composition and reaction of the culture medium. For purposes of comparison the sensitiveness of the test culture should be taken into consideration.

- 8. The evidence so far recorded establishes that the reaction may be delayed or occasionally may not be obtained in cases of genuine typhoid infection; and also that it may be exceptionally present in non-typhoid cases, though not in an intense degree.
- 9. In investigating exceptional and contradictory results the following circumstances have to be considered: a. The uncertainty of clinical diagnosis. b. The absence of bacteriologic or other confirmatory methods of diagnosis during life, giving decisive negative results. c. The possibility of overlooking typhoid infection even postmortem, in the absence of characteristic intestinal lesions where a very thorough bacteriologic examination has not been carried out.
- 10. The modifying influences mentioned above suffice to explain the divergencies existing in the reports of different observers. Without being absolutely infallible the typhoid reaction appears to afford as accurate diagnostic results as can be obtained by any of the bacteriologic methods at our disposal for the diagnosis of other diseases. It must certainly be regarded as the most constant and reliable sign of typhoid fever, if not an absolute test.
- N.B.—The above summary, while expressing the general consensus of opinion brought out during the discussion on serum diagnosis before the Section on Practice of Medicine of the American Medical Association, does not claim to represent exactly the individual views of any one of those who took part.

W. H. Welch,
Wyatt Johnston,
J. H. Musser,
R. C. Cabot,
S. S. Kneass,
A. C. Abbott,
J. M. Swan,
E. B. Block,
H. M. Biggs,
N. S. Davis, Jr.,
M. W. Richardson,
J. B. Herrick,
A. R. Guerard,
A. P. Ohlmacher,

Committee.

-Journal of the American Medical Association.

The Scientific Grants Committee of the British Medical Association have awarded a grant of £30, to Dr. Hamilton E. Wright, the Medical Registrar, of the Royal Victoria Hospital towards the expenses of his researches into the Pathology of the Central Nervous System.