, Anaemic.

In two sizes: 11c. Proprietors: COLEMAN & CO., 1000 Broadway, New York, N.Y. Canadian Office: 1000 Broadway, New York, N.Y. FRANK S. Ball, Resident Director.