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PROBS— Cold, with some local snow.

EIGHTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 14 1914—EIGHTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXIV.—No. 12,148

HON. ADAM BECK Says He Will Not Be Canadian High Commissioner, But Will Devote All His Time to the Hydro and Promises Astonishing Developments in Ontario in the Next Few Years.

Senate Reading Rooms
15 Jan 14

Toronto Shoemaker Asphyxiated--Cattle Embargo Under Discussion--Col. Sam Hughes Speaks in Toronto--Railway Board's Powers

CATTLE EMBARGO WASTE PAPER SAYS CLARK

All Export of Live Stock to Britain at End Since Underwood Tariff Opened U. S. Doors--Complaint Regarding Competition of Foreign Vessels.

OTTAWA, Feb 13.—(Special.)—To-day being Friday, the house, under the new rule, went into committee of supply without debate. The estimates of the marine and fisheries department were taken up, and the greater part of the day was consumed by Nova Scotia Liberals in discussing removals from office. Hon. Charles Marcil complained that Norwegian and other foreign vessels were permitted to compete on equal terms with Canadian shipping in the coastwise trade of Nova Scotia and Quebec.

Hon. J. Hazen said that the complaint was an old one and had never received much consideration from the Laurier Government. He was advised by the coal companies that the Norwegian vessels were necessary if Canadian coal was to compete for business at Quebec and Montreal.

Complains of Embargo.

Upon an item for the salaries of inspectors of live stock exported from Canadian seaports, Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux took occasion to chide the government for not having the British embargo on Canadian cattle removed. He declared it was not a sanitary measure, but protection pure and simple.

The reason assigned for the embargo by the British government constituted a gross libel upon Canadian cattle.

Mr. Sinclair (Guysboro), said that Britain should give Canadian cattle the same treatment that was extended to them by the United States.

Hon. J. D. Hazen said the subject was not under his jurisdiction, but rather belonged to the customs department.

Dr. Clark (Red Deer), asked how many head of cattle had been exported last year from Canada to England.

Mr. Hazen: "About 6500 head, including sheep and horses."

Lured Into United States.

Dr. Clark said the figures were no doubt right for 1912. But he submitted that all export of live stock to England had ceased since the passage of the Underwood tariff law by the United States. "Not a split hoof," he said, "went from Canada to England last November, but during that month, 75,000 cattle, unpatriotic cattle, went to the United States."

Continuing, Dr. Clark said that the British embargo on Canadian cattle was now mere waste paper, but at the same time he believed that the embargo had been placed on our cattle in good faith, altho he did not doubt that the influence of the Irish members with the Liberal government had not been without effect in having the embargo retained.

WILL SPEND MORE ON CANADA'S MILITIA

Col. Sam Hughes Has No Apologies to Offer for His Expenditures and Says the Motto for Every Man in Canada Should Be Dril or Pay.

The glory of the militia of Canada that is to be, with all the clergy, the councils of women and the peace organizations marching in support and every Canadian boy with a gun to his shoulder for a stipulated period of years, was the martial note rung out by Col. Sam Hughes, minister of militia, at the annual mess dinner of the Queen's Own Rifles sergeants last evening. Rather than an easing-up of government expenditure towards this end the Dominion might expect a steady increase and every man who did not wish to don the jacket for his country's defence should be prepared to delve into his pocket as an alternative. The minister refrained from any mention of the Bisley controversy over rifle sights, but no word was left unsaid that would show his ambition of drilling the Dominion to the last word.

Backed by Women.

"In my military policy I want to start with the youth of the land. We are succeeding. When I first started in the work we were deluged with petitions from women's organizations against the militia. Today they stand at our backs," he declared.

"Get the noble women of the land on your side and things are bound to move."

People go around calling themselves anti-militants and they don't know what it means. The militia is not made of hired men, but of those who stand for the best interests of their country. The militia is the very antithesis of militarism. We have set to work to win the clergy and the peace organizations of the country. If all the men would turn out and learn to use the rifle you could not coax the armed powers of Europe to attempt to invade Canada.

"It is not the time today to talk of doing away with arm ments. The world is only half civilized. The few men found croaking against the militia are those whose opinions are not worth taking. I intend teaching the use of militia."

A Real Power.

Speaking of the government money put into the big cities, he stated that with the returns owed the militia would be made a real power. These men who sneered should be taxed if they would not serve. "Drill or pay" was the rule in South Africa, and it was a good one.

He paid a tribute of approval to Sir Henry Pellatt for the work he had done for the regiment. Pressure should be brought to bear on the ministers or representatives to establish the drill hall. If this were done the grant would come easily.

No Apologies.

"It is common talk that we are verging towards militarism," he said.

"I have not apologized for one cent of militia expenditure, and I do not intend to. It is the right of every man to be trained in the defence of his country.

"We have spent more money in this

(Continued on Page 2, Column 6.)

MINES IN ICY NORTH ARE IN PRIVATE HANDS

Thirty Claims in What Was Formerly Ungava Transferred at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—(Special.)—The Ungava Miners and Traders, Limited, have been assigned by order-in-council thirty mining claims situated on Clark, Curran and Armstrong Islands, in Hudson Bay. These form part of the Nestapoka group on the eastern shore of the bay, in what was formerly Ungava, but the islands did not become part of the Province of Quebec when the northern territory was recently included in that province. Work to the value of about $40,000 has already been done on these island claims.

PEACE CENTENARY FUND IS FAILURE THUS FAR

Only One-Sixth of Amount Needed in Britain is Contributed.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The response to the appeal made by the British committee last October for a public subscription of $300,000 to enable it to carry out the British program in connection with the Anglo-American peace centenary, thus far has been only $50,000, and the Duke of Teck, president of the committee today, issued an urgent request for the subscription of the $250,000 still needed.

Of the sum required, $75,000 is to be used for the restoration of and furnishing an endowment for Sulgrave Manor, in Northamptonshire, the ancestral home of the family of George Washington, which recently was purchased by the British committee for $42,000.

KING A HARD WORKER HE SAYS SO HIMSELF

It's Good for People to Toil is His Opinion.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—King George today told Prebendary Wilson Carlile, head of the Church Army, that he was a great believer in hard work. The King said:

"I have to work hard myself, and I think it is good for people."

His majesty's remark was made during an audience granted Mr. Carlile at Buckingham Palace.

The King also expressed his strong disapproval of indiscriminate charity, saying he considered voluntary agencies, such as the Church Army, far better able to help backsliders and unfortunate people back to good citizenship.

HARCOURT'S PHRASE IS TO BECOME HISTORIC

LONDON, Feb. 13.—"The empire is held together by a silken cord, but if you make it into a whiplash, the first crack of it will be the knell of the empire."

Colonial Secretary Harcourt, able administrator as he is, and urbane in his dealings with men of all parties, has no particular reputation for oratorical gifts, nevertheless the above passage from his speech yesterday night on the deportation of the labor leaders from South Africa is likely to become almost a classic among political utterances. Much attention is given it today.

"ZIEGFELD FOLLIES" NEXT WEEK.

One of the greatest musical comedy organizations, the "Ziegfeld Follies," comprising a company of one hundred and fifty people, including famous comedians and noted comediennes, as well as a big dancing chorus, will be at the Princess here next week, with the usual Wednesday and Saturday matinees. Those who wish to see "the greatest show on earth" should not delay getting seats.

PUNISHMENT OF BRIBE TAKERS DEMANDED

Oppposition in Quebec Legislative Assembly Press for Action, But Gouin and Followers Oppose and Accuse Conservatives of Playing Party Politics.

(Special to The Toronto World)

QUEBEC, Feb. 13.—The two legislative chambers of the province tonight discussed the reports of their committee finding J. Octave Mousseau, Louis Philippe Berard and Achille Bergevin guilty of corruption in having accepted bribes for their influence and votes to pass thru the legislature the Montreal Fair Association bill, a decoy measure prepared by the Burns Detective Agency.

In the legislative council the proceedings were noteworthy for the outspoken declaration of Hon. Mr. Chapais, that the acts of corruption by the legislators named, were equivalent to lese majeste, as the men had violated their oaths of office held under the King and people. No further action is, however, contemplated by the upper house.

In the legislative assembly the proceedings were more dramatic. Hon. Mr. Taschereau, chairman of the investigating committee, urged the adoption of the committee's report and asked the house to leave it at that. Mousseau having resigned his seat, he submitted there was no need to take further action. He condemned the manner in which the evidence had been obtained to incriminate Mousseau.

Made Party Issue.

Mr. Tellier, leader of the opposition, took strong exception to this attitude and argued that in the interests of its honor the assembly ought to define what further action is should take. The attitude of the Liberal members, however, was persisted in. They professed injured innocence.

Messrs. Bernier and Jean Prevost submitted an amendment to the report asking that the whole matter be referred back to a committee with instructions that enquiry be held to ascertain if any part of the money which Mousseau had received, namely, $1,150, had been paid or promised to any members of the assembly. It was further asked that the strictest probe should be made into the statement of Edward Beck that he had received information that Montreal lawyers held in their safes receipts from lawyer legislators for money paid ostensibly as legal fees, but which really were bribes for supporting private legislation passed thru the legislature.

Premier Gouin, in a fervent speech, supported the action or rather the non-action as recommended by the committee, maintaining that the enquiry had been fully and fearlessly held, that its conclusions were proper. "Now," he said, "the opposition are boldly using the graft charges as a weapon to injure the Liberal party and the government of this province.

A Big Day For Hats and Caps.

This promises to be an unusually busy day at Dineen's, 140 Yonge street, for the advance spring shipments are shown—a great variety of caps and the usual sale of hats in the basement from 6 to 10 at $1 and $1.50. This latter event has become justly popular in town and thousands of men and young men can speak of the wonderful hat values they have had at this old established house on Saturday evenings.

BECK TO REMAIN WITH HYDRO PREDICTS GREAT DEVELOPMENTS

Work in Next Few Years Will Astonish People of Ontario, He Says at Ottawa—High Commissionership in London Has No Allurements for Him.

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—(Special.)—"I intend to devote all my time to the Hydro-Electric Commission, and the development of the work in the next few years will astonish the people of Ontario."

This statement was made to The World by Hon. Adam Beck, who called on Premier Borden and other members of the cabinet today. He scouted the idea that he might go to London as high commissioner for Canada.

It is believed here that Hon. Mr. Beck's visit may be of special significance, in view of the suggestion made in the house agricultural committee a few days ago by Mr. Wilson, member for Wentworth, that a Dominion-wide public power movement be instituted.

LIMIT APPEALS TO LAW LORDS

Railway Commission's Powers Likely to Be Widened to Avoid Many Tedious Delays.

(Special to The Toronto World)

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—It is expected that when the amendments to the Railway Act comes to be dealt with this session there will be legislation to increase the powers of the railway commission in order to put an end to the frequent appeals from the judgment of the board of the privy council. Appeals are allowed to the council on questions of fact and to the supreme court on questions of law and jurisdiction.

The government has no time to deal with these appeals, and the growth of public business which comes before the cabinet has rendered some action necessary. Nobody could be better informed on matters of fact than the board itself, and it is proposed to refuse appeals on questions of fact. There have been ten appeals to the cabinet since Mr. Borden became premier, and in five or these cases no decision has yet been given.

CANADA A LAND FOR EXPLOITERS

Revelations of Corruption and Waste Indicate Lax Government, Says British Papers.

LONDON, Saturday, Feb. 14.—Under the heading of "Corruption in Canada" today's Daily News contains some pungent remarks on two items of news "which must be disturbing to friends of Canada." The first is the confirmation by the Quebec legislature committee of the truth of the charges of corruption brought against several members of the Quebec legislature, the second is the report of the Canadian parliamentary commission which shows that £8,000,000 has been wasted in connection with the building of the National Transcontinental railroad.

LORD MINTO NOT SO WELL.

LONDON, Feb [illegible] ord Minto was not so well ton'ght. His condition now gives rise to anxiety.

COULD NOT WAIT FOR GAS MEN TO ARRIVE

William Irons, Harbord Street Shoemaker, Disconnected Meter in Attempt to Thaw Out the Gas—Died Shortly After From Gas Poisoning.

Growing impatient while waiting for the company to send men to thaw out the gas at his place of business, 68 Harbord street, yesterday afternoon, William Irons, an aged shoemaker, in attempting to remedy the fault himself disconnected the meter, and on the arrival of the gas men was found overcome by the fumes, from the effects of which he died a short time later.

The gas repair men revived Irons sufficiently to enable him to be assisted to his home at 635 Spadina avenue, but soon after reaching there he collapsed and died before the arrival of Dr. W. H. Pepler, who was called. The latter stated that death was due to heart failure, brought on thru the effects of the gas.

Was Sixty-Eight.

The late Mr Irons was in his sixty-eighth year and was a member of the Church of England. He is survived by his widow and three daughters and two sons. Mrs. C. C. Locke of Toronto and Mrs. W. A. Mackay and Mrs. C. A. Bradbrook of western Canada are daughters. W. E. Irons of Toronto and B. C. Irons of Winnipeg are sons.

He had been in business as a shoemaker at the Harbord street address for nearly twenty years, and was very well-known in that part of the city.

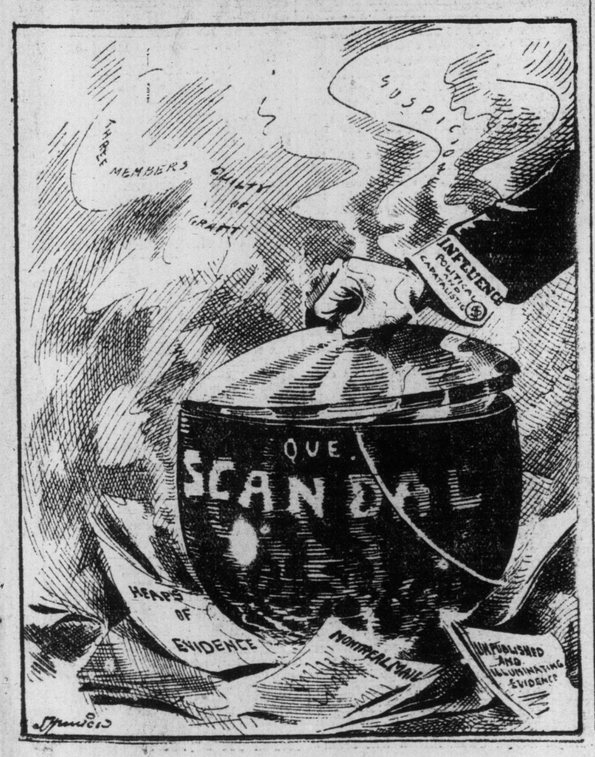
FIRE DESTROYS FEATHERS.

Starting from an overheated furnace, fire did nearly $2000 damage to the store and contents of the Royal Feather Company on Yonge, opposite Wilton avenue, at 9 o'clock last evening. The damage to the building will be $100, but smoke and water played havoc with a large quantity of valuable feathers and ospreys.

CURING BOYS OF THE CIGARET HABIT

Giving treatment at the Toronto Boys' Dominion. Dr. R. L. Morrison (seated), Dr. Edward Crane (standing), E. A. Clarke, physical director of the T. B. D., keeping records.

INFLUENCE SHOVES ON THE LID



ST. LAWRENCE RIVER POWER MUST SUPPLEMENT NIAGARA

Great Waterways Union Executive Feels Present Supply Inadequate for Future Needs of Farmers and Radials—Will Urge Government to Enlarge Entire System.

(Special to The Toronto World)

BERLIN, Ont., Feb. 13.—The executive of the Great Waterways Union of Canada at its meeting here this afternoon duscussed the proposed international negotiations for the development of a deep ocean waterway over the entire route from the upper lakes to the sea. The United States being deeply interested in such development, the meeting decided that the time was most opportune for action, especially with a view to a more adequate development of hydro power in the Niagara and St. Lawrence zones.

Niagara Water All Apportioned.

Forcible comment was made on the fact that the water available at Niagara under present treaties is practically now all apportioned among the different power companies, and that, by the end of the year the Hydro-Electric Commission will be using eighty per cent. of its available supply. Aside from an increased supply under new arrangements, the extension of the Hydro-Electric Commission's service to new municipalities and for farmers and radial railways would be impossible, and the municipalities at present supplied from Niagara would be forced largely to go back to steam or to a dual service. In addition to the greatly expanding need in the Niagara zone, it is realized that the power possibilities in connection with the enlargement along the St. Lawrence River would convert that section also into a great electric manufacturing district.

The meeting decided to arrange for a general deputation to go to Ottawa from districts affected. Besides the public bodies invited, it is believed many private citizens who are deeply interested will accompany the deputation.

Will Go to Ottawa.

A resolution was passed instructing the secretary to invite the various municipal councils and boards of trade both in the districts on Ontario contiguous to the present waterway from Montreal to the upper lakes, and in the prairie provinces, to accompany a deputation to Ottawa early in April to urge upon the government the need of an immediate enlargement of the entire waterway from the upper lakes to Montreal.

SWEDEN DRIFTS TOWARD CRISIS

Liberal Party Calls on Entire Nation to Fight for Constitutional Liberty.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 13.—The constitutional struggle is growing sharper. King Gustave, persisting in his endeavor to secure a Liberal cabinet, today invited Baron Hammarskjold, former minister of ecclesiastical affairs, and a member of The Hague Court of Arbitration to form a new ministry. Altho Baron Hammarskjold advised King Gustave to resort to the Conservatives for the selection of a cabinet, his majesty requested him to reconsider his refusal and attempt to form a ministry.

The members of the Liberal party in both chambers of parliament today unanimously issued a forceful manifesto against King Gustave's personal politics, exhorting the entire nation to fight for constitutional liberty.

EDWIN MONTAGU GETS POSITION

Succeeds C. F. Masterman as Financial Secretary of the Treasury Following Cabinet Changes.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Edwin Samuel Montagu, parliamentary secretary of state for India, has been appointed financial secretary of the treasury to succeed Charles Frederick Gurney Masterman, who, in the cabinet changes resulting from the retirement of Viscount Gladstone as governor-general of the Union of South Africa, will become chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. The financial secretaryship to the treasury is considered a stepping stone to the cabinet.

Mr. Montagu is the second son of Lord Swaythling, head of the banking firm of Samuel Montagu & Co. He is thirty-five years old, and previously has served as parliamentary secretary to the prime minister and to the chancellor of the exchequer.

A NEW THEATRE WILL BE BUILT

Larger Burlesque House on Richmond Street to Supplement the Gayety Now Planned.

Toronto is to have another burlesque theatre, and it will be built on Richmond street, near the Gayety. Arrangements are being made by the Columbia Amusement Company, which controls the attractions playing at the Gayety, to build a larger house, so that more of the Columbia attractions will be seen in Toronto. This company has 66 attractions on the road, and even if the Gayety were open all year round it would be impossible to play all the companies in a year. With the object of having all their attractions play Toronto, and to have the best ones play return engagements, the new theatre will be built and there will be three burlesque houses playing all year round. Under the new arrangement the best burlesque companies will go to the new theatre, where higher prices will be charged, while the Gayety prices will range from ten to fifty cents.