

## FAMILY PRAYER IS GREAT NEED IN MODERN LIFE

Carelessness With Which Children Are Raised Is Condemned at Synod.

### SUNDAY SCHOOL PROBLEM

Do Not Keep Pace With Development of Boys and Girls.

### SABBATH DESECRATION

Too Much Auto Riding on Sunday, Declares London Delegate.

Strong addresses followed by lively arguments were the feature of the Synod of Huron yesterday afternoon. After the presentation of the report of the Sunday school commission by Rev. R. A. Hill, who spoke of the need in the Sunday school for better teachers, Lay Representative H. Saunders made a speech in which he declared that the greatest need of the community is a return to the days when every family held family prayer morning and evening.

He strongly condemned the carelessness with which modern children are raised without knowledge of the Bible, and declared that without proper men placed to safeguard the children in their studies no advancement along these lines can ever be made. He said that the country must use care in selecting men to be placed on library and school boards and declared that there is a man on a school board in this diocese who has broken the seventh commandment.

**Raises Indignation.** "I expect to raise some indignation at this," said Mr. Saunders, "but it is the truth. How can advancement be made when a man like this is placed over the children."

"Care must be taken in selecting books in libraries, which children are to read. There is one book, 'The Dog Doctor,' which is not fit for any girl or boy to read. Yet that book is to be found in many libraries throughout the country."

"Many of the members of the school boards are old fogies, anyway," concluded Mr. Saunders. As the speaker had expected, his speech raised a storm of indignation and immediately several delegates were on their feet to reply to Mr. Saunders. Canon Howard, Canon Gunne and others, who had served on school boards at various times, replied to Mr. Saunders' charge that there are "fogies" on the boards, all denying that they had ever encountered any.

Continuing with his report, which comprised thirty-one pages in printed matter, Mr. Hill, who is general secretary of the commission, gave a short

address on the main features embodied in it.

**Do Not Advance.** "The great fault with the Sunday schools today is that they are unable to deal with the boy and girl after they pass the age of twelve or thirteen years," declared Mr. Hill. "The trouble is that many of the schools are far too childish to children of that age to attract them and when a boy reaches the age of twelve he drops his Sunday school as he drops other childish things, which have no longer any power to interest him. We must advance with the boy. As his tastes and inclinations grow farther from the childish, so must the Sunday school which he is attending."

Mr. Hill strongly recommended the Standard Efficiency Tests Systems, which are in use in several of the local churches at the present time and which are giving excellent results in stimulating the interest which the boy feels in his Sunday school by replacing on the list of studies, games and sports as well as biblical work, aiming at his physical as well as mental improvement.

**Courses Valuable.** The speaker spoke of the theological courses which are now being presented at most of the leading colleges in this country and the United States and declared that they were responsible for the improvement which is noticed among the work of the young men in the profession today.

He commended the summer schools, which are now being held in many colleges, where those who are unable to take the full course, may study the main features of the art of teaching. Mr. Hill stated that in many churches the congregation selects one of its members as a teacher and sends him to take the course at college and on his return he instructs the other teachers.

"No Sunday school can be more efficient than its teaching staff," declared Mr. Hill. "In addition to having teachers who are acquainted with the best methods of teaching, we must instill business-like methods of work into them."

**Sabbath Desecrated.** Strong condemnation was expressed by R. M. McElhannon during the reading of the report of the committee on social and moral reform at the manner in which Sunday is held by many people. Mr. McElhannon denounced Sunday band concerts as outrageous and Sunday recruiting meetings as a direct violation of the Sabbath.

"Sunday concerts to provide funds with which to purchase band instruments should not be allowed," he said. "Nowadays a person goes to church and after church all the young people go to the park to the band concert. In my time they came home and talked about the sermon."

"The automobiles are much to blame for the poor attendance at church in the summer time. A friend of mine told me that 130 of the stinking machines passed his house in one hour. A person lives on a paved street can't sit on his veranda for the dust of passing cars. On a Sunday the streets are thick with them. It's a disgrace the way they are running around on Sunday."

There was some discussion on the subject of allowing manufacturers to make munitions on Sunday, which has been objected to by the ministerial alliance. Several delegates expressed themselves as being entirely in sympathy with it, fearing that if the privilege was once granted that there might be difficulty encountered in withdrawing it.

Others believed that if it could be restricted solely to those plants making

munitions it would be allowable under the present need of munitions at the front, but feared that many would be engaged in the manufacture of munitions, would work on Sunday.

**Consecrated Work.** F. P. Betts, K.C., characterized the making of munitions as "consecrated work," and declared that there should be no hindrance offered in the matter.

Rev. J. B. Fotheringham intimated that he considered many churches too puritanical in their ways and declared that recruiting meetings were necessary to secure men to preserve the Christianity of the world.

The conscience of the Church of England is greater to us than the Lord's Day Alliance, and if we obey our consciences we can hold meetings on Sunday," said Mr. Fotheringham.

An address was given on the work of the social service by Rev. Canon Tucker. He dealt with the various phases of the work at some length. He declared that great as is the liquor evil, impurity is killing 1,000, where intemperance is killing 1,000. He said that immortality is undermining the health of the young of the nation and in so doing is undermining the life of the nation itself. He declared that the young people he given some knowledge of the evils which they must encounter when they go out into the world.

Canon Tucker considers that Canadian politicians are honest men, working for the advancement of their country to the best of their ability. The speaker declared that the Methodist-Duff commissions are a disgrace to any country, in that it is necessary to hold them to make examinations into the actions of a few men. He urged that great consideration be given the social service by all delegates, stating that it is one of the most important branches of Christian work.

A suitable memorial was presented regretting the death of Lord Kitchener. Bishop Williams made an announcement correcting an error made by him at a previous meeting in giving the results of the confirmation competition. The third place was won by Tilbury church with a roll of thirty names of those who were confirmed.

Memorials of the members of the synod who died during the past year were read by Ven. Archdeacon Richardson. They were Canon Ridley of Galt, Rev. Thomas Arthur White and Rev. Duncan H. Hyne.

### A MOST ENJOYABLE SUMMER.

Your pleasure and enjoyment, this summer will be infinitely greater if you have a Victrola. You can take it out on the veranda with you or to your summer cottage. Your choice of music is unlimited—something for every taste. Also, there is a price to suit your convenience—from \$21 up. The best place for one is for the Old Firm of Heintzman & Co., Limited, 242 Dundas street. Their easy-payment plan will interest you.

### WILL BE CANON HILL

Former London Pastor Is Honored by Bishop of Huron.

At the meeting of the Synod of Huron yesterday afternoon, His Lordship the Bishop of Huron announced the Rev. W. J. T. Hill, formerly pastor of the Church of St. John the Evangelist in London, and at present of Christ Church, Petrolia, will be made a canon to take the place made vacant by the death of Canon Ridley of Galt.

## LOYALTY OF INDIA TO BRITISH EMPIRE IS NOT APPRECIATED

People Working and Giving Money to Aid Allies.

### LEADERS ARE ALL LOYAL

Speaker at Synod Looks for Wonderful Development After War.

"The great loyalty which India feels toward the British Empire will never be fully appreciated," declared Rev. R. H. A. Haslam, an Indian missionary from Kangra, India, in addressing the members of the Synod of Huron last evening. "If the conditions which prevailed in India at the outbreak of war were such that the young people would rise greatly in the estimation of the world."

Few people knew the conditions which existed in India and the crisis which she faced, when her loyalty became most apparent. Mr. Haslam said that the conditions were such as might be expected to induce loyalty rather than frantic cheers which greeted the news that India was to aid England in her fight by sending men to Europe. Mr. Haslam spoke of the events leading up to the trouble in India preceding the outbreak of war. He spoke of the incident of the Komagata Maru, which, laden with many thousands of Hindus who believed that they had satisfied all requirements of the law in not touching at any point by coming direct to Canada from India, was turned back, stating that he did not blame the authorities for turning back the Maru, as her passengers were not the type to make good citizens. He said that this incident aroused a fever of indignation in India. Unsatisfactory service was meted out to them in South Africa where they were taken as indentured laborers, but really treated as slaves.

**Violated Temple.** Near Cawnpore, where building a road, the engineers ran the road through the grounds of a Hindu temple, violating the sanctity of the temple. Native agitators seized upon this, and soon India was seething with indignation. The military was called out, and was fired upon by natives. The victory came up from Calcutta, and in an address pardoned the men who had fired upon the troops. The following day the native papers were again more action from the natives now that so kind-hearted a victory was ruling them, some papers even hoping that self-government would be granted.

In the midst of this excitement the war broke out. Missionaries and Government officials all over India feared the worst, but the few years of loyalty to a man India lined up with the Empire. Praise is given to England for laying aside her internal troubles during the war, said Mr. Haslam, who did not better than India in this respect. From prince to peasant India was loyal.

"The breach between England and Turkey placed a further strain upon the loyalty of India," continued Mr. Haslam. "India is largely a Mohammedan country, and so is Turkey. But India knew that this was not a war between Christians and Mohammedans, but against an immoral government."

**Enormous Gifts.** The gifts which have been made to the Empire from Indians are enormous. The Nizam of Hyderabad gave \$2,000,000; the Maharajah of Mysore gave a similar amount; the Maharajah of Gwalior gave \$1,500,000, and the people of Punjab gave £42,000 to buy 36 armoured aeroplanes. Rich and poor all are giving something. The poor man gives a few annas, and the rich man a lac of rupees.

"India was the first colony mobilized after the outbreak of war. She has given 300,000 men to the British for service in foreign parts. In Europe where the native troops played a prominent part in stopping the drive to Calais; in Gallipoli; in East Africa, Egypt and Mesopotamia."

Mr. Haslam declared that the women of India had responded as loyally as the men of any part of the Empire, to the call for volunteers to make supplies for hospitals and for the front work. They came out of their zenanas, where they are kept in close confinement, and worked with the white women, for the first time in history.

There are 40,000,000 people in India so poor that they must live on one meal a day. These people have suffered terribly through the rise in prices due to the war. Yet no word of complaint is heard from them.

**Leaders Are Loyal.** The attitude of the native political leaders is that of loyal subjects. Soon after the war broke out a prominent Mohammedan leader said, "Our demands are neither personal nor immediate, and can wait until the end of the war."

As a result of the war Mr. Haslam said that the feeling of the Indian people has been lessened the feeling against Christianity on the part of the natives, who have learned to respect the doctrines of the Christian work. They came out of their zenanas, where they are kept in close confinement, and worked with the white women, for the first time in history.

"Hindu priests hold special prayers for the success of the British Empire," said Mr. Haslam. "In Western Thibet special wheels have been inserted in the prayer wheels for the success of British arms, and in some temples special services are held every Friday."

"Hindus even attend Christian services. They requested me to preach for them," said Mr. Haslam. "What they are that willing to listen to Christian doctrines, Christianity cannot be far away."

"By degrees Christianity is permeating the life of the Indians, and they will be Christians before they are aware of it. I believe that when this war is over there will be great reason in India, during which millions of the natives will be Christianized."

**Place in the Empire.** "When the war is over India must have her place in the Empire and it will take the abilities of the best statesmen to solve the problem of immigration which at one time seemed to threaten the Empire. We should not let economic settle the matter. Christianity should also be considered."

Mr. Haslam concluded his address by commending the work of three Huron College men, Revs. Buck, Knight and Forman, who are working as missionaries in India.

**J. M. McCormick,** superintendent of the Church Camp Missions, gave an account of the work of his missions among the construction camps in the northwest. He declared that more than 60 per cent of the coming men of the west are to be found in the construction camps. Having received a prominent tract of land the young immigrant works in a camp to secure money to develop his land, and in the camp must be taken to prevent his getting into bad habits. Mr. McCormick gave several interesting incidents which he had experienced.

**NEARLY LOSES EYE.** KINCARDINE, June 14.—Miss Katherine McPhail of Kincardine, had a narrow escape this week from losing the sight of one eye, when she was struck in the eye by a piece of steel from a

## Young Aviator in France Died Ere Cap Reached Him

Mrs. Drewery, This City, Had Knitted One for Lieut. Earle—Has Made 45.

One of the many pathetic incidents of the war has come to light in connection with an aviation cap knitted by Mrs. Drewery of this city, mother of Mrs. J. B. McKillop. The cap was knitted for Flight Lieut. Wallace Earle and sent to his mother, Mrs. Earle, in Picton, Prince Edward County, to be forwarded to the brave lad "Somewhere in France." The cap was on its way, when word was received that the young lieutenant had made the supreme sacrifice for King and country.

Mrs. Drewery is one of the knitters who is deserving of a D. S. O. for the service she has rendered. She has knitted no less than 45 Balalaeva caps, and only today has taken to Major Campbell Wilson six of these caps to be packed for the Western University Hospital Unit. Needless to say, the major is very much pleased, knowing as he does what comfort they are going to mean to half a dozen lucky wearers.

## ST. ANDREW'S ADOPTS DAYLIGHT-SAVING TIME

Not a Dissenting Voice When Question Came Up For Discussion.

Daylight-saving time was adopted by St. Andrew's congregation last night, at a largely-attended meeting held in the church, for the purpose of deciding the question.

There was not a dissenting voice as to the adoption of the new time, the recommendation of the Ministerial Association being accepted unanimously, and in future while the new time remains effective, the hours of service will remain as before, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., daylight time.

Other congregations in the city which have not yet adopted the time will decide the matter in a day or two but the consensus of opinion is that the time will be universally adopted by the city churches.

## MUST NOT TAKE GRAVEL FROM RIVER PROPERTIES

McCormick vs. Hutchinson—Important Judgment.

The action was brought by T. P. McCormick, a resident along the River Thames, against Francis Hutchinson for an injunction to prevent Hutchinson taking gravel from the river in the rear of his property on Talbot street, and for damages.

The right of the plaintiff to the land west of his premises to the middle of the river was admitted, and an injunction was granted restraining the defendant Hutchinson from hereafter taking gravel, and he was ordered to pay \$25 damages in respect to the gravel taken.

The action is important as it applies to all the owners of the land abutting on the river from the Thames. Messrs. Gibbons, Harper & Gibbons acted for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Macpherson & Farrin acted for the defendant.

## PICNICKED AT LAKESIDE

Catholic Choirs Had a Most Enjoyable Outing.

The Catholic choirs of the city picnicked at Port Stanley yesterday afternoon, some two hundred choristers and their friends enjoying the outing. The majority went down in the afternoon and had a good time on the beach. During the afternoon there were games, in which a large number participated.

A splendid supper was prepared at 7 o'clock. Prior to this the choirs sang "Gloria," from Mozart's Twelfth Mass, and "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name." Many from St. Thomas took part.

The question of organizing a Catholic choral society was discussed informally, and the idea seemed to be most popular. It is possible that the organization will be perfected shortly.

There was a dance in the evening. James Connor was the secretary-treasurer of the event, and he did most efficient work.

## PIANO PUPILS' RECITAL

Fine Program Was Artistically Rendered in Heintzman Hall.

A large audience attended the recital at Heintzman Hall last night given by piano pupils of Miss Irene Burns of the London Conservatory staff, assisted by Miss Gertrude Anderson and Mr. Cyril Thomas, vocal pupils of Mr. Alphonse, also of the Conservatory staff. Much brilliant talent was displayed by the young performers. The work throughout was artistic and exceptional. Those taking part were Misses Leona Conley, Lillian Brady, Cecilia Lewis, Margaret Gillies, Gladys Houshorne, Dorothy Keene, Dorothy Houshorne, Edna Houshorne, Evelyn Hardy, Marian Hayden, Jean Campbell, Emma Berry, Jean Meek, Doris Shaw, Doris Thomas, Edna Houshorne, Jean Wyatt, Masters Cecil Conley, Allan Brown and Ray Eden. The vocal numbers of Miss Anderson and Mr. Thomas were greatly appreciated.

## COMING FOR 53 YEARS

Dr. Thomas Bradley of Berrie is Synod's Grand Old Man.

The oldest member of the Synod of Huron is Dr. Thomas Bradley of Berrie, Kincardine Township, who has been in almost annual attendance at the synod since 1853. Dr. Bradley still takes a lively interest in the working of the synod.

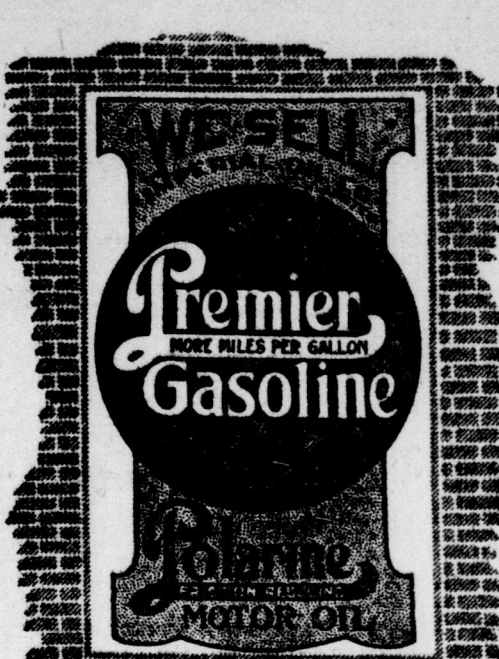
## WILL ASK PLAYGROUNDS

The Mothers' Clubs of the city will at once take up with the board of education the matter of securing the construction of playgrounds for city children in the months when there is no school. A letter requesting that the children be allowed to play in the parks during the vacation period will be sent at once.

## LONDON TO DETROIT AND RETURN

The Canadian Pacific will run an excursion to Detroit, leaving London on the 11:20 a.m. train (standard time), June 17, and returning on any train up to and including June 19. Note the convenient new train on the C. P. R. leaving Detroit at 7 p.m. daily. Tickets and information at City Ticket Office, corner Richmond and Dundas streets. H. J. McCallum, city passenger agent. 85-u

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## WEDDING BELLS

SIDDALE—CRAWFORD.

A pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter A. Crawford, "Ash Grove Farm," Lobo, on Wednesday, June 7, when their daughter, Christina Isabel, was united in marriage to William Glenn Siddale, M. D., of Watford, Ontario. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. McCulloch of Ivan beneath a bower of bridal roses and lilacs, prettily decorated with flags, of which a large Union Jack formed a very appropriate background. Amid the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, played by Miss Ada O'Neill of London, the bride and groom were given away by her father, Mr. Peter A. Crawford. She looked most charming in a gown of duchess satin with trimmings of georgette crepe and pearls, wearing a bridal veil with coronet of orange blossoms and seed pearls, and carried a bouquet of bridal roses and maiden hair fern.

The bridesmaids, Miss Kathleen Crawford, sister of the bride, wore a most becoming gown of corn-colored silk with overdress of embroidered net, and Miss Clarice Siddale, sister of the groom, was attired in shell-pink taffeta, with bodice of lace, and carried pink roses and carnations. Little Misses Helen and Virginia Clarke, nieces of the bride, made delightful little flower girl and ring bearer, the former wearing a dainty white embroidered frock, the latter a pale yellow carrying a basket of flowers. The duties of the best man were performed by Mr. Howie Siddale, brother of the groom. The groom's gift to the bride was a very handsome gold wrist watch, to each of the bridesmaids pretty gold pins set with pearls, to the flower girl and ring bearer gold signet rings, and to the groomsmen a gold watch fob. During the signing of the register, Miss Mary Sheobottom of London rendered a beautiful solo, "The Crown," in a most pleasing manner. After congratulations the guests sat down to a sumptuous repast. The presents were numerous and costly, including cut glass, silver, cutlery, china, oil paintings, and also several checks. Dr. and Mrs. Siddale left on the evening train for Toronto, Niagara Falls and points east amid showers of confetti and with the good wishes of their guests. The bride's traveling suit was of green taffeta silk with touches of black panne velvet and French pattern hat of pale pink. Nearly one hundred and fifty guests were present, from Jackson, Michigan, Toronto, London, Watford, Glencoe and Lobo. On their return Dr. and Mrs. Siddale will make their future home in Watford.

## FUNERAL OF JOHN GREEN

CLINTON, June 14.—John Green of Port Huron was buried in Clinton today, the remains having been brought in by G. T. R. last night and taken to the residence of Thomas McKenzie. Both Mr. Green and his wife, formerly Mrs. Siddale, were former residents of Clinton, but for some years have lived in Port Huron. He was aged 41, and was sick only a short time, his death being caused by appendicitis, for which he underwent an operation.

## FUNERAL OF MISS HORSLEY

HENSALL, June 14.—The funeral of Nellie Horsley took place today. A service was held in the Methodist Church, after which the cortege proceeded to Clinton, where the interment took place. Beautiful wreaths from pupils of the public school and of the Methodist Sunday school lay on the casket.

## INGERSOLL, June 14.—At the Methodist

parsonage at 10 o'clock today,

## PLOW TEAM RUNS AWAY;

PLOWMAN BADLY HURT

[Special to The Advertiser.] KINCARDINE, June 14.—Johnstone Griffith, con. 7, Kincardine, while plowing, met with an accident in which he was badly injured. The team took fright and ran away, dragging him for a considerable distance. He was badly injured and Dr. Ferguson was summoned. It was found that his back was hurt, and fears are entertained for his recovery. He will probably be removed to Kincardine Hospital.

## DR. J. G. McLEOD TELLS

OF GALLIPOLI STRUGGLE

Large Hospital Staff Rushed—Turks Square Fighters.

[Special to The Advertiser.] KINCARDINE, June 14.—Dr. J. G. McLeod arrived home this week from the front. On May 8, 1915, he left Kincardine. He was sent to Egypt. Here he was attached to the general hospital staff, which had accommodation for 1,700 patients. The staff consisted of 34 doctors and a complement of nurses. It was a busy time for all, especially during the fighting at Gallipoli, when every bed was occupied and the entire staff kept on the jump. Operations were exceedingly numerous, and while there was a big operating room, it was not large enough for the requirements. Many operations had to be performed outside of it to save the lives of soldiers. The doctor was thrown in largely with the Australians and New Zealanders. He pays tribute to both. The intense heat was aggravated by the fact that shrapnel fire covered the entire position, and to each British soldier throughout the whole time. The general feeling was that the Turks were square fighters.

## FOREST INCREASES POLL TAX.

[Special to The Advertiser.] FOREST, June 14.—The Forest council last evening passed a bylaw increasing the poll tax from \$1 to \$5. John Kuchensmeyer and Frank Ruermer have bought 15 acres at Hillsboro from John Jones.

Mrs. H. Broughton, an aged lady of this town, is suffering from a dislocation of her hip and other bruises, having fallen into the cellar. The high school teachers have been re-engaged with salaries less than those of Rev. A. C. Bingham. Mr. Brown \$1,200 and Miss DeCou \$1,000.

Harold Steele, accountant in the Standard Bank here for some time, has been transferred to the Cannington branch, leaving this morning for that town.

## REV. A. C. BINGHAM ACCEPTS.

PETROLIA, June 14.—Petrolia has learned that she is about to lose one of her highly respected citizens in the person of Rev. A. C. Bingham. Mr. Bingham has received a call from the Egerton Street Baptist Church, London, and has accepted it. Mr. Bingham will take charge of his new position in September. He will be greatly missed by his congregation and by the whole town. Rev. Mr. Bingham has filled the position of pastor in the Baptist Church here in a highly commendable manner and no doubt his success will be with him in his new field.

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These are people who do not wish so expensive a piano, yet desire to buy from a house whose reputation is their guarantee of safety and satisfaction. To satisfy this demand, we searched for a manufacturer who could produce such an instrument, according to our standard.

In the "Victor" we present an instrument that answers even our exacting requirements.

While not of Nordheimer manufacture, the Nordheimer guarantee backs it absolutely. The result is something to be proud of—a distinct achievement in piano value. We do not claim for it anything less than the Nordheimer reveals. It would be impossible to duplicate the Nordheimer at anything less than the Nordheimer price. But we do assert that the "Victor" is the most tuneful, the most durable, and the most beautiful instrument ever built to sell at a price less than \$350.00.

## Now—Note Our Great Offer

To introduce the "Victor" we are making a special price of \$265 for a limited period. And we will give special prices we are prepared to accept time payments—\$15.00 cash and \$7.00 a month.

This is a most unusual opportunity. It simply means that we are handing over a portion of our profit to the public in order that the outstanding merits of the "Victor" may quickly become known. This offer is our way of advertising it—and will be promptly discontinued once a fair number of these instruments are sold and the demand for them well established.

## A Few of This Week's Specials in Used Pianos.

Nordheimer—Mahogany case, semi-modern in design, but in tone quality it far surpasses most of the so-called high-class pianos made today, original cost \$550; now ..... \$225

TERMS—\$15.00 cash; \$7.00 per month

Landowne—Modern plain design, mahogany case, nearly new, has been rented a few months, originally cost \$350; now ..... \$210

TERMS—\$12.00 cash; \$6.00 per month.

Chickering Square Grand—One of the most modern of this renowned make; beautiful rosewood case, carved legs. The instrument is in splendid condition throughout; cost originally \$650; now ..... \$120

EASY TERMS.

R. S. Williams Square—Rosewood case, carved legs, 7 1-3 octaves, ivory keys, in perfect order; now ..... \$100

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We have several other uprights and square pianos not listed. A complete list will be mailed upon request. Please state the style and size of the instrument you wish, and about the price you would like to pay.

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