ADD TO POULTRY PROFITS BY CAPONIZING.

The objects in unsexing a cockerel are exactly the same as the altering percentage of bran for a couple of of males of swine or cattle. Capons days until the wounds are healed. are unsexed male birds. This practice is very old in Europe and capons was fed with the other growing stock. mortality was high in working the quently attaining greater weight.

birds. There also resulted many The capon market is at the best becastrated, leaving a portion of the requires that the birds be held over a organs attached which results in a portion of the winter. A cheap colstoggy condition. With the improve- ony house affording protection from ment in instruments these dangers the weather, which is dry, is all that were reduced until we can now count is necessary. They do not require exon a very small mortality when the pensive or elaborate housing. operation is done by one with some

makes them readily fattened and easily handled.

from the general purpose breeds, as however, in some places a trade developed sufficiently to make the rais- as capon. Sups should be dressed and ing of poultry for meat profitable sold as slips. It only tends to lower in some of this mixture: One pound enough that less attention is paid to the quality of your product and to deep production and a "meat" type stroy the demand, to pawn off slips as and one ounce of powdered camphor. egg production and a "meat" type stroy the demand, to pawn on ships as and one ounce of powdered camphor. brecd. This has been done in Eng. capons. A genuine capon shows very land to some extent with Orpingtons, little comb and wattle development, Cornish and Sussex. Brahmas have and has a long, flowing, graceful always been a favorite breed for capon growth of cycle feathers and tail covaluation. Care breeding has been a favorite breed for capon growth of cycle feathers and tail covaluation. These are his distinguishing the capons have a collar, let it be narrow and light. A production. Cross breeding has been practiced in capon production to good advantage. Brahma and Cornish males are commonly used and bred to make word and Orpington fe
Rocks. Wyandotte and Orpington fe
marks and in dressing, the tail is left enough any time, but a particular tormonch, one on each hock, and the wing feathers from the last joint to the tip.

Rocks. Wyandotte and Orpington fe
Rocks. Wyandotte and Orpingt males in order to secure greater fe-cundity. Pullets from such matings should be consigned to the block and not retained as breeders. The Mediterranean breeds make poor capons. They do not attain sufficient size nor

varies from six to ten weeks and the size from one and one-halt to three pounds. Cockerels should be caponized just as they begin to show sexual development by the comb commencing Usually in the heavy breeds it is safe to say that cockerels weighing one and one-half to two pounds, and from six to eight weeks of age, will be about right. Leghorns will

1. Knife. Dilaters.

The probe should be flattened at one end and with a sharp bent hook at the other. The blunt end is used to press the intestines back and the sharp hook first of all, take hold! to tear the membranes or peritoneun which lines the abdomen.

The most important instrument is, of course, the remover. This is designed to grasp the testicle and re-move it. It should be so made to allow no part of the organ to slip back that best results can be obtained by or remain attached. It is largely a matter of preference as to the best type to select. There are several reliable sets now advertised in our leading poultry papers and magzines. In selecting a set, determine from some one who had had some experience, the merits of the various instruments. The selection of a good remover will pay many times over in preventing losses and slips from occurring in working

Space will not permit a detailed discussion of the technic of the operation. These instructions can be secured from your agricultural college or from the manufacturers of the instruments The operation is not difficult to perform and can be readily done by anyone with a little practice. It is possible to caponize by following a good set of instructions, but it is still better to have someone show you the various slips and supervise your first at-

After the birds are worked they are put on a ration of soft feed consisting of a mash containing a fairly large a favorite dish in the tables of kings While capons stand confinement well, and potentates in centuries past. In they do much better on free range, those days surgery was crude and growing larger frames and conse-

There also resulted many The capon market is at the best be-Slips are birds improperly tween Christmas and Easter. This

Best gains up to within three weeks experience and usually we don't find of marketing will be made by hoppermore than five per cent mortality in feeding hard grain, as wheat and amateur operations. are very docile and can be mash once a day, consisting of equal who let the dogs follow at a tiresome raised on the same range with pullets parts of ground oats, ground corn, and cause no trouble. They grow bran, middlings, and two per cent. of rapidly and lay on heavy, soft muscl- ground limestone. This can be moist- been taken aboard the car so as to more not that soon. Far too many ing. They make good foragers and make very economical use of a large semi-solid. Milk, if available, should range in late summer and fall. They been used, and still are to some growing period, as it tends to produce likes to lie on a grassy spot. He dred pounds. Not enough skim-milk, range in late summer and fall. They be given to urink during the entire mer preferably on a grassy spot. He have been used, and still are to some extent, for forter mothers, but this extent, for forter mothers, but this practice is limited. Capons have been real quality is added during the last when it is handy—with benefit to his known to raise chickens, turkey poults three weeks when thre capons are con-and ducklings, and make excellent fined to crates and finished on a ra-

however, in some places a trade de- under the class of heavy roosters, but even twice a week during the hottest veloped sufficiently to make the rais-

Canada's Rivals in Dairying.

The Dominion Dairy Commissioner, Mr. J. A. Ruddick, who with Mr. W. A. Wilson of Regina, Saskatchewan, recently returned from a visit to New Zealand and Australia, states that New Zealand has made great progress in the dairy industry in recent years. Many new factories have been built have to be worked younger due to the early development. At the time of made great advantage have been built and many have been reconstructed and modernized. Australia too has operating the organs should be about as in New Zealand, being the rule, made great advances, large factories, Special instruments are required for the operation. These are manufactured and sold by several firms. A great deal of stress should be placed great deal of stress should be placed or 500 tons in a year. Mr. Ruddick the cheese nearly all went to the on the selection of good instruments. is of opinion that Canada will meet United Kingdom. We also exported the inthe same month 174,286 lbs. of gathered some old cloths and these are The instruments required are: in the matter of quality and quantity powdered milk valued at \$23,816, and of dairy products from these countries than she has in the past. Reued at \$200,215. Of the condensed milk, valued at \$200,215. Of the condensed through the collar. This was done in the past. Reued at \$200,215. Of the condensed through the collar. This was done in the average and the average 2. Dilaters.
3. Probe.
4. Removers.
A sharp pocket knife will serve the purpose very well if it is sharp. The spreader or dilater is used to dilate the opening and ribs in order to permit seeing and working. These are of adjustment.

The total for the last five months of 1922 was 35,663 tons of adjustment.

Tries than she has in the past. Related at \$200,215. Of the condensed milk shipments, Russia took 110,000 the evening, and I left the collar. This was done in milk shipments, Russia took 110,000 the evening, and I left the collar. This was done in the evening, and I left the collar. This was done in the wet cloths till morning when is the wet cloths till morning when against 24,944 tons in the same per- many. iod of 1921.

Says Sam: Talk is all right but

The worth of a thing is not indicated by the show it makes. The engine in a car is more important than its glossy finish.

Scientific experimentation shows feeding an animal what he ought to have, instead of giving him what he

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Your Dog in Summer.

Many people, when it occurs to them to make the dog more comfort-able in warm weather, think of but No defender of animals and on pasture. their rights can approve the "trimming" methods practiced by many dog
fanciers—wherein climate, weather,
kind of dog and all other considerain a short time to grow a patch of rape lief to the heavily-coated dog, who is, will get good pay for the time and perhaps, living out of his natural ground used.

At three weeks the pig should be another than the light of the a possible premature cold spell. And will do better and so will their mothe whatever you do with the dog's coat, don't bob his tail; for it is his chief not be given the usual setback. apon against flies and mosquitoes.

I think one of the most common is hot. He may not submit willingly at first, but he will soon become ac-customed to it and learn to like it. pace for miles to the hunting grounds,

d ducklings, and make excellent fined to crates and mission on a ranchers." This quiet disposition akes them readily fattened and easily handled.

The great bulk of our capons come on the general purpose breeds, as three weeks before killing.

The kennel must be well screened against flying parasites, should operate with a both-ways swinging door at will, and make excellent gains. They are usually feet of the dog can go and come at will, and must be cleaned and disinfected often. Brush the dog's coat every day and give him an exceptant to a gainst flying parasites, should operate with a both-ways swinging door and must be cleaned and disinfected often. Brush the dog's coat every day and give him an exceptant to a gainst flying parasites, should operate with a both-ways swinging door and must be cleaned and disinfected often. from the general purpose breeds, as excellent gams. They are usually solutions of the control of

> erts. These are his distinguishing heavy, hot weight on the neck is bad this marks and in dressing, the tail is left enough any time, but a particular tor-

quality to make them of value on a capon market.

The most common question and one which is difficult to answer is, "How which is difficult to answer is, "How old and how large should a cockerel be for caponizing?" It is not a matter for caponized to give a finer bas a fainting spell and foams at the food in any authorized establish trich are caponized to give a finer has a fainting spell and foams at the it and open it. The plunger is near the mediately. No matter how strangely way.—C. A. V. he acts, do nothing rash; simply confine him till you can get the opinion and services of a real veterinarian Do not listen to advice from those who know no more about the matter than you do.-L. E. Eubanka

Exports of Dairy Products.

Canada exported 266,489 lbs. of butter valued at \$118,884, and 562,400 lbs. of cheese valued at \$149,529 in the month of March. The third month to fit with a collar. The standard col-

one thing—clipping. Doubtless shear—exist, but make a hog of him as sooning is advisable under some condias possible. Be sure to have the pigs

tions are disregarded for show pur-poses; but reasonable shearing dur-can be pastured very successfully. One ing very warm weather is a great re- thing of which you may be sure, you

anything of this kind so late in the eating shorts or ground feed and season as to risk the discomforts of drinking milk from a trough. They

ally go so much faster than their farmers usually have hogs weighing drivers realize. By all means let the 200 pounds at six months of age, dog ride if you are riding and the day oftentimes more. Their slogan is, "plenty of good feed and fresh water at all times."

a poor market the pigs should go on the market at six months of age. Some when they might just as well have farmers have them ready sooner but ground feed, and good pasture, and lack of care has been their lot in life.

If given constant access to the

proper feeds the hog cannot be over-

Growing pigs as fast as possible is the most economical in feed, time and labor used. It also helps us to handle more hogs each year, thus giving us a premises in which the manufacturing labelling. If goods found in a whole-sale or retail establishment are not profit on a greater number.

Opening the Trapdoor.

trapdoor in the kitchen floor in order from tuberculosis or other communication to reach the cellar. For years we had able disease and must observe such a ring attached to the door to raise it, sanitary regulations as the Departbut this was a literal stumblingblock ment may require. besides being unsightly. The last time

or joist if more convenient—is a block of wood about twelve inches long. This would not have been necessary but for our joists being celled. Pivoted to feathers from the last joint to the tip. can get it at all times. You and 1 would not have been necessary but for picking is demanded on most know how important this is, when we markets handling capons. Dry-picked think of our own summer thirst. Cut his block is a cross bar about as long and in every way fit for food. Should any article of food be found, either in taken for examination and grading, and a report of the grading is sent to markets handling capons. Dry-picked birds keep better and present a better appearance when dressed than do the scalded birds.

Turkeys are caponized to a limited extent. They should be worked just as the "fift season" for dogs, and while I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and destroyed under his supervision.

Turkeys are caponized to a limited extent. They should be worked just and while I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and destroyed under his supervision.

Turkeys are caponized to a limited extent. They should be worked just and while I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and destroyed under his supervision.

Turkeys are caponized to a limited extent. They should be worked just and while I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be extreme and say there is no hydrophobia. I do not wish to be decomposed to the course of preparation or after it taken for examination and grading, and in every way fit for food. Should an the door is wide. Attached to the course of food be found, eith

mouth, don't let anyone kill him im-

ready since the bean field will soon be needing the cultivator.

works very satisfactory.

I think one of the most common the pigs have access to at all times. causes of suffering from heat lies in feed shorts, etc., constantly. It is said factured, the soundness of the raw the practice of following vehicles—of certain farmers, "You never hear especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles, which usu- his pigs squealing around." These especially motor vehicles are the pigs have access to at all times. In which in the food is manu- not less than % of an inch in height. Thus, in the case of peas, the label must indicate the quality and size of the pigs have access to at all times.

About the centre of the first riser—Department's inspectors. joist if more convenient—is a block

The other day I was obliged to pur-

Our Boys Camp, and Work Too

By Frances D. Manning

Our boys love to camp, but until the supplies, arranged the packs for they could camp and still do their share of the farm work. They had so potatoes. Jack Fletcher brought up fine a time that this year they intend a three-quart can of milk as his share. to do it again.

boys planned their camp.

After supper, when my dishes were We had with us, Kent, a young city done and I sat on the porch for a bit

over in the pines beyond the brook? Such a good difference over in the pines beyond the brook? Such a good difference over in the pines beyond the brook? Such a good difference over in the pines beyond the brook? Such a good difference over was a soon as work was over evening as soon as work was over the brook in real camp-fashion. Kent fresh hellebore should be used. As a summer on overnight hikes, sleep the brook in real camp-fashion. Kent would be waiting for them with supspray, apply at the rate of four there, cook our supper over the camp would be waiting for them with sup-ounces in two or three gallons of fire—I'm a crack cook—we'll sleep per we'll started. Early in the mornwater; or the plants may be dusted and get our breakfast there, tell stor- ing they'd take their dip in the swimwater, or the plants may be dusted and get our breakfast there, ten storwith a mixture of one pound of the
material in five pounds of flour or airslaked lime.

I can do that if I can't pitch hay or
run the horse rake."

I can do that if I can't pitch hay or
course; he'd be fussing around the "Don't know as it will do any camp all day, though he'd come to the harm," was my husband's assent, house for dinner. I thought they Then the Fletcher boys, Jack and would tire of it, but they didn't. They Orville, from the farm below, wanted kept it up all summer, only sleeping to join, and Billy Scott, an orphan lad indoors on very rainy nights. It made who worked at the Prescotts'. Six things a bit easier for me, too. Kent by planned their camp.

got so well. And that motherless lad,
Kent was cook and councillor. He Billy Scott, said he never had had had had camping experience. He got such a time in all his life.

Canadian Government Standards for Canned Fruits and Vegetables

By C. S. McGillivray, Chief Canning Inspector

Act. They are administered respec-

thereunder applies in all plants doing content is concerned. an export or interprovincial trade Two two-hundred pounds hogs can where fruits and vegetables and fruit certain sizes of containers is not recustomed to it and learn to like it. Two two-nundred pounds nogs can and vegetables and truit certain sizes of containers is not related been surprised at the begrown more economically than can and vegetable products are canned, quired, as these sizes have been stand-thoughtlessness of some sportsmen one four-hundred-pound hog. Barring evaporated, dried or otherwise preparation of the products are canned, quired, as these sizes have been stand-thoughtlessness of some sportsmen one four-hundred-pound hog. Barring evaporated, dried or otherwise preparations and registrations and vegetables and truit certain sizes or containers is not repared for food, or where milk is can-Size 1's, 11/2's, 2's, 21/2's, 3's and 10's. ned, evaporated, dried or otherwise The minimum net weight of both preserved. It also applies to places liquid and solids as packed is defined

either of the aforementioned products Ottawa through a staff of trained infor export or for interprovincial trade spectors. The goods are examined at must first obtain a permit to operate the cannery and check samples are from the Minister of Agriculture.

operations are to be conducted are in sale or retail establishment are not all respects sanitary as to constructruly labelled as to grade, they are tion, equipment and appliances. The number of the permit when granted is always given every opportunity to must appear on all boxes, cases, etc., show that his grading is correct, but Opening the Trapdoor.

Our kitchen and cellar are so arranged that it is necessary to have a substitution of the substitution

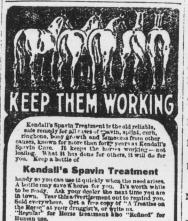
To see that these and other requirewe put down a linoleum I worked out ments are met, such establishments are inspected from time to time by the

The containers in which fruits, vegetables, milk or other articles prepared for food in any authorized establishment are placed shall be marked, unname of the packer of such article); (2) With a true and correct description of the contents of the container.
This description is defined by regulation and is regarded as the standard of quality.

STANDARDS OF QUALITY.

Four standards of quality have been "Fancy Quality," "Choice Quality,"

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ISSUE No. 24-23.

Two enactments are in force in the Dominion of Canada relating to canned and evaporated fruits and vegetables. They are The Food and Drugs Act and The Meat and Canned Foods Canada The Meat and Canned Foods Canada The Meat and Canned Foods Canada The Meat and Canada Tooks Canada Took the packer so desires, he may substitively by the Department of Health and the Department of Agriculture.

The Food and Drugs Act deals with the words "Packed in Syrup....% the purity, wholesomeness and weight of all food products, and is effective sugar," (stating the percentage of sugar," (stating the percentage of all food products, and is effective sugar in the syrup).

Then, also, the pigs when weaned will not be given the usual setback.

Make a small pen or runway that deals with the sanitary conditions of the pigs have access to at all times. The plant in which the food is manually and the sanitary conditions of the label in plain type of a size not less than % of an inch in height. upon its label a true and correct de-scription of the product. It was indicate the qual-true of the article as well as the con-true. This Act and the Regulations made sistency of the syrup so far as sugar

The declaration of net weight on for each of these sizes. Sizes not standardized must show on the label

the net weight and the drained weight. An establishment manufacturing tions as to Standards is directed from The administration of the regulafrom the Minister of Agriculture.

Before granting such permit the Minister must be satisfied that the manufacturing in which the manufacturing.

EXPORT SHIPMENTS.

The Act stipulates that no shipment of canned or evaporated fruits or vegetables or fruit or vegetable products may be made out of Canada without an export certificate first being obtained. This certificate is issued upon the written declaration of the

ed fruits or vegetables is allowed to enter Canada unless it is accompanied by a certificate declaring that the product complies with the Canadian requirements. If a shipment arrives without this declaration, it is held at less otherwise ordered by the Governor the Customs till arrival of proper in Council (1) With the name and addocuments. As soon as practicable dress of the packer, or, in the case of after arrival, the goods are examined a firm or corporation, with the firm or corporate name and address of the packer, or of the first dealer obtaining improperly marked they are held for it direct from the packer who sells or proper marking; if improperly graded, chase a new collar for one of my shall, upon the request of an inspector grade; otherwise they are returned to appointed under the Act, disclose the the country of origin the the country of origin.

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tening of Beef Cattle in Eastern Canada. New Varieties and Selections of Grain. The Root Vegetables Act, 1922.

Illustration Community Work in Dundas County, Ontario. The Winter Finishing of Steers in

Western Quebec. Report of the Division of Horticulture, Dominion Experimental Farms, 1921. Report of the Poultry Division, Dominion Experimental Farms, 1921. List of 300 Available Publications.

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