Legal Notices.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

TO be sold at Public Auction on Thursday the 8th day of October next, in front of the Registry Office in Newcastle, between the hours of 12 o'clock, noon and 5 o'clock, p. m.—

All the right, title and interest of property, possession and claim of Alexander Fitzgerald in and to all that piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Northesk, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, bounded as follows, to wit:—On the south side by the property of James Fitzgerald, on the north side by the property of William Malcolm, on the front by the White Rapids and on the rear by wilderness lands, containing 100 acres more or less—being all that piece of land conveyed to the said Alexander Fitzgerald by one William Fitzgerald, by Deed dated the eighth day of September, A. D., 1886, as will appear more fully on reference to Vol. 63, pages 568 & 569 of the Records of the said County.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court, on the suit of W. Doherty & Co against the said Alexander Fitzgerald.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff of North'd Co

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 20th day of June, A. D., 1891.

CITATION.

NEW BRUNSWICK,
COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER, S. S.

L.S. To the Sheriff of the County of Gloucester, or any constable within the said County, greeting:—

Whereas, Alfred C. Smith, of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland, Doctor of Medicine, one of the heirs of James Smith, late of Bathurst, in the said County of Gloucester, merchant, deceased, hath by Petition bearing date the eighteenth day of June, instant, represented to me that the said James Smith made and executed a paper writing purporting to be his last Will and Testament, bearing date the eighteenth day of February last past, and thereby appointed one Abel Ellis, of the parish of Bathurst, in the said County of Gloucester, sole executor thereof, which Will hath been filed in the Court of Probate for the said County of Gloucester, and whereas the said Alfred C. Smith, who claims to be interested in the estate of the said James Smith, deceased, hath prayed that the said Abel Ellis may be required to prove the said Will in solemn form and that the said Abel Ellis and the heirs, devisees, legatees and next of kin of the said deceased be cited to attend at proving the said Will in solemn form:

You are therefore required to cite the said Abel Ellis to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at the Court House in Bathurst, aforesaid, on Tuesday, the sixth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of proving the said Will in solemn form. And you are further required to cite Christiana Ellis, of Bathurst, aforesaid, the devisee and legatee named in the said Will—the heirs of the said deceased, namely—the said Alfred C. Smith and George M. Smith of San Diego, in the State of California, in the United States of America, and the next of kin of the said deceased, namely—John Brown, Elizabeth McIntosh, wife of Robert McIntosh, Catherine McIntosh, wife of James McIntosh, William Vance, all of South Tetagouche, in the parish of Bathurst, in the County of Gloucester, Isabella Branch, wife of Samuel Branch, of the parish of Bathurst, aforesaid, Jane Brown, of Springhill, in the County of York, in said Province, spinster, Samuel Brown of Jersey City in the State of New Jersey, in the United States of America, James Brown, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, in the United States, aforesaid, Robert Brown, William Brown, Alexander Brown, all of Blaine in Washington Territory, in the United States, aforesaid, Mary Smith, of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, in the United States, aforesaid, spinster, Isabella Smith, Rebecca Smith, Elizabeth Smith, spinsters, and Annie Crowe, wife of Sanford John Crowe, all of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, Jane Payne, wife of George Payne, of Stanwood in Washington Territory aforesaid, Ellen Smith, wife of Richard Smith, of Stonewall, in the Province of Manitoba, Janet Brown of (residence unknown) in the Province of Manitoba, aforesaid, spinster, and Thomas John Smith, Mary Jane Smith, Susan A. Smith, Roper Smith and Eva Smith, children of Annie Smith, deceased, wife of Richard Smith of (residence unknown) in the Province of Manitoba, aforesaid—to attend the proving of the said Will in solemn form at the time and place aforesaid, and to see proceedings.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court this eighteenth day of June, A. D. 1891.

(Signed) THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY,
Judge of Probates, Gloucester.

(Signed) D. G. MACLAUCHLAN,
Registrar of Protates, Gloucester.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

TO be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday the 5th day of November next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham between the hours of 12 noon and five o'clock p m·

All the right, title and interest of William Muirhead in and to all those several pieces, parcels or lots of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Chatham, and County of Northumberland, and Province of New Brunswick, and more particularly described and bounded as follows, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being on the south side of the Miramichi River, in the Parish of Chatham, aforesaid being part of the lot number thirty-eight, which piece thereof is abutted and bounded as follows, to wit: Commencing on the north side of the Queen's Highway at the lower side of the lands belonging to the Estate of the late Richard Blackstock, deceased, thence easterly along the north side of the said Road or Highway to the west side of lands owned and occupied by the late Honorable Wm. Muirhead, thence notherly along the west side of the said late Honorable Wm. Muirhead's lands to the channel of the River Miramichi, thence westerly or up stream to a continuation of the easterly side line of the said Richard Blackstock's property: thence southerly along such side line to the north side of the said Highway, being the place of beginning, comprising the whole of the lands and premises now used as the "Miramichi Foundry" with the Steam Engine and Boiler, Turning Lathes, Plaining Machine, and all machinery contained and in use in any of the said buildings.

Also, all that other piece of land situate in Chatham, aforesaid, being part of Lot No. 30 granted to Patrick Taylor, deceased, and lately owned by Peter Taylor, deceased, bounded as follows, to wit:—Commencing at the shore of the Miramichi River at the upper side line of that part of the said lot lately owned and occupied by Robert Johnstone, deceased; thence southerly along the said line to the north-east angle of the pasture lot number five as laid down in the plan of the said number thirty made by David Sadler, Esquire, Deputy Surveyor; thence westerly along the northerly line of the said pasture lot number five three hundred and fifty six links or to the east side of a road laid out along the said lot number thirty; thence northerly along the east side of the said road to the south side of the Queen's Highway; thence westerly along the south side of the Queen's Highway to the westerly side line of the land formerly occupied by the said David Sadler; thence northerly along the easterly side line of the land conveyed by the said Patrick Taylor, deceased, to Joseph Cunard, to the River Miramichi; thence down stream along the shore to the upper side line of the said land late owned by the said Robert Johnstone, deceased, being the place of beginning, with the privilege of the water in front of the said land and which said land was conveyed to John Sadler and Lemuel J. Tweedie on the fourteenth day of May, A. D. 1874 by John Lawlor, Alexander R. Ramsay and James Lukie, all of Newcastle, in said County, Trustees for all the creditors of the the estate and effects of Alexander Jacobsen, late of Chatham, in said County, seaman.

Also, all that other certain piece or parcel of land at Chatham, in the County aforesaid, described as follows, to wit:—Commencing on the westerly boundary of the above described property at a point 27 feet northerly along the said westerly side line from the Queen's Highway, thence on a line westerly till it strikes a point forty-four feet from the easterly line of the late George J. Parker's Property and one hundred and eight feet from the said highway with a right of way from the said described premises to the said highway over the land of John England, which right of way or road shall be of the width of 20 feet and run along the easterly boundary of the James McDonald property now occupied by Thomas Stevenson with the right and privilege of the water in front of the said described premises and with the right to erect and keep a boom or build a wharf of any description on the said premises, including the wharf property now known as "The Canada Wharf Property" erected in front of said lands and premises—the said wharf extending into the River Miramichi four hundred and thirteen feet from the high water-line on the westerly side of said wharf, and having a frontage on said river of eight hundred and fifty-two feet and extending into the said river on the lower or easterly side five hundred and eighty feet from high water mark.

The same having been seized by me, under and by virtue of several Executions issued out of the Supreme and County Courts against the said William Muirhead.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 21st July, A. D. 1891.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

To be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday the 5th day of November next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham, between the hours of 12 noon and five o'clock p. m.

All the right, title and interest which the late Mary Caulfield had at the time of her decease, in and to all and singular those certain lots or parcels of land and premises situate, lying and being on the westerly side of the Bartibogue River, in the Parish of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, and bounded as follows, viz:—In front by the said Bartibogue river, on the north by land owned by Richard Quigley, on the south by the Wallace property and in the rear by wilderness land, and containing 200 acres more or less.

Also all that other lot of land on the north side of the said Bartibogue river, opposite lands granted to Richard Quigley and granted to Richard Hutchison, containing 100 acres as by reference to grant No. 15,716, will fully appear—being the same lands or properties conveyed to the said Mary Caulfield by Richard Hutchison by deed dated the 3rd day of November, A. D., 1885, as by reference to vol. 64, pages 101 and 102 of the Records of the said County of Northumberland, will more fully appear.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court at the suit of Isabella Caulfield against the said Mary Caulfield.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle,
this 22nd day of August, A. D., 1891.

COAL!

Now on hand, one cargo Victoria Mines House Coal for which orders will be taken at office of

J. B. SNOWBALL.

TO FARMERS.

For sale a quantity of pure ground bones, fresh from the Chatham Bone Mill. To be sold cheap to encourage farming. Apply to,

J. B. SNOWBALL.

General Business.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED!

L. S. L.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRWINGS take place Semi-Annually, (June and December,) and its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS FOR INTEGRITY OF ITS DRAWINGS AND PROMPT PAYMENT OF PRIZES.

Attested as follows:

"We do hereby certify that we supervise he arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

R. M. Walmsley, Pres. Louisiana Nat. Bk.
Pierre Lanaux, Pres. State Nat'l Bank.
A. Baldwin, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bk.
Carl Kohn, Pres. Union National Bank.

Grand Monthly Drawing,

WILL TAKE PLACE AT
At the Academy of Music, New Orleans,
Tuesday, September 8, 1891.

Capital Prize, $300,000.

LIST OF PRIZES

1 PRIZE OF	300,000 is.....	300,000
1 PRIZE OF	100,000 is.....	100,000
1 PRIZE OF	50,000 is.....	50,000
1 PRIZE OF	25,000 are.....	25,000
2 PRIZES OF	10,000 are.....	20,000
5 PRIZES OF	5,000 are.....	25,000
25 PRIZES OF	1,000 are.....	25,000
100 PRIZES OF	500 are.....	50,000
200 PRIZES OF	300 are.....	60,000
500 PRIZES OF	200 are.....	100 000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
100 Prizes of	$500 are.....	$50,000
100 do	300 are.....	30,000
100 do	200 are.....	20,000
TERMINAL PRIZES.		
999 do.	100 are.....	99,900
999 do.	100 are.....	99,900
3,144 Prizes, amounting to.....		$1,159,600

PRICE OF TICKETS.
Whole Tickets at Twenty Dollars;
Halves $10; Quarters $5; Tenths $2
Twentieths $1

Club Rates, 55 Fractional Tickets at $1, for $50.

SPECIAL RATES TO AGENTS.
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

IMPORTANT.

SEND MONEY BY EXPRESS AT OUR EXPENSE IN SUMS NOT LESS THAN FIVE DOLLARS, on which we pay all charges, and we prepay Express Charges on Tickets and Lists of Prizes forwarded to correspondents.

Address PAUL CONRAD,
New Orleans, La.,

Give full address and make signature plain.

Congress having lately passed laws prohibiting the use of the mails to All Lotteries, we use the Express Companies in answering correspondents and sending Lists of Prizes, until the Courts shall decide Our rights as a State Institution. The Postal authorities, however, will continue to deliver all Ordinary letters addressed to Paul Conrad, but will not deliver Registered letters to him.

The official Lists of Prizes will be sent on application to all Local Agents, after every drawing in any quantity, by Express, FREE OF COST

ATTENTION.—The present charter of The Louisiana State Lottery Company which is part of the Constitution of the State, and by decision of the SUPREME COURT OF THE U. S. is an inviolable contract between the State and the Lottery Company will remain in force under any circumstances FIVE YEARS LONGER, UNTIL 1895.

The Louisiana Legislature which adjourned July 10th, voted by two-thirds majority in each House to let the people decide at an election whether the Lottery shall continue from 1895 until 1919.—The general impression is that THE PEOPLE WILL FAVOR CONTINUANCE.

PLEASANT AS MILK

To the Expression Used by many when they take,

ESTEY'S EMULSION.

Children will take it and ask for more. Delicate people can take it when their stomach cannot retain the ordinary Emulsions. It is easily digested.

—WHEN BUYING AN EMULSION—

Ask for Estey's.

Sold Everywhere. Price 50c., Six bottles, $2.50.

DR. JAMES' NERVE BEANS.

NERVE BEANS are a new discovery that relieve and cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor and Failing Manhood; restores the weakness of body or mind caused by overwork, or the errors and excesses of youth. This Remedy absolutely cures the most obstinate cases when all other TREATMENTS have failed even to relieve. They do not, like other preparations advertised for Lost Manhood, etc., interfere with digestion; but impart new life, strength and energy in a quick and harmless manner peculiar to themselves.

Sold by druggists at $1.00 a package, or six for 5.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address The James Medicine CO., Canadian Agency, St. John, N. B. Write for pamphlet. Sold in Chatham by J. D. B. F. MACKENZIE.

SUGARS.

LANDING AND TO ARRIVE:

500 Bbls. Standard, Ex. C. and Granulated.

BEANS.

Landing 80 Bbls. Ex. Prime.

—FOR SALE BY—

C. M. BOSTWICK & CO.
ST. JOHN.

The Liverpool & London & Globe

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Assets 31 Decr. 1890	$42,135,184.56
Assets in Canada 1890	1,403,493.18

Fire Insurance of all descriptions at lowest current rates

WARREN C. WINSLOW, Agent,
Chatham, N. B.

I have appointed Mr. Warren C. Winslow agent at Chatham, in place of Mr. T. F. Gillespie. Mr Winslow is authorized to issue renewals of existing risks, and to receive applications for new insurance at lowest current rates.

W. M. JARVIS, General Agent,

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.

Saint John, N. B., 10 June, 1891.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

George A. Flett, of Nelson Brick maker successor to G. A. & H. S. Flett has this day made an assignment of the estate and effects of that firm to me in trust for the general benefit of creditors without any preference and that the trust deed lies at the office of Mr. Warren C. Winslow, Barrister, Chatham, for inspection and signature of creditors of said firm.

Creditors executing the deed within two months from date are by its terms entitled to be first paid.

Dated the 18th day of May, 1891.

ALLAN G. FLETT,
Trustee.

GIRL WANTED

for general house work, Good wages. Apply to

MISS HUTCHISON,
Douglastown.

Special Notice.

The editor and proprietor of the MIRAMICHI ADVANCE contemplates retiring from his present business on the Miramichi and is desirious of finding a purchaser for this paper, its plant and good-will. He will therefore receive proposals from anyone desiring to invest in what is a paying and successful business.

As a purchaser may not be found he will be glad to receive offers from competent and experienced persons who may be prepared to undertake the editorial and business management of the paper.

Address
D. G. SMITH,
Chatham, N. B.

Chatham, N. B., July 23, 1891.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., - - SEPTEMBER 3, 1891.

Kent County.

Mr. Hanington, the leader of the Opposition, has evidently had his usual experience, in addressing Kent meetings in the interests of Mr. Gogain. The policy of his party seems to be not to seek the people's favor by reason of a more excellent programme for the management of public affairs than that with which the Government is before the country, but by malignant abuse and misrepresentation to impress the electors with the idea that the Government is so bad that any change would be an improvement.

The Government party is carrying on the canvass with great force and effect throughout the County. The Attorney General's able, earnest and convincing addresses at Richibucto and Harcourt have added numbers of recruits to the ministerial ranks. He appears a perfect master of the situation, and it is conceded, on all sides, that it would be both a pity and a blunder to weaken such a man's hands, and a crime to aid and abet his inveterate enemies in their attempt to destroy him. In the face of his accusers he has appealed to the people to judge him for his cause. There is, after all, in the great heart of the people a supreme love for fair-play. On hearing the man whom the "Times" has so basely and meanly slandered, acquit himself so frankly and so nobly, pointing to his record for approval or condemnation, bidding prejudice be still, and asking only that he be intelligently judged, the people will give no uncertain answer. Mr. Blair spoke at Cocagne last night. To-night he speaks at Buctouche and he will speak at Kingston to-morrow night. Other meetings may be arranged later on; for the fair-minded electorate of Kent must and will hear him.

On Friday last the Hon. D. L. Hanington held a meeting at Buctouch, Messrs. Phinney, Gogain and Melanson made short addresses, preliminary to the great effort expected from the leader of Her Majesty's loyal opposition. Hr. Haninngton lost his head and became very abusive, directing his ill-considered remarks at gentlemen in the audience who were there simply to hear him. Amongst the rest he had a nasty fling at Mr. McInerney, whom he several times alluded to in a most insulting fashion. No sooner had he closed his tirade than the audience, almost to a man, called for Mr. McInerney. It was a genuine treat while the speaker, for over twenty minutes, held Hanington up to the ridicule of the audience, quoting Stevens and Powell, Steckton and Alward against Hanington, and then, in turn, giving very pointed quotations from Hanington against them, in a time not so very remote, when they were not the happy family they now pretend to be. As the lash fell, each cut more keen than the preceding, it began to dawn on the Goliath from Westmorland that he had awakened the wrong passenger. The audience fairly screamed with delight, for every man felt that the man from Dorchester was getting what he sweetly deserved.

Passing on to a discussion of the questions raised by the previous speakers, the tables were neatly turned against them. Mr. Phinney had asked the audience to condemn Blair because he had passed the Highway and Registration of Births, Marriages and Deaths Acts, and because he had declared that the country must soon face direct taxation. The answer was complete. "Why should Phinney ask you to condemn Blair for an utterance made in 1887 and for two measures enacted, one in 1886, the other in 1887, when he (Phinney) knowing these things, actually ran on a ticket with LeBlanc in Kent in 1888 in support of the Blair Government?"

It was a bad night for the opposition, and when, after an hour and a half, Mr. McInerney asked the audience to show Mr. Hanington just how the government stood in a meeting called by Mr. Hanington's hand-bills, they rose *en masse* and cheered again and again for Blair, retiring from the hall with loud cheers for the government, leaving just eight men behind to hold a post mortem on Hanington's cause in Wellington.

As proof that the above account is correct see the following taken from the report of the meeting as given in the "Moncton Times" of the 31st, not very willing testimony it will be admitted:—

"Mr. Hanington followed with an exhaustive review of Blair's course and saying that he had evidence to prove that LaBillois and others were bought with gold. He called on the electors not to allow Blair to either buy the county or frighten them.

His remarks as to the course of Mr. McInerney brought that gentleman to his feet and after the conclusion of Mr. Hanington's address Mr. McInerney took the floor. It looked as if Hanington had caught a tarter and McInerney had the sympathy of the audience who felt the attack uncalled for. While not helping Legere much, he handled Hanington himself without gloves."

It is this predisposition to indiscretion that has made Mr. Hanington so unsuccessful as a leader. He belongs to the class who seek to shine by tarnishing others. No insinuations against the character or acts of his opponents are too vile for him to indulge in, and, unfortunately, he is so often convicted in the legislature of bearing false witness in this respect, that when anything defamatory of character, is said in Fredericton, and not believed, it is referred to as having only been said in a Haninngtonian sense.

Dr. Stockton, Dr. Alward and Mr. Powell had a meeting advertised for the Temperance Hall, Richibucto, on the 31st August. Dr. Stockton alone materialized. It is said Mr. Powell kicks against travelling in double harness with Professor Stockton. At the end of the opposition speeches Mr. McInerney was called by the Government supporters present who were at least 3 to 1 of the meeting, to take up the cudgels against the oppositionists. He did it in fine style and carried the meeting. Richibucto will give the Government a rousing majority.

In Harcourt, latest advices give large gains for Leger. St. Louis, Acadieville and Carleton will poll large majorities for the Government candidate. The sober thought of the voters is that Kent has everything to gain by supporting the party in power. What platform does the opposition offer? Nothing. The North Shore now stands 9 to 1 in the House for the Government. We have two important portfolios. Shall we throw them up and allow the high stumpage men to run the Province?

The census entitles Kent to at least three representatives. The Government is willing to give that County justice in this matter. Kent will consult her own interests by strengthening Blair's hands at this time, so that he may, prompted by fair-play and gratitude, see his way clear to increase her representation in the Assembly. Let the electors of Kent vote for the Government, because it is proven to be honest and economical, as well as because the County's interests unmistakeably demand it.

The people of Kent are fortunate in being visited by Mr. Blair as well as Mr. Hanington, and in being thus afforded the opportunity of seeing the leaders of the respective parties in the present campaign. They will form their own judgment as to which of them appears to be the abler man and safest guide—which has the most respect for his position and also for that of others, and is the better disposed towards the people of the country generally.

THE NEW JUDGE:—B. Lester Peters, Esq., has been appointed judge of St. John County Court in place of Hon. Charles Watters, deceased.

The Census.

The census returns of the Dominion are very disappointing. The total increase of population for the decade—1881 to 1891—has been only 504 601 or an increase of 11.66 per cent.

The increase is greatest in the cities and towns, where it makes a good showing the gain being 377,917, while, it is only 126,684 in the country districts.

New Brunswick, which gained 58,000 between 1851 and 1861; 34,000 between 1861 and 1871 and 35,000 between 1871 and 1881, has gained only 61 in the last ten years. The New Brunswick counties which show increases are:—

	1881.	1891.	Inc.
Gloucester	21,614	24,991	3 287
Kent	22 618	23,858	1,249
Northumberland	25,109	25,715	606
Restigouche	7,058	8,311	1 253
Victoria	15,686	18 218	2.532
Westmoreland	37,719	41,484	3,665
York	30,397	30,797	582

Those which show decreases are:—

	1881.	1891.	Dec.
Albert	12 329	10 971	1,358
Carleton	23 365	22,523	842
Charlotte	25,087	23 751	1.338
Kings	25,617	23,094	2,523
Queens	14 017	12,152	1 865
St. John City	26,127	24,184	1,943
St. John County	26 839	25,399	1,449
Sunbury	6,651	5,763	888

According to official reports, Canada has received about 1,200,000 European immigrants in the last ten years. The natural increase of population in civilised countries averages 14 per cent. We had, ten years ago, 4,323,344 people in Canada. Adding our immigrants and natural increase we should now have 6,129,078. Instead of that we have only 4,827,945. We have therefore, lost the whole of our immigrants and between two and three per cent. of our natural increase in population.

The subject invites discussion and we shall refer to it again, hereafter.

Mr. Phinney, M. P. P.

Mr. Phinney, M. P. P., of Kent, is out again in the Richibucto Review with a column long letter devoted almost entirely to personalities which are quite unworthy of a gentleman, and indicate that he has lost both his temper and self-respect. It is not Mr. Smith's fault that he was obliged to show in the ADVANCE, that Mr. Phinney's statements respecting the position of the St. John representatives were incorrect. The whole responsibility must rest upon Mr. Phinney, himself. Like many others who think that their little world takes them at their own estimate of themselves, he imagined that he could make such assertions on the subject as suited his purpose, and that his pretentions to honour and truthfulness would stamp the impress of verity upon them. It was a case of Phinney vs the truth and, as a matter of course, truth won. The consciousness of being thus shown up and humiliated took Mr. Phinney down a peg, but it could not deprive him of the recourse of small minds, viz., abuse of his opponent, and he indulges his taste in that respect in such a way as excite pity.

Mr. Phinney seems much moved over the fact that the ADVANCE is received by a large number of the electors of Kent, but as this is a free country he cannot prevent his constituents from reading so excellent a paper—any more than he can their returning his own organ unread to the publishers, as a number of them are now doing. Instead of our Kent friends being—as he says—disgusted with the ADVANCE, we assure Mr. Phinney that we have the most positive knowledge that they read it with interest and warm appreciation. If Mr. Phinney were to see some of the letters we receive from Kent he would, doubtless, thank us for the great forbearance with which we treat him, or—as gratitude appears to have been omitted in his composition—at least be less bold in the matter of indulgence in ill-bred personal references. Our appreciative friends assure us that they are gratified over the effective manner in which we have unmasked Mr. Phinney and his designs, so he will be obliged to endure the mortification of knowing that many in Kent will continue to read the ADVANCE, however much the fact may disturb his equanimity. We have never objected to Mr. Phinney's favorite paper, the Review, being circulated here, although it is not permitted to publish replies to Mr. Phinney from those whom he attacks in its columns, for, as we have already observed, this is a free country, and Mr. Phinney and his publishers have a right to circulate their paper as they please.

Mr. Phinney attributes the utterances of the ADVANCE to the attorney general and says:—"Mr. Smith speaks as he is told to speak, and he is prepared in all cases to do the bidding of his employers, jumping from side to side as he is directed." There is a richness of effrontery in this statement, coming from a man of Mr. Phinney's professional and political record. He ought to know that Mr. Smith is not employed to speak for anyone. Even if he were, he would not pocket fees from both sides, and, moreover, if he were in the legislature, he would not place himself in the humiliating position of having to confess—as Mr. Phinney once did—that he must vote against his convictions because he was instructed to do so by Mr. Geo. McLeod. It is natural that a man of Mr. Phinney's calibre—who permits himself to be simply a legislative automaton and votes as he is bidden by his big clients or colleagues—should endeavor to have the public believe that another "speaks as he is told to speak," but he will have to learn that few men imitate his example or follow his practice in such matters. Most lawyers are prevented by a feeling of self-respect from being influenced by the relationship of attorney and client, beyond well understood professional lines, but Mr. Phinney has much to learn in that direction. Legislative representation would, indeed, soon become a farce if every lawyer in our parliamentary bodies considered himself the representative of those from whom he received the biggest fees, and was "prepared in all cases, to do the bidding of his employers." The phrase quoted does not fit Mr. Smith, but we leave it to those who know Mr. Phinney to observe how very nicely it fits him.

We do not find anything in Mr. Phinney's letter calculated to help his protege, Mr. Gogain, unless it be his half-hearted attempt to convey the impression that he believes that gentleman, if elected, will not be his follower. It would, no doubt, commend Mr. Gogain, in some degree, to the electors if they could believe this, but Mr. Phinney's attempt to divest his friend of the odium of an alliance which everybody understands, comes too late and will not help the opposition candidate any more than the coarse language applied by Mr. Phinney to Mr. Leger will harm the latter gentleman.

On the whole, Mr. Phinney and his opposition candidate are in a bad way. The manifestation of bad temper and employment of abusive language in Mr. Phinney's attempt to lessen the effect of our exposure of his schemes prove the fact. They may have Messrs. Stockton, Alward and McKeown—the champions of the St. John opposition cause—in the County, and they may be supported by Messrs. Hanington and Powell. They should have had Dr. Atkinson also to give the original of Mr. Phinney's speech at Weldford. Notwithstanding their desperate efforts, however, the electors are more than ever determined to support the government candidate, Mr. Legere, who will make an effective representative, capable of doing good good work for Kent, and who will vote for her interests every time, and not as he may be directed by any outsider—*a la* Phinney.

The Moncton Prophet

Editor Stevens is again assuming the role of a prophet, and puts forward the prognostication that the "life of the Blair Government may now be numbered by months." He says that "the feeling against it in the province at large is such, that the leader will be left without a corporal's guard in the event of a general election.'

Seems to us we heard something like that during the Westmorland election last winter, but it wasn't the life of the Government that was snuffed out at that time. It was Thaddeus himself, and as he has been relieved of the labors of a politician, he betakes himself to those of a prophet. The Government, no doubt, will be quite willing to leave the ex-M. P. P. to his prophecies, while they win the elections.—Fredericton Farmer.

In connection with the foregoing it is interesting to note that with the accession to their ranks of Mr. Porter, the independent member for Victoria County, the government's assured majority is now 12. If, as reported, one of the St. John representatives is willing to take the place in the government vacated by Hon. D. McLellan, it will put the government majority up to the old figure, 14

Last Week in Kent.

Our special correspondent in Kent sends the following:—

Hon. D. L. Hanington, O. J. Melanson, M. P. P. and J. D. Phinney, M. P. P., held a meeting at Buctouche. Hanington having made a personal attack on Geo. V. McInerney, the latter was called to speak and struck terror into the opposition camp, so much so that when he closed the crowd would not hear Hanington's reply, vacating the hall and leaving Mr. Hanington addressing a half dozen electors

Messrs. Hanington, Phinney and Melanson had a meeting at Cocagne on Saturday evening, and were faced there by Hon. C. H. LaBillois, who met with a great reception. He said that he had come to Cocagne to meet the men who slandered him at Buctouche. He defended his own course, cheered by the crowd, defended the financial policy of the Government, proved that Hanington had turned his coat for office, that Melanson had done so for personal reasons, and Phinney to please an influential merchant in Kent. Hanington having charged that men were employed by the day repairing the Cocagne Bridge, LaBillois charged that in 1882, at the eve of general elections under Hanington's regime, men were employed repairing a road in Memramcook, and were paid $4 per day and when the election was over work was stopped. An elector present rose in the audience and said LaBillois' statement was true; that he was a Memramcook boy and had himself worked at the road referred to and had got his $4 per day. The meeting was a great success for the Government candidate.

Legere met Gogain at St. Antoine on Saturday night and carried the meeting.

Legere, Hon. C. H. LaBillois and U. Johnson, ex-M. P. P., also addressed the electors of Wellington last week and met with great success.

At St. Marys, Gogain and Phinney were met by Leger, Johnson, LeBlanc and LaBillois. Ten or twelve only cheered for Gogain and Phinney, while the whole parish gave the Government representative a great reception.

Phinney said on Saturday that Hanington had ruined the opposition cause in Buctouche.

Mr. Phinney is trying to rouse the English with a religious cry but the English electors are telling him that they know he is doing it as an election canvass. The Government is composed of Protestants, except Ryan and LaBillois, and they are receiving such a Protestant support in Gloucester and Restigouche that their interests are safe in their hands. The Government is fair to all and Kent is not going to sacrifice its interests to please J. D. Phinney or C. C. Carlyale.

Leger is a splendid speaker, and says that he is a conservative, but when elected will know no party. He will go to Fredericton to represent conservatives and liberals, English, Scotch, French and Irish and if he does not do his duty to all parts of the County in two years, the people can then keep him home.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT a Purgative Medicine. They are a BLOOD BUILDER, TONIC AND RECONSTRUCTOR, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to enrich the Blood, curing those diseases coming from POOR AND WATERY BLOOD, or from VITIATED HUMORS in the BLOOD, and also invigorate and BUILD UP the BLOOD and SYSTEM, when broken down by overwork, mental worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions. They have a SPECIFIC ACTION on the SEXUAL SYSTEM of both men and women, restoring LOST VIGOR and correcting all IRREGULARITIES and SUPPRESSIONS.

EVERY MAN Who finds his mental faculties waning, his will or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.

EVERY WOMAN should take them. They cure all suppressions and irregularities, which inevitably entail sickness when neglected.

YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the results of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the system.

YOUNG WOMEN should take them. These PILLS will make them regular.

For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon receipt of price (50c. per box), by addressing

THE DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO.
Brockville, Ont.

Ferry Wharf Property.

The lease for a term of twenty years, of the public wharf property, known as the Ferry Wharf, Chatham, will be sold by public auction, on

Tuesday, 29th September,

on the premises.

The property will be sold in three lots, as per plan, which may be seen at the office of John Fotheringham, Esq., J. P., Chatham.

WM. KERR,
JAS. ROBINSON,
L. DOYLE,
} Committee of Council.

Newcastle, Aug. 22nd, 1891.

CHATHAM DRIVING PARK!

$250.00 IN PRIZES. $250.00

FALL RACES.

The Chatham Driving Park Association will have their Fall Meeting

Friday, 18th of Sept. 1891.

The following Purses will be competed for:—

No. 1, Free-for-all, open to all horses.
Purse 150.00
$80 to 1st, $50 to 2nd, $20 to 3rd.

No. 2, Open to all horses that have never beaten 3 m.
Purse $100.00
$50 to 1st, $30 to 2nd, $20 to 3rd.

The races will be conducted under National Association Rules. Races to be called at 2 p. m., local time. All races to be mile heats, best three in five to harness. A horse distancing the field to have first money only. In all races there must be five to enter and three to start. Entries by mail to be addressed to the Secretary, Chatham, N. B., and the same will close on 15th Sept., at 8 p. m. The Entrance Fee, 10 per cent. of the purse in each race, must accompany each nomination.

Records made at the Bathurst meeting of 10th and the Newcastle meeting of 15th and 16th will not affect horses entering for this meeting

The Park is only 15 minutes walk from the Town. There are stables for the accomodation of horses at the Park and no pains will be spared to make the races most attractive.

Admission to Park, 20c. Children, 10c.
Carriages, 25c. Grand Stand, 10c.

Temperance Refreshments for sale under management of the Directors.

Directors:—Hon. L. J. Tweedie, President, Angus Ullock, Thos Flanagan, R. A. Lawlor, D. G. Smith, John O'Brien.

W. T. CONNORS, Sec'y.

Races at Bathurst on 10th and at Newcastle Driving Park 15th & 16th September.

FINAL NOTICE.

School District No 8, Chatham.

Notice is hereby given to the ratepayers of the above district, that all school rates and taxes for the last and preceding years, remaining unpaid on Monday, 31st of August, inst, will on that day be handed over for collection.

By order of the Trustees for said district.

S. WADDLETON,
Secretary to Trustees.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

TO be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday, the 12th day of November next, in front of the Registry Office, in Newcastle, between the hours of 12 noon and five o'clock p. m.

All the right, title and interest of John Sadler in and to all those several pieces, parcels, tracts or lots of land situate, lying and being in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, and particularly described and bounded as follows, viz:—All and singular that certain lot, piece or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Town of Chatham and County aforesaid:—Beginning on the west side of Water Street at the northeast angle of property owned by late Thomas Vondy, deceased, thence westerly along the northerly side line of the said Thomas Vondy's said property, till it strikes the northwest corner of an outbuilding on said property, thence southerly along the westerly side line of said Thomas Vondy's property till it strikes the northerly side line of Mrs. Wynne's property now occupied by James Desmond, thence westerly along the northerly side line of Mrs. Wynne's property to the northwest corner of the same, thence southerly along the westerly side line of said Mrs. Wynne's property and the Golden Ball property till it strikes the southeast angle of lands owned by the said John Sadler and purchased by him from the late William Loban and others, thence running along the easterly side line of the John Sadler Loban property to the channel of the Miramichi River; thence down stream to the northeast corner of "Muirhead's Wharf" till it strikes the west side of the Letson slip, so-called, thence southerly along the west side of said slip, till it strikes the north east corner at a store owned by Donald McLachlan, thence westerly along the northerly side line of the said Donald McLachlan's store or property till it strikes a road on said "Muirhead's Wharf" leading to Water Street, thence southerly along the west side of Donald McLachlan's store and also on the west side of the Noonan Store now owned by Richard Hocken, and continuing on said road along the west side of the Letson house or store formerly occupied by late Michael Brenn