

KING & CO'Y.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

General Merchants

CALGARY.

We are opening up a large assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which were Selected especially for the North-west.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

COLORED CASHMERE, CASHMERE COUPE, BLACK CASHMERE, From 50c. per yard.
TARTAN DRESS GOODS, From 15c per yard.
MELTON CLOTH, assorted colors, From 75c per yd., worth \$1.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S LAMBS WOOL AND SHETLAND UNDERWEAR, Wool Jackets, Hoods and Clouds, also a nice assortment of Ladies Chamols Underwear. Satin & Silk lined Hosiery.
PATENT ADJUSTABLE CORSETS.

FLANNELS, Gray Scarlet, Saxony, White and Twill from 20c per yard.
MITS AND GLOVES
A large assortment of **BLEACHED COTTONS,** from 10c per yard.
Unbleached Cottons from 7c per yard.
HEAVY TWILL SHEETING, 45c per yard.
STRIPED TICKING, 18c per yard.
TABLE CLOTHS, all colors, by the yard from 35 cents
BED SPREADS, a large assortment.

CANTON FLANNEL, Bleached and Unbleached, From 18c per yard.
CARPETS, Home and Tapestry, in great variety, Cheap.
OIL CLOTHS, Stair and Table.
BED TICKS, Double & Single Bed Ticks, Bolster & Pillow Slip.
BLANKETS, All Sizes.
BATH AND LINEN TOWELS, From 12c each.
Some of the latest styles in Ladies' and Childrens' Boots and Slippers. Also Rubbers, Lined and Underlined.

GENTS' DEPARTMENT.

UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, All Wool, Scarlet and other colors, will be found very heavy and good value as we buy direct from the manufacturers. From \$1.75 per suit.
CANTON FLANNEL UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
TWEED OVERSHIRTS, manufactured especially for us.
A Lot of Wool Socks, From 20c per pair.

German and Felt Socks, Tuques, &c.
A large Assortment of Winter Overcoats, including Boys' and Youths' Ulsters, Buffalo Coats, Suits of the latest Styles and Patterns, which we are selling at very low figures. A good Tweed suit for \$10.00.

Latest Styles in Lined Boots and Shoes for winter wear, also Overshoes, snow Excluders and Manitobas.
Gents' Shoes and Slippers in various styles.

Groceries and Provisions.

KING & CO. also carry a heavy stock of Groceries and Provisions, which we are selling at low figures.

STOVES.—A few heating and cooking left. Will be sold cheap.

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE of every description, including a large variety of Chamber Sets, etc., at very low figures.

TINWARE.—Every Article in this line complete.

HARDWARE & STATIONERY, and a great variety of Wall Paper, will be sold out at cost.

We have also on hand Drugs, Patent Medicines, Artist's Materials, etc.

Ranchers and Settlers will find it to their Interest to Give us a Call before Purchasing Elsewhere

AGENTS FOR SINGER SEWING MACHINES

A Consignment of which will be here in a few days.

AGENTS FOR THE ALLAN LINE OF STEAMERS

KING & COMPANY,

THE MAMMOTH STORE, CALGARY.

NOR-WESTERS.

Regina.

Mr. A. Forset, Secretary, North-West Council, has gone on a short business trip to Winnipeg.

Sheriff Chaplain, Inspector of Public Works, has received a communication from the Public Works Department at Ottawa saying that the plans of the new court house, the jail and other public buildings to be erected in Regina, are being prepared, and he has been requested to report the best material to be used in their construction, in order that the specifications may be proceeded with at once. We understand that he has reported in favor of our local brick, with stone foundations.

The Hon. Donald A. Smith has purchased the prize Highland bull at the Highland Society's show, in Scotland, and has shipped him with six heifers of the same breed for his estate at Silver Heights. A herd of West Highlanders will prove an attraction to the district, and will doubtless be a source of profit to the "Laird o' Silver Heights."

The Moose Jaw Agricultural Society will hold their exhibition on the 15th October, when about \$1,000 will be offered in prizes for competition. We hope they will have a large number of entries, good weather and a successful exhibition.

The Indian Head Agricultural Exhibition will be held on the 14th October, where we have no doubt the exhibits in all classes of stock, grain and roots will be of such number and quality that they will attract a large number of visitors.

Moose Jaw.

We have just received as we are going to press a despatch from Ottawa, stating that

the squatters' claims at Moose Jaw are being investigated.

A car load of Montana cattle arrived here on Thursday evening last from Medicine Hat, consigned to W. L. Nicol. We understand that it is Mr. Nicol's intention to keep his market fully supplied with this kind of beef.

Edmonton.

Bulletin, Oct. 4.
W. McKay, who was absent on a trip removing the telegraph battery from Grizzly Bear to Eleanor, returned on Tuesday. He made the trip from Edmonton to Grizzly Bear in three days and a half, and returned in four. Leaves were still green on the trees on the rolling hills, in which the telegraph office is situated, and pea vine was still quite green when he passed there. Ducks were remarkably plentiful at Hay lakes, but geese were still scarce.

The Whitefish lake Indian reserve question has been settled amicably at last. Assistant Indian commissioner Hayter Reed arrived at the lake on the 20th September and held a conference with the chief and headmen. The result was that the Indians concluded to accept a reserve on the same terms as other bands—so much land per head was allowed, the number taken being the largest that had received treaty payment at any time. They received as presents a mower and rake, a fanning mill and other articles as presents from the department. The chief and his councillors signed the agreement.

A letter received from Peace river, dated August 5th, says there had been no frost up to that date at Fort uDregon. Barley was being out and wheat was ripening well. Pumpkins were a large size, and turnips five inches in diameter.

It is well known that in this region the growth of vegetation is so great that there is frequently a danger in rainy seasons of the

crop growing too much to straw and not being able to hold out until too late in the season to admit of its ripening. There is said to be a possibility of avoiding this by sowing about a bushel of oats to the acre, when the grain has attained a sufficient growth, and by causing it to commence heading at once.

Montana Mentions.

River Prizes.

Mr. Chas. Richter has just returned from the north, where he had been to superintend the drive of Rice & Leamington's band of Sheep, recently sold to Alex. Begg, Esq. During the entire drive he only lost six head. They were overtaken by a severe snow storm at Rocky Springs, and travelled through snow from there to Milk river, and delivered the sheep to Mr. Begg on the 17th of the present month. Mr. Richter says the country is admirably adapted for sheep raising, being well sheltered and watered, the snows not falling any deeper than in northern Montana, and from his observation the feed is better. The sheep taken out for Senator Cochrane by Mr. Kerfoot did not fare as well as 150 are reported to have died on the trip. Mr. Kerfoot had some difficulty with his herders, but otherwise than the loss mentioned they were delivered in good condition.

An exchange truly says: The good old cow has paid off more mortgages and paid for more farms than any other known product. She is the mother of all our beef. In many a household she catches the wolf in her horns and tosses it far from the door. She has turned the tide of our agricultural prosperity in many parts of the country, from a downward course in raising grain or cotton, to an upward and prosperous one in raising stock, grass and hay. Flowers and grass spring from beneath her feet on the most barren soil. The old cow don't stop to enthrone over them, but converts them into good, solid, hard-cash.

CANADIAN.

OTTAWA.

An Order in Council has been passed under section 81 of the Dominion Lands Act of 1883, ordering that no sheep be allowed to graze in that section of the Northwest Territory bounded as follows: On the south by the International boundary line, on the west by the summit of the Rocky Mountains, on the north by High river and its fork to the Bow river, thence along the Bow river to the eastern boundary of the provincial district of Alberta, and on the east by said eastern boundary of Alberta.

The Deputy Minister of Marine states that a message has been received from Lieutenant Gordon, of the Hudson Bay expedition, stating that he has arrived at St. John's, Newfoundland. He left all well at the different points for taking observations, except C. E. Tuttle, of Winnipeg, who has returned ill, in the Neptune, with a doctor's certificate.

John Lowe, Chief of the Dominion Immigration Bureau, leaves for the west in a few days to investigate and report on this year's movement of population from Canada to the Western States. He will spend some time at Detroit, Port Huron, and other points along the frontier.

Another account states that the steamer Neptune of the Hudson Bay exploring expedition returned on Saturday. She located seven stations but found it impossible to establish an observatory on Resolution Island. On the homeward trip the Neptune ran on a rock twice, carrying off part of her keel. The vessel leaked badly. She then left for Nachbook where an observatory was located instead of on Resolution as first agreed upon.

The Winnipeg Times correctly says:—The Farmers' Union is by no means as powerful for mischief as it was, nor is it likely ever

again to become so; at the same time it will be well if the members of it give capital a chance, as recommended in the following from the Toronto Mail: "The wonderful yield of wheat now being marketed in the Northwest will put four millions into the farmers' pockets, bringing a measure of relief to every branch of trade. Mr. Stephen has gone to England to raise money for the construction of branch roads, and the Dominion Government will offer land subsidies of 6,400 acres per mile to branches at the nominal figure of ten cents per acre, about enough to pay for the surveys. Next spring the extension of the Canadian Pacific South-Western to Whitewater lake will probably be begun, and new lines will doubtless be commenced by other companies, notably the road through the Souris country. If the Farmers' Union will only give capital a chance, prosperity will soon return to that section of the Dominion."

EUROPEAN.

ENGLAND.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 8.—The Chamber of Commerce here has forwarded an address to Earl Granville re the recent encroachment of Germany on the west coast of Africa, urging on the Government the necessity of the preservation of British privileges there.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Oct. 9.—Advice from the Nile say that after the stranding of the Nile on which were Col. Stewart and his men, three natives came on board and stated to Col. Stewart that he was only a short distance from Marawee, which he could easily reach, and where they could get aid to float the steamer. They offered to guide them there. Col. Stewart and two companions started for land and when they had traveled out of sight of the steamer a number of men

sprung from an ambush and murdered the party. The rebels afterwards attacked the steamer killing all on board except four.

The Canadian contingent reached Assent to-day and goes to the frontier forthwith. Advice from Sukum state that the rebellion is increasing. Two fresh tribes have joined El Madhi. Osman Digna has abandoned the attack on Sukum and is now engaged in massacring women and children and stealing cattle belonging to the Omar tribes.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The Times' Dongola correspondent complains on behalf of himself and brother correspondents that all telegrams to and from England are subjected to military view, rendering their telegrams worthless.

THE WAR.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 8.—The bombardment of Tamsui by the French fleet is still in progress. On the 6th instant the fleet had destroyed the Chinese forts. The houses of Europeans in the city were riddled with shells, but the inhabitants there have not suffered any fatal casualties. The Chinese are strongly entrenched.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—A Times' private despatch from Port Arthur says:—There are no signs of the French fleet in this vicinity. The European engineers and artillery officers have made this place enormously strong, and now are in command of the Chinese forces here who are well armed and thoroughly drilled. If Admiral Courbet attacks this place with his fleet he will certainly be repulsed. The Chinese at Tamsui are strongly entrenched and vigorously resisting the French attack. The Chinese have retreated from Kelung on the town of Caner. Admiral Courbet is in pursuit with 200 French troops. The French continue to declare that a purely pacific blockade of the Chinese ports will be maintained.