

REVOLUTIONARY STRIKE IN GERMAN CITIES SPREADS

Bremen, Schwarin and Tilsit
Join the Great Socialist
Upheaval.

WIRE COMMUNICATION WITH BERLIN CUT

The Revolutionists Cut Off
North German Railway
Lines.

Copenhagen, Nov. 8.—Revolutionists have cut the north German railway lines south of Flensburg in Schleswig-Holstein. This breaks communications from the north with Hamburg. There is no wire communication with Berlin.

Copenhagen, Nov. 8.—The Vorwarts, of Berlin, publishes a new proclamation to German workmen to the Social Democratic party in which is emphasized the party's firm intention to secure full democratic liberty for the German people. The proclamation in part says:

"All those who, through unwise policies, caused this calamity to come upon our people, must resign their posts. All necessary measures are being taken to this end. No exception will be made of any person, however highly placed."

London, Nov. 8.—(9.36 a.m.)—The cities of Bremen, Schwarin and Tilsit have joined in the German revolution, according to a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. Dr. Karl Liebknecht is said to have arranged for the formation of a soldiers council at Bremen.

Red Flag in Hamburg.

Amsterdam, Nov. 7.—(11 p.m.)—The great German maritime port of Hamburg is completely in the hands of the revolutionists, according to reports from Hamburg newspapers printed by the Cologne Gazette. The red flag is flying on all the ships in the harbor.

The headquarters of the commander of the port has been occupied by the soldiers' council after exciting occurrences in which machine guns were used.

All kinds of excesses took place at the neighborhood of Altona. The port commander there agreed to all the demands submitted by the soldiers' council.

Bremen is next to Hamburg, the principal maritime emporium of Germany. It is situated on the Weser River, fifty miles south of Hamburg. Its pre-war population was about 170,000. Schwarin is the capital of the grand duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and is situated on the west side of Lake Schwerin. Its population in 1900 was about 38,000. Tilsit is a city of East Prussia. It lies on the left bank of the Niemen River, 60 miles northeast of Koenigsburg. Its population is about 35,000.

London, Nov. 8.—Sonderburg, a Prussian town in Schleswig, thirteen miles northwest of Flensburg, is in the hands of the revolutionists, according to a despatch from Copenhagen to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The red flag has been hoisted on the ships there.

CASUALTIES.

Ottawa, Nov. 8.—Casualties:

Infantry.

Wounded—

F. Boudreau, Little River, N. S.

W. P. Poore, Oromocto, N. B.

A. A. McEwen, Morrell, P. E. I.

A. Richard, St. Felix, N. S.

A. Lowery, Montague, P. E. I.

Gassed—

G. M. Lewis, Sussex, N. B.

Engineers.

Gassed—

J. W. Spauls, Mattland, N. S.

Wounded—

P. Murphy, North Sydney, N. S.

M. Martin, Edmundston, N. B.

Artillery.

Killed in action—

S. J. Dee, Day's Corner, N. B.

Died—

J. B. Gidney, Mink Cove, N. S.

R. S. Hubley, Amherst, N. S.

MARSHAL FOCH REJECTS THE FIRST GERMAN PROPOSAL

Berlin Wanted An Immediate
Cessation of Hostilities.

GERMANS MUST REPLY
BY 11 A.M. MONDAY

Teuton Delegates Arrived at
Conference Place on Friday.

London, Nov. 8.—The German proposal for an immediate provisional suspension of hostilities has been rejected by Marshal Foch.

Paris, Nov. 8.—(3.24 p.m.)—The twenty-two hours within which the German reply must be received will end at eleven o'clock Monday morning.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The German armistice delegation entered conference with Marshal Foch at nine o'clock this morning. French time, the state department announced officially today.

Arrived at 2 a.m.

Paris, Nov. 8.—(11.45 a.m.)—The German delegates which came within the French lines last night to receive from Marshal Foch the Allied terms for an armistice proceeded this morning to the meeting place designated by the marshal. The white flag bearers reached the left wing of General Debeney's army at ten o'clock last night. They arrived at the place indicated by the Allies supreme commander within the French lines about two o'clock this morning, and passed the remainder of the night there.

If the credentials of the German armistice delegates are found adequate they will be informed officially what the terms of the armistice are and that they will have a time limit of seventy-two hours in which to reply.

Wilson To Announce News.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The state department was authorized at the White

House shortly after ten o'clock this morning that whenever word came of the signing of an armistice in France, President Wilson himself would announce it immediately.

When this assurance was given the government had not been advised whether the German armistice delegation had reached General Foch's headquarters behind the French lines, where they were expected about noon today, Paris time.

Paris, Nov. 8.—(5.40 a.m.)—The texts of the wireless exchange between Marshal Foch and the German high command shows signs, the morning newspapers declare, that Germany is still determined to cloud the issue in every possible way, apparently with the object of at least gaining time, if they cannot gain anything else.

ONE KILLED, A DOZEN HURT IN PHILADELPHIA CELEBRATION

Joyous Crowds and Some
Over-joyed as Well
Cut Lose.

NEW YORK HAS
ANOTHER BIG TIME

Ten Thousand Paraded Streets
on Friday With Noise-
Makers.

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.—Celebration of the fake report that the Germans had signed the armistice agreement caused one death, the shooting of two

and the more or less serious injury of fourteen other persons. The deaths, shootings and accident occurred yesterday afternoon and last night. Joyous crowds, believing Germany had surrendered rejoiced in the city's streets.

Nicola Francino, 15 years of age, was killed by an unknown person while standing in front of his home, watching a parade, he fell with a bullet in his neck.

George Wharton, a policeman, was shot in the leg by some unknown person in a crowd.

William G. Schoen, 47, was shot in the neck. A young girl reveler was arrested, charged with firing the shot.

A young man was pushed beneath a trolley car by a surging crowd. Both legs were crushed. His condition was critical. Thirteen others poorly injured.

were hurt mostly by being hit by motor cars in densely crowded streets.

New York, Nov. 8.—Thousands of shipyard workers threw down their tools in Staten Island yards today, crossed the harbor on ferry boats and began a march up Broadway, resuming their celebration of the peace reports falsely circulated yesterday. Apparently they had stripped the yards of most of the metal which could be used as noise-making devices.

As they passed through the lower district the shipbuilders made a racket which paralleled yesterday's demonstration. Business activities were upset. There were said to be 10,000 men in line, which extended for half a mile.

Their Opinion.

A jury recently met to enquire into a case of suicide. After sitting through the evidence the 12 men retired, and after deliberating, returned with the following verdict:

"The jury are all of one mind—ten-

Victory Comes High, but WE MUST HAVE IT!

This is no time to count the cost of Victory—when hundreds of thousands of our own Canadian boys are charging, full speed ahead, with the Huns on the run.

This is no time for loyal Canadians to stop and consider the terrible price, in blood and tears, this war has already cost the world.

When the word goes forth over there to CHARGE, every man is on his toes—straining every muscle—eyes front—head up—bayonet fixed—to sweep the German hordes back out of Belgium—out of France—back, ever back—until they throw up their hands with "Kamerad! Kamerad!" on their cowardly lips.

Here, in Canada, when the word goes forth to "LEND," let us all be worthy of the gallant boys who have given up home, and comfort, and even life itself, for the cause of Victory.

We, at home must furnish the funds that will keep the victorious Canadian troops supplied with food and clothing—with guns and ammunition—with tanks and shells and airplanes.

Victory Is Within Our Grasp

Continue the Great Offensive and
the War Will Be Won

Every dollar you have, or can borrow, is needed to bring back the boys VICTORIOUS.

Canada needs your money, but Canada is willing to pay for the use of it.

Every dollar invested in Victory Bonds will be returned to you with interest.

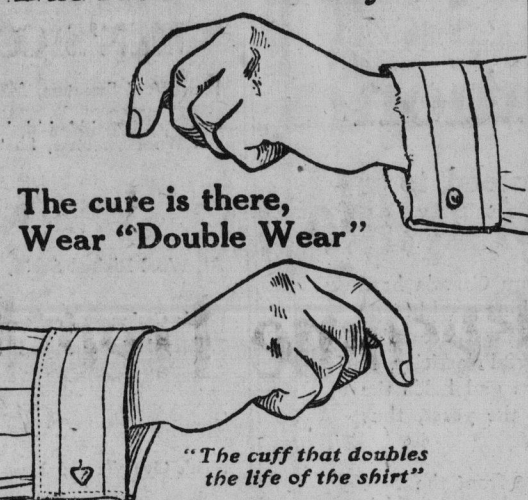
BUY VICTORY BONDS

This space donated to the Victory Loan 1918 Campaign by the following
representative Printers:

J. & A. McMILLAN
BARNES & CO. LTD.
CHARLES M. LINGLEY

JOHN R. HOPKINS
FLEWELLING PRESS
GEORGE A. KNOELL

Stop that Fray!
But How? You Say.



The cure is there,
Wear "Double Wear"

"The cuff that doubles
the life of the shirt"

W.G. & R.
TRADE MARK
DOUBLE WEAR CUFFS
Patented 1918

The cuffs wear out long before the body of the shirt. Because the Double Wear Cuff divides the wear between two separate pieces of fabric, the new W.G. & R. shirts give twice the service. They cost no more than good shirts should.

ASK YOUR HABERDASHER



Give Them a Room
of Their Own

"Keep your hands off the piano—Take your feet out of that chair—Stop talking—Do sit down and read a book!"
That's what the children hear from morning till night as soon as cold weather begins.
There's no place to play. And healthy children are bubbling over with activity. They must play.
Give them a room of their own.
A place where they can make all the noise they want to. Where they can play to their heart's content without danger to walls, floors or furniture.

Isn't there room in the attic or some other unused space where you can provide just the sort of playroom the children need?
Beaver Board will furnish the walls and ceilings and make the entire playroom you could imagine.
There's no place to play. And healthy children are bubbling over with activity. They must play.
Give them a room of their own.
A place where they can make all the noise they want to. Where they can play to their heart's content without danger to walls, floors or furniture.

material. For new buildings or remodeling.
In a word, Beaver Board is "manufactured lumber" built up from wood fibers into sturdy, substantial panels without a seam, knot or blemish. Weather and moisture, proofed by Scientific Sizing.
Send for booklet—"Beaver Board and Its Uses."
THE BEAVER COMPANY, Limited
241 Wall Street, Beaverdale, Ottawa, Can.
Printed at Ottawa and Toronto, Ont.
Beaver Board is sold by all dealers everywhere.

BEAVER BOARD
FOR BETTER WALLS & CEILINGS