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TRINITY BEATS ARGONAUT
IN SEMI-FINAL FOR CUP

Canadians Put Up Magnificent Fight, Being Defeated by a Scant Half Length in Closest Eight-Oared Race Ever Witnessed on the Thames.

Henley, July 4.—In the semi-final for the Grand Challenge Cup today, Trinity Hall, Cambridge, beat the Argonauts (Canada) by half a length. Time, 7 minutes 8 seconds.

The Club Nautique De Gand (Belgium), beat Third Trinity, Cambridge, by two lengths. Time, 7 minutes 13 seconds. The Belgians and Trinity Hall will thus contest in the final for the Grand Challenge Cup tomorrow.

The Argonauts-Trinity Hall race was a magnificent one. For the first quarter

of a mile the boats' noses were level. Trinity Hall then slowly forged to the front. Half the distance was reached in 8 minutes 25 seconds. The Canadians then were hardly a quarter of a length in the rear, and making desperate efforts to overhaul their opponents. But the repeated spurts of the visitors proved unavailing. The Trinity Hall crew always responded with a slight quickening of their stroke, and held the lead to the end after one of the best races ever witnessed at Henley.

SILVERWARE WAS
ON THE MONTCALM

Auditor-General Before Public Accounts Over Coughlin Account.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Ont., July 4.—Auditor-General Fraser was examined at the public accounts today by Mr. Brodeur, minister of marine and fisheries, in regard to the Coughlin account for supplying silverware to the Government ship Montcalm. Mr. Coughlin had previously been examined in respect to this and testified to having refunded a certain amount of the price to the department. Today Mr. Fraser told the minister that in the first instance he had been informed that the silverware was not on board the steamer at all and he went to Quebec to look into other matters, and at the same time inquired into whether the goods were on the Montcalm. He reported about the price, which he considered was too large. This was the reason for the investigation. The minister was pressing for a settlement of the matter and the necessity of having whatever was paid too much refunded. This was done.

Mr. Brodeur—And what profit did Mr. Coughlin make. About 5 per cent was it not?

Mr. Fraser—No, he did not make 5 per cent; the profit would not have reached more than 3 or 4 per cent.

Mr. Brodeur—So that the Government was not the loser?

Mr. Fraser—No, the Government was not the loser.

Mr. Northrup—Thanks to this committee.

Mr. Brodeur—The matter was investigated and settled before the session met.

Mr. Fraser—Yes, the matter was disposed of before the committee met and the refund ordered. The minister was pressing upon me for a settlement.

In answer to Mr. Northrup, Fraser said that he asked the department for the original invoices, but did not get them. He got them elsewhere. He did not want to say as a rule where he got his information.

Mr. Northrup asked if he did not hear from several people that the silverware was in Ottawa and not on the Montcalm at all. Mr. Fraser did not hear that the goods were in Ottawa. He was just told that they were not on the boat. When he went to Quebec he found the silverware on board. Some of it was in the cabinet and some in the storeroom.

To Mr. Taylor, Mr. Fraser said that the goods for the Champlain were in the storeroom, and those for the Montcalm were placed on board not very long before he visited Quebec. Col. Gourdeau told him that the reason the silverware was not on board earlier was because the boat was under repair.

NORTH RIDING LIBERALS

Elect Dr. Stewart, of Ailsa Craig, as Their President.

At the annual meeting of the North Middlesex Liberal Association at Ailsa Craig, a very large number of representatives from every sub-division were present. The meeting was held in the town hall and the audience was greatly enlivened by the speeches. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows:

President—Dr. Stewart, Ailsa Craig, Vice-President—Mr. Benj. Harris, Lobo.

Secretary—Dr. Gunn, re-elected. Treasurer—Jos. Oiler, Ailsa Craig.

A committee was appointed to revise the constitution.

After the business was transacted, speeches were delivered by Mr. Robert Boston, ex-M. P., J. M. McEvoy, K. C., W. H. Taylor, ex-M. P., Mr. Dawson, J. M. Phelan, Parkhill, D. N. McLeod, Parkhill.

Resolutions of confidence in the Laurier Government and in His Majesty's loyal Opposition in the Legislature, were passed. A resolution was also passed protesting against the dismissal of public officials except for inefficiency or misconduct.

FISHING FOR BIRDS.

London, July 3.—A swift and a martin have been caught on the Leitham trout stream, near Newbury, by a member of the Piscatorial Society. Both birds dashed at the angler's artificial fly and were hooked.

LONDON MAY MAKE TEST CASE
OF ELECTRICAL CONSTRUCTION

Chatham Said To Be Prepared to Give Company Aid to Go There.

A meeting of the manufacturers' committee has been called for Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Mr. E. I. Sifton, manager of the London Electrical Construction Company, which has an offer to go to Chatham, will be asked to attend and state what terms the company desires to make with this city to remain here.

The meeting is liable to prove one of extreme interest, as there is a strong possibility that the city of London will make the case of the Electrical Construction Company a test case as regards the power of municipalities to attempt to bribe industries to leave other municipalities.

It is pretty well admitted that London is admirably fitted for nearly all classes of manufactures. Her manufacturers and her merchants stand among the highest in Canada. Men who began in London without a cent are now worth a million. The city is an ideal place to live in, and its stability is a byword from the Atlantic to the Pacific. But London has been keeping to the law, which says that industries must not be spirited away from other places, and so far she has lost by her observance of the act. She cannot longer sit idly by and watch other places make bids for her industries, in contravention of the law.

Chatham a Culprit?

Chatham is alleged to be a culprit in this regard now. At the meeting of the city council last night, Ald. Wyatt stated that the city of Chatham has offered to loan the Electrical Construction Company the sum of \$20,000 at 8 per cent for 20 years. Also to exempt the company from taxation and water rates, and also to give the company a ten-year lease of a building for a plant.

After looking over the act, Mayor Judd believes that the offer is in contravention of the law, and that Chatham cannot make an offer to a firm.

WHOLESALE SLAUGHTER
OF OFFICE-HOLDERS

Rumor That Ontario Government Is to Let the Axe Fall Again.

Is there to be a wholesale slaughter of Liberal officeholders? Is the question that Liberal workers are propounding to themselves.

One official, whose services were dispensed with the other day, received his dismissal by means of a printed circular, with his name filled in. There was no reason for the dismissal given, and there was no suggestion that he was not competent to fill the position. It merely stated that he was not wanted, and that his successor had been appointed.

The suspicious part of the matter was the printed circular. It is supposed that the Government had a large number of these circulars printed in order to make a wholesale dismissal of officials. It is rumored on what appears excellent authority that every official that can possibly be dismissed will be discharged soon.

The party heeler are yelling for jobs and it looks as if they will get them.

BIG REALTY DEALS

Three Were Recorded During June—Total Value \$124,000.

There were 118 real estate transfers in London during the month of June. This is a falling off of about 40 as compared with May.

Nearly all the sales ranged under \$3,000.

The sale of the Fitzgerald block on Dundas street, near Richmond, is recorded. This was, however, merely the discharging of a mortgage by the I. O. P. to Mary E. Fitzgerald, the amount involved being \$25,000.

The sale of the Bennett Vaudeville Theater to J. C. Duffield for the sum of \$32,500, is also recorded.

Also the sale of several properties owned by the Hodgins' estate to Mr. George T. Hiscox for the sum of \$55,000.

TAKE EFFECT THIS YEAR

City Solicitor Gives Advice on Assessment Act Amendments.

City Solicitor Meredith has advised Assessment Commissioner Grant that in his opinion all amendments made to the assessment act by the Ontario Legislature go into effect this year.

This means that non-householders in London will be exempt on income up to \$600, instead of \$400 as formerly, and that the minimum business assessment is reduced from \$250 to \$100. This latter affects shoemakers, draymen and so on.

CAUGHT IN SHAFING.

Windsor, Ont., July 4.—While G. W. Langdon, in the employ of Caldwell & Co., was assisting in unloading a cargo of sand, his coat caught in the shafting of the machinery and he was wound around the shafting. He suffered a fracture of one leg and was unconscious when picked up. Langdon had a very narrow escape from death.

—Mr. J. C. P. Hughes, who was seriously injured by a stick of timber falling on him at Mr. James Rowe's barn-raising near Ilderton, has sufficiently recovered to be removed to his home.

established in another city, no matter whether the firm changes its name or is run by different men. Sub-section E, of clause 12, of chapter 591, says that it is illegal so to do, and it is quite probable that this clause will be quoted at the meeting on Friday.

There is also talk of bringing the matter to the attention of the Attorney-General, if Chatham attempts to put through by-law to take away an established industry from London.

The following is a copy of the chapter which deals with bounties of industries. It will be found of interest, as from time to time London has good cause to look up the law on the subject. Minor amendments have been made to several of the clauses, but nothing interferes with the clause upon which the city of London is contemplating making a fight:

The Law in the Matter.

12. For granting aid by way of bonus for the promotion of manufacturing industry, or for the promotion of such person or body corporate, and in respect of such branch of industry, as the municipal council may determine upon. And to pay any sum of money granted by way of gift or loan, either in one sum or in annual or other periodical payments, with or without interest, and subject to such terms, conditions and restrictions, as the said municipality shall deem expedient.

Subject to the provisions of section 591 of this act, no such bylaw shall be passed until the assent of the electors has been obtained, in conformity with the provisions of this act, in respect of bylaws for granting bonuses to manufacturing industries.

(b) No property owner or lessee interested in or holding any stock in any company shall be qualified to vote on a bylaw for the purpose of granting a bonus to the company, in which he is so interested, as aforesaid.

(c) Any municipality granting such bonus may take and receive security for the compliance with the terms and conditions upon which such aid is given.

(d) No bylaw shall be passed granting (Continued on Page Eight.)

RAILWAY COMMITTEE CALLED FOR TONIGHT

Plans for West End Elevation Are to Be Considered.

A meeting of the railway committee of the city council has been called by Chairman Garfield for 8 o'clock tonight, to consider the plan, submitted by the Grand Trunk Railway, re the elevation of the company's lines east from the Wharncliffe road to Ridout street.

The plans call for an elevation of 27 feet 6 inches at the Wharncliffe, which shows that the present scheme is part of the original elevation plan to carry the lines overhead clear through to Adelaide street.

The committee will try to get at tonight will be the amount of damage which the construction of the subway will create.

APPLYING FOR PENSION

Sergt. Hugh Horner Has Completed Twenty-One Years Service.

Sergt. Hugh Horner, of Wolsley Barracks, has applied for a pension, and a board of investigation is being held today for the purpose of determining the average pay he has received during his service in the army, upon which average his pension will be based.

On Aug. 12 of this year Sergt. Horner will have spent 21 years in the service. Previous to his coming to Canada he served four years with a militia regiment in the old country. Upon his arrival in this country he joined the Thirtieth Regiment of Hamilton. On Dec. 17, 1887, when Wolsley Barracks was established, he enlisted, and has been at Wolsley Barracks ever since.

Sergt. Horner served in South Africa with the Canadian Mounted Infantry, and in 1895 he attended the Victoria diamond jubilee.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—FINE.

London, Wednesday, July 4. Sun rises 4.55 a.m. Moon rises 6.25 p.m. Sun sets 8.35 p.m. Moon sets 11.55 p.m.

A few showers and local thunderstorms are reported along the shores of Lakes Erie and Ontario, but the weather in Canada generally has been very fine. Great heat prevails in British Columbia. Kamloops recording 102° in the shade today.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 38-72; Victoria, 60-88; Vancouver, 56-88; Kamloops, 60-102; Edmonton, 64-90; Calgary, 46-78; Prince Albert, 60-80; Qu'Appelle, 52-82; Winnipeg, 58-82; Port Arthur, 56-80; Parry Sound, 56-76; Toronto, 62-78; Ottawa, 54-74; Montreal, 58-76; Quebec, 48-78; St. John, 50-66; Halifax, 56-70.

FORECASTS.

Wednesday, July 4—4 a.m. Today—Moderate to fresh northwesterly wind, little cooler at night. Thursday—Fine.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Max.	Weather.
Calgary	52	44	62	Clear
Winnipeg	58	48	68	Clear
Port Arthur	58	48	68	Clear
Parry Sound	58	48	68	Rain
Toronto	62	50	70	Cloudy
Ottawa	62	50	70	Cloudy
Montreal	62	50	70	Rain
Quebec	62	50	70	Rain
Bath	62	50	70	Rain
Father Point	62	50	70	Cloudy

WEATHER NOTES.

During the night rain was general in Ontario and the Huron to the eastern boundary. It was also locally experienced in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Tuesday were: Highest, 71.5°; lowest, 59° above.

LIBERTY HYMN
IN CZAR'S COURT

Witnesses at Trial of Workmen Sing Marseillaise.

IS GOREMYKIN SLATED TO GO?

Believed at St. Petersburg That the Emperor Will Bow to the Demand of Parliament.

St. Petersburg, July 3.—The trial of M. Krustale, president of the executive committee of the Workmen's Council, and 52 members of the Workmen's Council on the charge of preparing an armed uprising last autumn, began here today.

The corridors surrounding the court were packed with police and gendarmes. In spite of which the opening of the proceedings was interrupted by the witnesses, who were in a room adjoining the court, singing the "Marseillaise" at the top of their voices. It was only with great difficulty that they were quieted.

St. Petersburg, July 3.—While it is generally assumed that the Emperor yesterday communicated to Premier Goremykin his decision to bow to the demand of Parliament for the dismissal of the Cabinet, and that the Premier expressed his willingness to retire, no official announcement on the subject has yet been made.

The hitch, apparently, is over the resolution of the Constitutional Democratic party not to accept office in a coalition ministry. That seems to have disconcerted the Emperor's plans.

While declining to admit that the Constitutional Democrats have even been in indirect communication with the Emperor, Professor Mikulok, one of the leaders of the party, informed the Associated Press today that he knew the retirement of the Goremykin ministry had been decided upon, and that he expected that the next three days would determine whether the Emperor would persist in his effort to form a coalition ministry to surrender to the principle of a responsible ministry in harmony with the majority in Parliament.

St. Petersburg, July 3.—An incident reported to have occurred among the cuirassiers of the guard at Tsarskoe-Selo, because they had been ordered not to read the newspapers. Officers of the guard who were questioned on the subject, declared that the severity of the measures taken to prevent the spread of the revolutionary propaganda among the troops is arousing such intense resentment among the men that the lives of the officers themselves are endangered. They speak most pessimistically of the spread of disloyalty in the army.

Interior Minister Stolypin has sent a circular secretly to the governors of the provinces and prefects of the cities warning them that they will be held responsible should anti-Jewish outbreaks occur.

THE SALISBURY INJURED

Survivors of the Steamboat Express Wreck All Doing Well.

Salisbury, England, July 4.—The injured passengers of the Plymouth steamboat express, wrecked here on July 1, are generally improving.

The condition of Edward W. Senteff, of Brooklyn, N. Y., however, is not quite so good.

Robert S. Critchell, of Chicago, passed a restless night, but is unconscious and rational.

Miss M. Hitchcock, of New York city, is much better.

The pulse of H. V. Allen, of Fairhaven, Vt., is much improved.

DUE TO BOOKKEEPING.

Amherstburg, July 3.—J. H. C. Leggatt, treasurer of the town, who was in difficulty a few weeks ago pending the settlement of a shortage of a little over \$800, has made restitution, and proceedings will be dropped.

It is the opinion of everybody that the shortage was due to the system of bookkeeping. Mr. Leggatt will be restored to the position of town clerk which he held before becoming treasurer.

\$3,000,000 HOTEL FOR WEST.

Toronto, July 4.—A special dispatch from Vancouver states that the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific will erect a big hotel at Vancouver, to cost \$3,000,000, each assuming half. This move has been forced on them by the C. P. R., which is erecting hotels in all the principal cities. The new hotel is to be commenced at once.

Wants Preston Dismissed;
House Turns Down Motion

Minister of Interior Promises a Government Inquiry—Peppery Exchange Between Bourassa, Piche, Rivet.

Ottawa, July 3.—A promise by the Minister of the Interior to investigate the affairs of the English Immigration office, followed a motion by Mr. Monk tonight to dismiss Mr. W. T. R. Preston, and the resolution was defeated by a majority of 50. The evidence given in the North Atlantic Trading Company inquiry was reviewed by Mr. Monk and other speakers for the Opposition. Mr. R. L. Borden declared that a scandalous state of affairs had existed for over a year, which the minister did not seem to realize. Mr. Oliver sympathized with the Opposition on having fallen from their high boasts of three months ago, that they had a scandal which would wreck the Government, and insisted that Mr. Preston should have a chance to make his defense. The early portion of the day was marked by a peppery episode between Mr. Piche and Mr. Bourassa, over the Montreal Sunday bill meeting, and by the passing of the usury and several other Government bills, thus materially reducing the size of the order paper.

New Brunswick Supreme Court.

Mr. Aylesworth introduced a bill relating to the Supreme Court of New Brunswick. He explained that the bill was designed to give effect to the recent legislation of New Brunswick reorganizing the judiciary of that Province and creating a supreme court, with two divisions, one of appeal, the other of trial.

In reply to Mr. Foster, who raised the question that legislation by the Province would interfere with the status of the judges of the existing court, which had been abolished, Mr. Aylesworth stated that the proposed legislation did not touch that question. It was usual under such circumstances to appoint the judges who are already in office to the new court, which replaced that in which they had served.

Mr. Lake called attention to a dispatch printed in a Regina paper stating that H. J. Moberly, who had been fined \$100 for making a false return of the ballot at a poll which was never held in Prince Albert in the recent Provincial election in Saskatchewan, had been appointed to take the census in the far north.

Mr. Fisher replied that he had no knowledge of the matter, beyond the fact that he had received a list of enumerators appointed, but had not looked at them. He promised to do so.

"Will the minister remove Mr. Moberly's name from the list if it is there?" asked Mr. W. P. Macleod.

"That will depend upon circumstances," replied Mr. Fisher.

Hughes On Immigrants.

Colonel Sam Hughes called attention to a statement that 10,000 Salvation Army emigrants from the east end of London were going to South America, and suggested that they should have come to Canada.

Mr. Oliver replied that he had learned, in conversation with a representative of the Salvation Army today, that these emigrants who were going to South America were not regarded by the Army as of the same class as those they had hitherto brought to Canada. Therefore, they thought these people were better suited to South America.

A Peppery Exchange.

On a question of privilege, Mr. Piche, of St. Mary's, Montreal, brought up the position taken by Mr. Bourassa at a public meeting in Montreal on Friday night. At that meeting Mr. Bourassa declared it had been agreed when he left Ottawa that no concession would be made by Montreal members to the supporters of the Sunday bill unless Mr. Bourassa's amendment were adopted at the same time as that of Mr. Piche. Mr. Bourassa declared: "Mr. Rivet and his friends have broken the agreement. I repeat that I have been betrayed." Mr. Piche said that the accusation which had been brought against him was of a somewhat grave nature. "Of what," he said, "have I been accused? I am accused of having betrayed. Whom did (Continued on Page Nine.)

QUEEN'S MEDICAL
SCHOOL GUTTED

Valuable Instruments, Laboratories and Bacteriological Department All Destroyed.

Kingston, July 4.—Fire this morning gutted Queen's medical building on the University grounds. It is supposed to have caught from a gas jet burning in an oven, where paraffin molds were made. The firemen worked vigorously, but before the flames were under control the whole interior of the three-story building was destroyed. The building and contents were valued at \$75,000; insurance \$22,000. The valuable instruments and laboratories are all destroyed, including the bacteriological and public health departments, subsidized by the Ontario Government.

ONTARIO MEN EXEMPT

Commercial Travelers Do Not Have to Pay Quebec License.

The secretary of the Commercial Travelers' Association of Canada has received information through the Treasury Department, Provincial Legislature, Quebec, that a clause has been inserted amending act 5, Edw. VII, Chap. 14, to read as follows: "However, no such commercial traveler from any other province in Canada which authorizes commercial travelers from this province to do business in such province, without a license shall be obliged to take out a license under this article. Under this amendment commercial travelers from Ontario are not required to take out a commercial travelers' license in the Province of Quebec."

STORMED THE BANK.

Pittsburg, July 3.—The foreign bank of M. Kasumar & Co., at Homestead, Pa., failed to open its doors yesterday, and nearly 200 excited foreigners gathered in front of the bank clamoring for their money. The crowd finally became so boisterous that it was necessary to summon the police to restore order and prevent trouble. The alleged disappearance of the cashier and a reported shortage of from \$7,000 to \$12,000 are given as the causes for the suspension.

RUSS POLICE MANAGED MASSACRE;
BLACK HUNDREDS THEIR TOOLS

St. Petersburg, July 4.—A point strongly brought out in the parliamentary report on the massacre of the Jews at Bialystok is that there was no religious hatred of the Jews among the peaceful Russian population. The fighting was confined to the police troops and Black Hundreds on one side and the Jews and revolutionists on the other. The parliamentary commission found overwhelming evidence that the outbreak was deliberately prepared. After the assassination of Ploher, Police Derkachoff, proclamations were scattered broadcast by the police among the soldiers, and the Black

BOOM! IT'S A GIRL
BOOM! IT'S A BOY

Kaiser a Happy Grandfather—Mother and Little Chap Doing Well, Thank You.

Berlin, July 4.—Crown Princess Frederick William was safely accouched of a son at 9:15 this morning. The boy is well-formed and strong. The guns of a battery of artillery began to fire slowly in the square opposite the palace at about noon, and tens of thousands within hearing of the salute stopped in the streets or paused in their work, counting the guns, for it had long been announced that 72 shots would be fired for a girl and 101 for a boy. Seventy-one—seventy-two—seventy-three—then the city knew that an heir-presumptive had been born. An hour later half a million copies of the Official Gazette, containing the following proclamation, were given away: "Her Imperial and Royal Highness, the Crown Princess of the German Empire and Prussia, was happily delivered of a prince at 9:15 a.m. in the marble palace at Potsdam, to the joy of His Majesty the Emperor, her Majesty the Empress, and the entire royal house. This pleasing event will be made known to the inhabitants of Berlin through the usual cannon shots. The crown princess and the prince are in the best condition. (Signed.) Von Wedel, minister of the royal house."

All the public and many private buildings are decorated with flags.

The news of the birth of his grandson was communicated to Emperor William by means of a wireless dispatch from Kiel to the steamer Hamburg, on which his majesty is proceeding from Trondhjem, Norway. She was last reported in the great belt.

There was great rejoicing at Potsdam when it became known that the crown prince had given birth to a son. A salute was fired and the town was decorated.

ROYJ'S TRIAL ON.

Cronstadt, Russia, July 4.—The trial by court-martial of Vice-Admiral Rojensky and the officers of the torpedo boat destroyer Bedovy began here today.

Hundreds charging the Jews with being enemies of the Russian state, and responsible for the revolution and styling the Lower House the Jewish Duma.

The commission cites proof on every hand that after the rioting was started it was directed by the police, and supported by the troops, who fired only at Jews and Jewish houses.

The report does not specifically place the blame for the throwing of the original bomb into the procession, although it says that several revolver shots were fired, and that a bomb was thrown later among the Black Hundreds accompanying the procession.