

Resolved, That the Bill do pass.

Ordered, That the Honourable Mr. Boulton do carry the said Bill to the Legislative Council, and desire their concurrence.

Contingencies.

Mr. Cameron, from the Committee of the whole House, on the fifth Report of the Standing Committee on Contingencies, reported, according to order, the Resolution of the said Committee, which Resolution was again read at the Clerk's table, and agreed to by the House, and is as followeth:

Resolved, That an humble address be presented to His Excellency, the Governor General, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to issue his Warrant, in favor of William Burns Lindsay, Esquire, the Clerk of this House, for the sum of nine thousand one hundred and seventy-seven pounds, five shillings, currency, towards defraying the contingent expenses of this House, during the present Session, in such sums as occasion may require, and assuring His Excellency that this House will make good the same.

Ordered, That Mr. Thorburn, Mr. Cameron, Mr. Merritt, and Mr. Morris, do present the said Address to His Excellency, the Governor General.

Common Schools Indemnity.

Ordered, That the Honourable Mr. Morin have leave to bring in a Bill, further to provide for the establishment and maintenance of Common Schools, and also to grant an indemnity for the payment of certain portions of the School moneys for the year 1842, and further to provide for the apportionment and distribution of the balance of the said moneys for the years 1842 and 1843.

He accordingly presented the said Bill to the House, and the same was received and read for the first time.

Ordered, That the said Bill be now read a second time.

The said Bill was accordingly read a second time.

Ordered, That the said Bill be engrossed.

An engrossed Bill, further to provide for the establishment and maintenance of Common Schools, and also to grant an indemnity for the payment of certain portions of the School Moneys for the year 1842, and further to provide for the apportionment and distribution of the Balance of the said moneys for the years 1842 and 1843, was read for the third time.

Resolved, That the Bill do pass, and the Title be "An Act further to provide for the establishment and maintenance of Common Schools, and for apportioning the Fund for the support of the same, and also to grant an indemnity for the payment of certain portions of the School Moneys for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-two; and further to provide for the apportionment and distribution of the balance of the said moneys for the years one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and one thousand eight hundred and forty-three."

Ordered, That the Honourable Mr. Morin do carry the said Bill to the Legislative Council, and desire their concurrence.

Message from Leg. Council.

A Message from the Legislative Council by John Fennings Taylor, Esquire one of the Masters in Chancery.

Legislative Council,
Saturday, 2nd December, 1843.

Religious Societies' Land Bill.

Ordered, That one of the Masters in Chancery do go down to the Legislative Assembly and acquaint that House, that the Legislative

Council agrees to the Conference desired, for the purpose of communicating the reasons which induced the Assembly not to concur in certain amendments made by this House to the Bill, intituled, "An Act to enable Religious Societies, of all Denominations of Christians in that part of the Province called Upper Canada, to hold the Lands requisite for certain purposes therein mentioned," and that the Managers on the part of this House are to be the Honourable Messieurs Sulliam and Fergusson, who are to meet the number as Managers, on the part of the Legislative Assembly required by Parliamentary usage, and that the time of the Conference be presently, and the place, the Committee Room of the Legislative Council.

Attest,

Charles DeLéry,
Deputy Clerk, Legislative Council.

Religious Societies' Land Bill.

Resolved, That four Managers be appointed to meet the Managers appointed by the Legislative Council, at the time and place appointed for the holding the Conference desired upon the amendments, made by their Honors to the Bill, intituled, "An Act to enable Religious Societies of all Denominations of Christians (in that part of the Province called Upper Canada), to hold the Lands requisite for certain purposes therein mentioned."

Ordered, That Mr. Williams, the Honourable Mr. Solicitor General Small, Mr. Boswell, and the Honourable Mr. Hincks, be appointed Managers, on the part of this House.

According to order, the House resumed the Adjourned Debate on a motion made by Mr. Price yesterday, viz:—

Resignation of Ex. Council.

"That an humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General, humbly representing to His Excellency, the deep regret felt by this House, at the retirement of certain Members of the Provincial Administration, on the question of their right, to be consulted on what this House unhesitatingly avows to be the Prerogative of the Crown.—appointments to Office; and further to assure His Excellency that their advocacy of this principle entitles them to the confidence of this House; being in strict accordance with the principles embraced in the Resolutions adopted by this House on the 3rd September, 1841."

And the said motion being again read;

Mr. Wakefield moved in amendment thereto, seconded by Mr. Simpson, that all the words after "That" in the said motion, be struck out, and the following substituted:

"According to the principles of the British Constitution as declared to exist in this Province by the Resolutions of the House of Assembly, of the 3rd September 1841, the Members of the Executive Council are responsible to the People and to this House as the Representatives of the People, for the exercise of every Royal Prerogative within this Province, and that consequently inasmuch as it would be most unjust to subject any man to responsibility for acts in which he had not participated, it is indispensable that the Royal Prerogative be exercised by His Excellency the Governor General, with the advice of the Members of his Executive Council.

"That according to the aforesaid principles of the British Constitution, the Provincial Representative of the Sovereign, cannot be responsible, or in any way accountable, for the exercise of any branch of the Royal Prerogative to any Provincial Authority whatever; and therefore that he cannot constitutionally enter into any pledge, engagement or assurance with the Members of the Executive Council, or with any other person or persons in the Pro-