

# The Charlotteville Journal.

NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1883. VOL. XII—NO. 51

**GOOD TEA!**  
Flavored Tea for  
Id. Half-chests,  
1-lb. tin boxes:  
y package warranted excellent.  
**ER & GOFF.**  
Island Agency

**WOOD'S  
IMPLEMENTS.**  
hand a complete stock of  
**CULTIVATORS,**  
known Frost & Wood No. 8,  
general purpose Plough,  
rich is largely used in  
Island, and quite a  
le Ploughs.  
McKenzie Potato Digger, with  
e Implements before purchas-  
ed.  
**E. R. STRONG,**  
South Side of Queen Square.

**GHT & CO.**  
DESCRIPTION OF  
**Furniture,**  
BEDDING, &c.,  
**W PRICES.**  
- Kent Street,  
83 Queen Street.

hey have every description of  
all mounted, from \$6.00 each  
unting, shrouds, body dresses,  
**ERY MODERATE.**  
**& Mercantile**  
**ANCE COMPANY,**  
Established in 1809.  
... \$9,733,332  
... 1,216,666

**ITY BUSINESS**  
Losses settled with  
liberality.  
**EMENT.**  
p Capital) over \$5,000,000.00  
over current rates.  
**EMENT.**  
of paid up Capital) over  
0.  
Life Branch belong to the  
ided among Policy Holders,  
00.

be Dominion of Canada.  
ctus, and every information,  
Island Branch, No. 35 Water  
**W. DeBLOIS,**  
General Agent.

**PELLE,**  
s, for Prince Edward Island,  
treet, Charlottetown.

**THE HERALD.**  
**SCROFULA**  
Published every Wednesday  
ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR  
IN ADVANCE.  
OFFICES:  
Macdonald's Building, West Side  
Queen Street, Charlottetown.  
Prince Edward Island.  
Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates.  
Advertisements, without instructions to the  
contrary, will be continued until forbidden.  
Names and general news of interest, in a con-  
densed form, solicited.  
Remittances can be made by registered letter.  
Address all letters and correspondence to the  
HERALD OFFICE, Queen Street, Charlottetown.  
**RICHARD WALSH, Publisher.**

**CALENDAR FOR OCTOBER, 1883.**

DAY OF THE WEEK	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.	SUN.	MOON SETS	MOON RISES
1 Monday	11.56	11.56	11.56	11.56	11.56	11.56	11.56	5.44	10.40
2 Tuesday	11.55	11.55	11.55	11.55	11.55	11.55	11.55	5.42	10.38
3 Wednesday	11.54	11.54	11.54	11.54	11.54	11.54	11.54	5.40	10.36
4 Thursday	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53	5.38	10.34
5 Friday	11.52	11.52	11.52	11.52	11.52	11.52	11.52	5.36	10.32
6 Saturday	11.51	11.51	11.51	11.51	11.51	11.51	11.51	5.34	10.30
7 Sunday	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	5.32	10.28
8 Monday	11.49	11.49	11.49	11.49	11.49	11.49	11.49	5.30	10.26
9 Tuesday	11.48	11.48	11.48	11.48	11.48	11.48	11.48	5.28	10.24
10 Wednesday	11.47	11.47	11.47	11.47	11.47	11.47	11.47	5.26	10.22
11 Thursday	11.46	11.46	11.46	11.46	11.46	11.46	11.46	5.24	10.20
12 Friday	11.45	11.45	11.45	11.45	11.45	11.45	11.45	5.22	10.18
13 Saturday	11.44	11.44	11.44	11.44	11.44	11.44	11.44	5.20	10.16
14 Sunday	11.43	11.43	11.43	11.43	11.43	11.43	11.43	5.18	10.14
15 Monday	11.42	11.42	11.42	11.42	11.42	11.42	11.42	5.16	10.12
16 Tuesday	11.41	11.41	11.41	11.41	11.41	11.41	11.41	5.14	10.10
17 Wednesday	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.40	5.12	10.08
18 Thursday	11.39	11.39	11.39	11.39	11.39	11.39	11.39	5.10	10.06
19 Friday	11.38	11.38	11.38	11.38	11.38	11.38	11.38	5.08	10.04
20 Saturday	11.37	11.37	11.37	11.37	11.37	11.37	11.37	5.06	10.02
21 Sunday	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.36	5.04	10.00
22 Monday	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	5.02	9.98
23 Tuesday	11.34	11.34	11.34	11.34	11.34	11.34	11.34	5.00	9.96
24 Wednesday	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.33	4.98	9.94
25 Thursday	11.32	11.32	11.32	11.32	11.32	11.32	11.32	4.96	9.92
26 Friday	11.31	11.31	11.31	11.31	11.31	11.31	11.31	4.94	9.90
27 Saturday	11.30	11.30	11.30	11.30	11.30	11.30	11.30	4.92	9.88
28 Sunday	11.29	11.29	11.29	11.29	11.29	11.29	11.29	4.90	9.86
29 Monday	11.28	11.28	11.28	11.28	11.28	11.28	11.28	4.88	9.84
30 Tuesday	11.27	11.27	11.27	11.27	11.27	11.27	11.27	4.86	9.82
31 Wednesday	11.26	11.26	11.26	11.26	11.26	11.26	11.26	4.84	9.80

**NEW LUMBER YARD.**  
**DOMINION BOOT AND SHOE STORE.**  
**ST. LAWRENCE CANALS.**  
**Notice to Contractors.**  
**SEALED TENDERS.**  
**AYER'S Sarsaparilla**  
**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral**  
**TEA HOUSE,**  
**MONAGHAN'S BRICK BUILDING,**  
**West Side Queen Street.**

**GROCERY AND TEA HOUSE,**  
**MONAGHAN'S BRICK BUILDING,**  
**West Side Queen Street.**  
**THE** Subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he is prepared to supply them with  
**FLOUR,**  
**MEAL,**  
**TEA,**  
**COFFEE,**  
**SUGAR,**  
**MOLASSES,**  
and all other articles to be found in a first-class Grocery Store, at lowest possible prices.  
Also, 10,000 CIGARS, choice brands, which will be sold cheap.  
**P. MONAGHAN.**  
Charlottetown, June 6, 1883.

**JAMES PHILLIPS' Marble Works,**  
**KENT STREET,**  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.  
I HAVE ON HAND A CHOICE LOT OF  
**MONUMENTS,**  
**HEADSTONES,**  
**TABLETS, &c.,**  
—OF—  
**Italian & American MARBLE,**  
From New and Beautiful Designs, which are superior to anything I have previously laid off in the market.  
I will guarantee to give satisfaction to all who favor me with their orders.  
**JAMES PHILLIPS.**  
June 6, 1883—ly

**OCEAN HOUSE,**  
**Corner Pownall & Sydney Streets.**  
**WADDELL & SON,**  
**Opposite Old Bank House.**  
**THE** undersigned is prepared to receive 1 Permanent and Transient Boarders at reasonable rates.  
Good Stabling on the Premises.  
In connection with the House, I shall also open a General Grocery Store, &c.  
**S. BOLGER.**  
Ch'town, Jan. 17, 1883—wky ex pal pres

**Hemlock Timbers.**  
**WANTED!**  
**SOME** long round Hemlock Timber for piles. Also, a lot Flatted Logs.  
Apply to  
**F. W. HALES,**  
Steam Nav. Co.  
June 6, 1883—lf

**Administration Notice.**  
**THE** undersigned Administratrix of the Estate and effects of Donald McAnally, late of Stanhope, Lot 28, in Queen's County, formerly deceased, hereby notifies all persons indebted to the said Estate to make immediate payment to her, and all persons having claims against the said Estate are required to render their accounts duly attested to her for payment within three months from this date.  
Dated at Stanhope, this 18th day of September, 1883.  
**SUSAN McLAULAY.**  
17

**HICKEY & STEWART,**  
**Chewing and Smoking TOBACCO,**  
**NO. 1 QUEEN ST.,**  
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.  
Nov. 8, 1882.

**SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,**  
**ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,**  
**Solicitors in Chancery,**  
**NOTARIES PUBLIC,**  
OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great George Street, Charlottetown.  
GEORGE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.  
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. CHRISTOPHER B. MACNEILL.  
Jan 17

**DEARBORN & O'S**  
**Dandelion Coffee,**  
**PROPERLY** made according to directions on each package, making a good healthy, pleasant drink. Cheaper than Java Coffee, because it goes twice as far.  
Recommended by many prominent physicians as being of great benefit for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, &c.  
Ask your Grocer for it. Be sure you get the genuine.  
**DEARBORN & CO.**  
Charlottetown, July 30, 1883—6 mo pd

**THE HERALD.**  
**SCROFULA**  
and all scrofulous diseases, leprosy, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, King's Evil, Pimples, Carbuncles, Boils, and Eruptions of the Skin, and the direct result of an impure state of the blood.  
To cure these diseases the blood must be purified, and restored to a healthy and unadulterated condition. AYER'S Sarsaparilla has for over forty years been recognized by our most medical authorities as the most powerful blood purifier in existence. It treats the system from all food impurities, and restores the blood, removes all traces of scrofulous taint, and gives the system a complete mastery of all scrofulous diseases.  
A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores.  
"Some months ago I was troubled with scrofulous sores (ulcers) on my legs. The sores were badly swollen and inflamed, and were discharging a large quantity of offensive matter. Every remedy I tried failed, until I used AYER'S Sarsaparilla, with the result that the sores were healed, and my general health greatly improved. I feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me."  
—Sincerely, MRS. ANS O'BRIEN,  
16 Sullivan St., New York, Jan. 24, 1882.  
All persons interested are invited to call on W. A. GORRILL, who was the first to introduce AYER'S Sarsaparilla into this country. He is located at the corner of King and Queen Streets, in this city. He will be pleased to supply you with the genuine medicine, and to give you all the information in his power.  
The well-known writer on the Boston Herald, B. W. BALL, of Rochester, N.H., writes, June 1, 1882:  
"Having suffered severely for some years with Erysipelas, I have made use, during the past year, of your AYER'S Sarsaparilla, which has effected a complete cure. I consider it a magnificent remedy for all blood diseases."  
It stimulates and regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, restores and strengthens the vital forces, and speedily cures Rheumatism, Neuritis, Erysipelas, and all diseases arising from an impure or corrupted condition of the blood, and a weak state of vitality.  
It is incomparably the cheapest blood medicine, on account of its concentrated strength, and great power over disease.  
Prepared by  
**DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.**  
Sold by all Druggists, price 31c, six bottles for \$1.

**AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.**  
No other complaints are so tedious in their attack as those affecting the throat and lungs. In such cases, a cough is produced, and the ordinary cough or cold, resulting perhaps from a trifling or unobnoxious exposure, is often the beginning of a fatal sickness. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has proven its efficacy in a forty year's trial with thousands of suffering humanity, and should be taken in all cases without delay.  
A Terrible Cough Cured.  
"In 1827 I took a severe cold, which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and passed nights after night without sleep. The doctor gave me a bottle of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which relieved my lungs, induced rest, and brought me back to my ordinary state of health. I have since used it in many cases, and it has always proved successful in the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the PECTORAL, a permanent cure was effected. I am now 62 years old, hale and hearty, and an inveterate user of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL."  
—ROBERT PATTERSON,  
Rockingham, Vt., July 15, 1882.  
Croup.—A Mother's Tribute.  
"While in the country last winter my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with croup. It seemed as if he would die from strangling. One of my friends suggested the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, a bottle of which was brought to me. The remedy was tried in small and frequent doses, and to our delight in less than half an hour the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the CHERRY PECTORAL had saved my darling's life. Can you wonder at our gratitude?"  
—MRS. ANS O'BRIEN,  
120 West 122nd St., New York, May 10, 1882.  
"I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL in my family for several years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it the most effective remedy for coughs and colds."  
—F. W. HALES,  
Lake Crystal, Minn., March 15, 1882.  
"I suffered for eight years from Bronchitis, and after trying many remedies with no success I was cured by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. My cough, which I had had for many years, was completely cured."  
—J. W. WALKER,  
Palmdale, Texas, April 25, 1882.  
No case of an affection of the throat or lungs exists which cannot be greatly relieved by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and it will do more good when the disease is not already beyond the control of medicine.  
Prepared by  
**DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.**  
Sold by all Druggists.

**REFORMING ENGLISH ELECTION LAWS.**  
It is slow work reforming the English election laws. A prominent London journal is forced to admit that "some curious anomalies continue to exist." When an English paper says this, the appearance of things to an American may perhaps be imagined, it can not be described. It is generally admitted that the registration system now in vogue, considered as a branch of jurisprudence, is extremely abstract, while in practice it is found to be contradictory. "Lodgers" fall under one set of laws, "occupiers" under another, and there is a vast field of confusion about both. In the case of "occupiers" the ordinary borough franchise is household suffrage pure and simple; in other words, a laborer who occupies a cottage for which he pays sixpence a week has the same right to vote as the millionaire who pays £1,000 for his mansion, and he may live in a hundred houses every year without losing his franchise; provided he pays rent continuously, or maintains what is technically called "successive occupation." But the "lodger," who pays £1 a week, loses his vote for a year if not longer, if he only moves from one house into the next. And yet he may lodge successively in one room after another in the same house, and he has gone from attic to cellar, without suffering harm. There are other queer things about the business. For instance, if two men use the same hallway in getting from the street to their houses, their political status may be unlike that which they would acquire if they used separate entrances.  
**The New Hangman.**  
Barry, of Bradford, has been definitely appointed public hangman. Barry, who was for some years in the county constabulary, and afterwards in the borough police force, is now employed by Mr. Wilson, boatmaker, of Bradford. He is not a man of very tall, stalwart frame, and does not appear very strong. He is described as a sober, industrious man of quiet manner. When he went from Bradford to apply for the office in London, he took a silk rug, which had been specially placed for him, and which was fitted with a special loop made by a local firm of ironmongers. With this rope he said he could cause death quicker than Marwood did.

**Lord Coleridge Charmed.**  
**HE** PRONOUNCES AMERICA'S DAUGHTERS THE fairest in the world.  
Lord Chief-Justice Coleridge of England, arrived in the city Monday afternoon from an extended tour of the United States. He was driven at once to the residence of Mr. E. F. Shepard, Chairman of the State Bar Association, whose guest he is. Last night about one hundred members of the Bar Association, comprising the committees of reception and arrangement, were presented to the Lord Chief-Justice at Mr. Shepard's residence. In conversation Lord Coleridge said that his observations in this country had been confined more to people than to institutions. What he thought of America could not be easily told, as he had hardly time to digest or to analyze his impressions. The Hudson, of course, was more beautiful than the Rhine, and Niagara was worth a journey across the Atlantic alone. It was here that he made the remarkable discovery that Sir Walter Butler was a member of the United States Senate. It appears that at luncheon with the Falkenwood Club one of the orators quoted from "the distinguished member of the United States Senate who had so aptly said: 'The shadows murmur while the deers are dumb.' Lord Coleridge congratulated the orator on having Sir Walter Raleigh for a Senator, as that courtier was certainly the author of the quotation. The discovery was generally regarded as of singular historic value.  
At Boston the great jurist was more than favorably impressed with Governor Butler. Probably no man met in this country had so strongly impressed his Lordship as did the pronounced individuality of Butler. The Governor and the Chief-Justice dined together during every day of the latter's stay, and there seemed to be a natural affinity between the Massachusetts jurist and the English Justice. "Newport" said his Lordship, changing the subject abruptly. Well, he did not like it as a summer resort, probably because it rained during his entire visit there. But still, he said, the sea did not come up to his ideal of a summer resort. The demands of society were so numerous and the city so gay that quiet could only be purchased at the price of country, or on penalty of being deemed stupid. He should prefer spending his summer in a more retired locality. The Casino smacked too much of Fifth Avenue and the atmosphere was far too artificial.  
But it was in referring to American ladies that the Lord Chief-Justice imperilled his chances of ever again finding favor in the eyes of English beauty. An absence of nearly two months from his native land has served, he says, to win him from the standard of English loveliness and he can conscientiously champion only the American type of beauty.  
Wherever he went the American lady was the more charming personage, and the American girl the same self-possessed bundle of independent anomalies. He could not sufficiently praise the fresh complexion, the charming manners and the independence and the English Justice, especially pleased with his trip to Mount Washington. The day was an exceptionally fine one and the view was one vouchsafed by nature only once in a year.—N. Y. World.

**Green Not Ireland's Color.**  
It is strange to be told that, after all, green is not the old national color of Ireland. The popular belief for centuries is in favor of emerald color. But the old books show that the popular belief is contrary to the fact. There was a Duke of Ireland in Richard II.'s time, Robert de Vere, Duke of Ireland and Marquis of Dublin, to whom the King granted a coat of augmentation "azure, three crowns or, with a border argent." In Edward IV.'s time the arms of Ireland were such a problem for the heralds that commissioners were sent to investigate and to report. The commissioners pronounced that the arms of that kingdom were three crowns in pale. A drawing in the British Museum settles the question. The drawing was made in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, or, at least, registered the colors as they existed in her reign. The national flag appears then to have been a harp d'or with strings argent on an azure ground. Thus in early times the national flag was certainly blue. It may be that the color changed imperceptibly. There are blues that are almost green. Twenty years ago the Italian tricolor was brick red, white and olive green. These were the aesthetic tints in use at a time when Carlyle had not yet explained to us in a note how Bitcher invented the word "aesthetic" and what he meant by it. Now any one who looks at the Italian flag floating over the Houses of Parliament in the Piazza in Rome will see that the red is bright carmine and the green is rank emerald.

**Lennox Election Trial.**  
But how does the Grit party come out of the Lennox election trial? Four witnesses swore that they had been bribed to vote the Grit ticket, and one stated that he had received \$88 to make an affidavit that Mr. Roe had bribed him. Sir John Macdonald, on the other hand, was told by the judge that, though the election was voided, his conduct was so clear of any imputation of impropriety that a statement by himself on his own behalf was altogether unnecessary. Vice sometimes gains a temporary triumph over virtue.—Mail.

**More Earthquakes.**  
CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 18.—It is reported that much damage to property has been done in the city since the earthquake of the 10th. The survivors of the disaster are suffering fearful privations. The shocks completely destroyed six villages and seriously damaged many others.

**General News Items.**  
It is said that the Wood River and Saw Tooth mining districts in Manitoba will yield \$5,000,000 this year.  
The proposition for the amalgamation of the French banks in Montreal has fallen through, as the time is not considered opportune.  
Negotiations are in progress between the Canadian Pacific Railway and the City Council of Montreal, for some change in the site of the new Montreal depot.  
The receipts of the Canadian Pacific Railway during the first week of October amounted to \$130,000, an increase of \$68,000 over those of the corresponding week last year.  
The people of Winnipeg are enthusiastic over a scheme to locate the terminus of the Winnipeg and Hudson Bay Railway Company at their city. The only fact that moderates their enthusiasm is that to secure the carrying out of the proposed they will be required to give up the company's existing sum of \$200,000.  
A dispute having occurred between some natives of Amharra Island, in the Malay Archipelago, and the officers and crew of the British man-of-war Dart, the Captain of the latter sent on shore a force of soldiers to repress the disturbance. A fight ensued, in which a British seaman and a number of the natives were killed. The latter then took to flight.