

AUTUMN CIRCUITS—REVIEWS.

AUTUMN CIRCUITS, 1868.

EASTERN CIRCUIT.

The Hon. the Chief Justice of the Common Pleas.

Ottawa	Wednesday ..	Sept. 2.
L'Original	Wednesday ..	Sept. 16.
Perth	Monday	Sept. 21.
Pembroke ..	Friday	Sept. 25.
Brockville ..	Wednesday ..	Sept. 30.
Cornwall	Wednesday ..	Oct. 14.
Kingston	Wednesday ..	Oct. 21.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Hagarty.

Belleville	Wednesday ..	Sept. 30.
Pictou	Monday	Oct. 12.
Napanee ..	Thursday ..	Oct. 15.
Cobourg	Tuesday	Oct. 20.
Whitby	Tuesday	Oct. 27.
Peterborough ..	Monday	Nov. 2.
Lindsay	Friday	Nov. 6.

NIAGARA CIRCUIT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice J. Wilson.

Owen Sound ..	Tuesday	Sept. 22.
Barrie	Tuesday	Sept. 29.
Milton	Tuesday	Oct. 6.
Hamilton	Monday	Oct. 19.
St. Catharines ..	Thursday ..	Nov. 5.
Welland	Wednesday ..	Nov. 11.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Morrison.

Cayuga	Thursday ..	Sept. 10.
Simcoe	Tuesday	Sept. 15.
Woodstock	Tuesday	Sept. 29.
Stratford	Tuesday	Oct. 6.
Brantford	Tuesday	Oct. 13.
Guelph	Thursday ..	Oct. 29.
Berlin	Wednesday ..	Nov. 4.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice A. Wilson.

Walkerton	Wednesday ..	Sept. 16.
Goderich	Tuesday	Sept. 22.
Sarnia	Wednesday ..	Sept. 30.
London	Monday	Oct. 3.
St. Thomas	Tuesday	Oct. 27.
Chatham	Tuesday	Nov. 3.
Sandwich	Tuesday	Nov. 10.

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Hon. the Chief Justice of Ontario.

County of Peel ..	Thursday	Sept. 24.
City of Toronto ..	Tuesday	Oct. 6.
County of York ..	Thursday	Oct. 15.

REVIEWS.

THE PRINCIPLES OF EQUITY; intended for the use of Students and the Profession. By EDMUND HENRY TURNER SNELL, of the Middle Temple, Barrister-at-Law. London: Stevens & Haynes, Law Booksellers and Publishers, 11 Bell Yard, Temple Bar, 1868.

We have to thank the publishers for advance sheets of this valuable work, and for a

complete copy lately supplied to us. We have had the work before us for a considerable time, intending to give it such a review as its worth demands. Our delay in reviewing it has arisen in great part from our desire to do it justice. We cannot now say too much in praise of it. It is one of the most readable and most instructive law treatises that has lately been issued from the press.

While the author has furnished a work which, considering his simplicity and clearness of diction, is all that a student can desire; his exposition of principles, illustrated by the most recently decided cases, makes his book a valuable text book for members of the profession engaged in active practice. His introductory chapter on equity is an admirable disquisition on the nature and origin of that branch of jurisprudence. In a few words, he shows that as the common law courts fell short of and were incapable of meeting the growing legal wants of society, a fresh tribunal of necessity arose, and that is the origin of Courts of Equity as distinguished from Courts of Law. But at the same time he shows that courts of equity are now bound as completely as courts of law by fixed rules.

The author, having made a brief comparison of courts of equity with courts of common law, classifies equity in relation to common law, as having a jurisdiction exclusive, concurrent or auxiliary. Under the head exclusive jurisdiction, he treats in a very able manner of trusts generally, express private trusts, express or charitable trusts, implied trusts, constructive trusts, trustees and executors, *donationes mortis causa*, legacies, conversion, reconversion, election, performance, satisfaction, administration, marshalling, assets, legal mortgages, equitable mortgages, mortgages and pledges of personalty, penalties and forfeitures, and liens. Under the head of concurrent jurisdiction, he treats in like manner of accident, mistake, actual fraud, constructive fraud, suretyship, partnership, account, set off and appropriation of payments, specific performance, injunction and interpleader. Under the head of auxiliary or specially remedial jurisdiction, he treats of discovery, bills to perpetuate testimony, bills *quia timet* and bills of peace, cancelling and delivery up of documents, bills to establish wills *ne exeat regno*. Besides, there is a part of his work which treats of persons under disability, such as infants, persons of unsound mind, married women (their separate estate, pin money, paraphernalia), equity to a settlement, settlements in derogation of marital rights.

All these are as it were so many complete and entertaining essays on the different branches of the law to which they appertain. The references to the most recent cases, by way of illustration as he proceeds, give the book a reliability that adds greatly to its intrinsic value.

There is a chapter in which the author briefly and succinctly treats of the following