A CONTRACTOR

GHURGH, M.A.

DAY Prospectu rincipal Church.

r Book

OSNELL

50 per copy 00 per copy UPPLIED.

P. CO. 110

BSTEEL PILLS

EGULARITISS Apple, Pil Cochia al, &c. , or post free for SONS, LTD., Vie

Southampton CT, 1896.

provements.

intess. can Wonder, B. C. eral claims, situate icouver Island min-ot District. ist side Tranquil S. Going, agent for er's certificate No. shton, free miner's intend, sixty days o apply to the Mintificate of improve of obtaining a cove claims.

A. S. GOING.

d to apply to the Lands and Works chase 160 acres of outh Fork of Granistrict, commencing hains south of the cek, thence east 40 to chains, thence we south 40 chains to ent. W. J. Harris, an Company. Ita.

YE WORKS.

Victoria. garments cleaned, dyed or

e Semi-Weekly Colonist.

FORTY-SECOND YEAR.

THE VICTORIA SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST THURSDAY, SEPTEMBEB 7 1899

While Mr. McInnes Will Resign in Protest Against Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Deception of British Columbia Electors.

Ex-Attorney-General Parades Ralph Smith as His Firm Friend and Says There Must Be a General Election Whenever the House Meets.

The speeches by leading men at Nanaimo's celebration of Labor Day was by all odds the most important feature of a very successful demonstration. This had been arranged by the labor organizations, and as Mr. Joseph of the session, and seen that it was in-Martin, the late attorney-general, was announced as one of those to address the gathering, an simmense crowd had as-British Columbia, and in fact it had killsembled to hear him and the other ed that party in this province. orators. Unfortunately there was a heavy shower of rain early in the forenoon, but towards the hour set for the beginning of the addresses, which were to have been given in the open air, the weather cleared somewhat.

downpour during the opening address of the Chairman, Acting Mayor Manson referring to his present residence on the compelled an adjournment to the shelter of the opera house. Mr. Manson preferring to his present residence on the Klondike, that absence makes the heart grow fondfaced his remarks with a warm welcome to the Victoria visitors, and read a letter from Ralph Smith M. P. P., who in the outcome of a movement initiated of the contract o Rossland to assist the labor organizations there in celebrating Labor Day.

as things were it was impossible to say how soon he would be compelled to avail of Oriental labor, as the cheaper lumber of Puget Sound could undersell the local modulet in accordance to the province had been laid before the Privy Cauncil, in the recent local modulet in accordance to the province had been laid before the Privy Cauncil, in the recent

of the session, and seen that it was introduced. As it was, the action of the

PATRONS OF CHEAP LABOR. Provincial Government Set a Sorry Example in Reducing the Pay

of the Workingmen.

from Ralph Smith, M. P. P., who in the outcome of a movement initiated force. Every act becomes operative as answer to urgent telegrams had gone to some nine years ago. And in this connection he would call attention to the fact that he noticed the absence of his planation of this unusual delay had been

workingmen, but also in the interests of those employers who were willing to acknowledge the rights of organized suffered grave ill treatment at the hands of the Uttawa government to disallow the employers who were willing to of those in authority. "I say without acknowledge the rights of organized the efficiency was the contradiction that the efficiency was the efficiency was the contradiction that the efficiency was the efficiency

Usurpers

Denourced by Ex-Allies.

MINISTER'S OMINOUS SILENCE.

President of Council Offers No Defence
For Extraordinary Position of
the Government.

Hon. R. E. McKechnie recalled that
on Labor Day a year ago he had delved
into ancient history as far back as records go, showing the legislation that had
been passed for the benefit of labor, and
to-day he proposed to go back only a few
months to show what the local government had done for the laborer. A brief
reference was made to the various measures, including the Eight-hour act, and
he stated that he would not support any
government that would tamper with that

MINISTER'S OMINOUS SILENCE.

Is what conserned, that
law has far as he was conserned, that
law had come to stay. He then read an
extract from the Colonis shown that
at least a million dollars had been passed for the benefit of labor, and
to-day he proposed to go back only a few
months to show what the local government had done for the laborer. A brief
reference was made to the various measures, including the Eight-hour act, and
he stated that he would not support any
government that would tamper with that

Denounces Sir Wilfrid Laurier for His Vote-Catching Duplicity Calls Upon the People to Act Since Their Covernment Has Failed.

MR. McINNES BREAKS AWAY.

W. W. B. McInnes, M.P., laughingly ment was returned to power the wishes agreed with the previous speaker that it of the British Columbia members would was inadvisable to talk politics at such a control their actions in the matter of was inadvisable to talk politics at such a meeting as the present, but he had a few remarks to make which he could not offer without showing a feeling of strong increasing the tax has been introduced. Privately and publicly everything had He would deal with a few of the acts of been done to bring pressure to bear on of both parliaments. The first feature the authorities, but without practical of both parliaments. The first feature to give courage to the workingmen was the action of the government at Victoria in enacting the Eight-hour day. This was wise and well founded. The regulations did not go far enough, simply applying to the metalliferous mines. They should extend to every industry in the province, and first and foremost the government should have made it extend to measure! This was all twaddle—trash measure! This was all twaddle—trash their own workmen. (Applause). Some had objected to the law because it was frightening away capital. He believed they would have said that the measure had objected to the law because it was frightening away capital. He believed in having capital hedged about with was not introduced because of the oppolaws that would protect it, but the health and strength of workingmen was of and other interested people. equal importance. The future welfare of the province was bound up in the prosperity of the mines, but if the mines can-At 2 o'clock the speakers took the platform on "the green," the weather having cleared somewhat, but a second downpour during the opening address of the chairman, and on coming forward Mr. Keith said, the Chairman Acting Mayor M

acknowledge the rights of organized labor. A frank and honest discussion the officials were the worst lot that could be scraped up on the face of the earth be the best in the interests of all, so that all could see that in some cases employ-

"We have resorted to every device to compel the government to redeem its promises, and they have absolutely refused to do so. It may serve a purpose to send a man East, but there has al-ready been too much talk and too little action. The time has now come for action, and I think there could be an opportunity for the entire province to pronounce on the question. But I intend to give you the chance to so pronounce. I intend to resign and see if the united voice of 5,000 electors on Vancouver Island will not be listened to at Ottswa. If that fails, what are we

Mr. McInnes—"Turn them out nothing! If that should fail, act yourselves. What is the use of turning out one lot

be the best in the interests of all, so that all could see that in some cases employers were compelled by circumstances over which they had no control to act in a manner contrary to their principles. Without wishing to reflect on the party now in power at Ottawa, as their predictions of regulating the affairs of seasons had been equally to blame, he said that legislation with respect to at least one industry of this province—tension of the Sound mills as against our own. Mr. Haslam then went into some details, Mr. Haslam then went into some details, and control to all the selection in some cases employing the could not save his deposit; to the fuel I. I will admit that Mr. Fawbeet was a honest man, but Mr. Fawbeet was an honest man, but Mr. Fawbeet was an honest man, but Mr. Ogilvie is not a legitimate dust was not a legitimate do to act in a manner contrary to their principles. Without wishing to reflect on the party low in power at Ottawa, as their predictions and the stream of the stream of the stream of the season of the season of the season of the sound mills as against our own. Mr. Haslam then went into some details, Mr. Haslam then went into some details, showing how the Liberal policy of "free seems of the season of the sound mills as against our own. Mr. Haslam then went into some details, and the settian all Imperial interests to the tune of the other way. In order that the result in the tension of the stream of the other way. In order that the other way. In or Mr. Haslam then went into some details, showing how the Liberal policy of "free trade as they have it in England" collected a toll on everything the lumbers men used and afforded them not one iota of protection for their product. At present his was about the only mill in the province that was operated entirely without the aid of Chinese or Japanese, but out the aid of Chinese or Japanese, but as things were it was improssible to save.

Of the British Columbia members with regard to anti-Chinese legislation would be carried out. And now Sir Wilfrid says that we do not know what we are asking for. Imperial interests are quoted, and we are politely told by Mr. Laurier that such legislation is not necessary, and the province that was operated entirely without the aid of Chinese or Japanese, but as things were it was improssible to save.

The Drovincial government was second.

At the last election in their constitution that the candidates were pronounced against the failure of the government to increase the Chinese tax. On this issue all were unanimous, while we had the aid of a telegram from Wilfrid Laurier promising that in case his govern
The Drovincial government was second.

The Drovincial government was second.

The Drovincial government was second.

MR. MARTIN ON THE WARPATH.

MR. MARTIN ON THE WARPATH.

The proper for a condition of the proper of the condition of the property of the

Victoria.

"When I received the invitation to be present here to-day I accepted at once, but afterwards it occurred to me that possibly it would be better that I should not come. I thought it would have been very difficult after the experience is a man whose heart and sympathy is residence is a man whose heart and sympathy and the interests of labor than Mr. Turner is. For after all the Turner party only wanted everything for themselves; they were homest about that. But that principle about that had governed this province so long was dead, and we all if elt well over it. To-day, so far as I am concerned, the position is different with province so long was dead, and we all if the well over it. To-day, so far as I am concerned, the position is different is different with the honorable president of the council is on one side of them, admits that they are we in favor of that principle? Because we want to get the well over it. To-day, so far as I am concerned, the position is different with the same boat and I am on the other, and I thought it might be injudicious to refer to those questions op which we differ. However, I have been so strongly urged by different gentlemen in the city to the speak out straightforwardly in matters of them admits that they are dead. The week of the season of the province so long was dead, and we all it hought it might be injudicious to refer the week of the season of the province and the province are the province and the province and the province and the province are t

the right of Britishers to stand up for themselves. The colonies never agreed to surrender their rights for questions of Imperial policy. The proper course for the province to have pursued when that act was disallowed was to have immediately called the house together and re-

the province to have pursued when that act was disallowed was to have immediately called the house together and reenacted the measure. (Applause).

"When the subject came up I was in bad odor, but I was prepared, if necessary, to resign, although it was not necessary to do so. There was no question that this and other laws of the last session were within our jurisdiction. It is not similar to the employment of Chinese underground—that is beyond our jurisdiction. In no case has the Dominion succeeded in inflicting the policy of disallowance on any of the provinces. In Manitoba the people arose in their might and decided that it should not be. Our government has said nothing. They are absolutely quiescent. This is a matter of vital interest, and you should insist on your right that pressure be brought to bear on the government at Victoria.

"When I received the invitation to be present here to-day I accepted at once, but afterwards it occurred to me that

of this kind that I venture to do so. It is a matter of very little concern to the public at large what happens to any particular individual. That is a personal matter and not worth considering one way or another. What is important is the establishment of principles which are to last for all time.

The concern to the government, Mr. Hume didn't hear crew, too, was held in readiness for any emergency, but no word of the anxiety of the ship's officers reached the passengers, and those in the first cabin who ate at the first table were at dinner when the collision occurred at 5:50 o'clock.

The concern to the government, Mr. Hume didn't hear crew, too, was held in readiness for any emergency, but no word of the anxiety of the ship's officers reached the passengers, and those in the first cabin who ate at the first table were at dinner when the collision occurred at 5:50 o'clock.

To last for all time.

Captain Young was pacing the bridge, occurrent to the government.

Captain Young was pacing the bridge, occurred to the government. the establishment of principles which are to last for all time.

"The reason why I am opposed to the present local government I will endeavor to inform you. Hon. Dr. McKechnie has referred to the legislation passed last session and has congratulated the government upon it, and I could follow him completely in that statement. I took an active part in all the legislation he has referred to, and I am proud of it and not sorry for anything that was done. But the circumstances are somewhat different now. I differ somewhat from the view of Mr. McInnes, who says the people are sovereign. I say they ought to be, but this government—the present rulers of this province—defy that principle. That is why I am against them.

The reason why I am opposed to the of the people. Mr. Ralph Smith, who has copital that time, said that time, said that if Mr. Robins had undertaken to dismiss a miner for such reasons as were for such reasons as were given by Mr. Semlin to me, there would have been a general strike. I be lieve in the sovereignty of the people, and I know what they would have done, and I know where the monopolists and the Turner, crowd and all the self-seekers for personal profit, the people who says the people are sovereign. I say they ought to be, but this government—the present rulers of this province—defy that principle. That is why I am against them.

The reason why I am opposed to the bridge, caption occurred at 5:50 o'clock.

Captain Young was pacing the bridge, coasionally stopping to peer into the gloom, or to speak to one of them when the view of the people, and I know what they would have done, and I know what they would have done, and I know where the monopolists and the trime, said that if Mr. Robins had undertaken to dismissation to me, there would have been a general strike. I be says to one of them the dismissation one, there would have been a general strike. I be dismissing me from the side would have been and undertaken to dismissation one, there would have been and I know what they would have done, and

MISSIONARIES TO OTTAWA.

Missionaries that he noticed the absence of his old friend, Mr. Tully Boyce, from the planation of this unusual delay had been given, and he did not believe that one ould be framed. This delay of the government to the present occasion, and altought that an unmerited elight had bound have been been understanted that an unmerited elight had been the law been promptly put in order address the meeting. It was a good sign when an employer gets such an employer gets such an in pitch and the law been provinced by the condition from organized labor. The workers of Nanaimo as to choice of leaders, Mr. Solvential elights the law been common of the invitation to the present and address the meeting. It was a good sign when an employer gets such an in pitch and the laborers to be proud of, but there remained a great deal to be done, not only for the separate to be proud of, but there remained a great deal to be done, not only for the separate to those employers who were willing to those employers who were willing to those enables and the present content of the search when the given, and he did not believe that one out one to the present consists which at the time to you are important that the workers of the laborers and the law been promptly put in force.

This, it seems, was the outcome of the Dominion of the Bominion of the law been promptly put in force.

This, it seems, was the outcome of the Dominion and then deal to the day of the law been promptly put in force.

This, it seems, was the outcome of the bow when the law been promptly put in force ones at time when northing but fit that should fail, act yourselves what is the use of this province—dery than a department was the inspiration of these opening the present you at Ottawa gr at Victoria, the law into your own hands. You have the confidence in the law into your own hands. You have the possible upon the questions of the law into the law been province dery what the present you at Ottawa go at Victoria, the law into the law been province der that under our institutions a man who people will submit to political tricksters. The time has come to act, and why in this province hesitate—why should we weaken?"

The speaker then recalled the pretty fable of William Tell and his refusal to bow to the legendary cap as showing that the men who are sometimes branded as rehels are not always bad men. For

employ several hundred men. It is practically the unanimous wish of that constituency to have that industry established in the city. There is some objection to it, but I suppose if some one were to offer to give \$100 to every person in Nanaimo, there would be some one who would object to receive it; but the general feeling in Vancouver is in favor of increasing the industries. The

VOLUME XLIII-NO. 75

Strikes an Iceberg.

Anchor Line Steamer Has Moment of Extreme Peril Off Newfoundland.

Backing Full spead City of Rome Escapes With Disfigurement of Bow.

Splendid Behavior of Whole Crew in Preparation for

government, we will have enough to prelaboring classes are in favor of it, for
the capitalists have agreed to give security by bonds not to employ Oriental
labor.

Some of my political friends have said
labor.

Government, we will have enough to prevent any government from violating
those principles very much.

Some of my political friends have said
labor.

Government, we will have enough to prevent any government from violating
restored, but many of the passengers,
the women especially, remained up all
labor.

Government from violating
restored, but many of the passengers,
the women especially, remained up all
labor.

Government from violating
restored, but many of the passengers,
the women especially, remained up all
labor.

Government from violating
restored, but many of the passengers,
the women especially, remained up all
labor.

Government from violating
restored, but many of the passengers,
the women especially remained up all
labor. providing themselves with life-preserv-