THE TORONTO WORLD

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TUESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 8, 1885.

The Fate of Riel.

Those who are most likely to know the secrets of the Ottawa cabinet say that without doubt Sir John Macdonald will allow the law to take its course in the case of Louis Riel. The date of execution was fixed for September 18, a week from Friday next.

Teach the Militia to Shoot.

The late Northwest rebellion has been extremely prolific in after discussions, and much breath that might have been put to better purpose, has been wasted in wrangling as to who was or was not first in at Batoche, and on kindred subjects. Amid all this talk little or nothing has been done to point out the lessons to be drawn from the experience of the campaign as to the efficiency of the present system of militia training, and its results as seen in actual operation. Let us take the two Toronto regiments, the Queen's Own and Royal Grenadiers, as favorable specimens of the existing system. In the time of peace what are these regiments taught, and in what are they trained? They are taught to shoulder, to slope and to present, to wheel and to keep their dressing, and they are trained to look upon a march past where every company presents a front like a mathematical line and every soldier swings his legs in unison, as the chief end of a soldier's existence. Their accoutrements—that is their belts, pouches and buckles—must be a polished ebony or a milky white. They must know their "manual," and be able on the word of command, not only to "right" or "left about form company" as the necessities of the drill ground—in front of the post office—may require, but they must be able to remember whether these strategic movements are performed with the rifle at the "trail," the "short trail" or the "shoulder." In fact, this and similar uses are almost the only ones to which their rifles are put. These weapons are looked upon as very handy to drill with, but, to the majority of the boys are little more. True, there are the rifle ranges on Garrison common, which are open for practice to all who like to go there on Saturday afternoons or Wednesday mornings at five o'clock. Five o'clock as a rule is a little too early to get out of bed, and Saturday afternoons bring along many attractions more powerful than rifle practice at the ranges. The consequence is that our citizen soldiers are diligently instructed in parade and show drill, while they are allowed to remain in practical ignorance of the use of the rifle. There were many men sent up to fight against halfbreed and Indian marksmen in the late trouble, who had never fired off a rifle in their lives, and who had to be instructed while on active service how to load and how to adjust their sights. They knew absolutely nothing, as city boys are apt to do, of how a rifle should be handled or taken care of. Nor is this to be wondered at. The fault is the fault of the system, which is all wrong. The end of war is to kill, yet how to kill is the very thing left untaught. Surely this is the height of absurdity. Let half or three quarters of the time which is now devoted to drill be spent in rifle practice, and the efficiency of our militia will be increased tenfold.

The Highland Crofters.

The case of the Highland crofters, which has so much interested the Rev. Mr. McGregor, of Chicago, and others, is almost similar in every respect to that of the small farmers of the west and north of Ireland before the passage of the Gladstone land act. They originally rented small patches of ground along the streams and lochs of the western highlands, and were accorded the privilege of grazing their cattle, sheep, and goats on the moors and mountains adjoining. The moors and mountains in recent years have been much sought after by rich men from England and lowland Scotland for sporting purposes. Large rents were offered for them, and the landlords, being tempted by the bribe, deprived the crofters of their pastures and confined them to the little patches of ground on which they grew the grain and vegetables necessary for the family support. Even for these exorbitant rents were charged. Subdivision of them was made penal, and rules of estate to prevent any trespassing in the neighboring game preserves and forests were enforced with the utmost exactness. The crofters were reduced by these methods to a condition of serfdom, and hunger frequently pinched them. Their position became so intolerable that they were at last driven to protest.

An agitation not unlike that of the Irish land league was inaugurated. It was conducted principally by the more sympathetic of the presbyterian clergymen. It had the effect of calling the government's attention pointedly to the crofter's grievances, and a royal commission was appointed to make investigation. The result of the inquiry was to confirm the truth of the complaints, and in May of this year the lord advocate of Scotland, then a member of Mr. Gladstone's government, introduced a bill for the protection of the highlanders. It provided for the fixing of rents by arbitration. Where the landlord and tenant with the aid of an umpire could not agree it was contemplated to have the rent fixed by two government valuers. These rents could be changed but once every five years, and the tenant could retain his holding as long as he paid his rent and complied with certain reasonable rules. If he desired to give up his little farm he was entitled to compensation for any permanent and proper improvements made thereon. The measure would, in fact, confer all the advantages of the Irish land act except the right of "free sale."

Mr. Gladstone, in explaining the measure, said he was sorry it was not more comprehensive, but it was the best that he could hope to pass during the closing days of parliament. The defeat of the liberal ministry and the succession of the tories deprived the crofters of even this poor boon. Now they have begun again to agitate for more liberal legislation. They will succeed if the liberals return to power.

Against Scott Act Prohibition.

Editor World: The prohibitionists are threatening an early appeal to the electors for the enforcement of the Scott act in Toronto, and it behoves every man who has the welfare of the city at heart to give at the polls an honest expression of his opinion on its merits. This act has heretofore been forced upon county after county by a numerically insignificant, though noisy and active, minority, the great body of the electors having treated it with indifference and refrained from voting, as may readily be proved by comparing the number of votes polled with the number on the voters' lists. Let it not be said that the electors of the capital of Ontario have permitted themselves to imitate such folly.

I object to the Scott act because it places an unjust power in the hands of a minority. It permits that minority to assail vested interests and destroy them without compensation; to attack the rights and personal liberty of the people—both of neighbors and of the stranger at their gate, and it violates the sacred tight of conscience by forbidding the rational use of the good creatures of God, going so far even as to mock and insult and denounce one of the elements of the Lord's supper, thereby bringing into contempt the very keystone of Christianity and so far effectively doing the work of the Secularists, Agnostics and Infidels of the day.

Such deeds would be crimes, even if perpetrated by the majority upon a minority, but when, as in the practical operation of the Scott act machinery, the minority can impose its yoke upon the majority, that yoke becomes doubly intolerable.

"Prohibition does not prohibit." This fact has been demonstrated time and again. But the Scott act is not even prohibition. It creates a close monopoly and an inquisitorial form of dispensing alcoholic liquors, under which the rich may indulge with unrestrained freedom and the industrial classes are compelled to submit to the exactions of the physician and the druggist before they can follow Paul's advice to Timothy (for which I am sure he did not charge a dollar!) and take a "little wine for their stomach's sake." Under the Scott act a man may buy blue pills, laudanum, black draughts, potions, plasters, liniments and "mixtures" of all sorts and for all diseases without an order from a doctor of medicine, preacher or magistrate. But, presto! does he want a little wine for external or internal use, then the whole machinery of declarations, certificates and registration must be set in motion, and the records must be kept so that the pharisees may be able to point the finger of scorn at the unholy wretch and thank their God that they are not like unto him.

JAMES WHYTE.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY, Sept. 7.

On the Toronto stock exchange this forenoon 10 Ontario sold at 107¾; 3 Toronto at 186¾ 10 10 at 187, and 30 at 187 after board; 2 5 Standard at 115¼; 84 new stock Western Canada at 180; 100 Canada Landed at 124, and 24 new stock at 114½; 100 London and Canadian at 142 after board. There were no afternoon sales.

There were yesterday stored in the Northern elevator 1750 barrels of flour, 20,299 bushels of fall wheat, 40,371 bushels spring wheat, 6376 bushels barley; total 66,956 bushels. For the week ending Sept. 5 there was shipped 22,620 bushels of fall wheat.

Local street prices: Wheat 78c to 80c for fall and spring, 69c to 70c for goose. Barley sold at 50c to 57c. Oats brought 35c to 38c. Peas 64c. Rye 67½c. Hay—Timothy per ton $15 to $16. Straw $12 to $14, and wanted.

In London to-day Hudson bay was quoted at £18; Northwest land stands at 32s 6d.

Consols opened at 100 and declined to 99 15 16 at which it closed.

The sales in Montreal to-day were: Morning—Merchants 16 at 115½. Dundas Cotton 25 at 46, 25 at 47. Afternoon—Richelieu 25 at 60, Passenger 50 at 117, 50 at 116¾, Gas 75 at 189.

Cox & Co. were to-day advised by Fleming & Boyden, Chicago, as follows: Wheat steadier; trade very light; cables reported unchanged; export orders here half-cent to cent below market; Duluth and Minneapolis receipts over 300 cars new wheat to-day; 400 expected to-morrow; needs better foreign advices to bull much; visible estimates vary considerably but we expect over half a million increase. Corn steady, dull; market cent above shipping basis. Provisions stronger, but very dull. 190 cars wheat, 600 corn and 235 oats to-morrow.

Oil City—Petroleum opened at 100¾, and closed 101 bid, highest 101½, lowest 100¾.

New York opened irregularly followed by continued weakness right up to the close. New York Central opened ¼ lower at 97¾, touched 98¼ and 97, closing 97½; sales 14,400. Delaware and Hudson opened 1 lower at 83¾, declined to 79½, closing 80¼; sales 2600. Lackawanna opened ¼ higher at 100¾, declined to 98, at which it closed; sales 53,400. Jersey opened 1 higher at 45, declined to 40½, and closing 41; sales 18,200. Lake Shore opened ⅜ lower at 69⅝ touched 70¼ and 68¾, closing 69½; sales 34,700. Northwest opened ¼ lower at 97½, declined to 95½, closing 95¾; sales 27,500. Omaha pfd opened 1 lower at 88½ declined 87¼, closing 88; sales 9200. Pacific Mail opened ⅜ lower at 50½, declined to 48½, at which it closed; sales 4300. St. Paul opened ¼ lower at 76½, touched 76⅝ and 74⅝; sales 48,500. Western Union opened ¼ lower at 69¾, declined to 68⅝, closing 68⅞; sales 17,500.

The general business situation, as reported by wire to Bradstreet's, continues quite as favorable as reported last week. The activity is mainly confined, as heretofore noted, to print cloths, bleached cottons, wool and boots and shoes, but the feature of the week is found in the improvement noted in eastern iron markets. The movement of wool at all seaboard markets has been liberal. Prices are firm and gradually advancing. Wheat growers west and northwest are holding back their grain, and the result in some regions will be to unfavorably affect general trade. The price of wheat continues to disregard the short crop and the probabilities of heavy demands for surplus grain by foreign buyers. Dairy products are higher, with an indifferent demand. Petroleum presents no new features beyond some slight speculative activity. Provisions have been lower and in only nominal request. There were 169 failures in the United States during the past week, as compared with 146 the preceding week, and with 178, 152 and 121 respectively in the corresponding weeks of 1884, 1883 and 1882. About 84 per cent. were those of small traders whose capital was less than $5000. Canada had 17, an increase of 9.

Toronto Stock Exchange.

Closing prices: Montreal 202, 201; Ontario 108½, 107½; Toronto 187½, 186½; Merchants 116, 115; Commerce 127½ 128; Imperial 127, 125; Federal 96½, 96; Dominion 202, 200; Standard 116, 115; Hamilton, buyers 124½; Northwest Land 41, 40; Consumers' Gas 164, 162½; Canada Permanent 203, 200 Western Canada, buyers 190; Canada Landed 124½, 124; London and Canadian, xd. 143½, 142.

Montreal Stock Exchange.

Closing prices: Montreal, 202, 201; Ontario 109; Molsons 125, 123; Toronto 188, 186; Merchants' 116, 115; Commerce 128, 126½; Federal 95; Canadian Pacific Railway 46; Montreal Telegraph 128½, 127½; Richelieu 60½, 60; Passenger 117, 116½; Gas 189, 188½; Canada Cotton 60; Dundas Cotton 50, 40; Northwest Land 41, 39.

The Fruit Market.

The shipments in fruit were larger today and the market more active. Peaches were not equal to the demand and sold higher. The late varieties will soon be coming in and prices will likely decline. Pears are being freely offered and prices are falling. Winter varieties are commencing to arrive. Good cooking apples find keen sale. Grapes and plums are more plentiful and sell readily. The prices at Lumbers' auction were:

Peaches—First class, per basket, $1.45 to $1.60; second class $1.20 to $1.25.

Pears—Bartlett's, first class, per basket, 65c to 75c; per barrel, $5.50 to $5.60; second class, $3 to $3.10; preserving, $2.60 to $3; per basket, 40c to 50c.

Apples—Red Astrachan, large per barrel, $1.50 to $1.75; Duchess, $1.80 to $2; sweet, 75c to 90c.

Plums—Large blue, $1.10 to $1.25; small blue, 57½c to 65c; per crate $1.40 to $1.60; large green, $1 to $1.28 per basket; small green 60c to 75c.

Grapes—Champion, 6½c to 7½c per pound.

Tomatoes—45c to 55c per bushel.

Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Cotton unchanged. Flour—Receipts 178,000 bbls., dull; sales 11,000 bbls. Wheat—Receipts 128,000 bush., exports 82,000 bush.; spot, up ⅛c to 1c, closing firm; options quiet; sales 3,650,000 bush. future, 228,000 bush. spot; No. 2 Chicago 84c, No. 2 red 88½c elevator, No. 2 red September closing 89½c, October 90½c. Corn—Receipts 193,900 bush., steady; options shade lower; exports 56,000 bush; sales 840,000 bush. future, 169,000 bush. spot; No. 2 49½c to 50c elevator, No. 2 Sept, closing 49½c, October 50c. Oats—Receipts 302,000 bush; shade better; sales 415,000 bush. future, 154,000 bush. spot, No. 2 29½c, mixed western 24c to 29c; No. 2 September closing 29½c, October 29½c. Eggs stronger; Canadian 17c. Pork steady; mess $10 to $10.50 for inspected. Lard higher; western steam spot $6.45 to $6.57½.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—Flour unchanged. Wheat opened strong, closed ⅛c to ¼c above Saturday; closing bids: Sept. 77½c, Oct. 78½c, Nov. 80½c, No. 2 spring 77½c to 77¾c, No. 3 red 81½c. Corn made lower; cash ⅛c to 1¼c; Sept. closed 44½c, Oct. 42½c. Oats quiet and dull; cash 24½ to 25c, Sept. closed 25½c, Oct. 25c to 25½c. Pork steady, cash $8.85 to $8.90, Oct. closed $8.87½ to $8.90, Nov. $8.82½ to $8.85. Lard quiet and firm, cash $6.27½ to $6.30, Oct $6.25 to $6.30, Nov. $6.22½. Whisky quiet, $1.10. Receipts—Flour 8000 brls., wheat 56,000 bush., corn 289,000 bush., oats 162,000 bush., rye 6000 bush., barley 38,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 150,000 brls., wheat 61,000 bush., corn 269,000 bush., oats 127,000 bush., rye 2000 bush., barley 70,00 bush.

To the Rescue.

—"When all other remedies fail" for bowel complaint, colic, cramps, dysentery, etc., "then Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry comes to the rescue." Thus writes W. H. Crocker, druggist, Waterdown, and adds that "its sales are large and increasing." 246

Exhibition Notes.

—We believe the Canadian Harness Co. are going to have one of the finest displays in the exhibition. Their exhibit will be composed of harness taken out of their regular stock and not got up on purpose, which will give all those using harness a grand opportunity to prove that they use nothing but the best of stock and all hand stitched. They guarantee all work turned out of their factory, 104 Front street east. 246

Very Encouraging.

—The past six months has been a very successful season for the Waterloo House. The sales of each month have almost doubled those of last year and so Mr. McKendry has been warranted in providing a stock for the fall trade which for bulk and beauty has never before been attempted. 246

There is No Excuse.

There is no excuse for the many pale, sallow, weary looking females throughout our land, when Burdock Blood Bitters will regulate their troubles and renew their health, strength and vigor at so small a cost. 246

Small-pox Caution.

—The public are cautioned against the use of goods, cigars in particular, coming from any city where smallpox is raging. We hear it is very bad in Montreal. We also hear that the majority of the labor in the manufacture of cigars in Montreal live in the small ex districts of that city. By using the General Middleton and Brave Boys you will avoid the contagious disease and get a first-class cigar. Manufactured by W. E. Dobson, Toronto. 246

COX & CO.
STOCK BROKERS,
TORONTO.
(Members of the Toronto Stock Exchange.)
Buy and sell on commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the
Toronto, Montreal, New York
STOCK EXCHANGES,
Also execute orders on the
Chicago Board of Trade
in Grain and Provisions.
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26 TORONTO STREET.

GARVIN & CO.,
Real Estate, Loan and Insurance Brokers, Valuators, Arbitrators and Financial Agents.
Real Estate bought, sold and exchanged. Houses to let. Rents and Mortgages collected. Debentures bought and sold.
OFFICES—30 King st. east, Toronto, Ont. Correspondence solicited. 246

VOLUNTEERS, ATTENTION!
Volunteers wishing to sell their
Government Scrip,
SHOULD APPLY TO
COX & CO.,
26 TORONTO STREET. tf

RATEPAYERS
Of the Township of York are requested to attend the Exhibition of
Pennock's American Road Grader
under the direction of the Council, on Lawrence Side Line, north of Eglington, to-morrow, Wednesday, all day.

LUMBER, LUMBER!
I beg to notify those who have been dealing with me for the past twenty-five years that I have sold out my business at 652 and 654 Yonge street to Mr. THOMAS DOWNEY, who has been favorably known at his old stand on Edward Street, to a continuance of public patronage.
PETER A. SCOTT.
In reference to the above notice, I would be pleased to have all my old customers (and as many new ones as possible) to come to No. 652 and 654 Yonge street for any lumber they may require assuring them they will be favorably dealt with.
THOMAS DOWNEY.

Auction Sale of Timber Berths.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS
(Woods and Forests Branch),
TORONTO, 10th August, 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given that certain territory on the North Shore of Lake Huron will be offered for sale by Public Auction, as timber berths, at the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, on

Thursday, the Twenty Second Day of October next, at one o'clock p.m.

T. B. PARDEE,
Commissioner.

NOTE.—Particulars as to locality and description of limits, area, etc., and terms and condition of sale, will be furnished on application personally, or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, where also maps of the territory can be obtained.

No unauthorized advertisement of the above will be paid for. 24tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Works New Fort, Toronto," will be received at this office until SATURDAY, the 19th day of September, next, inclusively, for certain additions and works to Military Buildings, New Fort, Toronto. Plans and specifications can be seen at the New Fort, Toronto, on and after WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of September next. Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an *accepted* bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Minister of Militia and Defence, *equal to five per cent.* of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called on to do so. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

C. EUG. PANET,
Deputy Minister of Militia and Defence.
Department of Militia and Defence,
Ottawa, August 26th, 1885. 6c

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Armories, Drill Hall, Montreal," will be received at this office until TUESDAY, the 15th day of September inst., inclusive, for the construction of

ARMORIES AT THE DRILL HALL,
MONTREAL.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and at the office of A. Hazen, Esq., Architect, Montreal, on and after THURSDAY, the 3d inst.

Tenders must be made on the printed forms supplied.

Each tender must be accompanied by an *accepted* bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, *equal to five per cent.* of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
A. GOBEIL,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 2nd Sept., 1885.

LOWNSBROUGH & CO.
Exchange & Stock Brokers,
28 KING STREET EAST.
Deal in Exchange on New York and London, American Currency, Gold and Silver, etc. Buy and Sell on Commission Canadian and American Stocks. 246

W. H. KNOWLTON,
27 CHURCH STREET,
Sells the best and
CHEAPEST FLOUR
Of all kinds. Rolled, Granulated and Akroncut Oatmeal; Gold Dust Corn Meal; Hominy, grits and Breakfast Cereal of all kinds. Also
First-Class Oats,
Wholesale and retail, at very lowest prices
Telephone 579.

JAS. H. SAMO,
189 YONGE ST.,
Has now in Stock 100 Bedroom Sets, from $20 upwards, of our own manufacture, and warranted of the very best workmanship. Particular attention given to Upholstered Goods. All goods manufactured on the premises under my own supervision.
Bank and hotel fittings a specialty.
JAMES H. SAMO,
189 YONGE STREET 246

R. POTTER & CO.
ARE STILL LEADING IN
FURNITURE!
24
We guarantee the quality of every article to be as represented, the value we give cannot be surpassed. A personal inspection will certainly satisfy any intending purchaser. Our address is
Cor. Queen & Portland Sts

J. P. DUNNING,
FAMILY BUTCHER.
Fresh and Salt Meats, Hams, Bacon, Lard, Etc. 625
POULTRY, VEGETABLES.
167 KING ST. WEST

Simpson Bros.
Visitors to Toronto call at Simpson Bros. before sitting for Photographs, as they are the only gallery guarantees to give satisfaction to all. We have also the largest collection of Oil Paintings in the city. 357 Yonge. 246

$200
IN CASH
As Extra Prizes

THE LI-QUOR TEA CO. of Canada (Geo. Clarke, Proprietor) have determined to offer the following PRIZES, viz.:

1st Prize - - $100 in cash.
2nd Prize - - $50 in cash.
3rd Prize - - $25 in cash.
4th Prize - - $25 in cash.

To the person sending in before September 1st, 1885, the longest list of words made from the letters composing the following:

The Li-Quor Tea Co.

In this phrase, as it stands above, there are SEVEN DIFFERENT letters, five of them vowels, and many words can certainly be found in such a combination with ease. The prize will, however, probably find its way to one of the enterprising readers of these lines who goes beyond the obvious words. There is a chance for every industrious mind, as mere cleverness will not go for so much in this competition as perseverance. Boys and girls may occupy themselves with this problem as well as their elders, and there is no limit to the number of lists which may be sent from one family.

Any patron of the Li-Quor Tea Co. is free to mail us his list, and it is to be hoped that many will be heard from, one having as good a chance as another in this competition. Those not already customers may become eligible to compete by sending with their lists six Half-pound Vouchers taken from our packets of tea at either 50 cents, 60 cents, 70 cents, or 80 cents per lb., for which they may select as usual the books or bonuses to which they are entitled.

Rules of the Competition.

1. The words as printed above must be used as they stand. "Co." is intended to go for but two letters, and may not be expanded into "Company."
2. No letter may be used in one word more frequently than it occurs in the phrase Li-Quor Tea Co." O and E, for instance, may be employed twice, but L only once.
3. Proper names are excluded, but any word found in Webster's Dictionary (not a proper name) will be allowed, the actual words of the phrase excepted.
4. Words must be neatly written in columns and numbered thus—

1 Ace	4 Queer
2 Lone	5 Other
3 Lie	6 Rat
	—Total, 6

The total must invariably be set down.

5. Envelopes containing lists (which should reach the office of the Li-Quor Tea Co., 295 Yonge street, not later than noon Sept. 1st), should be endorsed "Li-Quor Tea Co. Prize Competition," and directly beneath must be written *the number of words on the enclosed list.* The list itself must bear at the top the name and full address of the sender. An accompanying letter is unnecessary. The names and addresses of the successful competitors will be published in the Evening Telegram on Thursday, Sept. 3rd.
6. To every list must be pinned six half-pound vouchers for our tea, for which the usual bonuses may be selected.

Failure to comply with one of the three first rules will result only in the cancellation of words caused by offending against them, but we cannot promise attention to lists not made out and sent in in accordance with rules 4, 5 and 6.

Address all communications to
GEORGE CLARKE,
Proprietor Li-Quor Tea Co.,
295 Yonge St., Toronto. 246

THE GREAT RUSH
STILL CONTINUES
FOR OUR BEAUTIFUL
Langtry & Parisian Bangs,
WATER WAVES, ETC.

OUR BANGS
Cannot be equalled.
Our Bangs & Waves are ahead of anything in the Hair Goods line ever placed before the public.
Thousands are being worn throughout the Dominion and give the greatest satisfaction.
OUR BANGS
Are made of the very best curled hair and never require re-dressing.
OUR LANGTRY AND PARISIAN BANGS AND WATER WAVES
Are the most complete and perfect Headdress ever got up. Ladies, you should not be without one. CALL AND SEE THEM.
36
A. DORENWEND'S
PARIS HAIR WORKS.
106 YONGE ST.

MIRACULOUS WATER.
The Favorite Preparation of Paris, London and Berlin for the Complexion. Perfectly harmless, most beautiful effect. Removes Sunburn, Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Black Heads.
TESTIMONIALS:
NEW YORK, Mar 3, 1881.
Dear Sir: After giving your Miraculous Water a good trial, and finding it to do all you claimed to me, I cheerfully recommend it to the world. Respectfully yours,
MINNIE PALMER.
Dear Sir: I can safely recommend your "Miraculous Water." After a thorough trial in my estimation it surpasses the merits he professes it contains.
J. B. STONE, of H. Stone & Son, Tottenham.
I will be pleased to verify the above on application to the above address.
Ask your druggist for it. P. BRUNET & CO., Sole Agents for Canada, 126 Wellington street west, Toronto. 26

BARTON GUESTIER'S
OLIVE OIL.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
LUCCA OIL.
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SALAD OIL.
FLORENCE SALAD CREAM
Durkee's Salad Dressing.
Agents for Messrs. Ross & Co.'s
SPARKLING HYDROZON,
The most refreshing nerve and brain tonic known
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"HEADQUARTERS"
FOR
NEW FALL GOODS
BOOTS SHOES AND RUBBERS.
The Great One-Price Establishment.
246
STUDY ECONOMY--COMFORT--CONVENIENCE.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!
THE LARGEST AND FINEST DISPLAY OF
RANGES AND BASEBURNERS
EVER MADE IN THE DOMINION,
Is now to be seen at
JAS. NOLAN'S
No. 60, 62 and 65 Jarvis street.
McClary Manufacturing Co's
FAMOUS STOVES
in every variety. Don't buy your Stoves until you examine my immense stock.
EVERY STOVE GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
JAMES NOLAN,
60, 62 AND 65 JARVIS STREET. 246tf

WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY BY RAIL IN BOX CARS,
DIRECT FROM MINES,
NEWLY MINED COAL
In First-Class Condition.
QUALITY GUARANTEED.
ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.
J. R. BAILEY & CO.

FOR SALE!
WILLOUGHBY ESTATE!
(Near the corner of Dundas and Bloor Streets.)
Those beautiful villa lots are selling off rapidly. Over $8,000 worth sold last week. Lots from 300 and 400 feet deep, $4 per foot up; quarter cash, balance on easy terms. Several fine dwellings are soon to be erected on the property, then the prices will go up. For plans and particulars apply to
R. M'DONELL,
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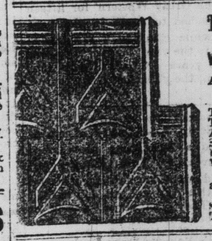

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