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teleology

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ad. -It: telegraphy, n. tel-eg/rat-ft, the art or practice of communicating intelligence by means of a current of electricity; the science of telegraphs or art of con-structing them; electric telegraph, the machine and apparatus employed to send intelligence or messages to any distance, consisting of three essential parts the battery or source of electrical power, the wire or channel through which that power is conveyed, and the instruments by which the electricity gives its sig-nals,—one must be placed at the spot from which the message is to be sent, and another at the place where the message is to be received: telegraph cable, a cable consisting of several strands of iron-wire tope, each iron-wire rope encasing a single line of copper wire protected by tarred tope or some such insulating and pro-tecting material, placed on the bottom of a river or occan, for the purpose of conveying messages or intelligence to such places as are separated from one another by a body of water: telegraphist, in telegraphy! st, one who works a telegraph; one skilled in telegraphy: duplex telegraphy, da pleks, consists in sending one mess from each of two opposite stations at same time: diplex telegraphy, displiks [L. and Gr. dis, twice; L. plico, I telegraphy, de pieks [1. and cir. dis, twice; 1. pieco, 1 fold], consists in sending two messages in the same direction at the same time, from one station to another station: quadruplex telegraphy, kwödirö-pitks [L. quatňor, foar; pitcō, I fold], consists in sending two messages in opposite directions at the same time from each of two opposite stations, four messages being thus despatched simultaneously on the one wire.

teleology, n. lel'e al'a ji [Gr. telos, an end; logos, a word], the doctrme of the final causes of things: tel' col ogist, n. jist, one who seeks for or studies the final causes of phenomena: teleological, a. těl'ě·ō·lōj'i·kāl, relating to or connected with final causes: tel'eolog-

ically, ad. -li.

Teleostei, n. plu. të!'ë-os'të-i [Gr. telëos, teleios, perfect; ostëon, bone], the order of the bony fishes.

telephone, n. telleriön [Gr. tell, afar off; phöne, a sound], ar nastr. for instantaneously transmitting articulate speech or musical sounds, with perfect distinctness, to almost any distance from its original source, by means of currents of electricity: v. to transmit speech by the telephone: telephonic, a. telephonic, b. telephonic, a. telephonic or sending sound to a great distance; transmitted by telephone: telephony, n. isl-isl-isl, the art of transmitting sounds by telephone: telephonist, n. -o-nist, one

versed in telephony.

telescope, u. čtič-skop [Gr. čič, afar off; skopča, I view), an instr. employed to assist the naked eye in viewing distant objects, especially the heavenly bodies, which, seen through it, are vastly increased in distinctness: v. to slide or be driven into each other, as the parts of a telescope which slide into each other—specially said of railway trains in collision: telescoping, imp.: tel'escoped, pp. **skop*, driven into, the one within the other, as railway carriages: tel'escop'ic, a. **skop*!k, also tel'escop'ical, a. **skal, pert. to a telescope; visible only through a telescope, as a star: far-sceing: telescopically, ad. -H: telescopy, n. $t\bar{\epsilon}l\cdot\bar{\epsilon}s'k\bar{\nu}\cdot pl$, the art or practice of using or making telescopes.

telestich, n. iëlë sitk [Gr. teles, the end; siches, a line, a verse], a poem in which the final letters of the

lines make a word.

telentospores, n. plu. tēl-ū/tō-spōrz [Gr. telenlē, an end. a conclusion; spora, seed], long two-celled spores ending the vegetation of certain fungi, and beginning a new generation in spring.

telic, a. tölick [Gr. telos, the end], denoting the final

end or jurpose.

v. tel [Icel. tala, speech : Dut. tellen ; Dan. talle, to count, narrate—see tale, to express in words; to utter; to relate; to reveal; to betray; to publish; to explain; to give an account; to count; to number; ous; in music, a system of compromises in the tuning to teach; to produce an effect, as 'every word told': of organs, pianofortes, and the like: tem'perance, n.

telling, imp.: adj. having or producing a marked effect, as a speech on an audience: told, pt. pp. töld, expressed in words; narrated: teller, n. -er, one who tells--see also next entry: tell-tale, n. one who officiously gives information of another's private concerns; ously gives information of another's private concerns; an instr. or contrivance for giving certain desired information, as the piece of lead, &c., hung outside an organ to show the exhaustion of the wind: adj. officiously and heedlessly revealing; babbling; telling tales: to tell off, to count or divide, as a number of men, for a particular duty: to tell of, to inform about.—Syn. of 'tell': to disclose; divulge; reveal; discover; mention; communicate; impart; report; inform; acquaint; 1e-

communicate; impart; report; inform; acquaint; recite; rehearse; repeat; utter; express; relate; speak, teller, n. teller [F. taille, a tally or piece of wood on which an account was kept by notches, which, when completed, was split in two with corresponding notches on each piece: Eng. tallier, formerly an officer in the Exchequer who paid and received money, and kept the cheques or tallies—see tally], an officer in a banking extablishment whose duty it is to pay money on checks or bills; one who numbers or reckons votes in a division in a deliberative assembly, as in Parliament: tellership, n. the office of a teller.

tellurion, n. til·lū'ri on [L. tellus, land, tellūris, of

tellurion, in tertarion [1], tettus, land, tettaris, of land], a philosophical machine to show the causes which produce the succession of day and night, and the changes of the seasons.

tellurium, in tel larivi-am [L. tellus, land, telluris, of land], an elementary body, a rare metal, allied to selenium, of a brilliant tin-white colour; telluric, a. -rik, pert to the earth, or procured from it; relating to tellurium, or contained in it as a constituent: tellural, a. rāl, pert. to the earth: tellurate, n. tēl'lā-rāt, a salt of telluric acid: telluret'ted, a. rēl'tād, combined with tellurium: tellurite, n. tēl'lā-rāt, a sort of ochre occurring in small white beads or spherical masses, having a tinge of greyish yellow: tel'lurous, a. -ras, denoting an acid composed of one equivalent of tellurium

and two of oxygen.

telson, n. tělson [Gr. telson, a form of telos, a limit],
the last joint in the abdomen of crustacea; the tail-

temerity, n. të-mër't-ti [F. temerite-from L. temer-tias or temeritatem, rashness-from temere, rashly: It. temerital, unreasonable contempt of danger; rashness; foolhardiness.—Syx. of 'temerity': lastiness; recklessness; precipitancy; heedlessness; venturesomeness. temper, v. temper [F. temperer, to qualify, to temper

-from L. temperare, to mingle in due proportion, to qualify-from tempus, time, fit season: It. temperare), to mix so that one part qualifies the other; to qualify; to make fit; to unite in due proportion; to beat to gether to a proper consistence; to form to a proper degree of hardness, as metals; to soften; to modify; in O.L., to accommodate; to modify; to govern: n. a mixture of different qualities in due proportion; the state of a substance made up from the mixture of various ingredients; the state or constitution of the mind; disposition of mind, good or bad; mood; irritation; the state of a metal, especially as to its hadness: tem'pering, imp.: n. the preparing of steel or iron to render it more compact, hard, and firm, or to render to render it more compact, hard, and him, or to render it more soft and pliant: adj. mixing and qualifying; softening; hardening: tempered, pp. -perd, hardened: adj. disposed, as in good-tempered, a. well disposed; not irritable or passionate; the opposite of bad-tempered: temperedly, ad. -li: temperament, n. -per-a-měnt, natural organisation or constitution; due mixture of different qualities: the peculiar physical and mental character of an individual—the temperaments are reckoned five in number—bilious or choleric, the phlegmatic, the sanguine, the melancholic, and the nerv-

com, boy, foot; pure, bad; chair, game, jog, shun, thing, there, zeal.