"Want of Watchfulness

Makes a Thief."

Many cases of poor health come from want of watchfulness. But if you keep your blood pure no thief can steal your health.

The one effective natural blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It never disappoints.

impure Blood—"My wife suffered with pain and distress from an affection of the throat caused by impure blood. She was almost in despair when she turned to Hood's Sarsaparilla. Six bottles of this medicine completely cured her." John Weckmar, Galt, Ont.

Scrofula - "Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of scrofula. I was weak and debilitated but it made me strong and well. After a severe cold had catarrhal fever. Again resorted to this medicine and it cured



Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla

THE MARKETS

Local Market. London, Saturday, Jan. 6. The market was fairly large this morning. A great many people were on the square. Probably the slim attendance for the past few days, and the consequent inadequacy of the supply, occasioned a large number of purchasers. Prices were firm in all lines.

Butter was supplied in slightly larger quantities than heretofore, but the increased quantity did not affect prices. Both butter and eggs were in good demand. An average quantity of dressed meat was brought in. Poultry was not greatly 'n evidence and previous prices HAMILTON & SON'S REPORT.

wneat, white, per bu660 to 67c
Wheat, red, per bu 66c to 66c
Oats, per bu28c to 29c
Peas, per bu
Corn, per bu281/2c to 30c
Barley, per bu
Rye, per bu50c to 56c
Beans, per bu \$1 to \$1 35
Quite a lot of oats came in today.
Prices ruled steady, at 82c to 85c; the
demand was good. Wheat sales were
made at \$1 10 for all good stock. One
load of very poor peas sold at 95c.
A good load of barley sold at 85c,
and a small lot of poor beans at \$1 15.
91 10.

In hay there was no change in prices, but sales were very slow.

Dressed and live hogs were steady,
he former at \$5 to \$5 25 and the latter a \$4. Quotations:

GRAIN				
Wheat, white, fall, per 100 lbs.	1 05	0	1 12	
Wiest, red. fall, per 100 lbs	1 05	0	1 12	
Wlest, spring, per 100 ips	1 05	à	1 12	
Oat per 100 lbs	83		85	
Pea per 100 lbs	96	0	1 00	
Comper 100 lbs	80	Ø.	83	
Barley, per 100 lbs	80	a	82	
Dife ler 100 lbs	85		1 00	
Bycktheat per 100 lbs	90	a	1 00	
Beans, per bu	1 00		1 35	
PROVISIONS				
Cheese per lb	10	0	12	
Eggs, shgle dozen	20		25	
Hggs, freb. basket, dozen	19	0	20	
Butter, h, large rolls or crocks	20		21	
Butter, bund rolls, retail	23	6	25	
Lard, perib	8	9	10	
Lard, 20 1. lots	. 7	0	8	
WHULESALE DEALER	S PR	UČE	18.	
Eggs, stor loss, doz	18	0	18	
Butter, poind rolls, backets	20	•	22	
Butter, orok	19		21	
Butter, roll, store lots	18	9	19	
THUIT.				
Snow apples per bbl	3 00	0	3 50	
Dried apples per lb	43	6 9	5	
Apples per hl	1 50		2 25	
Apples, per big	50		75	
Chestnuts	2 00		2 25	

Chestnuts	2 00		2 25
Hickory Nuts per bu	1 25		1 50
VEGETABLE	8.		
Potatoes, per mg	50	0	60
Turnips, new, per bag,	30	C	40
Vegetable Marrow, per dag	50	0	60
Cabbage, per des.	26	0	40
Caulinowers, per doz	50	ě	1 00
Celery, per dozei	30		40
Beets, per bag	40		50
Uniona, per bag	75		1 00
Uarrous	30	(4
Parenips	50	9	60
Citrons, per doz	1 00	0	1 25
Vogetable Oysters per doz	30	0	40
Artichokes, per bag	75	0	1 00
Bavory and Sage, per lb	15		16
Suqash—Hubbards, ber doz	1 00		1 00
Parsiey, per doz	30		30
Lettuce, per doz	25		25

Deer' beg 10	3	(0)	9
Hoge, light, per 100 les	3 75	0	4 00
Hogs, heavy, per 100 lbs.	2 50		3 75
Rogs, singers	4 00	0	4 00
	2 00	Ø	4 00
Pows, per 100 lbs	3 00		3 00
Ducks, per pair	60		1 25
Wild Ducks	45		45
Chickens, spring, per pair	40		60
Hens per poir	30		40
Hens, per pair	De		20
HAT AND BEE	D3.		10 00
Hay per ton	A 00	9	
Straw, per load	3.00	0	3 75
Straw, per ton	6 00	0	6 00
MEAT, HIDES,	ETC		
Beef, per lb.	4		6
Mutton, quarters, per lb		0	6
Lamb, quarter	8	4	9
Lamb, carcass	7	0	73
Dressed hogs, 100 lbe, selects .	5 25	a	5 3
Dressed hogs 100 lbs, heavy .	4 00		5 3
Hides, No. L per lb		40	81
Hides, No. 2, per Po		% 0	73
Hides, No. 3, per lb		% 4	63
Oalfskine, green.	. 8		8
Lembskins	50		75
Wood, washed, per lb			18
W Dot, washed, per 10			11
Wool, unwashed, per lb	10		
Turkoys, per lb	8		10
Goese, each	75		1 00

Buckwheat Flour

A. M. Hamilton & Son 373 Talbot street. Opposite market.

The Oil Market. PETROLEA, Jan. 5.—Oil remains at \$1 68 and \$1 72 for Petrolia and Oil Springs receipts, respectively.
PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 6.—Oil opened at \$166 and closed at \$166.
Oil. CITY, Jan. 5.—Credit balances, \$166; certificates, no bids.

St. Thomas Market. Thomas, Jan. 2.-Wheat, old, per bu, 67c; wheat, new, 67c; oats new, 28c to 30c; peas, 50c to 60c; barley, 35c to 40c; rye, 60c; corn, 40c; flaxseed, per cwt, \$2 45 to \$2 50; timothy seed, \$1 50 to \$1 75; clover seed, per ou, \$6 70.

Minneapolis and Duluth reported 453 cars, compared with 333 last week and 442 a year ago.

The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat, No. 2 Jan., 65%c; May, 68%c; July, 68%c. Corn—No. 2 Jan., 50%c; May, 68%c; July, 68%c. Corn—No. 2 Jan., 20%c; May, 33%c to 33c; July, 33%c. Oats—No. 2 Jan., 22c; May, 33%c. Mess. Pork—Jan., 316 47%; May, 310 77%. Lard—Jan., 36 80; May, 35 95. Short ribs—Jan., 35 62%; May, 35 75. Cash quotations—Flour, firm; No. 2 red, 67%c to 68%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 31%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 31%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 51%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 51%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 51%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 53%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 53%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 53%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 53%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 53%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 31c to 53%c. No. 2 corn, 31c; No. 2 yellow corn, 35 67% to 56 82%. Short rib sides, 35 50 to 35 85. Cloverseed, contract grade, \$8 10. Sugars, cut loaf, \$5 70; granulated, \$5 18. Eggs. firm, 19c to 19%c. RECEIPTS—Flour, 38,000 barrels; wheat, 75,000 bushels; corn, 287,000 bushels; barley, 76,000 bushels.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 33,000 barrels; wheat,

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 33,000 barrels; wheat, 31,000 bushels; corn, 128,000 bushels; oats, 152,000 bushels; rye, 16,000 bushels; barley, 17,000 bushels.

English Markets. Ruling prices for the past four market days—
The following table shows the quotations per cental at Liverpool for the three previous market days. In the case of wheat highest prices are given.

WHEAT-	J	an. 2.	J	an.	J	an. 4.	J	an. 5.
Red Winter			-	•0	-		7	
No. 1 Nor. Spring	-	10	5	10	5	10	5	10
No. 1 Cal	6	11/2	6	11/2	6	11/2	6	11/2
	6	3	6	3	6	3	6	31/2
Nov	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March	5	111/4	5	113/8	5	10%	5	105/8
May	5	11	5	111/8	5	101/2	5	101/4
New	3	57/3	3	6	3	6	3	6
Old	3		13	6	3	6	3	61/8
Dec	0	0	ló	Õ	0	ŏ	0	0
Jan	3	57	3	51%	3	55%		534
Feb	3		3	6	3	534	3	53/4
March	3		3	61/8	3	51/2	3	534
May	3		3	55/8	3	514	3	54
Flour			17	9	17	9	17	9
Peas	5		5	5	5		5	5
Pork			57	6	57		57	Ö
Lard			31	Ö	31	6	31	6
Tallow			26		26		26	0
Bacon, light	24		34	6	31	6	34	6
Cheese, white			57	ő	57	Ö	57	0
	59		59		59		59	0
	109	CART CAR	1	Ton	108	CI	ALC: N	

Liverpool, Jan. 6—Closing.

Wheat—Spot. dull; winter, firm; No. 1
Cal., 6s 3d to 6s 3½d; No. 2 red western, winter, firm, 5s 10d; No. 1 red northern, spring, firm, 6s 1½d; No. 1 red northern, Duluth, steady, 5s 10d; futures closed dull; March, 5s 10½d; May, 5s 10½d.

Corn—Spot. quiet. American mixed, steady.

May, 5s 10½d.

Corn—Spot, quiet, American mixed, steady,
3s 6d: io. old, firm, 3s 6½d; futures, new,
Jan., steady, 3s 5¾d; Feb., quiet, 3s 5½d; March,
steady, 3s 5½d; April, none; May, 3s 5½d; July,

steady, 3s 5%d; April, none; May, 3s 5%d; July, none.

Peas—Western, 5s 10%d. Canadian, 5s 5d. Flour—St. Louis fancy winter, firm, 7s; Minn., 7s 9d.

Beef—Prime mess, steady, 76s 3d; extra India mess, steady, 82s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess, fine western, steady 57s 6d; do, medium, western, 42s 6d.

Lard—American refined, in pails, steady, 31s 9d; prime western in tierces, dull 30s; middlings, light, dull, 33s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 15 bs., firm, 45s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs., firm, 34s, long clear middles, light, 30 to 35 lbs., firm, 34s, 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, firm, 34s; short clear backs, 16 to 18 lbs, steady, 33s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 18 lbs, firm, 36s.

Shoulders—Scanze 13 to 14 lbs, firm, 34s, 6d.

36s.
Shoulders—Square, 12 to 14 lbs, firm, 34s 6d.
Butter—Finest American, 95s; good, 75s.
Cheese—American finest white, firm, 57s; colored, firm, 59s; do, old, firm, 54s 6d; ordinary, new, 42s 6d.
Tallow—Prime city, firm, 25s 6d; Australian in London, firm, 27s.
Hops—At London (Pacific coast), firm, £3 10s to £4 10s.
Cottonseed oil—Hull refined, strong, Jan, Cottonseed oil-Hull refined, strong, Jan.

April, 20s.
Turpentine spirits—Firm, 39s.
Rosin—Common, firm, 4s 6d.
Linseed oil—24s.
Petroleum—Refined, 7%d.

Dairy Markets MONTREAL, Jan. 5.—Cheese, 11c to 12c. Butter—Townships, 20c to 22c;

western, 17c to 18c. NEW YORK, Jan. 5.-Butter firm; western creamery, 21c to 30c; do factory, 16c to 22c; June creamery, 23c to tory, 18c to 22c; June creamery, 23c to 27½c; imitation creamery, 20c to 26c; state dairy, 20c to 27c; do creamery, 24c to 30c. Cheese firm; fall made, fancy, small, 12%c to 13c; fall made, fancy, large, 12%c to 13c; large, late made, 12c to 12½c; small, late made, 11%c to 12c.

Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Cattle—Good to choice, \$4 25 to \$6 60; poor to medium, \$3 20 to \$4 25; mixed stockers, \$3 to \$5 75; \$3 20 to \$4 25; mixed stockers, \$3 to \$5 75; selected feeders, \$4 20 to \$4 90; good to choice cows, \$3 60 to \$4 90; heifers, \$3 50 to \$5; canners, \$2 25 to \$3; bulls, \$2 60 to \$4 90; calves, \$4 to \$7 50; fed Texas beeves, \$4 10 to \$5 90. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$4 20 to \$4 52½; good to choice heavy, \$4 40 to \$4 52½; rough heavy, \$4 20 to \$4 30; light, \$4 20 to \$4 42½; bulk of sales, \$4 3746 to \$4 45. Sheep—Notive of sales, \$4 37½ to \$4 45. Sheep—Native wethers, \$4 40 to \$5 05; lambs, \$4 50 to \$6 25; western wethers, \$4 25 to \$4 75; western lambs, \$5 50 to \$6 25. Receipts—Cattle, 5,000; hogs, 23,000; sheep, 10,000.

2 loads on sale; there was a fair de-mand for good butcher cattle, and on such a market was well sustained; calves were in fair demand, with moderate receipts, and closed a little stronger than yesterday; choice to extra were quotable at \$3.50 to \$8.75; good to choice, \$8 to \$8.50. Sheep and lambs—The offerings were 60 loads, including 2 loads of Canada lambs; choice lambs sold full steady with yesterday, while sheep were 15c to 25c higher; lambs, sheep were 15c to 25c higher; lambs, choice to extra, were quotable at \$6.10 to \$6.30; good to choice, \$5.75 to \$6.10; common to fair, \$4.75 to \$5.75; mixed sheep, choice to extra, \$4.50 to \$4.85; good to choice, \$4. to \$4.50; wethers and yearlings, \$5 to \$5.25; heavy ewes, \$4.50; Canadas sold on the basis of to \$4 50; Canadas sold on the basis of \$6.30; the offerings were well cleaned up, and the close was steady. Hogs—The market opened active and 5c higher, and continued in that position the best part of the day; heavy sold at \$4.65 to \$4.70; mixed, \$4.65; Yorkers, \$4.65; pigs, \$4.65; roughs, \$4.05 to \$4.15; stags, \$3.40 to \$3.60; toward the close the market eased up and declined 2½c; the total offerings were \$5. loads.

the total offerings were 55 loads. TORONTO, Jan. 5.—Forty-two loads in today, including 1.028 hogs and 647 In today, including 1,028 hogs and 647 sheep and lambs. Milk cows. choice, each, \$35 to \$45; do common, \$25 to \$30. Export cattle, choice, \$5 to \$5 15 per cwt; do light, \$4 50 to \$4 57 per cwt. Butchers' cattle, choice, \$4 to \$4 50 per cwt. do medium mixed \$3 50 to \$3 75 cwt; do medium mixed, \$3 50 to \$3 75 per cwt; do common, \$2 50 to \$3 per cwt. Bulls—Export, heavy, \$4 to \$4 25 per cwt; do light, \$3 50 to \$4 per cwt. Feeders, heavy, \$3 75 to \$4 per cwt. Feeders, heavy, \$3 75 to \$4 per cwt; do light, \$3 50 to \$3 75 per cwt. Stockers, 560 to 700 lbs, \$2 50 to \$3 per cwt; 700 to 900 Ms, \$2 25 to \$2 50 per cwt. Feeding bulls, \$3 to \$3 25 per cwt; light bulls for Buffalo, \$1 50 to \$2 per cwt; light stock bulls, \$2 50 per cwt. Sheep—Exstock buils, \$2 50 per cwt. Sheep—Export ewes, \$3 50 to \$3 65 per cwt. Bucks, export, per cwt, \$2 50 to \$2 75. Sheep, butchers', each, \$2 50 to \$3: lambs, \$4 to Sutchers, each, \$2 50 to \$3; tamps, \$4 to \$4 75 per cwt; lambs, picked ewes and wethers, \$4 50 to \$4 75; do, each, \$3 to \$4 50; bucks, \$2 50 to \$2 75 per cwt. Calves, per head, \$4 to \$10. Hogs—Singers, 4%c; light, 4c; thick fats, \$3 75 off cars. Trade brisk.

cars. Trade brisk.

American Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Wheat depressed by the poor export business, the decline in outside markets and mid-crop news; closed weak and %c under yesterday. Provisions slumped on heavy realizing, May pork closing 10c to 12½c under and lard 5c to 7½c and May ribs 5c to 7½c lower. Corn closed ¼c and oats ½c under yesterday. Primary receipts were 501,804 bushels, against 653,468 last year, and Atlantic export clearances in wheat and flour equalled 250,000 bushels. Receipts here were 76 cars. Trade brisk.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,755; steady for steers and bulls; cows steady to 15c lower; all sold; steers. \$4 60 to \$5 90; tops, \$6 to \$6 25; oxen. \$4 65 to \$5 35; buils, \$3 25 to \$4 70; cows, \$2 to \$4 25. Cables steady; exports, 440 and 44.000 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 417; veals steady; barnyard calves flow; veals, \$5 to \$63,468 last year, and Atlantic export clearances in wheat and flour equalled 250,000 bushels. Receipts here were 76 cars. Trade brisk.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,755; steady for steers and bulls; cows steady to 15c lower; all sold; steers. \$4 60 to \$5 90; tops, \$6 to \$6 25; oxen. \$4 65 to \$5 35; buils, \$3 25 to \$4 70; cows, \$2 to \$4 25. Cables steady; exports, 440 and 44.000 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 417; veals steady; barnyard calves flow; veals, \$5 to \$4 50; lambs—Receipts, 3.496; sheep firm; lambs—loc higher all sold: sheep, \$4 to \$5 10; lambs, \$5 75 to \$6 70; culls, \$4 50; lambs, \$5 75 to \$6 70; culls, \$4 50; lambs, \$5 75 to \$6 70; culls, \$4 50; lambs, \$5 75 to \$6 70; culls, \$4 50; lambs, \$5 75 to \$6 70; culls, \$4 50; lambs, \$5 75 to \$6 70; culls, \$4 50; lambs, \$5 75 to \$6 70; culls, \$4 50; lambs, \$5 75 to \$6 70; culls, \$4 50; lambs, \$5 75 to \$6 70; culls, \$4 50; lambs, \$6 25; lambs, \$6 25;

On the Banks of the Historic Tugela River.

Heavy Fighting From Hour to Hour.

Probability That It Will Not Be De layed Beyond Monday.

London, Jan. 6, 1 a.m.-(Special to Toronto Globe.)-While Major-General French's adroit maneuvers and gallant repulse of the enemy's determined attack are of superior interest as incidents of actual warfare, public attention cannot be diverted from the impending battle on the Tugela River. Heavy fighting had been expected from hour to hour by military men, who could not believe that Gen. Buller would wait for the single battery and the small force of Hussars dispatched from Cape Town to Durban; but when the official bulletin, dated yesterday from Frere Camp, and containing his thanks in the name of the army for the holiday remembrances from home, was posted, the impression prevailed that the decisive battle would be deferred until Monday, when he would command every available gun and horses. This opinion was unchanged at midnight. The censorship was screwed down to the tightest notch, so that only the trivial camp incidents were related by the news agencies.

EXPERTS ARE DIVIDED of attack. One group held that Inh-lawe Mountain would be the first ob-jective point, and that the southern bank would be cleared before any fur-ther attempt was made to force the passage of the river. The second group, undismayed by the failure of previous forecasts, assumed that there would be a turning movement a long distance away, with a feint attack at the other end of the line and a vigorous artillery fire at the center, and they cited as proofs of their theory the they cited as proofs of their theory the reports of systematic scouting on the Upper Tugela, near Springfield, the massing of Major-General Warren's division at Estcourt, whence it could be sent to Weenen, and the organization of mule transport on a large scale tion of mule transport on a large scale.

THE MULE TRANSPORT. The last detail was certainly signicant, since no turning movement on the Lower Tugela could be made with-out a mule transport, but an experiout a mule transport, but an experienced veteran, who managed the transport in a previous campaign in South Africa, told me late last night that this was not conclusive evidence, since a mule train would be required at once between Colenso and Ladysmith, after the passage of the river, as the raftway had probably been torn up by the Boers.

GEN. BULLER'S FORCES.

Gen. Buller must have received yesterday strong cavalry reinforcements of South African Light Horse and the 18th Hussars, and when the last bat-18th Hussars, and when the last battery afloat, with a small force of Hussars, arrives, he will be as strong as he can expect to be, and with nothing to gain by delay. The strongth of his army is underestimated by the London press, since the military authorities have not wished the enemy to know the full extend of the concentration of the force upon the Tugela. The last word before midnight was that the ambu-lance corps had been ordered to the front from Durban and Pietermaritz-

THE CRITIC'S SCREED.

London, Jan. 6.—The military critic of the Morning Post discusses today of the Morning Post discusses today the details of Gen. French's and Gen. Gatacre's skirmishes and operations, and declares that both need reinforcements. He adds: "Each side of the Modder River (where Methuem is) wants to be attacked, but neither cares to attack. The consequence is likely to be a pause until the arrival of reinforcements. These would reach the British first if Gen. Buller should win a battle in Natal. If not, they might a battle in Natal. If not, they might EAST BUFFALO, Jan. 5.—Cattle— come first to the Boers, who, in case The market was in fair position, with of their second success at Tugela River, could spare men to go to Magersfon-tein."

BOER PREPARATION

It Has Drained the Uitlanders for Years.

upon those of Henri Dupont, the French "Revue Sud Africaine," and are free from the charge of bias in favor of the Britisher. It will be seen that they are not the less significant for that reason.

of that reason.
In the 14 years since the discovery of the Witwatersrand gold mines, the revenue of the Transvaal has been \$188,230,000, and the expenditure \$185,-155,000, of which revenue all but \$16,-000,000 has been found by the uitlander. Roughly, one-half of the expenditure is made up as follows: Salaries and appointments, \$35,000,000; military expenditure, \$10,220,000; "special expenditure," \$11,435,000; various services, \$7,905,000, and public works, \$29,045,000. The salaries actually represent in 1899 an income of \$250 to every adult Boer in the Transvaal. This item more than doubled itself in the last four years. The war expenditure really dates from 1895 1896, proving that war was contem-plated over three years ago. "Various services" and "special services" are euphemisms for secret service money. This small republic, so far from trust-ing to the Bible and the righteousness of its cause, has spent \$17,340,000 in 14 years (over \$10,000,000 in the last three years) in "influencing the European press, and keeping concessionaires' mouths shut!

It should be difficult to economize on this. The colony of the Cape of Good Hope can administer a territory nearly three times the size of the Transvaal, with white population a third larger and twice the number of blacks for 1500 colons. blacks for \$1,500,000 a year less than the Boers. When M. Dupont estimates a saving in expenditure of \$8,560,000 under British rule he is well within the mark. If the administration is as good

mark. If the administration is as good as the Egyptian, it should be more.

The question of the expense of the war arises. An indemnity of \$100,000,000 (the outside estimate) could be raised on a British guarantee at 3½ per cent easily. This would be a charge of \$5,000,000 at the most, allowing liberally for a sinking fund. The government shares in the Netherlands Railway are worth \$4,250,000. The government lands at the lowest will sell for \$50,000,000. The dynamite monepoly yields \$3,000,000 a year (all but \$155,000 a year has leaked into other pockets up to now!). The government has the

THE WEATHER TODAY-Fair and milder.

Linen Discounts.

Best to Be Had. Lowest Prices.

Ours is always the greatest value store in London. Just now our main object is to reduce stocks-not old stocks. Everything is new, seasonable and the best to be

had. Prices were always the lowest, but now when we are giving such discounts as the following you will not wonder why this store is the destination of every shopper who appreciates first-class goods at extremely low prices. The influence of the following reductions will be felt throughout the city.

A Few of Our Special Prices:

LINRI FACHED TARIE DAMASK

CINDELEACHED TABLE DI	11 11 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
60 inches wide, regular price was 30c, now	25c
60 inches wide, extra heavy, regular price was 46c now	36c
62 inches wide, guaranteed all linen, was 50c, now	46c
64 inches wide, fine, all linen, was 65c, now	

BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK.

	68 inches, regular 65c goods, now
No.	72 inches, fine and beautiful designs, regular \$1, now90c
	72 inches, heavy, choice patterns, regular \$1 25, now\$1.10
	Any of our \$2 Bleached Damask Tablecloths, border on all sides, 2x22, for \$1.85
	Any of our \$2.50 Cloths, 2x21/2, for
	Any of our \$2.50 Cloths, 2x3, for\$2.25
	Any of our \$3 Cloths, 2x3, for\$2.70

TARIE NAPKIN BARGAINS

TADLE MAI KIN DINGMI	
Any of our 5/8 Napkins, regular 75c, for	65e dozer
Any of our \(\frac{5}{8} \) Napkins, regular \(\frac{5}{1} \), for \(\triangle \).	90c dozei
Any of our % Napkins, regular \$1.25, for	
Any of our \(\frac{5}{8} \) Napkins, regular \(\frac{\$1}{50} \), for	\$1 39 dozer
Any of our 5% Napkins, regular \$2, for	\$1 75 dozer
Linen Toweling Crash, regular 81/2c yard, for	7½
Linen Unbleached Huck Toweling, regular 10c yard, for	
All-Linen Tea Cloth, 25 inches wide, regular 10c yard, for	6

All-Linen Fringed Huck Towels, regular 121/2c each, now for 10c, or a dozen for \$1 00 All-Linen Hemmed Huck Towels, were 121/2c each, a dozen now for\$1 25 All-Linen Hemmed Pure White, with Damask Border all around, special for 18c each, or a pair

This Store Closes at 7 O'Clock Saturday Night.

Do your shopping early on Saturday or some other day. Our doors close at 7 o'clock on Saturdays, at which hour our large staff of clerks are relieved from duty. Help to make the introduction of early closing in London a success. All classes of citizens believe in the movement.

& INGRAM,

149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street.

right to take over the Netherlands Railway, and would, after paying the concession price, but able to pocket \$2,700,000 per annum by the transaction. Even with reduced freight rates, clean British administration should still show this surplus, for the internal robbery in that precious concession has been fearful.

M. Dupont estimates that the aboli-

tion of the dynamite monopoly and kindred burdens would mean a saving to the mining industry of nearly \$28. 000,000 per annum, bringing the cost of exploitation of gold from \$7 per ton to \$3, the average cost in this country. He considers that the result of British occupation, in the cheaper working of mines and the extension of operations, would mean that the output could be doubled in two years. It should be borne in mind that these are not the figures of any British authority, emanate from a source not likely to be prejudiced against the Boer govern-ment.—Wall Street Journal.

AT DAYBREAK

The figures given here are based Levi Stewart's Execution Will Take Place Early to Avoid a Crowd.

Windsor, Jan. 6.—Sheriff Her will see to it that the disgraceful scenes that characterized the execution of Joseph Truski, hanged at Sandwich five years

ago, are not repeated at the hanging of Levi Stewart on Feb. 6. Several hundred tickets were issued to Truski's hanging, and on the morning of the execution a mob of thousands surrounded the jail yard and fought for admission through the little narrow gate in the jail wall, with a squad of police beating them back with their batons. Men passed through the crowd selling tickets for the hanging, some bringing \$4 and \$5. Only a limited number will be allowed to witness the execution of Stewart. The list will be confined to newspaper men, the local police offi-cers, Windsor and Sandwich officials, a few personal friends of the sheriff, and probably Sheriff "Duff" Stewart, of Wayne county, and one or two other officials from Detroit.

In order to avoid the big crowds

that are sure to congregate, it has been decided to have the execution take place early in the morning, likely just after daybreak.

Be Cured of Catarrh.

It is quite easy to cure yourself of Catarrh or Asthma if you use Catarrhozone, the medicated air treatment for all diseases of the nasal and respiraall diseases of the nasal and respira-tory organs caused by germ life. Catarrhozone will cure—absolutely cure—Catarrh, and is a very pleasant remedy, that can be used without any danger or risk whatever. When inhaled it rapidly volatilizes, and finds its way to the very seat of the disease, where it kills the microbic life that causes Catarrh and at the same time restores all irritated membranes. time restores all irritated membranes to their normal condition, effecting a permanent cure. You simply breathe: Catarrhozone does the rest. One trial will demonstrate its worth. For sale at all druggists or by mail, price \$1 00. For trial outfit send 10c in stamps to N. C. POLSON & CO., Box 567 King-

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria. | cure it for you.

PROGRAMME OF MEETINGS

Of the Middlesex Farmers' Institute. Below is given a list of meetings to be held in Middlesex shortly for Farmers' Institute work, and the delegates. The regular meetings will be as fol-

J. S. Woodward, of Lockport, N. Y. delegate at Harding's Hall, Thorndale, Jan. 9; Oddfellows' Hall, Harrietsville, Jan. 12; Coldstream town hall, Jan. 13; Ailsa Craig town hall, Jan. 15; Parkhill town hall, Jan. 16.

John McMullan, M.P., of Seaforth and F. M. Lewis, of Burford, delegates at Appin, Jan. 17, and at Mount Brydges, Jan. 18.

The supplementary meetings will be as follows: Delegates Major James Sheppard, of

Queenston, and A. P. Ketchen, at Brucefield, Feb. 5 to 23; G. A. Brodie, B.S.A., Bethesda, Jan. 30 to Feb. 3; at the Foresters' Hall, Feb. 2; at Adelaide town hall, Feb. 3; at Grange Hall, Beechwood, Feb. 5; at Maccabees' Hall, Sylvan, Feb. 6; at Wilson's Hafl, Greenway, Feb. 7; at town hall, McGillivray, Feb. 8; at Temperance Hall, Clandeboye, Feb. 9; at Coxen's

Hall, Granton, Feb. 10. A. McNeil, Walkerville; T. H. Wilson, Straffordville, at Putnam, Feb. 12; Derwent, Feb. 20; White Oak, Feb. 21; Ilderton, Feb. 22; Temperance Hall, Bryanston, Feb.23; German Hall, Well-

Harry Glendinning, Manila, and W. H. Stutt, Southend, at Masonic Hall, Melbourne, Jan. 30; township hall, Napier, Jan. 31; Thompson's Hall, Glencoe, Feb. 1.

KOMOKA.

Komoka, Jan. 6.—The phonograph entertainment to be given in the Methodist Church on Monday evening promises to be a first-class one. Six records will be given, made by Mr. Ira D. Sankey, the great gospel sing-er. The admission fee is only 10 cents. The Misses McLellans, of Glengarry county, visited at their uncle's, Mr. D. McLachlan, Lobo.

Mrs. J. Lince is quite ill. The friends of Mr. L. Hord will be pleased to hear of his safe recovery. He was able to be out on Thursday.

Miss Pearlie Stelson is able to be out again.
Mr. J. Swailes has left for Dundas,

where he has accepted the position of switchman on the G. T. R. Mr. D. McLachlan has been engaged as teacher of the public school section, No. 2. He commenced his duties on Wednesday last.

Babies Tortured By flaming, itching eczema, find com-

fort and permanent cure in Dr. Chase's Ointment, a preparation which has a record of cures unparalleled in the history of medicine. Eczema, salt rheum, tetter, scald head, old people's rash, and all itching skin diseases, are ab-

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleas-ant. sure and effectual. If your drug-gist has none in stock, get him to pro-

French P. D. Corsets.



These World-Renowned Corsets are positively without rivals for FIT, COMFORT and DURA-BILITY.

To be had only at Smallman & Ingram's

Eighty-Five Canadians Advancing. Every graduate at Coo's Shorthand and Business Academy, 76 Dundas street, during 1899 was placed in a situation. Eighty-five situations secured in one year. These bright young Canadians are advancing in knowledge and prosperity. If you want to fit yourself for something higher and better join Mr. Coo's classes at once. He takes an interest in his pupils and places every graduate in a situation.

There is much French and Belgian capital invested in the principal railway lines in Spain, while England owns many of the shorter lines, and is also at the head of the mining interests.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas Eclectric oil—a pulmonic of acknowledged effi-cacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back, and, as an inward specific, possesser most substantial results.

In Massachusetts more money is invested in cotton mills than in any other manufacturing industry, but the making of boots and shoes yields the most valuable product.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who

have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dande-lion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmeleo's Vegetable Pills.