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The Toronto World.

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THIRTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, JULY 25 1892 ONE CENT.

CARNEGIE'S MANAGER SHOT.

MANAGER FRICK SERIOUSLY WOUNDED BY AN ANARCHIST.

Desperate Attempt to Kill the Pittsburg Manufacturer—A Russian Hebrew Gains Entrance to His Office and Fires Four Times—Two Dynamite Cartridges Taken from His Mouth.

PITTSBURG, July 24.—Henry C. Frick, the head, chief and practically the absolute dictator of the great Carnegie iron and steel enterprise, the controller of the coke industry in the western part of the State and the possessor of a fortune variously estimated at from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000, was shot and perhaps fatally wounded a few seconds before 1.45 o'clock yesterday afternoon in his private office on the sixth floor of The Chronicle-Telegraph building in Fifth-avenue. The would-be assassin was Alexander Burkman, age 21, a cigarmaker, who says he lives in Forty-second-street, New York. He is a Russian Hebrew. The first bullet entered Mr. Frick's neck, the others lodged in the back. A moment before the tragedy a slim, dark-complexioned young man, neatly dressed in light clothing, entered the elevator car on the first floor and requested to be let out at the office of the chairman of the company.

Leaving the car the stranger proceeded across the hall and entered Mr. Frick's office. It was hardly more than a minute before there was a noise like a scuffle, and then a shot rang out upon the air. Before the startled clerks in the other offices could rush to the scene there were three more shots.

Grappled With His Assailant.

The first man to enter the room found Mr. Frick hanging on to his assailant, while blood streamed from his wounds. At the sight of the clerk the would-be assassin shook himself loose from his victim and dashed out of the door, but instead of taking to the stairs made a bound into the elevator car, which was standing there with the door open at the time. The elevator man had sufficient presence of mind to hold him in the cab until the arrival of Officers McRoberts and Crossin, who placed him under arrest. In the meanwhile an immense crowd had begun to gather in the streets, and when the officers appeared with their prisoner, who was pale and trembling and with his clothing spattered with blood, there were hundreds of groans and howls, intermingled with cries of "Shoot him!" "Lynch the murderer!"

When Burkman arrived at the Central Police Station he presented a most desperate appearance and looked and acted the Anarchist he is said to be. His curly hair seemed to stand on end, and his sallow complexion was bleached to an ashen whiteness. He was covered from head to foot with blood and was much excited, but seemed proud of his deed. He was hustled upstairs in the police station. He was placed in one of the women's cells, which are closed from public view and are on the second floor.

Had Dynamite in His Mouth.

At 4 o'clock a second examination of Burkman was made by Dr. Moyer, the police surgeon, and Inspector McKelvey and two dynamite caps were found in his mouth. The desperate man refused to let them be taken out without a struggle, and he had to be choked until he was black in the face before he gave them up. When Dr. Moyer was examining him he thought there was something wrong with his mouth and the doctor asked him to open it. This he refused to do until forced. It was evidently the man's intention to explode them in his mouth and kill himself in the manner used by Anarchist Lingg, the Chicago Haymarket rioter who was condemned to death. It is evident the caps would not work and the scheme failed.

After the caps were taken from his mouth he became more communicative and stated that his name was Alexander Burkman and he was a cigarmaker in New York. He said he had come here with the express purpose of killing Frick, "because he was an enemy of the people." He at first declined to give his nationality, but later said he was a Russian Jew, and that he was proud of his nationality. The would-be assassin is evidently a cigaret fiend. His fingers were yellow where the nicotine came off the cigarets.

He Worked for Most.

At the office of John Most's Freiheit in New York it was said that over a year ago a young man named Burkman worked there as a sort of an apprentice. He seldom made more than $8 or $9 a week, and he was an avowed Anarchist of the most violent type. He was an "individualist Anarchist" and not a "Socialist Anarchist," and as such he did not get on well with some of his associates on The Freiheit. His name appeared on the pay roll for the last time on July 4, 1891. No first name is given.

David Fortney, the young man who operates the elevator, says that the would-be assassin has been in and about the building for three days. Six or eight times he has taken the man up in the elevator. Each time he asked to see Mr. Bosworth of the Frick company. Fortney says he never liked the looks of the man, whom he described as a Hebrew, with a mean and sneaking look.

Before being locked up he was asked if he knew Mr. Frick, and replied in the affirmative.

"Why did you shoot him?" was asked and with a half-hysterical gurgle he replied: "I guess you know that."

Three Bullet Holes.

Immediately after the tragedy the doors leading from the Carnegie building were closely guarded, and admittance was denied to everybody, no matter what the nature of their business. Inside the building the confused murmur of the crowds upon the street was plainly heard. In the meantime all the physicians in the neighborhood had been summoned.

The semi-official statement soon came that three shots had taken effect, one in the ear, another in the neck and a third in the back.

A Clerk's Statement.

One of the Carnegie clerks who stood guard at the door after the shooting occurred said: "We were all busily engaged at work. The door leading from the hall was open. Mr. Frick was alone in his private office. Suddenly we were all startled by a noise which sounded like the swinging of a door. About one-half minute afterwards four pistol shots broke the stillness of the office, and just then a man darted out from Mr. Frick's private apartment. It was then realized what had occurred, and running to Mr. Frick we found him lying upon the floor with his hand near his heart. As the assassin reached the stairway he was intercepted by some men who had heard the shots."

Frick Saved His Life.

H. C. Frick saved the life of the man who tried to assassinate him; such is the story told on all sides. After Burkman had done his bloody work Mr. Frick caught him by the throat and knocked him down. One of the clerks ran into the office when he heard the reports. Burkman was getting up blood-stained and Mr. Frick was sitting on a chair. He pulled out a pistol and was about to shoot the would-be murderer when Mr. Frick caught him by the arm and cried: "Let the man alone." Just then Officers Cross and McRoberts arrived and the man was taken to the Central station.

Mr. Frick is resting easy to-night at his home in Pennsylvania-avenue, East End. His condition is not regarded as dangerous, and unless blood poisoning should supervene his ultimate recovery is regarded as a certainty. The medical aspect of his case was summed up to-night by Dr. Murdock.

"I am of the opinion that Mr. Frick's wounds are serious. However, I do not consider them necessarily dangerous. One of the balls entered the left side of the neck and was taken out on the right. This ball passed through the base of the skull. The other ball entered the right side of the neck near the base of the skull, took a downward course and lodged under the left shoulder blade. Both of these balls have been extracted. He also received two knife wounds, one in the left side of the stomach and another in the left hip. The wounds in the neck are the most serious, but I do not think any of them will prove fatal."

Notes.

The strikers at Homestead are shocked over the bulletins announcing the shooting of Frick. The first unthinking movement of some of the men was one of condemnation of Frick, but the cooler heads, and without exception the American leaders of the strike, deprecated these indecent manifestations and were most outspoken in their denunciation of the attempted murder.

A dramatic incident occurred near the Western Union Telegraph Office. A brawny steelworker could not restrain his feelings, but dropped on his knees on the sidewalk with clasped hands and uplifted eyes to thank God. Friends quickly hustled him away.

An attempt to interview Burkman in the prison proved abortive, as he would say nothing that would throw any light on his antecedents.

Mr. Frick is doing nicely and it is expected will be up and around in a few days. Meantime he will manage the Homestead affairs from his office here.

Secretary Lon-Joy authorizes the statement that there are now between 400 and 500 men in the Homestead mill, and that as many more will go in to-morrow.

WANTED TO DIE.

A Pretty Young School Teacher Jumps Into Niagara Rapids.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., July 24.—A pretty young school teacher named Allison from Corry, Pa., jumped into the whirlpool rapids on the Canada side. She went down the incline and was suddenly seen to throw herself into the roaring waters. A couple of tourists saw the woman jump and rushed up to where she was struggling in the water and, after heroic efforts to reach her, they caught her by the dress and pulled her to shore just before she reached the eddies. She was taken up the elevator and removed to Mrs. Bartle's residence, where restoratives were applied and she was brought back to consciousness. She gave her reason for the foolish act as being temporarily "mad," and expressed contrition over and over again for her attempted self-murder.

Shot Himself.

WINNIPEG, July 24.—William Olson, a Swede sectionman employed by the Canadian Pacific at Canmore, committed suicide by shooting.

Moncton's Missing Mayor.

MONCTON, N.B., July 24.—Sensation is caused here by the mysterious disappearance of John McCunow, mayor of this town. McCunow, who is a general insurance agent, left Moncton Thursday afternoon to visit the scene of a fire 20 miles back of Hampton, King's County, upon which destroyed property he held a risk. It was his intention to have returned Friday at noon and delivered an address at the decoration services in the cemetery.

An outline of the address has been found in his desk. Early Friday morning he was seen at Hampton, but since then all trace of him has been lost, as he did not leave on train. It is feared he is either lost in the woods or that some accident has overcome him in a thickly-settled part of the road. A search [illegible] has gone from here looking [illegible]ent was made unt[illegible] continue its investigatio[illegible] port every bit of evide[illegible]

[illegible] a Colliery.

[illegible] July 24.—By an explosion of gas at York Farm Colliery Saturday 15 are dead and one momentarily expected to breathe his last. Llellwyn, the sole survivor, says that he and his "Butty" Christian Hornicker, whose body still lies buried in the mine, had fired a shot with a battery in breast No. 1 on the second lift and immediately there was a strong rush of gas and run of coal. The gas rushed up the airway connecting the first and second lifts and was ignited, it is supposed, by one of the safety lamps that was either upset and broken or faulty and that a terrible explosion followed and the gangways filled with fallen rock, coal and timber covering up the bodies of some of the men. All the bodies have been recovered excepting two.

Smallpox at Gretna.

WINNIPEG, Man., July 24.—There are several cases of smallpox at Gretna, a town on the Canadian side of the American boundary line. The disease was brought there by Chinamen.

Also at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, July 24.—A car containing 17 German immigrants is quarantined in the Chicago and Northwestern yard, because one of them, a boy, has smallpox. The patient and the rest of the family have been removed to the pest house.

His Last Drink.

WINDSOR, July 24.—An unknown man was instantly killed by a Grand Trunk train near Pike Creek yesterday. He went into a house and got a drink and started down the track. Five minutes later he was struck by a west-bound freight. There was nothing on his person to denote who he was.

The manufacture and sale of the Eureka Garden House (cotton rubber-lined) for the entire Dominion is controlled by Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west. Note the brand "Eureka." In durability and strength it is unequalled. e

Vanderbilt Gets a Ducking.

HYANNIS, Me., July 24.—While at anchor in the fog on Nantucket shore this morning W. K. Vanderbilt's yacht Alva was run into by the steamer H. F. Dimock and sunk. All on board the Alva, including W. K. Vanderbilt and party, were saved and taken on board the Dimock. They will proceed in her to Boston as soon as the fog lifts.

Hon. Edward Blake.

Recently-made photographs in both cabinet and large size to be had at Herbert E. Simpson's, 143 College-street. 136

Killed a Bear.

QUEBEC, July 24.—A farmer named Stapelton killed a big bear within an acre of his house at Laval yesterday.

King of Mineral Waters, Sprudel, from the celebrated Mt. Clemens Spring, is the most palatable of all carbonated waters. $1.75 per dozen, quart bottles. Wm. Mara, agent.

WILL OFFICE BE OFFERED?

BLAKE MAY BE ASKED TO ENTER THE CABINET.

Speculation as to Mr. Gladstone's Political Program—Some of the Difficulties of His Position—Will Home Rule Be Postponed?—Discussing Cabinet Possibilities—Mr. Gladstone's Health.

LONDON, July 24.—G. W. Smalley cables to The New York Tribune: What will Mr. Gladstone do with a majority dependent on the votes of the Irish members? That is the question which all the political sections are now discussing. English and Scotch Radicals have submitted some daring programs and proposals for the consideration of the Liberal chief. It is in the kernel of all them that a quarrel must be picked with the House of Lords, so that even upon another appeal to the constituencies, which is universally admitted as probable at an early day, Home Rule pure and simple will not be the only issue laid before the electors. For it is feared that English electors will not march to the sound of the Home Rule drum alone.

The chief design of these Radicals, no doubt, is to prepare for the next election by enlarging the register, admitting more of the masses in their dealing with promised Home Rule for Ireland. Mr. Gladstone, however, cannot adopt this course without reckoning with the Irish members. Their acquiescence is absolutely necessary. Mr. Gladstone's promise about pressing forward Home Rule cannot be abandoned without Irish assent. In the early days of the recent election the Liberal leader even indicated that the London programs must be wholly set aside for Home Rule. More recently he has talked about the necessary reviewing of the whole situation, and two days ago actually spoke tenderly of the Liberal-Unionists, as though they were not beyond the pale of his friendship, if they gave him their votes. But the Irish members may not be content with this project. Certainly they do not care to see British reforms trotted forward in front of Home Rule. Irish members may conclude that if Home Rule is relegated to a secondary place the proposed quarrel of the English Radicals with the House of Lords may end in a Gladstonian victory at the next general election so complete that it will give him a majority independently of the Irish party, and the Home Rule bill which will then follow will be less after Irish desires than if modelled as matters now stand, under influence of a controlling Irish vote.

The Radical vote to-day is largely Nonconformist. It is not enthusiastic toward the Irish priesthood, and would gladly prefer a Home Rule measure containing severe restrictions. Equally, on the other hand, Irish members are not eager to have the Home Rule dish seasoned by Nonconformist flavoring, which will certainly be the case if Mr. Gladstone's majority hereafter should be independent of the Irish vote.

Must Fulfil His Pledge.

Hence the tactics of the English Radicals in the last few days find no particular response among the Irish members. On the contrary, there seems to be a disposition among the Irish to stand aloof altogether, and to demand that Mr. Gladstone proceed according to his pledges. The Irish certainly will not commit themselves till informed what Mr. Gladstone intends proposing, and are much too cute politicians to allow themselves to be juggled by English and Scotch Radicals for the sake of British reforms.

That Mr. Gladstone fully realizes his embarrassments was evinced by this week's speech, abounding in courtesies toward the Liberal-Unionists. He apparently thinks that, as they do not have to keep their friends in office, they may become more liberal and may feel bound by self-interest and the safety of their own seats to support some of those English reforms which would commence to command their sympathies if there were no question of Home Rule. But in vain is the net spread, etc. The Unionists cannot forget how much indebted they are for their seats to Conservative votes, or fail to recognize their help toward passing English reforms, only to make easier Mr. Gladstone's ultimate work in attacking legislative union.

We enter a clearer atmosphere when discussing the probable course of early events at Westminster. You already know that Lord Salisbury has decided to meet Parliament and take his dismissal by direct vote of the Commons. Swearing the members and electing a Speaker will occupy 10 or 12 days. It will be the third week in August before they can reach Mr. Gladstone's motion of no confidence. Even if circumstances prevent him from getting all his supporters into the division lobby, it may be counted certain that he will secure a majority and the end of the month will witness the retirement of Lord Salisbury's Ministry. Then will follow a period of cabinet making, in anticipation of which may already be observed some difficulty. The last few days witnessed a demand from an active group of Radicals. Most of the loaves of office will be not wholly given to the old gang. There must be new blood, say these, on the front bench. Office must be offered to some Irish members, though it is doubtful whether they dare accept. Though great efforts are being made to secure Mr. Blake, the late leader of the Canadian Liberals, Mr. Gladstone is also being urged to strengthen the debating power among his immediate colleagues, if the men can be found to help conduct the business in his absence.

So far as regards his personal health, Mr. Gladstone is positively better. He actually seems stronger than at the beginning of the campaign. Political warfare is as the very breath of his nostrils.

BLAKE AT GRANARD.

The Speech He Delivered at Justin McCarthy's Nomination.

GRANARD, Ireland, July 12.—At the nomination of Mr. Justin McCarthy for North Longford yesterday,

The Hon. Edward Blake came forward to address the meeting, and was received with loud and prolonged cheers and cries of "Welcome." In the course of an able and eloquent speech he said the reputation for ability, for integrity, for statesmanship and for all those qualities which ought to make a representative an honor to his constituency—the reputation of the distinguished gentleman to whom the electors of Longford were just bidding adieu, and the reputation of their old friend and member whom they were just welcoming—was not confined to Ireland, to England, or to Scotland, but it had spread beyond the broad Atlantic. Their names had long been known, their acts marked, their words read, their sentiments weighed by thousands and thousands of people who had never seen the old sod, but who took an interest in the affairs of it and of the sister island and a deep interest in the consummation of the great question now, he hoped, approaching a happy termination. [Cheers.] Perhaps he himself should say a word to them of the reasons why he, a Canadian born and bred, should have taken an earnest and a deep interest from early years in the cause which assembled them there in Granard. [Hear, hear.] The recollections of his ancestry were not the traditions of the mass of the people of Ireland, but he had the good fortune to be born in a free country, and to have sucked in with his mother's milk the elements of freedom. It was his good fortune to have observed from his earliest youth the struggles towards the consummation of the freedom long since achieved by his fellow-countrymen in Canada. [Hear, hear.] In Canada they had the rudiments of an Established Church, to which he himself happened to belong, but in that land there were no class distinctions, and all co-operated together, notwithstanding differences of race and creed

Continued on Second Page.

SMUGGLER BOUCHARD CAPTURED.

Nearly Every Inhabitant on the Island Had Been Laid Out by the Smuggled Whisky.

BAIE STE. PAUL, Que., July 23.—There was great excitement at Isle Aux Coudres yesterday when the McNaughton, with the detachment of "B" Battery and the customs officers, arrived yesterday morning. The people of the island had fully made up their minds to resist any attempt to arrest Bouchard or any other of the smugglers, but they never dreamed that such a large force as that on the McNaughton would be sent down. The news of the arrival of the vessel caused some of the smugglers to take to cover, but most of the inhabitants drove down to the scene of operations. The artillerymen were used to guard the customs officers while engaged in their search of the island. Numbers of places which were evidently used as storehouses for the contraband were searched. Several of them were found to contain small quantities of smuggled liquor, but most of them were empty, the smugglers having evidently succeeded in removing most of it or having hidden it in a place which the officers could not locate. The most important find was a cache of 20 barrels of liquor hidden near Bouchard's house. It was at once seized and put under guard. Bouchard was detained. He had evidently not anticipated this and was surprised when placed under arrest.

Bouchard's famous schooner, the Busy, was found at anchor at the same cove as she lay in when the customs officers of Quebec were repulsed by the smugglers Thursday. This morning she was taken in tow by a tug steamer, which started up the river for Quebec.

Arrival at Quebec.

QUEBEC, Que., July 24.—The tug McNaughton, with the "B" Battery contingent, arrived here at 6 o'clock Saturday evening. The now famous smuggler Bouchard, surrounded by a picket of soldiers with drawn bayonets, marched ashore seemingly proud of his exploits. At his side stood another well-known smuggler named Landry, nicknamed "Pork and Beans." A large concourse of people stood on the wharf. The two prisoners marched ashore with their escorts, and they cheered the smugglers enthusiastically as they passed between two lines of bayonets. Some were shouting: "Bravo, Bouchard! you're the boy"; others encouraged him by saying that everything concerning him would be all right. Both Bouchard and Landry were arrested yesterday afternoon by Collector of Customs Col. Forsythe. They and all their friends were stupid with drink. They declared that they would have resisted a reasonable force of 15 or 20 men, but 60 men and officers were too many for them.

"You may seize that whisky," said Bouchard, "there are hundreds more barrels of it on this island." One of the soldiers fainted shortly after landing. Bouchard and his ally were given over to the civil authorities.

Sixty-two barrels of contraband whisky were seized by Collector of Customs Forsythe on his expedition at Isle Aux Coudres.

There are nine schooner-owners at Isle Aux Coudres, which has a population of 800. Bouchard is about 50 years old and is 5 ft. 11 ins. in height. His crew was composed of natives of St. Pierre, Miquelon and Quebec.

IS HIS NAME SULLIVAN?

A Clue to the Identity of the Floater Found On Saturday.

An inquest will be held at the morgue to-day by Coroner Johnson to investigate the death of the man who was found floating at the foot of York-street Saturday morning. From papers found on his person it is thought that his name is Michael Sullivan.

A letter was found in one of his pockets. It reads as follows:

Office of T. Richards, General Merchant and operating the P.S.C. Railway, Whitehall:

M. SULLINAN: In the morning come down to Spundale and put in a switch. You can arrange with Mr. Hill and let him take two Italians in the place of two white men. Let him take what men you don't need, so that he will have the ties all in by the time you have the switch put in. Let all hands load about 50 ties at Whitehall. J. T. P.

A railway time book was also found on his person, and written on the inside of the fly-leaf was the name, "M. Sullivan, Moncton, N.B."

Further news regarding the deceased will probably come out to-day.

Drowned in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

Last night the body of a young woman named Doran was found floating in the pond at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. She was recognized as an inmate of the Deer Park Sanitarium, from which institution she probably escaped. The remains were taken to W. H. Stone's undertaking establishment. Coroner Johnson will hold an inquest to-night.

The Right Sort of Weather.

People who have been waiting for settled hot weather before purchasing hot weather hats have a special reason for purchasing now.

The weather is hot.

And a late season has left such a large part of the summ[illegible] stock unsold that Messrs. W. & D. [illegible], corner King and Yonge-streets, are [illegible]ficing the ordinary profit made on over 8000 straw hats by selling the remainder on hand at less than cost in order to clear them out.

The weather is just right for the hats.

And the prices at Dineens' are just right for people who like to get an exceptionally good thing for their money.

What this warm weather suggests is something that will boil the kettle, cook an egg, or fry a beefsteak in a hurry. Harvies kindling wood is just the thing. Try 6 crates for a dollar delivered c.o.d. Harvie & Co., 20 Sheppard-street. Tel. 1570. 136

Eureka Cotton Garden Hose. It is the best. It is the best. Every length branded "Eureka." Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west. e

Drowned at Fort Qu'Appelle.

WINNIPEG, July 24.—Malcolm Urquhart, a Hudson's Bay officer, was drowned at Fort Qu'Appelle yesterday. Deceased was a pioneer of the country and well known.

"Esohnedragakerue" was the name which a bewildered reader found in the columns of an issue of The World. Upon investigation he found that it was Eureka Garden Hose spelt backwards. e

Paris Grants $100.

PARIS, Ont., July 24.—The Paris Town Council granted $100 to the relief of the St. John's sufferers.

Millions of feet sold! Of what? Of Eureka Cotton Garden Hose. Look for the brand "Eureka." Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west.

A Story in Every Jot.

There were 25 sunstrokes and two deaths in Chicago yesterday.

A rumor that Senator Hill contemplated resigning his seat in the U.S. Senate is officially denied.

On Thursday evening Will Nubemeyer, a young clerk in a shoe store, and Miss Nellie Boise, a stenograph, were drowned at Cleveland.

Michael Cucovich, recently released from the insane asylum, held up a stage single-handed near Stockton, Cal., a few days ago and forced the driver and two passengers to surrender their cash. He was pursued by a dozen officers, whom he held at bay, firing 20 shots at them. He finally surrendered.

A butcher named Snyder terrorized his neighbors in Dubuque, Ia., last night by attacking everybody with a butcher knife. Policeman Segrist attempted to quiet him and was in turn attacked. The officer then shot Snyder through the heart, killing him.

ONE-FOURTH ARE LAWYERS.

PERSONNEL OF THE NEW HOUSE OF COMMONS.

164 Lawyers, 35 Journalists, 50 Railway Directors, 18 Brewers and Only 10 Farmers—No Less Than 70 Unitarians Among the Members and Eight Quakers.

LONDON, July 24.—An analysis of the personnel of the new House of Commons has practical value as showing the influence of different classes and callings upon political life:

Lawyers	164
Merchants	55
Army and Navy officers	53
Officers of the auxiliary forces	52
Journalists	35
Manufacturers	57
Peers' sons and brothers	35
Gentry and landowners	83
Shipowners	19
Brewers	18
Farmers	10
Labor representatives	15
Railway directors	50

The remaining seats are occupied by men of various other vocations or classes. Among adherents of religious denominations there are:

Quakers	8
Congregationalists	28
Methodists	20
Unitarians	70
Baptists	8

The bulk of the others are either members of the Established Church or Catholics.

BURIED BY A MOSQUE TOWER.

Appalling Accident Reported from Alexandria—Hundreds Killed.

VIENNA, July 24.—Some of the newspapers of this city publish a telegram reporting that the tower of the Muraie Mosque in Alexandria, which was recently restored, collapsed during a service on the 21st inst., that several hundred persons were killed, and that bodies of the victims were being extricated hourly from the ruins.

Honoring Bismarck.

BERLIN, July 24.—An immense demonstration in honor of Prince Bismarck was held in Kissingen to-day. Special trains carried thousands to Kissingen from Coburg, Mannheim, Darmstadt, Heidelberg, Pforzheim and Carlsruhe.

Replying to an address presented to him, Prince Bismarck said that the ovation was such that no minister ever before received and he regarded it as a tribute to his work. The endeavors made to bring about German union in 1848, he said, were premature and those made in 1866 had no lasting result, while in 1870 all wielded hammers striking in unison the anvil on which the empire was forged. United Germany was wrought out by French battalions. Friends, he added, had advised him to keep silent, but he would not allow his mouth to be closed. He concluded by joining in cheers for the Emperor, the Empire, the Reichstag.

A Derelict Clergyman Sentenced.

DUBLIN, July 23.—The Rev. Samuel G. Cotton, formerly at the head of the Carogh Orphanage at Kildare, who was charged with manslaughter, in causing the death of one child in his care and with cruelty to others, was sentenced to-day on his conviction on the cruelty charge to six months' imprisonment at hard labor and to pay a fine of £400.

Winners At the Bisley Meeting.

LONDON, July 24.—At the Bisley rifle meeting Saturday the quick firing competition for teams of 10 was won by the team from Scotland by a score of 91. The Jersey team scored 89, the Canadian team 72, the English team 71 and the Irish team 48. Major Pollock of the Argyle Highlanders won the Queen's Prize with a score of 377. Scotland won the National Challenge Trophy with an aggregate score of 1692.

Foreign Findings.

M. Vishnegradsky, Russian Minister of Finance, has resigned.

The eruption of Mount Etna, which for a week past has excited the gravest alarm, is now decreasing in violence.

A dispatch from Lagos, West Africa, says the Egbas, who were recently reduced to submission, have again blocked the trade route to the interior and are murdering and kidnapping traders. Two hundred houses have been burned.

BOTH TORONTONIANS VICTORS.

O'Connor Defeats Hosmer and Hanlan Beats Ross On the Potomac.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—There were two single scull races to-day at River View, on the Potomac. The first was between O'Connor and Hosmer and the other between Hanlan and Ross.

The course was three miles with three turns, three quarter-miles stretch, and the stakes were $500 a side in each event.

In the first race O'Connor crossed the line a winner a length to the good, time 19.25. In the second race Hanlan won by a length and a half, time 19.48.

Pipe Smokers.

You may be satisfied with the brands of tobaccos you have been using for years. Grant it that you are satisfied. As there is always room for improvement, we ask you to try our OLD CHUM PLUG, or CUT smoking tobacco; we believe you will be BETTER satisfied. In any case a trial won't hurt you. 126

Ask for the Toronto Rubber Company's Tennis Shoes. Finest in the market. For sale everywhere. e

Postoffice Robbed of $700.

ALEXANDRIA, Ont., July 24.—The safe in the Alexandria postoffice was blown open by dynamite yesterday and $700 stolen.

Beware of the trashy imitations of the Eureka Garden Hose now on the market. Look for the brand "Eureka." Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west. e

Dr. Farmer Seriously Hurt.

DUNDAS, Ont., July 24.—Dr. Farmer, Ancaster, was thrown out of his buggy yesterday and sustained very serious injuries, having one leg broken and injuries to the head. Six doctors are attending him.

Beware of the trashy imitations of the Eureka Garden Hose now on the market. Look for the brand "Eureka." Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west. e

Probably Fatal Sunstroke.

DUNDAS, Ont., July 24.—Dr. Richardson of Ancaster is in a very dangerous condition, the result of sunstroke yesterday.

Sprudel Mt. Clemens Mineral Water. A specific for dyspepsia, and cures cases when all other remedies have failed. $1.75 per doz. Quart bottles.

A Suicide's Burial.

DRUMMONDVILLE, Ont., July 24.—The funeral of Noble Kenney of Toronto took place here Saturday. The arrangements were made by Capt. Burslem of Buffalo, in whose restaurant Kenney was employed.

Beware of the trashy imitations of the Eureka Garden Hose now on the market. Look for the brand "Eureka." Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west. e

Try Goody-Goody Chewing Gum. You will like it and use it again.

HOW CAPT. STAIRS DIED.

The Story of a Survivor of the Ill-Fated Katanga Expedition—Frightful Suffering From Starvation.

LONDON, July 24.—The Marquis de Beauchamp, a colleague of Capt. Stairs and Capt. Bodson of the ill-fated Katanga expedition, has landed at Marseilles. He describes how the Msiris attacked the expedition and how Capt. Stairs sent Capt. Bodson to King Msiri to parley with him. Msiri was about to kill Bodson when the latter in self-defence shot Msiri. Capt. Bodson was then himself killed by the natives. The expedition had been for 26 days without food, except white ants and locusts. The Belgian Mission was reached just in time to save the surviving members of the expedition from starvation. Subsequently they tried to reach the coast by way of the Zambesi River. Captain Stairs had been ill for a long time and he died at Shinde. One hundred and ninety natives attached to the expedition also perished.

The Katanga expedition, under command of Captain Stairs, was organized by the Belgian Katanga Company and was intended to effect a settlement in Msiri's Kingdom, westward of Lakes Macro and Bangweolo. Its ultimate object was the opening up of the Katanga region, which is supposed to be rich in copper, quicksilver and gold.

DEATH OF MASTER DALTON

The Popular and Able Master in Chambers Is No More—An Interesting Character.

The death of Robert Gladstone Dalton, master in chambers High Court of Justice, took place at his residence, 317 Brunswick-avenue, yesterday. Mr. Dalton had been ill since December last, and his protracted illness was fatally terminated by heart disease. Deceased was 74 years of age and was born at Kingston. His first appointment as an official at Osgoode Hall dates 25 years back, when he was made clerk of Crown, Pleas and Queen's Bench and sat in Chambers besides. He was the first officer to occupy that position. Before Mr. Dalton's appointment the duties were performed by the judges. The office was bestowed upon him by the John Sandfield Macdonald Government, and the object in creating it was to relieve the judges of formal matters except those involving the liberty of the subject. Mr. Dalton acted in this capacity until the Judicature Act was passed in 1881, when he was made Master in Chambers with increased jurisdiction. His duty when clerk in chambers was only concerned in common law cases, but when the Judicature Act came into force he took all chamber motions. Before he took the position of master he was a practising barrister here for many years, and was in partnership with the late Sir Adam Wilson. He was also at one time in partnership with Mr. Gilbert, who is now mayor of Chicago.

Probably Mr. Dalton's most marked characteristic was his amiability and patience. It did not matter who was arguing before him, whether the most obnoxious barrister or the most learned Q.C.—he gave a patient hearing, but when the argument was concluded the master's decision was as a rule soon given, so keen was his insight and so quick was his grasp of details. He was a model of judicial fairness, and his method of hearing cases was instructive, and many were the notes, mental and otherwise, which rising scions of the law took of his rulings. So much confidence had the bar in his ability to grasp the points submitted for his consideration that they often presented their case orally instead of in manuscript form. His court was looked upon as a model one, particularly in its dealings with municipal cases, such as those testing the right of a mayors-elect, etc., to occupy their seats. His knowledge of municipal law was extensive, and many members of the bar elected to take their case before him when they might have gone before the judges. When his decisions were given they were generally accepted without dissent by both parties to the case, and seldom were his decisions overruled by the higher courts. He was a steady and persistent worker, and after office hours he might be often seen wending his way home with a bundle of papers, on which he would spend many hours of the night in writing up judgments. Then in the morning before office hours he might again be found busy at work in Osgoode Hall library. His judgments, when delivered, were models of brevity, a trait which probably descended to him from his father, an old newspaper man, who established the first paper in Toronto.

In private life he was quiet and unostentatious. In politics he was a Conservative, although never taking an active part in politics. He sympathized with the English Unionists and was a careful reader of The London Times.

For some years, while he occupied the position of chief clerk of Queen's Bench, with him were associated Mr. John Small (now collector of customs) as senior clerk and tax officer and Mr. Alexander McDougal, (now clerk of process) as junior clerk. "It was a peculiarly pleasant office to do business with in those days," remarked a well-known member of the bar to The World yesterday. "In fact, it was a veritable happy family."

Deceased was a man of striking physique and his countenance was open, benevolent and expressive. No man will be more missed by the profession than Mr. Dalton, and his memory will be kept green by those who have been brought into contact with him. Two sons and three daughters survive him.

The late Sir Adam Wilson and deceased were warm friends, and the demise of the former is thought to have hastened the death of the latter. They were of similar temperaments, being both unobtrusive and retiring. The present Lady Wilson is a sister of deceased.

Mr. Dalton has passed through many severe illnesses, and during the last ten years has been a victim to gout.

Since Mr. Dalton took leave of absence six months ago Mr. Winchester, inspector of public offices and referee, has been acting master.

A Wholesale House In Trouble.

The well-known firm of Thompson, Lamson & Co. of Montreal have failed, and we have purchased their entire stock of men's furnishings at 47 cents on the dollar, which we will offer at prices never before heard of and make a grand July sale. Bear in mind these goods are not scorched by fire or mildewed with age, but fresh, clean, new, stylish goods, suitable for dressy people. Don't be deceived by so-called selling out sales. Remember the place, Richardson, the mammoth men's furnisher and outfitter, 65 King-street west. Store open every night until 6 p.m.

The Prohibition Commission.

HALIFAX, N.S., July 24.—Some interest is being taken in the Prohibition Commission which opens here to-morrow morning in the council chamber, City Hall. Meetings will be open to the public and some spicy evidence is expected to be submitted.

Sir Joseph Hickson, Judge Macdonald and ex-Mayor Clarke of Toronto arrived in the city early Sunday. Rev. Dr. Whead of Fredericton is also here. Only one commissioner is absent, Mr. Piganitt, ex-M.P. for Rouville.

"Eureka" is the registered brand of the original and only mildew-proof cotton garden hose made. Beware of imitations. 28 King-street west. e

The Boy Got Lost.

BUFFALO, July 24.—Malcolm McCaskill, aged 7 years, of Allenburg, Ont., is at Police Headquarters. He says his mother brought him here and he got lost. A telegram was received last night from the boy's father in which he states the boy ran away from home, but the officers believe the boy's story.

The most distinguished men of the medical profession highly praise Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum for indigestion and dyspepsia.

Sam Small Given $500 For a Tooth.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 24.—A jury has awarded the Rev. Sam Small $500 damages for a tooth knocked out by a saloonkeeper during the last Prohibition campaign. Small sued for $5000.

Sprudel Mt. Clemens Mineral Water is recommended by the most prominent physicians in the United States for all rheumatic affections, kidney difficulties and biliousness. $1.75 per doz. Quart bottles. Wm. Mara, agent.

DEATHS.

COOK—On Friday, July 22, on board steamship Parisian, Hannah Cook of No. 7 Walmer-road, Toronto, daughter of late William Cook, Pine View, Vaughan.
Funeral private.

PLUMB—On Friday evening, July 22, at 603 Ontario-street, Sydney Ross, infant son of Thomas A. and Florence E. Plumb, aged 5 months 22 days.
Funeral private.

THE MANITOBA ELECTIONS.

PREMIER GREENWAY SUSTAINED BY A MAJORITY OF 10.

Two of His Cabinet Among the Slain, However—Hon. J. A. Smart Defeated in Brandon and Hon. D. McLean in Dennis—The Prohibition Plebiscite Carried By a Large Majority.

WINNIPEG, July 24.—The provincial elections in Manitoba yesterday made little change in the complexion of the parties. The next Legislature will be composed of 25 Government, 14 Opposition and one Independent. All the constituencies have been heard from but Dauphin, which is conceded to the Opposition.

The defeat of the Opposition is almost entirely due to the Separate School cry, which aroused very bitter feeling. The Government is also charged with bribery, and it is reported that Hagel and Wood, Oppositionists, defeated in Kildonan and Carillon by small majorities, will immediately appeal.

Among the slain are two Cabinet ministers—Hon. D. McLean, who was defeated in Dennis city by J. F. Frame, and Hon. J. A. Smart, who was defeated in Brandon city by W. A. Macdonald by a majority of 34.

It is not likely that other seats will be found for the Cabinet ministers, but that the Cabinet will be filled from those now elected.

Bob Watson, who resigned his seat in the Dominion Government for Marquette, had a substantial majority in Portage la Prairie over W. J. Cooper.

Premier Greenway had a narrow escape, his majority in Mountain being pulled down to 100.

The Prohibition plebiscite resulted in a large majority all over the province for prohibition, the vote being nearly three to one in favor of it.

LAURIER TO RESIGN.

The Leader of the Opposition Will Retire at the Approaching Liberal Convention, It is Said.

MONTREAL, July 24.—Mr. Laurier is seriously considering retiring from the leadership of the Liberal party. It is well known that Mr. Laurier has for a long time been disappointed with the party's prospects. He does not think he is receiving the support he should from Ontario. Mr. Laurier is also a comparatively poor man, and he finds it hard to give all his time to the party and to attend to the practice of his profession. The only reason why he has not given up the leadership long ago is that he was afraid he might be accused of deserting it in a crisis. It is very likely that if a Liberal convention is called Mr. Laurier will ask the party representatives to choose a new leader. Mr. Laurier will shortly take up his residence in Montreal, where he will practice his profession.

WHILE LEARNING TO SWIM.

Peculiar Death of a Toronto Lad at Kincardine on Saturday.

KINCARDINE, Ont., July 23.—This morning about 11 o'clock James McCallum Cosbie, son of Mr. R. H. Cosbie of 43 Rose-avenue, Toronto, traveler for Samson, Kennedy & Co., lost his life. It appeared that the young lad and his father were bathing in the lake, the latter endeavoring to teach his son to swim. After holding him in the water for some time, the young lad striking out with hands and feet and apparently enjoying himself, the latter suddenly seemed to have lost all animation, and on taking him out of the water it was found that life had fled. Mr. Cosbie and family were spending a few days by the lake.

DIED ON THE PASSAGE OVER.

A Toronto Woman Passes Away From Pneumonia on the Parisian.

QUEBEC, July 24.—Miss Hannah Cook, a cabin passenger bound for Toronto, died on board the S.S. Parisian yesterday morning just prior to the ship reaching Rimouski. She had been ill on leaving England. Pneumonia is supposed to have caused death. The body was forwarded to Toronto to-day in charge of her sister, who was also a passenger on board.

Miss Cook was a daughter of the late William Cook, Pine View, Vaughan, and resided at No 7 Walmer-road.

HE WAS FROM TORONTO.

Sudden Death of a Porter at the Grand Opera House Hotel, Hamilton.

HAMILTON, July 24.—Several days ago a man who came up from Toronto was engaged as porter at the Grand Opera House Hotel. He gave the name of George Yap, or something like it. The man has been in Toronto hospital for some time, and, after coming to Hamilton, he was taken ill. He became worse and died this morning. Coroner Mackelcan was summoned. A message sent to the man's friends elicited the answer, "Can't come," and he was buried in Potter's field.

Miss Herndon to Enter a Convent.

NEW YORK, July 24.—The daughter of T. J. Herndon, the actor, who was lately consigned to Bloomingdale Asylum on account of his mental condition, has signified her intention of entering a convent. She is a girl of 20, and has gained some distinction as an artist.

Printer Ott Drowned.

BUFFALO, July 24.—Capt. Joseph Day of the yacht Sprudel, which was towing the pleasure barge, Schwabl Brothers, to Eagle Park yesterday, reported last night that when they were off Nettle Point, Canada, Ferdinand Ott accidentally fell overboard and was drowned. He was a printer and worked at The Volks Freund office.

Alice Mitchell's Neck in Danger.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 24.—In the Alice Mitchell trial the attorneys discussed the hypothetical case. The state objects to its introduction, and if the Attorney-General is sustained it will place Alice Mitchell's neck in danger.

Queen's Royal Hotel.

The next hop at the Queen's Royal Hotel, Niagara-on-the-Lake, will be held July 23. Music by the band of the 21st Regiment of U.S. Infantry. Promenade concerts by full band of the regiment every Saturday afternoon in the grounds of the hotel. Send for illustrated circular. Special rates to families. Tickets, good for steamboat fares and board at hotel from Saturday until Monday, can be purchased at the Queen's Hotel, Toronto, for $5.50.

Ocean Steamship Movements.

Date.	Name.	Reported at.	From.
July 23	Moravia	Southampton	New York
"	City of Chester	New York	Liverpool
"	Rugia	New York	Hamburg
"	LaGascogne	New York	Havre
"	Peruvian	Glasgow	Montreal
"	Pomeranian	St. John	Glasgow

Another Scorcher.

Moderate to fresh winds, mostly southerly to westerly; very warm, with thunderstorms in many places.

Minimum and maximum temperatures yesterday: Calgary 54, 76; Prince Albert 46, 68; Qu'Appelle 44, 74; Winnipeg 62, 78; Port Arthur 52, 84; Toronto 65, 92; Montreal 66, 82; Quebec 58, 76; Halifax 54, 84.