World Tues. Ja 2, 1883 lack pp 1-2

CHRISTIANITY FOR THE PEOPLE.

Reflections on a Sermon by Mr. Rainsford Yesterday—Why the Poor Don't Attend Church.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR,—The Rev Mr Rainsford preached a sermon in St James' church on Sunday morning, of such practical importance, so boldly outspoken, so free from cant and religious generalizations, that if it were repeated in all the churches of Toronto, and its spirit communicated to the Sunday night frequenters of Albert hall, it would be good for both sides. The church frequenters would be rebuked for sins of which they are probably unconscious, and the disciples of Albert hall leaders would learn that christianity sanctions none of the pomp of church service which panders to the senses, and none of the purse-proud exclusiveness and coldness which mark the demeanor of the wealthier members towards the poorer.

Mr Rainsford urged the importance of making the cathedral a church for the people. He meant a church to which the people could come, figuratively speaking, without money and without price, and when he explained by urging the necessity for cheap sittings, better social relations amongst all the frequenters, and especially between the wealthier and the poorer frequenters of the church and suggested the necessity for simplifying and popularizing the service he probably "hit the right nail on the head." Christianity is losing its hold on the people, and the decay is due to the progress of freethought or to indifference. The latter no doubt prevails in the church and leads in many instances to the former. But in France and Germany and in the large cities of the States the industrial classes constitute the great masses who are indifferent or inimical to christianity. Now I maintain, as I did in a former communication, that christianity is altogether on the side of the masses. Its founders belonged essentially to the "lower classes," and Christ was hated, persecuted and murdered because he assailed the pomp and corruptions of priestcraft and the arrogance and selfishness of the rich. Were he living now, teaching as he then taught, he would be denounced as a socialist and a communist, and every fashionable church would practically repeat the libel "Thou hast a devil." But his denunciations were fully in the spirit of the bible. Every book in it abounds in expressions of touching sympathy with the poor and the oppressed, and in threatenings of divine vengeance upon the selfish rich and the unjust and oppressive ruler.

Why then do the masses desert the churches? In the first place they are only deserting them in the large cities. The bystander admits and there is no doubt of the truth, that "life in the country town is still religious." The reason is clear. In the country and the country towns rich people are rarer and cannot associate in one church to rule it. But in the large towns they are the chief supporters of the church, and as it is supposed their money is indispensable to the existence of the church they rule. Then the social distinctions, the exclusiveness, the practical insults to poverty prevail. There is none of that fraternal warmth of association and welcome to every visitor which the christian theory of brotherhood enforces. You will see warmth and familiarity amongst the wealthier members: but the poorer are barely recognized in the church and often repelled in the streets. The "respect of persons" which James denounced eighteen centuries since still governs the very sidesmen, who make the same distinction now as in the apostle's time, between the "man with the gold ring and goodly apparel" and the "poor man in the vile raiment." In every form the want of genuine social practice which Mr. Rainsford so warmly condemned drives the masses into the streets or into the ranks of infidelity. It is another great "social evil."

Mr. Rainsford also pleaded for cheap sittings, and, as I understood, he suggested that the gallery pews should be rented at one dollar a head. But why make any distinction? This arrangement would confirm the insulting distinctions of rich and poor. Let the congregation pay according to its means; or let the rich if they are sincere in their professions contribute so as to make the church comparatively free. They reap the golden harvest of industry. The wealth they hold was not made by them, but by the industry of the masses. In olden times their order recognized this duty and left magnificent bequests to the church; and now it is easier for many a rich man to give a thousand dollars than it is for a poor man to give five or even one. Christ demanded from one of their class that he should sell all and give the produce to the poor as the condition of discipleship; and the true disciples of that class still owe that obligation to the masses who make their fortunes, and on whose loyalty to order depend their safety and rank in life.

Mr. Rainsford's suggestion to simplify the service is especially appropriate to the English church. A liturgy is admitted by dissenters to be useful in public worship and the liturgy of the English church stands high in protestant estimation. But it is too long. The service demands more popular features; simple singing in which all could join, and more of it; and occasional services of extempore prayers and addresses in which after the practice of methodism, lay members could take a part.

But I have exceeded all reasonable length and trust that the subject may be taken up by others who believe that christianity is not decaying; but that is revival must recommence as it began, upwards from the common people. L.

THE ALCOHOL DISCUSSION.

(To the Editor of the World.)

SIR,—In your issue of Tuesday, 26th inst, Henry Montgomery makes a faint attempt to answer my conundrum to Mr Ryder, in the World, in regard to alcohol. By your kind permission I beg to correct Mr Montgomery in his statements. In the first place, I did not state how alcohol was produced, or what other names it was known by, or what, in fact, it is; but simply its existence in all articles of food. He says alcohol may be manufactured from several articles of food, but it does not exist as alcohol within them. Even if we accept this statement to be correct, I presume he is willing to admit that the art of manufacturing is not a material producing order, but simply a controlling power. He also says it is an artificial and not a natural product. If so, I presume he is willing to do me the honor to admit that alcohol is a factor in nature, but only identified as such through an artificial means; and that that portion of nature into which it exists would be incomplete without it. Try it again. Yours, R. B.

*** "Unbidden guests are often welcomest when they are gone." Disease is an unbidden guest which Kidney-Wort almost invariably "shows the door." Here is a case in point: "Mother has recovered," wrote an Illinois girl to her eastern relatives. "She took bitters for a long time but without any good. So when she heard of the virtues of Kidney-Wort she got a box and it completely cured her, so that she can do as much work now as she could before we moved west. Since she got well everyone about here is taking it."

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

—Dr E C West's Nerve and Brain Treatment is a never failing cure for Nervous Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Overworked Brain, &c.

A few of those extra fine cardigans left in all the desirable shades—also some very heavy (fine make) cardigan jackets with the buttoned cuffs. See these goods and you will buy no other. Cheap! Cheap!! Cheap!!! at Whites', 65 King street west.

An Important Office.

One of the most important functions of the animal economy is the departive action of the Kidneys, if they are obstructed in their work great suffering and dangerous disease ensues, such as Dropsy, Diabetes, Bright's Disease and many other painful affections. Do not suffer from lame back and inactive Kidneys, when Burdock Blood Bitters act so promptly upon the Kidneys, Liver, Bowels and all the secretions, and specedily restores health to the afflicted.

Anybody can see the drift of a mining joke.

An actress was offered a sealskin cloak if she wouldn't speak for an hour. At the end of seven minutes she exclaimed:—"Mind, it's got to be a $250 one."

Mr J R Cuthbertson, Toronto, writes: "My wife had a very severe attack of pleurisy and inflammation of the lungs about three years ago, and ever since has been subject to severe colds on the slightest exposure; in fact they were so frequent that her system was quite reduced. She tried several remedies, but without any permanent effect, until she was induced to try Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, and I am happy to say it has exceeded our anticipations. I have no hesitation in recommending it as a Royal Remedy for all affections of the lungs and chest, and for all classes of wasting diseases and building up of weak constitutions."

Mr Younghusband, who received seven silver ladles among his wedding presents, says he is in favor of "silver service reform."

Mrs Stowe, the author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," is said to be regarded in some English circles as a colored woman.

George Keley of Dunchurch, Parry Sound, for the last six years suffered from Dyspepsia, and had tried doctors and patent medicines, until out of patience with all treatment, but was induced by a friend to try Burdock Blood Bitters. Before finishing one bottle he was astonished at the result, and declares he never felt better in his life, and "I could name," says he, "half a dozen others who have derived great benefit from the medicine."

The color line is strongly drawn in a dye vat.

Miss Anna Dickinson cruelly denies the report that she has permanently retired from the stage and the rostrum.

O Bortle of Manchester, Ontario county, N Y, writes: "I obtained immediate relief from the use of Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil. I have had asthma for eleven years. Have been obliged to sit up all night for ten or twelve nights in succession. I can now sleep soundly all night on a feather bed, which I had not been able to do previously to using the Oil."

Silk cardigan jackets in various colors are worn under cloaks that are not warm enough for the coldest weather.

Charles T Casselman, druggist of Chesterville, writes to the proprietors of that sovereign tonic, Burdock Blood Bitters, "Your Burdock Blood Bitters give universal satisfaction. All your medicines sell well, and many of our customers will take no other.

Telegraph wires that bear real messages are among the instructive toys for the little folks this year.

Those in search of the latest novelties in photography should pay a visit to the establishment of J H Lemaitre & Co, 324 Yonge street, two doors north of Edward. Their extra rapid process is a perfect success and so quick in its action as to produce in the dullest weather negatives of the highest delicacy and quality. Cabinets $3 per dozen, tablets $5 per dozen.

Generosity is the overcoat that will warm up a good heart.

*Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a positive cure for all those weaknesses so common to our best female population.

Precautionary.

There have been many precautions against fire published, but let a person become accidentally burned or scalded, and few people know what to do in absence of a doctor. The very best remedy known is Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the great household panacea for all painful inflammatory diseases.

Rapid transit—Jersey lightning.

A tin can points a moral less frequently than it adorns a tail.

Mrs Barnhart, cor Pratt and Broadway, has been a sufferer for twelve years through rheumatism, and has tried every remedy she could hear of. but received no benefit, until she tried Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil; she says she cannot express the satisfaction she feels at having her pain entirely removed and her rheumatism cured.

There is one man in New Hampshire so stalwart that he won't even bolt his door.

A Pleasant and Effectual Cough Remedy. If you will go to your nearest druggist and ask for a 25 cent bottle of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, you will possess the best known cure for Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness and all throat and lung troubles that terminate in Consumption.

A Georgia man is named Potiphar, and no woman will marry him.

That "tocsin of the soul, the dinner bell," as Byron calls it, suggests no pleasing reflections to the dyspeptic, bilious sufferer. He partakes, of course, but the subsequent torment is egregiously out of proportion to the quantity of food he eats, which lies undigested, a weight like lead in his unhappy stomach. There is a remedy, however, and its name is Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. No case is entirely hopeless.

The following incident is given as a fair example of Egyptian public feeling: Arab's child being dangerously ill, no native doctor could be found willing to visit it. It is now nursed by Lady Strangford and Dr. Sleveking.

Mrs McArthur, of Hopeville, says regarding Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, that she would not keep house without it. She can not speak too highly of its merits as a remedy for colds, coughs, bronchitis, asthma, weak lungs and all pulmonary troubles. A cold may be cured by it in one day.

"The art that conceals art," as the thief remarked when he slid an expensive oil painting under his coat.

A soft answer may turn away wrath, but it is far safer to trust to the legs in case the other party is real mad.

Mr John Magwood, Victoria Road, writes: "Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure is a splendid medicine. My customers say they never used anything so effectual. Good results immediately follow its use. I know its value from personal experience, having been troubled for 9 or 10 years with dyspepsia, and since using it digestion goes on without that depressing feeling so well known to dyspeptics. I have no hesitation in recommending it in any case of indigestion, constipation, heartburn, or troubles arising from a disordered stomach."

IN THE BEAUTIFUL WEST.

Eating Dog and Horse—Starving Cattle—How They Get the Mails Through.

Morley correspondent of the Edmonton Bulletin, Nov. 18.

J. Brewster got back from Morley on Wednesday evening, having left his herd of cattle at Peace hills that morning. He confirms the reports of Coleman, Turner and Williams as to the bad weather and deep snow at Calgary.

HEAVY SNOW AND SUFFERING CATTLE.

He and Macdougall had purchased their cattle at High river and were near the Cochrane ranch on their way to Morley when the storm came on, on the 30th of September. The snowy and wet weather lasted about a week, and when it cleared there was fully eighteen inches of snow on the ground, and very soon a hard crust was formed on this by the cold weather which followed. From a considerable distance east of Calgary to Morley the snow was of a uniform depth, but from Morley to the mountains it became shallower, until at the mountains it was only about two inches deep and with little or no crust. At the Blackfoot crossing, eighty miles east of Calgary, there was very little snow. The cattle of the Stony Indians, whose reserve lies between Morley and the mountains were doing well, but those east of Morley had absolutely nothing to eat for several days. The snow on the hills was deeper and the crust harder than in the valleys, and was very little affected by the heat of the sun. In the valley, however, it soon began to go off when the weather moderated, and when Brewster left about 20,000 head of cattle were pasturing (?) along the river bank where the feed had been eaten off all summer. As part of the hill sides got bare, however, they struck out for them. The crust was generally hard enough to carry a horse. The cattle, except the cows which were sucking calves all summer, were in good order and were standing it very well considering.

The herd of 5,600 head which arrived for the Cochrane ranche were mostly cows with calves and were in fearfully bad condition when they came in. At last accounts the calves were nearly all dead and the cows were dying at the rate of nine or ten a night. The thoroughbred bulls of the ranch were being fed on hay. The stallions comprise an Irish hunter, one thoroughbred, and two heavy draught. There is also a Spanish Jack.

MORLEY GROWING.

The buildings at Morley are: a methodist church, school house, store of David Macdougall, dwellings of Rev John Macdougall, David Macdougall, Mrs Macdougall, Mr Sibbald, methodist school teacher, Mrs McPherson, Miss Adams, T Robinson and Albert Boyd, all good log buildings with shingled roofs. Besides these are a large number of Indian houses. Typhoid fever was very bad and Mrs Sibbald, wife of the school teacher, died of it. Davis' party of Canada Pacific railway surveyors were locating the line between the mountains and Morley and were camped on the north side of the Bow river. It was impossible to form any idea as to where the line would run until it was located. While Brewster was at Morley, Joseph Gaun and J Lane arrived at the Cochrane ranch, from Red Deer river. They were out of provisions and had eaten a horse and a dog on the way out.

A MAIL MAN'S ADVENTURES.

The mail man, G. Hodson, had a terrible time coming up to Edmonton on his last trip. He was eighteen days on the road. He left Battleford with a buckboard, as the ground was bare, but the first or second night after the snow began to fall, and very soon a crust was formed. From Blackfoot Coulee to Beaver river the snow was deep, up to the axles of the wagon, and with a hard crust, but which was not hard enough to bear. In low places the snow was sometimes up to the box of the wagon. Frequently he had to leave his horses and walk ahead a mile or so, breaking a track for one horse as he went and for the other as he came back. In this way he managed to reach Beaver lake. To make matters better his provisions ran out on the seventh day and after that he had to depend on his gun for support. At Beaver lake the snow became shallower, with no crust, but his horses were so played out that he had to abandon the wagon and fix up a sleigh fastened together with willows, his only tools being a knife and an axe. With this he managed to get through to Fort Saskatchewaw, the snow getting looser and shallower as he came west. People were complaining about the mail being behind time, and blaming the carrier, but had the carrier not been possessed of more than ordinary pluck and intelligence neither he nor the mail would have reached Edmonton.

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

Beef has dropped to 15c a pound.

Business has been fairly good all week.

Wheat is worth $2, barley $1, and oats $2, little offering and little demand.

Dollar bills are plentiful but silver change is scarce.

Wood can be contracted for at $2 50 per cord, log lengths.

Grists have been coming in more rapidly, but no sales of native flour have been reported.

Dr Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is not extolled as a "cure-all" but admirably fulfils a singleness of purpose, being a most potent specific in those chronic weaknesses peculiar to women. Particulars in Dr Pierce's pamphlet treatise on Diseases Peculiar to Women, 96 pages, sent free for three stamps. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N Y.

Here's That Yeast.

"Here's that yeast," said a little girl to the lady of a family which had recently moved into that neighborhood. "Why, couldn't your mother use it?" enquired the lady. "Oh, we buy all our bread at the baker's." "Buy all your bread. Then what did you want with my yeast?" Oh, ma said she couldn't think of anything she needed to borrow just then, and she wanted to see if you could be depended on in an emergency, so she tried you on the yeast. The French coffee prepared by the Li-Quor Tea company is perfection.

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING

"Brown's Household Panacea," has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a pain or ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so go and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents bottle.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

Arranged specially for the Toronto World.

RAILWAYS.

GRAND TRUNK.
Union Station foot of York or Simcoe Streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
East.		
Montreal Day Express	7.12 a.m.	11.07 a.m
" Night Express	6.52 p.m.	10.52 p.m
Mixed	11.12 a.m.	6.52 p.m
Cobourg Local	5.07 p.m.	9.37 a.m
West.		
Chicago Day Express	12.15 p.m.	6.20 p.m.
" Night Express	11.45 p.m.	6.15 a.m
Stratford & Goderich Express	3.00 a.m.	11.10 p.m
Guelph Local	6.10 p.m.	8.50 a.m.
Stratford, London & Goderich Express	3.45 p. m.	11.00 a.m

GREAT WESTERN.
Union Station foot of York or Simcoe streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York Mail	3.35 p.m.	6.35 p.m
N. Y. (Central) & Erie Express	10.06 a.m.	4.25 p.m
London Local & Detroit Express	7.15 a.m.	1.10 p.m
Susp. Bridge & Detroit Express	6.00 p.m.	10.15 a.m
Detroit & Chicago Express	1.00 p.m.	10.30 p.m
New York & Chicago Express	11.50 p.m.	9.10 a.m
Hamilton Sunday Train	1.00p.m.	4.25p.m

SUBURBAN TRAINS.

For Mimico, calling at Union station, Queen's wharf Parkdale, High Park, and the Humber, going and returning (every day except Sunday).
Leave Union Station 6.45 and 10.35 a. m., 2.05, 4.15, and 5.40 p. m.
Returning, leave Mimico 8.15 11.15 a. m., 2.40 4.50, and 6.40 p. m.

NORTHERN AND NORTHWESTERN
Stations—City Hall, Union and Brock street.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Express	5.00 p. m.	10.10 a.m
Accommodation	11.45 p. m.	2.20 p.m
Mail	7.45 a. m.	8.28 p.m

Trains leave Union Station Eight minutes and Brock Street Fifteen minutes later.

CREDIT VALLEY.
Station—Union depot.

LEAVE
St. Louis Express. To the North, West, Southwest, South and Northwest ..... 7.55 a. m
Orangeville Express ..... 7.55 p.m
Pacific Express. To West, South, Northwest, West and Southwest ..... 12.50 p.m
Express. To the West and North ..... 4.50 p.m
Through cars, Toronto to Detroit, on 7.55 a m. and 12.50

ARRIVE
From Orangeville, Elora and Fergus ..... 10.25 a.m
From St. Louis, Toledo, Chicago and Detroit ..... 10.25 a.m
From St. Louis, Toledo, Chicago and Detroit ..... 1.10 p.m
From Orangeville, Elora and Fergus ..... 6.35 p. m

TORONTO, GREY, AND BRUCE.
Union Station, foot of York or Simcoe streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Owen Sound, Harriston, and Teeswater, Mail	7.30 a m	10.45 a.m
Owen Sound, Harriston and Teeswater Express	4.25 p.m.	9. 10 p.m

IDLAND.
Station, Union Depot.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Through Mail	7.00a. m.	9.15 p. m
Local	4.55p.m.	10.30 a. m
Mixed	6.00 a.m	8.00 p.m

STAGES

BOLINGTON STAGE.
Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 11.10 a.m 7.30 p.m., 5 p.m. and 6.20 p.m.
Arrives 8.45, 9.55 a.m., 2.30 and 6 p.m

THORNHILL STAGE.
Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 3.30 m.
Arrives 10.30 a.m.
Mail stage leaves Clyde hotel, King street east 3.20 p.m.

COOKSVILLE STAGE.
Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, p.m.
Arrives 11 a.m.

HIGHLAND CREEK STAGE.
Leaves Clyde hotel, King street east, 3.15 p.m.
Arrives 11 a.m.

KINGSTON ROAD TRAMWAY,
for Leslieville Woodbine driving park, Victoria park, and Ben Lamond.
Station, Don bridge, foot o King street.
Leaves Don Station 6.35, 8.05, 10.35 a.m, 12.05, 2.05, 3.35 5,05, 6.35, 8.35 p.m.
Leaves Ben Lamond 6.00, 8.30, 10.00, 11.30 a.m. 1.30, 3.05, 4.30, 6.00, 8.00 p.m
SUNDAY SERVICE.
Leave Ben Lamond 10.00 a.m., 1.30 and 5.00 p.m.
Returning leave bridge 10.35 a.m., 2.05 and 9 p.m.
An extra car leaves Ben Lamond (on Saturday's only) at 9.30 p.m., and returning leaves bridge at 10.05 p.m

FINANCIAL.

HOPE & MILLER,
STOCK BROKERS.
MEMBERS OF TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.
Land, Estate and Financial Agents. Room 6 Union Loan Buildings 28 and 30 Toronto Street Toronto.

SECURITY AGAINST ERRORS.
THE RATE INLAID
INTEREST TABLES
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Real Estate Broker and Valuator, Northwest and Ontario lands bought and sold for cash or on margin.

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26 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.
Stock Brokers,
MEMBERS OF THE TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE and Chicago Board of Trade.
Buy and sell Canadian and New York Stocks. Also Grain and Provisions on the Chicago Board of Trade, for cash or on margin.
E. STRACHAN COX. T. F. WORTS.

COX & WORTS
STOCK BROKERS.
No. 5 Yonge Street, Toronto,
Buy and sell on Commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the
Toronto,
Montreal, and
New York
STOCK EXCHANGES,
Also execute orders on the
Chicago Board of Trade
in Grain and Provisions.
Hudson's Bay Stock bought for cash or on margin
Daily cable quotations received.
56 YONGE STREET.

G. A. SCHRAM,
4 KING ST. EAST TORONTO.
Stocks — Ontario, Northwest, and General Real Estate bought and sold for cash, or on margin.

REMOVAL.
TAYLOR & MOORE,
(LATE THE TAYLOR PRINTING CO.)
HAVE REMOVED
TO
No. 1 LEADER LANE,
GROUND FLOOR. 1

TEAS.

THE
LI-QUOR
TEA
IS THE
LEADING
ARTICLE.
246

WINNIPEG ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEORGE B. ELLIOTT & CO.,
Valuators and Investors.
WEST LYNNE MANITOBA.
Correct and Confidental Valuations made of all property in Southern Manitoba towns and villages, and of farm property in Southern Manitoba.
Confidental Reports furnished owners and intending investors.
Taxes paid for non-residents. Eight years in Red River country. Correspondence solicited Charges moderate tf

BOOKS AND STUFFED BIRDS

W. P. MELVILLE,
DEALER IN
NEW AND SECOND HAND BOOKS, STUFFED BIRDS.
Birds Eggs and all kinds of
Natural History Specimens and Supplies,
319 Yonge St. Toronto.
P S. Birds and Animals Stuffed to order.

FEATHER RENOVATORS.

N. P. CHANEY & CO.,
FEATHER & MATTRESS RENOVATORS,
230 King Street East
New Mattresses, Feather Beds and Pillows for Sale.
Cash Paid for all kinds of Feathers. 135

TONSORIAL.

OLD DOLLY VARDEN.
CAPTAIN JACK
Has opened a fine Shaving Parlor for the west end
456 QUEEN STREET.
Denison Avenue. 135

LIFE ASSURANCE.

Confederation Life Association.

PRESIDENT—SIR W. P. HOWLAND, C.B., K. C.M.G.
VICE-PRESIDENTS— HON. WM. McMASTER and WILLIAM ELLIOTT.

The directors have great pleasure in recognizing the growing popularity of the association in the largely increased volume of new business.
The Profit results for the last quinquennium have given the greatest satisfaction to our policy-holders.
These profit results have created some jealousy on the part of interested parties, who have adopted the questionable means of attacking this association through the columns of the Insurance Times of New York, and by the circulation of that periodical and reprints and other anonymous communications, at evidently considerable cost to the persons claiming to be disinterested friends of our policy-holders.
These self-constituted public benefactors no doubt fancied they were safe, but the Directors know them and TO-DAY A WRIT FOR LIBEL has been issued against the first batch of three who will be afforded ample opportunity to prove their slanderous statements or take the consequences. The others will have attention in due course.
This Association can afford to submit to the fullest investigation and the directors are prepared to give good reason for any act of theirs which may be called in question.
As the statements made against the association will be dealt with before a court of law, the directors for the present simply state that in every essential particular the charges made by the Insurance Times and circulated in this country, are untrue.
J. K. MACDONALD, Managing Director C. L. A.
Toronto, December 11, 1882. 24

COAL AND WOOD.

RAIL COAL!
135
Fresh Mined. All Grades. Special Rates for car orders. Lowest rates present delivery.
JAMES C. McGEE & CO.,
10 KING STREET EAST.

ESTABLISHED 1856. ESTABLISHED 1856.
P. BURNS,
COAL & WOOD
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
Best Hard Wood (Beech and Maple) delivered to any part of the city at - - - - $5.50 per cord
2nd Quality do do do do $4.00 do
Beech and Maple by carload on cars in Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway yard, - - - $4.50 do
All descriptions Hard and Soft Coal. Best Qualities. Lowest Rates.
ORDERS LEFT AT OFFICES.
Corner Front and Bathurst sts. | 51 King street east,
Yonge street wharf, | 532 Queen street west.
WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

BUTLER PITTSTON COAL.

We beg to announce that we have recently purchased the FUEL ASSOCIATION PROPERTY on Esplanade St., between Berkeley and Princess Sts., from JAMES C. McGEE & CO., thus largely increasing our already extensive facilities for handling Coal at Retail in the Toronto Market and are prepared to supply both Coal and Wood in the most satisfactory manner.
OFFICES—Dominion Bank Building, Cor. Yonge and King Sts.; 413 Yonge St.; 536 Queen St. W.; Yard, Cor. Esplanade and Princess Sts.; Yard, Niagara and Douro; Yard, Fuel Association, Esplanade St., near Berkeley.
ELIAS ROGERS & CO
Miners and Shippers, 146 Wholesalers and Retailers.

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HARRY WEBB
482 Yonge st., Toronto,
CATERER,
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