

- XIII.—That every Member who shall be present when a question is put, shall vote thereon, unless the House shall excuse him, or unless he be personally interested in the question ; provided such interest is resolvable into a personal pecuniary profit, or such as is peculiar to the Member, and not in common with the interest of the subject at large, in which case he shall not vote.
- XIV.—When the Speaker is putting a question, no Member shall walk out of, or across the house, nor when a Member is speaking, shall any other Members hold discourse which may interrupt him, nor pass between him and the Chair.
- XV.—That a Member called to order shall sit down, unless permitted to explain, and all debate on the question of order, shall take place before the decision of the Speaker.
- XVI.—That no Member shall speak beside the question in debate.
- XVII.—That any Member may of right require the question, or motion in discussion, to be read for his information, at any time during the debate, but not so as to interrupt a Member speaking.
- XVIII.—That no Member other than the one proposing a question or motion, (who shall be permitted a reply) shall speak more than once on the same, without leave of the house, except in explanation of a material part of his speech, which may have been mis-conceived, but then he is not to introduce new matter.
- XIX.—That any Member may, at any time, desire the house to be cleared of strangers, and the Speaker shall immediately give directions to the Sergeant at Arms to do so, without debate.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

- XX.—That the Master in Chancery attending the Legislative Council, be received as their messenger, at the Clerk's table, where he shall deliver such message as he is charged with.
- XXI.—That all messages from this house to the Legislative Council be sent by two Members, to be named by the Speaker, accompanied by the Sergeant-at-Arms.
- XXII.—That when the house shall judge it necessary to request a conference with the Legislative Council, the reasons to be given by this house upon the subject of the conference shall be prepared and agreed to by the house before the messengers shall be appointed to make the said request.

COMMITTEE.

- XXIII.—That the Rules of the House shall be observed in Committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the Rule limiting the times of speaking.
- XXIV.—That in forming a Committee of the whole House, before leaving the Chair, the Speaker shall appoint a Chairman to preside, who shall immediately take the Chair without argument or comment.
- XXV.—That every Member who shall introduce a Bill, Petition, or Motion upon any subject which may be referred to a Committee, shall be one of the Committee without being named by the House, except in cases of controverted Elections. (*Explained by standing order No. 18.*)
- XXVI.—That of the number of Members appointed to compose a Committee, such number thereof as shall be equal to a majority of the whole number chosen, shall be a quorum, competent to proceed to business, (except in Election Committees,) where the number, to form such quorum, shall not be specially fixed by the House.
- XXVII.—That in a Committee of the whole House, a motion that the Chairman leave the Chair, shall always be in order and take precedence of every other motion, and that when the motion is made on account of any question of order or privilege arising, the Speaker shall resume the Chair without discussion or vote of the Committee.
- X XXVIII.—That in a Committee of the whole House, all motions relating to the matter under consideration shall be put in the order in which they are proposed.