

Weather Forecast:
Fair and Warm

The London Advertiser

52nd YEAR. No. 22361.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 3, 1915. TWELVE PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

HOME
EDITION

Russians Reported Driven Out of Przemyśl

Canadians Take Ground Long Held by Kaiser's Men

BRITISH SUBMARINE SINKS GERMAN TRANSPORT SHIP IN THE SEA OF MARMORA

Official Announcement Says This Occurred in Panderma Bay—Craft Said To Be One of Several Operating in These Waters.

[Canadian Press.]
London, June 3.—3:14 p.m.—A British submarine operating in the Sea of Marmora torpedoed a large German transport in Panderma Bay yesterday morning.

This announcement was given out officially in London today, as having been received from the vice-admiral in command at the Dardanelles. It is said also that this submarine was one of several operating in these waters.

ALLIES WIN NAVAL SUCCESS.

[Canadian Press.]
Geneva, Switzerland, June 3.—News dispatches here declare that two Italian torpedo boats early yesterday morning entered the Gulf of Trieste, sank two merchant vessels and damaged an Austrian auxiliary cruiser.

SAY MINISTERS IN OPPOSITION TO DEMOCRACY

Laymen Roundly Condemn
Behavior of Some Preachers
in Conference.

FAVOR VOTE FOR WOMEN

Equal Suffrage in Methodist
Church Almost Unanimously
Indorsed.

[By Staff Reporter.]

St. Mary's, June 3.—During a discussion of the powers held by Sunday school superintendents in the Methodist Church, laymen at their special meeting this morning took occasion to make some rather harsh statements in reference to the ministers in the various churches comprising the London district. "There is a fight against democracy in our church today," stated F. B. Holby, of St. Thomas, who gave an address to the laymen on the financial and other work in the church. "I am ashamed of our ministers," he said. "At the last general conference, the members of that body voted on and carried the motion to have Sunday school superintendents elected by ballot vote and not by nomination. This took certain powers from out of the ministers' hands, and when they awoke to this fact they fought vigorously against all other democratic measures brought forward at the general conference. They took snap votes on matters of importance when our ranks were thinned."

More Recrimination.
The motion which carried in reference to the election of superintendents went through before the clergymen became wise to the fact that what was being done was to take away from them the right to elect their own representatives. "When they saw the laymen were fighting for other democratic principles, they banded themselves together, and getting the ear of some of the laymen, turned them to their own viewpoint and killed these other measures."

It was the general opinion of the laymen that members of boards other than the official church board should be allowed to help in the distribution of wine and bread at communion. The new plan of remitting missionary money every month to the general board found favor in the city of the laymen, as did also the fact that superannuated ministers now receive \$12 each for each year they have been in active work in the church.

Votes For Women.

Votes for women in church councils were favored by the laymen, who were almost unanimous in their upholding of equal suffrage in the Methodist Church. "Outside of the Toronto Conference," stated one layman, "conference members were solely for the ladies. They are now members of the official board, and they do not bother us there. I do not see why they could not be appointed conference delegates and be given the same rights as men. If they had equal rights they would not make themselves nuisances."

"It is because they have not the same privilege as we that we hear so much from them. I think suffrage will easily carry at the next general conference. I sincerely hope it does." That the laymen were in accord with his views was apparent from the hearty response his words called forth.

Expenses incurred by the delegates to annual and general conferences should be equalized, thought the laymen. The fact that some expense accounts were much larger than others should not be. Only by definite action of the conference bodies could this be remedied, was well received.

Legislation looking to more sanitary conditions in Methodist parsonages and the making of the ministers' home life more comfortable generally had been passed, stated Mr. Holby, and this fact was well received.

STEAMER ARRIVALS.
New York, June 3.—Arrived: Steamer Philadelphia, from Liverpool.

King Victor Would Be Intermediary

Offers Services to Act Between Russia and Roumania.

[Canadian Press.]
Paris, June 3.—King Victor Emmanuel of Italy has offered his services as an intermediary in the adjustment of territorial questions which have arisen between Russia and Roumania, according to the Milan Secolo.

PICNIC SCHEDULE

Time for Departure of Cars is Made Known.

Providing it does not rain tomorrow, the street railway cars will leave the different schools for the Springbank picnic grounds as follows:

St. George—Colborne and Oxford, 8:30 a.m.
Lorne Avenue—Dundas and English, 8:30 a.m.
Aberdeen—William and Hamilton road, 8:30 a.m.
Chelsea Green—Adelaide and Ottawa, 8:30 a.m.
Victoria and Riverview—Wharncliffe and Railway, 9:15 a.m.
Grand Avenue—Ridout and Elmwood, 9:15 a.m.

Pottersburg—Pottersburg, 8:30 a.m.
Alexandra—Dundas and Colborne, 10 a.m.
Rectory Street—Dundas and Rectory, 11:30 a.m.

Princess Avenue—Central and Colborne, 10 a.m.
Talbot Street—Central and Richmond, 10:15 a.m.

Empress Avenue—Empress and Wharncliffe, 10:15 a.m.
Simcoe Street—Horton and Richmond, 11:30 a.m.

Quebec Street—Queen's Park, 9:45 a.m.
Worley Road—Worley and Briscoe street, 11:30 a.m.

King Street—York and Ridout, 11:30 a.m.
Chelsea Avenue—Rectory and Hamilton road, 10 a.m.

Richmond Street—North—St. James and Richmond, 11:30 a.m.
Egerton Road—Egerton and Hamilton road, 8:30 a.m.

Cheapside—Cheapside and Colborne, 9:45 a.m.

LABYRINTH FATAL TO GERMAN ARMY

French Continue To Make Progress and Capture Many Prisoners.

[Canadian Press.]
Paris, June 3.—2:40 p.m.—The French war office this afternoon gave out the following report on the progress of hostilities:

"In the region to the north of Arras artillery fighting was continued during last night. There was also some very violent infantry fighting to the east of Notre Dame de Lorette, but the positions here on neither one side nor the other have undergone any change. There was also infantry fighting in the region of 'The Labyrinth,' where we made some progress."

"We have made a total of 800 prisoners since the 31st of May in 'The Labyrinth.' Of these nine are officers and about fifty under-officers. Here we also captured two machine guns."

"On the rest of the front there has been nothing to report."

IN CRITICAL STATE
Mrs. Margaret Graydon Takes Sudden Turn for Worse.

Mrs. Margaret Graydon, mother of Messrs. Marshall and Park Graydon, is very critically ill at her home, 572 Dundas street. While she has been ill for some time, she took a sudden turn for the worse yesterday, and her condition at the present time is so dangerous that the attending physician does not know whether she will recover. She is the widow of the late S. H. Graydon, ex-mayor of London.

Evidence of M. C. R. Withdrawal

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

Discontinuance of London Branch Train Service

All Passenger Train Service Now Operated by the Michigan Central Railroad Between St. Thomas, Ont. and London, Ont. (London Branch) will be Discontinued

EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 1915

For Particulars Apply to Ticket Agent

E. D. BRONNER, General Manager
S. W. BROWN, General Superintendent
J. W. DALY, Passenger Traffic Manager
L. W. LANDMAN, General Passenger Agent

Advertiser Illustrations.
The above poster announcing the discontinuance of the use of the London and Port Stanley Railway, has been posted in all local ticket offices.

CANADIANS SAID TO HAVE DRIVEN ENEMY BACK FOR FIVE MILES

Recently Have Captured 800 Yards of Trenches With the Bayonet Where British Have Been At a Standstill Since October.

(Special Cable to The Advertiser.)
London, June 3.—News received here today says that the Canadians recently captured 800 yards of trenches at the point of the bayonet on a position where the British troops had met with no success since October.

The Bavarian guards made a counter-attack, which was repulsed, but with serious losses to the Canadians.

The Canadians have driven the enemy back nearly five miles.

ASSASSINS STOLE MONEY AND DIARY

Husband of Murdered Woman Says \$1,700 Taken From House.

FIENDISH CRUELTY SHOWN
After Setting Mrs. Coderre On Fire, Men Prevented Her Reaching Water.

[Canadian Press.]
St. Hyacinthe, Que., June 3.—An inquest into the death of Mrs. P. Coderre, who, in an ante-mortem statement, said two masked men then set fire to her clothing, was begun here yesterday by Dr. J. A. Viger, coroner for this district.

Pierre Coderre, husband of the dead woman, said they had recently returned from the States, where they made \$3,000. They paid \$1,300 for a farm and kept the balance in the money in which Mrs. Coderre had recorded threats made to her by neighbors were missing.

In the ante-mortem statement made by Mrs. Coderre, she said she did not recognize her assailants, and thought they had been hired to do the murder.

They prevented her, after her clothes had been fired, from getting to a brook to put the flames out. The woman ran nearly three miles before she was able to attract attention, and by that time her clothes had all been burned.

When examined by a doctor Mrs. Coderre was frightfully burned, but was conscious almost till the last.

The inquest was adjourned sine die and the Government at Quebec was asked to instruct a provincial detective to investigate the case.

WOUNDED IN FRANCE,
IS NOW RECOVERING

Hugh McCrimmon Writes Home of His Fine Treatment.

Writing from the American Women's War Relief Hospital, Oldway, Pailinton, Devon, Pte. Hugh McCrimmon, who is confined there in a battle wound a month ago, says he is rapidly recovering from his injuries, according to a letter received by his mother.

In his letter, which was a brief one, Pte. McCrimmon states that he has recovered sufficiently to occupy a wheel-chair instead of continually being kept in bed. He says that the treatment accorded the wounded "couldn't be beaten."

Pte. McCrimmon was taking a message while the Canadians were making a charge, and it was while in the act of doing this he was struck in the leg with a piece of shrapnel.

Amsterdam, June 3.—American Ambassador Gerard already has taken steps to safeguard Americans in Berlin in case of war.

This was learned today from an authoritative source. The American ambassador asked the German foreign office for assurance that the embassy staff and their families, American Red Cross workers and Polish relief commissioners and American newspaper correspondents be permitted to leave Berlin on a special embassy train in the event of any breach between the two countries. Secretary Von Jagow gave full assurance of every protection.

GERARD ARRANGES
FOR SAFE CONDUCT

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NEW COALITION PARLIAMENT SESSION TODAY

Premier Asquith, Law and Balfour Not Able To Take Part.

SOME BILLS INTRODUCED
Provisions To Enable the New Ministers To Avoid Re-election To Be Made.

[Canadian Press.]
London, June 3.—The first assembly of the new coalition British Parliament today had no features striking to the eye. Premier Asquith was absent and Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, was at Nice conferring with the Italian financial authorities, while A. Bonar Law, secretary for the colonies, and Arthur J. Balfour, first lord of the admiralty, and other members of the new cabinet from the Unionist side, could not take their places on the front benches until the passage of a bill permitting them to take office without re-election to membership in the House.

Members Sociable.
Several junior members of the new Government on taking cabinet seats, were cheered, while members of the privy council and prominent Unionists outside the cabinet occupied the front Opposition seats. The Irish Nationalist contingent took the usual seats they had held for many years.

Sir John A. Simon, secretary of state for home affairs, announced early in the sitting that he would introduce a bill which would be passed through all its stages today to make temporary provision for rendering unnecessary the election of members on accepting office.

It was a cheerful and uneventful session, even for minor business, were applauded.

Premier On Business.
The home secretary said he regretted the absence of Premier Asquith, who was "on urgent public business," and declared that the Premier hoped to be in his place on Monday, when he would make a statement regarding the position of Italy and the war. A bill for the establishment of a ministry of munitions, he added, also would be introduced.

(Continued on Page Three.)

BITTER ATTACK ON
PREMIER ASQUITH

Ginnell, Nationalist, Calls Him Always "A Tory at Bottom."

[Canadian Press.]
London, June 3.—In introducing the suspensory bill in the Commons today, the Home Secretary explained it was purely a temporary emergency measure, and said he hoped it would be promptly passed through all its stages. The bill was seconded by Sir Robert B. Finlay, Unionist, Richard D. Holt, Radical, inquired if there would be an opportunity for the members to discuss the new ministry. This drew cries of "No, no!" from the Unionists, but Mr. Holt continued, and said that if this opportunity were not given it would be necessary to discuss the bill.

Attacks Premier.
Laurence Ginnell, the Nationalist, bitterly opposed the bill. He said the new members of the Government were not new members of the House or, as he expressed it, "they have not character." Mr. Ginnell launched into an attack upon Premier Asquith. "All his life," the Nationalist member said, "the Premier has been a speaker of political platitudes. All his life he has been a Tory at bottom."

The Speaker warned Mr. Ginnell three times to desist from attacking the Prime Minister, and finally he was compelled to ask him to take his seat.

ROUMANIA WANTS
RUSSIAN TERRITORY

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]
London, June 3.—Roumania has made territorial demands upon Russia in payment for her entrance into war on the side of the Allies.

Reports reached here from Rome today that not only does Roumania want the Transylvanian territory she has retained all Transylvanian territory her troops occupy, but that she wants Russia to cede to her at least part of Russian Bessarabia.

King Victor Emmanuel, Rome dispatches said, has offered to mediate between Russia and Roumania in his capacity of a friendly mediator.

Diplomatic circles here received reports with general surprise. Bucharest dispatches for several days have intimated that Roumania was satisfied with the Allies guarantee that if she marched against Austria she would be allowed to retain all territory she occupied.

The Rome dispatches indicated new developments in negotiations that may at least delay Roumania's entry. Bessarabia is one of the richest of Russian southwestern provinces, and separates Roumania from Russia.

Its population is 50 per cent. Roumanian, and for several years Roumanian diplomats have cast longing eyes upon Bessarabia.

AUSTRIANS CLAIM PRZEMYSL TAKEN

First German Helmet To Be Sent Home By London Man

At Terrible Cost, Fortress Is Reported Recaptured From Russian Forces.

GALICIA NOT LOST YET
If Muskovites Hold Lemberg, No Great Harm May Be Anticipated.

[Canadian Press.]
Vienna, June 3.—Via London, June 3.—Przemysl is again in Austrian hands, according to official announcement made here today.

The great Austro-Hungarian fortress of Przemyśl, situated between Lemberg and Cracow, in the province of Galicia, was captured by the Russians on March 22 last, after one of the longest sieges of modern warfare. In the eight weeks which have elapsed since that time, however, the Austrians and Germans have made every effort to retake the fortress, large forces being diverted from the other great fortress to the west, Cracow.

MAY NOT BE SERIOUS.
[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]
London, Eng., June 3.—Recapture of Przemyśl alone does not mean the inevitable loss of Galicia by the Russians. If the Slavs have been able to entrench themselves in the terrain to the north, south and east of the fortress, Przemyśl's loss will have no serious consequences, unless the Austro-Germans can capture Lemberg as well.

LONDON SURPRISED.
[Canadian Press.]
London, June 3.—After a siege of three weeks the fortress of Przemyśl, in Galicia, has fallen to the Austrians. The Russians were in possession a little over 70 days.

This news was received in London with a certain degree of surprise. While it had been well known that the Russian position at Przemyśl was tenuous, to say the least, and that the artillery fire of the Germans was daily becoming more terrific, an announcement from Vienna of a Russian victory was not expected so quickly. Particularly so in view of the official statement from Petrograd of last Monday saying the Austro-German grip before Przemyśl had been broken and that the offensive in the great Galician struggle had passed to the Russians.

Artillery Succeeded.
The Austrians entered Przemyśl at half past 3 o'clock this morning, after a hammering with heavy guns that lasted more than twenty days. The capitulation of Przemyśl must be ascribed to the effectiveness of this artillery onslaught. The occupation of the fortress by the Austrians will remove the danger of the Russian threat against Cracow.

When the Russians starved out the Austrian garrison at Przemyśl, an operation which brought them into the fortress on March 22, they did it slowly and systematically, conserving the lives of their men as much as possible. The method which the Austrians have been employing recently to accomplish the same end has been entirely different. Their expenditure in men and ammunition in this war, not even excepting the German rushes for Calais and the terrible struggle along the Yser River.

Another feature of the fighting in eastern front is, the new attack on Warsaw. Neither the Russian nor the British newspapers are able to say whether the renewed battering of the Russian lines between the Pilica and the Vistula is a serious effort to break through to the Polish capital or a move aimed to prevent the Russians from rushing reinforcements to their hard-pressed troops in Galicia. But whatever the motive, the assault has been violent and in force along a front of about 25 miles, the hardest pressure being brought to bear on the Russians along the Bzura and the Rawa Rivers.

Today is the fiftieth anniversary of the birth of King George, but because of the war no special celebrations are being held.

The new Government meets parliament for the first time today. Aside from the formality of passing the bill to obviate the ministers in the new cabinet from seeking re-election, chief interest centred in the promised speech of Premier Asquith in the House of Commons on the new coalition government and the entry of Italy into the war.

THE WEATHER
LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded at London on the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 65; lowest, 54. The other temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 60; lowest, 53.

TOMORROW—FAIR AND WARM.
Toronto, June 3.—8 a.m.
Forecast: Fair and warm.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations. High. Low. Weather.
Victoria 54 44 Clear
Calgary 52 41 Cloudy
Winnipeg 51 40 Clear
Toronto 52 41 Cloudy
Ottawa 51 40 Clear
Montreal 50 39 Clear
Quebec 48 37 Clear
Father Point, N.S. 54 44 Clear

Notes.
Heavy rain has fallen since yesterday morning in Alberta and Southwestern Saskatchewan, and also in Southwestern Ontario.

Elsewhere in the Dominion the weather has been fine.

WHAT IF MR. GRAY
HAD "PROMOTED"
L. & P. S. R. "WILDCAT"

Recently in a committee of the Legislature at Toronto Sir Adam Beck, M. P., was pleased to describe as a "wildcat" scheme a radial railway in the eastern counties in which William Gray, M. P., was interested.

At the present time it may be opportune to ask what Sir Adam Beck had called Mr. Gray and his railway if Mr. Gray had been the promoter of the electrification of the London and Port Stanley. It would likely have been beyond Sir Adam to describe them. It would have been a "wildcat" with the rabble.

If Mr. Gray had done the promoting in Sir Adam's favorite rose garden, and Sir Adam had been "affly" Mr. Gray, as he is now, the London and Port Stanley would have been regarded as the most noxious case of gulling the people that was ever recorded.

Mr. Gray would be held up as a breaker of pledges and a weaver of dreams.

Just think what would happen if Mr. Gray's name had been on the "prospects" that was issued during the electrification campaign by Sir Adam Beck. In view of the developments and their effect upon Sir Adam's promises, the people would now be crying out:

"WE DIDN'T RAISE OUR ROAD TO BE A JUNK HEAP."

And if Mr. Gray had talked of bringing the Grand Trunk to his knees, he would have been reminded that the city of London once went to the Grand Trunk with its hat in its hand and offered the London and Port Stanley Railway to the steam road for ONE CENT A YEAR. And the Grand Trunk refused to take it.

Clothing Torn by Shell.
In this battle, Pte. Lewin, who was engaged in keeping a line of communication open, missed death by a fraction of an inch. A German coal box burst near where he was on duty and a fragment of it pierced his clothing, also breaking his water bottle. He picked up this strip of "man killer" and forwarded it along with the helmet to his wife. He also sent home a crucifix found in the ruins of one of the Belgian cathedrals and some lace from a city in Belgium.

At the outbreak of the war, Pte. Lewin was a lieutenant in the 1st Hussars. He held this rank for six years, but resigned to leave in the 1st Contingent. He is a Western University man.

Advertiser Illustrations.
This trophy of the war was recovered from a trench captured by the Canadians by Pte. Francis Lewin, of the 1st Battalion. It is now on exhibition in The Advertiser window. A picture of Pte. Lewin is printed below.

KEEPS PROMISE
TO SEND WIFE
FOE'S HELMET

Pte. Francis Lewin Sends Home German's Military Headgear Found in Trench—Also Forwards Fragment of "Man Killer" That Pierced Clothing During Heavy Fighting.

Mrs. F. Lewin, wife of Pte. Francis Lewin, who left this city with the 1st Contingent, has received from her husband the first German helmet to arrive here from the scene of the present European conflict. It is on exhibition in The Advertiser window for a few days.

When the Canadians troops left Salisbury Plains for the front, Pte. Lewin, like hundreds of other soldiers, promised his wife, who was leaving Portsmouth for this city, that he would send her a German helmet, and now this promise has been fulfilled after many months of fighting.

Wife Was in England.
Mrs. Lewin, who had left here for a trip to the Old Country, was there when Britain declared war on Germany, and receiving word from her husband that he had enlisted she awaited the arrival of the 1st Contingent, and stopped over with her husband for the months until he left for the scene of action.