THE HAMILTON TIMES

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 29, 1909.

WHICH IS THE "TYRANT?"

Montreal is facing a peculiar situation with regard to its street lighting. When the city contract with the Montreal Light, Heat & Power Co expired last year, the city refused to renew it, and there was some difficulty over the question of price, which, for a time, threatened to leave the city in darkness. The company claimed that under the old rate of \$60 per lamp, it had for years been losing money, and it insisted upon a considerable increased price in the new contract. The Montreal aldermen refused to make a new contract, and the company refused to continue the lighting at the old figure. Having made clear that it would not continue the old contract, the company was induced to continue the lighting without a contract. It had either to do so or leave the city in darkness; but it gave ample notice that it was not rendering the service under the old contract, or at the old price. Article 337 of the Montreal City

Well if the United States people are Light, Heat & Power Co expired last under the old contract, or at the old price. Article 337 of the Montreal City charter stipulated that no accounts can be legally recognized for which funds have not been voted before the expense is incurred. The council voted a sum of money to pay for the street lighting. That amount has now been exhausted. reckoning the price of light at the company's figure. The aldermen, insisting upon the figures of the old contract, hold that it is not exhausted, and refuse to vote an additional appropriation. As no expenditure for which an appropriation has not been voted is valid, the ompany is placed in the position of cccepting the old contract price, which caused it a loss, or of continuing a service for which it could not legally col-It has, therefore, notified the council that it "will be reluctantly compelled to turn off the lighting service on Friday next, October 1, unless additional funds are voted in the meantime to pay for the costs of street lighting." Commenting on the situation the Globe says: "Montreal has been served with an ultimatum by the company in control of the electric light service. The modern tyrant seems, likely to imitate the ancient in establishing the curfew." This is far from being up to the standard of the Globe's ordinary good sense and fairness. The "tyrant" in the case is obviously not the company, but the aldermen, who have been negligent and unreasonable in dealing with the matter. The company has given it ample noticethe question was a pressing one nearly a year ago and has been very considerate of the public interests. It has offered to leave the matter to arbitration or to the courts, but the aldermen would make no move. The Montreal Herald hints at an explanation of the aldermen's course when it asks: "Has the fact, as shown in Mr. Wilbank's evidence before the Royal Commission, to the effect that his company had declined to the aldermen, anything to do with the threatened Plague of Egypt?" However that may be, it does not appear the Globe's anti-corporation enthusiast can extract much glory and even Billy appears to see no farther than that charged 10, 12, and as high as 60 cents. Maclean must fail in attempting to glorify a council so incompetent and un-

UNCLE SAM'S LESSON.

The United States tariff club will not avail the pulp and paper trusts and combines. Instead, the tariff-mongers will be given an illustration of how little A good many Yankee politicians have dom, a moderate import duty will ada is to be intimidated, coerced, made legislation on their part. The lesson is due now.

Quebec Provinces discriminated in the matter of the export of pulpwood cut The combines chuckled as they thought how quickly the Canadians would be clubbed into submis sion and the Provinces would remove the embargo of their regulations. But Canada does not submit not even a little bit; Canada just smiles and pursues her own policy. Not only that, but the Provinces will probably increase their dis crimination in favor of home manufac ture, perhaps to a prohibitory degree In September, 1900, the Quebec Govern ment made a promise that the stumpage rates of 60 cents per cord on wood cui from Crown lands would not be raised for a period of ten years. It is intended to carry out that pledge in good faith, and no increase in stumpage charges will be made until September, 1910, when the prohibition of export will come into operation.

In view of the situation created by the United States tariff and by Canada's determination not to be bulldozed, the interests controlling the Berlin mills property in New Hampshire are planning to install a print paper mill at La Tuque, International Paper Company has prepared plans for numer locations for paper mills in Canada that company having stopped the manuprint paper at its more expensive mills in the United The Canadian industry of paper making will be stimulated by the United short time our pulpwood industry, in

stead of being hurt, will be benefited. Premier Gouin, of Quebec, emphatically ease: "We have jurisdiction only over timber lands included in the Crown lands and we do not intend to impose

any export duty. We do intend, how ever, to prohibit the exportation of un manufactured timber from this Province It is our intention to follow the example of the Ontario Government in this re spect and make such prohibition a condition of all future licenses."

Commenting upon the situation and upon the spirit in which the churlish ariff threat has been made by the United States, the Buffalo Express remarks:

protection!

Well, if the United States people are such besotted fools as to place their necks under the heels of tariff combines and meekly allow them to make laws with the intention of insulting and bulldozing neighbor nations, they must pay the penalty. Canada does not propose to submit to such rule, neither by our own combines, nor those of the Yankees. Perhaps a little experience wil do our neighbors good.

A CONTRADICTORY THEORY.

In his Winona speech President Taft vigorously combated the idea that protection had in the slightest degree in creased the cost of living to the United States people. The New York Sun very uses the President's argument to confound those who support the tariff on the plea that it gives the farmers more for their produce. The farmer is fooled, or Taft is wrong. Why the appeal to the farmer to fight against a reduction of the tariff? The Sun says:

If Louisiana produced no cane sugar and the west no beet sugar a reduction in cost of living would be possible to the extent of over \$100,000,000 a year. If there were no duty on cattle, sheep, fish, wheat, potatoes, eggs, butter and various other commodities, it is at least various other commodities, it is at least conceivable that imports from other countries might to some extent affect prices under the operation of the law of supply and demand. Undeniably it is on the basis of such a theory that we bar out the products of Canadian fields and farms in the interest of our own agriculturists.

The fact of the matter is that the United States farmer is buncoed. He is surrender of the Lords on the budget made to believe that the tariff is a great thing for him, while by it he is given over to be plundered by the favored interests. His protection is for the most Lords may pass the budget. There appart illusory; his burdens are very real. pears to be a great eagerness on the

NOT IN CANADA'S INTEREST.

turn to protection by Great Britain that sive policy says, "it is quite certain that just radians care for their envy and greed. comes into power in the United Kingbeen badly in need of a lesson. Like the imposed upon foodstuffs entering these Scriptural fool, even braying them in a islands. The primary purpose of this been considering schemes of expenditure nortar has not been sufficient to work duty will be the production of revenue, out of them the idiotic notion that Can- but the incidental effect must be to encourage British meat production. Other to abandon her policy by hostile tariff steps will, no doubt, be taken in conand pulp was, at the instance of the Pulp and Paper Combine, increased by way of retaliation because Ontario and to grant a preference to feedstuffs from The new United States tariff on paper ther encouragement is possible to the Canada and the other oversea dominions, and the expectation is that when Canadian and Australian meat is given an entry to British markets at a duty only half of that imposed upon foreign meat, Colonial supplies will undergo a sub-

In plain words this would mean that new Unionist policy would erect a tariff wall against Canadian goods, but the Beguiler reads, it would be only half as high as the wall erected against goods from foreign countries. Is it at all certain that such a policy would contri-bute to "a substantial development" of pany's application, for the company de Canadian industry. If it would be to the advantage of British agriculturists, it rates below the rates now charged and would be so much of a disadvantage to Canadian grain and stock growers. Of should it make such an offer unless to tain's goods, could not object to Great to it gesting a franchise? As a matter but it is hardly reasonable to ask us to believe that such taxation would be a boon to this country

Having persecuted the Grand Trunk Railway by every form of nagging that it could devise, the latest campaign being with regard to smoke from locomotives, until the company decided to close its round-house there and arrange for other places instead, Toronto is squealing like the proverbial stuck pig. Mayor denies that the smoke by-law had anything to do with it, and boasts that trial leave an impression that does not Mayor denies that the smoke by-law had this Council had undertaken to make the fit in with our long-held idea that crown railway sit up; a new thing in regard to Toronto. Toronto, however, will lose heavily by the idiotic course of its Mayor and controllers who have been acting toward the railways like a lot of irres-

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley was honored with complimentary banquet in St. John last night. There is evidently no doubt of the popularity of the Minister of Public Works among those who know

Harry Whitney has reached civiliza tion. From the perhaps not-too-trust-worthy reports of interviews with him it is gathered that he found both Cook and Peary most courteous and considerate, and that he regards both men a fair.

If the Blythe murder case is to estab lish a precedent for jockeving with and delaying the process of the criminal law in Canada it will prove immensely more disastrous to the Canadian administra tion of justice than all the murder cases of the last twenty years taken together. It has an ugly appearance.

The Peterboro election trial report makes good reading. Wonder who furnished all the money offered as bribes to witnesses to get them to swear to some charges against Mr. Stratton? It would be interesting to know where that money came from.

We look to see the Financial Post and the Hamilton Times put within black borders the news item about the burning of Hon. Adam Beck's race-horses.—Hamilton Herald.

How clever! Still, had the poor animals been of a longer-eared sympathy with our contemporary in its family affliction might have moved us in the direction which it suggests.

The publication of a lot of faked eight-year-old pictures which were worked off on the public as Dr. Cook's "taken at the Pole," will not help either the N. Y. Herald or Cook. Moreover, the public will naturally ask why Cook did not immediately repudiate the fraud, instead of remaining silent until it was discovered and exposed. It doesn't lack well, in view of the doubts, cast Cook's entire story.

It is now stated that there is a fear that the city's great need of money will prevent dealing with the water rates to as to conform to the demands of equity and justice. Surely not! This great municipally owned and operated public utliity ought not to be made to pay a big dividend by charging extortionate rates, nor by taking from one man twice or three times as much as is charged to owers for similar service.

A British cable coming from Tory sources seeks to pave the way for the question by intimating that the King deprecates the raising of a constitutional issue, and on that account the part of the Lords to find some excuse for giving way without acknowledging their powerlessness.

The Times always opposed the alderin event of such a policy being adopted manic discrimination whereby some men a barrier would be erected against Can- were given water at from 2 to 7 cents adian products. Short-sighted selfishness a thousand gallons, while others were a British duty would be imposed against It vigorously denounced the inequity of the goods of other nations; no notice is the system; which, to its disgrace, a by taken of the fact that the policy in- gone Council got legalized by an immorvolves the levying of duties against our al act of the Legislature. We sympathgoods, which now enter Great Britain ize with the kickers, whether hotel mea, untaxed. The London Canadian Gazette, householders, or others. It is an unjust system; and Hamilton can afford to be

It is a little too early yet to talk about increasing the rate of taxation again next year. The aldermen have which will require from half a million to a million dollars; but it is proposed to ask the ratepayers to allow them to issue debentures for the amount. They nection with the trades in hides and lea- will hardly try to jump the rate above ther and meat offals, to give what fur- 21 mills. The tendency of taxation is careless they are in controlling the kite flyers. Mark how small a vote wa ecorded in the Hyro-Electric case When the ratepayers get enough of that sort of thing they will make their power felt.

The Hamilton Herald in its eagerness to defend its pet idol, municipal ownership and operation, falsely alleges that "no such motive [as fear that the private company may reduce prices below the city plant's rate | can account for the opposition to the Metropolitan comclares that it has no intention to cut offers to bind itself not to do so." Why course Canadians, who tax Great Bri- placate the "ownershippers'" opposition Britain treating their goods likewise; of fact, the Journal, its most active opponent, based its double-leaded scare ar ticle on this very fear that it might reduce rates, and when it found that the company could be brought to agree not to give the people cheaper electric power and light it declared itself agree able to it being granted the franchise

> The young Italian Lorenzo may have been properly convicted. It is not our desire to review the work of the court and jury, and we deprecate as heartily as any one can the carrying and use cf counsel and court should stand between accused and people and see everything accused and people and see everything fully brought out, whether it bears for or against the prisoner at the bar. In the Lorenzo case much depended on now far self-defence was his motive. Accord-

"Could you have got away from him if you wished to?"
"No, he was too close," said the pai-

"Was he following you very close'??"
"Do you want to make a case for the prisoner?" asked the Judge; and that line of examination was discontinued.

-ow, if there were any facts to he dis sed, even if they might have been to the advantage of the prisoner, was it not the duty of the court and crown counsel to try to bring them out?

HAD NO LICENSE.

Proprietor of Stratford Theatre Ran Moving Picture Show.

Stratford, Sept. 28.—An interesting se was aired in the Police Court here to-day, when Mr. A. Brandenberger, pro to-day, when Mr. A. Brandenberger, pro-prietor of the local opera house, was arraigned on a charge of conducting a moving picture show, and charging ad-mission, without a license. Mr. Bran-denberger pleaded guilty, but contended that local churches, which conducted illustrated lectures, were also commit-ting a similar breach of the law. He will take out a license.

DIOCESES IN WEST.

Their Creation Suggested to Vatican by Plenary Council.

Rome, Sept. 28 .- As a result of the first Plenary Council of the Roman Catholic Church in Canada, proposals have been made to the Vatican for the Western Provinces, inc the Bishop of which would reside i Regina. Subdivision dioceses in th Regina. Subdivision dioceses in Eastern Provinces are also suggested. Eastern Provinces are also suggested.

If a redistribution took place the diocese of Ottawa would probably be split up into two dioceses, the Provincial border being taken as the ecclesiastical boundary. Such division is the more likely in consequence of the French-Camadian claim for a diocesan Bishop of their own.

BY THE GAS ROUTE.

Boston, Sept. 29.—Sitting beneath a gas jet in his office in the financial section of the city, with gas still pouring from a tube which had partially released itself from his mouth, the body of Chas. itself from his mouth, the body of chas. R. Babson, aged 65, a patent attorney, was found by a scrub woman early today. An overcoat was thrown lightly over him and the chair tilted back against the wall showing that he had apparently tried to make himself as comfortable as possible for his last sleen. sleep. Business reverses are believed to have

prompted the sui

JUMPED TO BEATH.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Sept. 29.—An un nown man, about 25 years old, carly known man, about 25 years out, early to-day jumped from the upper steel arch bridge into the Niagara and was drown-ed. He was seen to make the leap by Frank O'Neil, a workman, and by several bridge employees. The body appeared on the surface for an instant and then

STOLE BUTTER.

Worst Case of Eczema Doctor Had

Seen in 40 Years — For Six President said he thought that if the to Die-Blood Oozed Out All Over Her Body-Had to Be Wrapped in Silk and Carried on a Pillow-Now She Is Perfectly Cured.

DOCTOR RECOMMENDED CUTICURA REMEDIES

"My little girl was born two weeks before her time and my wife died four hours after the birth of our child and I had to raise the late of the hours after the second of the hours after birth each count and I had two dectors. There was not a particle of skin left on her body, the blood oozed out just anywhere, and we had to wrap her in silk and carry her on a pillow for ten weeks. She was the most terrible sight I ever saw, and for six months I looked for her to go to her mam, but thank God and his agents, she is alive and well to-day and she will be three years old the seventh of December and has never had a sign of the dread trouble since.

"I used every known remedy to alleviate her suffering, for it was terrible to witness. Dr. C.— gave her up and then I went to C.— F.— and got Dr. B.—— and he and Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment saved her. He recommended the Cuticura Remedies, or said we were right in making use of them. As nearly as I can remember, we used eight cakes of Cuticura Soap and three boxes of Cuticura Ointment; but you must take into consideration that hers was an exceptional case, for an old and good doctor said that it was the worst case that had come to him in forty years. I have always hinged on Cuticura Soap to keep her skin soft and to give her a pure complexion. James 5, Smith, Wood and Metal Pattern Maker, Box 234, Buena Vista, Va., Oct. 14 and 22, 1906."

Complete External and Internal Treatment of Every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults Committed Outcura Soap to Keep her skin soft and to give her a pure complexion. James 5, Smith, Wood and Metal Pattern Maker, Box 234, Buena Vista, Va., Oct. 14 and 22, 1906."

Complete External and Internal Treatment of Every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults Outcurs Soap to Cleanage the Skin, June 1000 and Metal Pattern was a second of the control of the control

Third Annual

HARVEST SA

Thursday, September 30th, to October 9th

Ten days of plentiful harvesting, and you reap the greatest price benefits of the season, for to-morrow starts our THIRD ANNUAL HARVEST SALE and it marks the time for Fall buying, and with price and quality inducements like these should bring every buyer here.

A Plentiful Harvest in Table Linens

And savings are worth your reaping, for we have not had such value in a long time. These are Bleached Irish Damask Table Cloths in all sizes, assorted patterns, border de sign; genuine savings.

\$1.50, now 79c \$2.50, now \$1.50 \$2.00, now \$1.49 \$2.75, now \$1.69 \$3.25, now reduced to \$2.19

Also Table Napkins

Pure Irish Linen Table Napkins, in and % sizes, in new designs, in eavy good wearing qualities, at the

following reductions: \$1.50, now reduced \$8c dozen \$1.70, now reduced \$1.19 dozen \$2.00, now reduced \$1.49 dozen \$2.50, now reduced \$1.59 dozen \$3.00, now reduced \$1.59 dozen NOTE.—These low prices in quality nen should set you figuring every should set you figuring

HARVEST SALE 8.30 to 12 a.m. only

Blouses, of white or black Jap Silk in various styles, at \$4.00, now. \$1.3 Suits for women of worsted or plain Venetians, all colors, vario styles, were \$15 and \$18, now

Allover Guipure Lace, in 18

Umbrellas, for women, in best Eng-lish makes, assorted styles; large variety, \$1 and \$1.25, now only Velvets, one piece black silk velvet, rich pile, \$1.50, now 89c
Lawns, white victoria, 45 inch, 15c
and 18c now 10c Lawns, white victoria, and 18c, now

51, \$1.25 Motor Scarfs, Harvest Sale 69c

tylish Silk Muslin Motor Scarfs, hemstitched ends, 2½ yards long and wide width, every color, includand wide width, every color, including many novelty shades, an unusual bargain snap, \$1.25, Harvest Sale

60c Corset Cover Embroideries at 39c

Sine White Swiss Cambric Corset-Cover Embroideries, in wide eye-let designs, with spaces for bead-ing, 18 inch, 50c, Harvest Sale 29c 75c, \$1 Dutch and Fancy Collars 39c

A Manufacturer's Stock of Winter Underwear

We cleared 50 dozen of Women's Winter Underwear at third saving, the surplus floor stock and some "acconds" of a reliable maker. They are fall and winter weights in fleecy cotton, union and all-wool makes, in white or natural; shirts and drawwool makes, in white or natural; shirts and draw ers to match; fine ribb elastic make; lace trimmed and full sizes.

35c, regular value 45c 44c, regular value 65c 39c, regular value 50c 49c, regular value 75c

35c Boys' School Hose 25c

A purchase from abroad in Boys' all pure wool Worsted Hose, heavy, durable make; seamless feet, all sizes—7to 10 inch; 35c, Harvest sale 25c.

Harvest Sale Silk Blouse Lengths to \$9 at \$3.98

Seems ridiculous, doesn't it, for these high class quality Silks? They'll simply fly out at this price. They are French, excusive Silk Blouse Lengths, in many novelty patterns, and colors, in stripe brocade and floral effects: 4½ and 5 yard ends. Some .25 lengths in all. Sold at \$7.50 to \$9 length, Harvest sale \$3.98

\$1.25, \$1.50 Autumn Suitings 98c

Stylish high class quality Suiting Materials reduced
Twill Worsteds. Herringbone Cloths, Fancy—such as 56-inch Fancy Cloth Suitings, Diagonal
Scotch Cheviots and Black Cheviots, stylish autumn shades; \$1.25 and \$1.50; Harvest Sale 98c

Winter Coats, reg. | FINCH BROS. | Women's Blouses to \$18, for \$8.85 | FINCH BROS. | to \$2.00, for 98c

Lincoln and Panama Canal

Years ago Abraham Lincoln dreamed of the day when the commerce of the nations, borne by the hurrying fleets, should pulsate through a great water-way, to be hewn by Americans in the nations, borne by the hurrying fleets, should pulsate through a great waterway, to be hewn by Americans in the rocks and mountains of the Isthmus of Panama. In the perspective of a farsightedness which included many STOLE BUTTER.

Windsor, Ont., Sept. 29.—Norman Livingstone, convicted on the charge of stealing \$10 worth of butter from a Northridge farmer, was committed to the Central Prison in Toronto to serve a term of one year. Livingstone made a plea for leniency, but his previous record went against him.

Just the Thing.

The poet took his silver-mounted pistol from the bureau drawer.

"What are you going to do with that?" asked his timid wife.

"I'm going to use it to drive the wolf from the door," he answered.

Ten minutes later the pawnbroker had advanced \$2 on it.

The relationary was a part water, way, \$6 be hewn by Americans in the tooks and mountains of the Isthmus of Panama. In the perspective of a farsightedness which included many great achievements for his country, and yet in which no detail was as so small as to be overlooked, he saw the magnitude of the results from such an undertaking, saw the difficulty of the enterprise; and it was his wish that his own United States take up the task and reap the glory. It was more than a dream of the Great Emancipator, for he talked of it with others and attempted to arouse a sentiment among the people which should lead to a demand for the construction of the canal. Had he lived, the great task which is now being accomplished might have been completed many years ago. This is the declaration of the canal. It is the declaration of the canal transfer. many years ago. This is the declaration of a man who knew Lincoln intimately

of a man who knew Lincoln intimately and was closely associated with him, Major J. B. Merwin, of Middlefield, Conn.

Major Merwin is authority for the statement that on the day of his death Lincoln discussed with the major the feasibility of the excavation of a canal across the isthmus; in fact, sent for him to dine at the White House for the express purpose of talking of the matter.

Annths Father Expected His Rahy project was given publicity, the est of the American people would be aroused to the extent that they would aroused to the extent that they would demand the construction of the canal, when it could be taken up by the government. He wanted the newspapers to advocate the enterprise, and his purpose in sending for Major Merwin was to have him outline the idea to Horace Greeley and, if possible, persuade the great journalist to take up the subject in the columns of the Tribune. Major Merwin had been closely associated with both Lincoln and Greeley, and the President chose him to act as an intermediary to convey his plan to the editor.

WHALEBONE CATCH SMALL.

A Slump in the Arctic From the Large Record of Last Year.

Notwithstanding elaborate prepara-tions and the keen vigilance of thous-ands of skilled shore whalers the eatch of bowhead whales this year will fall miserably short of that of any previous year.

Along the Siberian side and along the

Alaskan side from Bering Strait to Point Barrow the showing of bone is very small. Owing to the ice conditions on the Arctice side the ships have been unable to get to the most westerly of the Siberian whaling grounds, but little more bone can be expected from the unvisited The catch on the American side is es-

pecially discouraging. At Point Hope, where twenty-five large whales were taken last year, only thirteen were taken this year, and most of them were small and of little value on the Paris market. At Icy Cape, where ten or twelve whales were killed last year and from which point tapes of lone were from which point tones of bone were shipped, only 400 pounds of poor bone shipped, only

shipped, only 400 pounds of poor bone was secured this year.

At Burrow, where the largest whaling village in the world is to be found and where over 600 natives are directly dependent upon the industry, only eleven whales were captured and killed.

Unfortunate as the shore whalers were much more so. Owing to the uncertain condi-

Thursday Sept., 30, '09

MAY MANTON Patterns All 10c

Women's Mantles at \$6.95

Women's Suits \$12.50 to \$25.00

Women's Skirts \$3.50

Women's Lawn Waists

You want them just as much now as two months ago. These prices finish a lot of them: Regular \$1.00 and \$1.50 Lawn Waists, for

Women's Lustre and Cashmere Waists

Thursday Would Be a Good Day To Choose

One of Those Shea Five Dollar Hats

Bleached Damask \$1.10

Double Damask grass bleached, in beautiful patterns, full 2 yards wide, regular \$1.50 value, for \$1.10 her vard

Turkish Towels 23c

Bleached Damask 29c In ends from 1 to 3 yards long, satin finish, splendid quality of all linen; worth from 50 to 75c, for 29c per yard

Huck Towels 15c

Flannelette at 10c

36-inch Stripe Flannelette, all the good colors and splendid soft finish, the kind you would cheerfully give 121/2c for, our price per yard 10c

Imperfect Table Cloths

A quantity of pure Linen Table Cloths, with border all round, with slight imperfections so slight you can hardly find them, on sale Thursday, regular \$2.50, for \$1.50

Regular \$3.75, for \$2.50

Regular \$4.50 for \$2.95 per cloth

Wool Blankets \$2.69

Large double bed size, beautiful quality, a good bargain at \$3.50, our ce for Thursday \$2.69 price for

tion of the bone market during the last winter only five whale ships are at work in the Arctic this year, and up to date not a single catch has been made by any

of them.

Unless the whaling fleet now bound eastward for the shores of Banks Land has phenomenal success it is doubtful if more than 15,000 pounds of bone will be marketed on the Pacific coast this year.

Paradoxical as it may seem, this shortage in whalehone may prove to be a age in whalebone may prove to be great blessing for the whaling industry the American market was

ped with 200,000 pounds of its normal needs, for which above its normal needs, for which, ov-ing to a phenomenal catch made by Nor-wegian whalers, there was no market abroad. It is hoped that the present shortage will relieve the market both at home and abroad.

dears the Signature Chart H. Fletchire

The first process of making soda an extensive scale was discovered Nicholas Leblanc, a French chemist,



"This is a remarkable world!" ex-claimed O'Brien. "I was walking down the steret this morning and I met a man I hadn't seen for about twelve

man I hadre seen to years."
"Yes," rejoined Murphy, "it is a remarkable world. I just had an experience much like that myself. I was walking down the street not ten minutes ago and I met two men—two mind you—that I'd never met before."