TWICE-A-WEEK.

Victoria Times.

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VOL. 13. VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1896. NO 27.

TOOL OF THE CHURCH

Canada's Premier Unable to Govern the Country Without Episcopal Aid.

Ready To Accept Any Proposition of Theirs to Settle the School Question.

Manitoba Conservative Candidates Compelled to Make Themselves Plain.

Ottawa, May 26.—The Citizen this morning gives, as an evidence of Sir Charles Tupper's strength, that he has got Archbishop Langevin and Archbishop O'Brien to support him.

Senator Landry, speaking at Montgomery, said: "I am here officially to represent Hon. Mr. Angers and I must say that I am authorized to state that Sir Charles Tupper is ready to accept and sign any resolution passed unanimously by the Episcopal of Canada as regards the way of settling the school question of Manitoba.

Sir Charles Tupper has been asked to deny this statement, if not correct, but so far has not done so.

The World's Fair medals for Canadian exhibitors arrived here to-day and will be distributed at once.

Winnipeg, May 26.—S. J. Clarke, of Calgary, has entered the field as a candidate for Alberta. In his election address Mr. Clarke states that he is an Independent Conservative, in favor of nonsectarian schools and opposed to remedial legislation for Manitoba. It is said that Capt. Craig will come out as an independent candidate in Saskatchewan. Mr. Craig is a Conservative and is not satisfied with the recent selection of Mr. McKay as a candidate.

Mr. Macdonnel, the Liberal candidate in Selkirk, denies the rumor that he is to retire in favor of a McCarthyite candidate.

Mayor Barnes, of Rat Portage, will be a candidate for nomination at the Liberal convention for West Algoma to nominate a man for the Ontario legislature. The vacancy is caused by Mr. Conmee's resignation to accept the Dominion nomination for Nipissing.

WINNIPEG ON RECORD.

A Hearty Reception to Mr. McCarthy and What it Means.

Winnipeg, May 26.—Winnipeg put itself on record last night against coercion. There was no mistaking the verdict: it was a spontaneous expression of the sovereign people, and there did not seem to be a dissenting voice. D'Alton McCarthy's reception was more enthusiastic than even the promoters of the demonstration had expected, and this in spite of the most miserable weather was a triumph such as few men of politics achieve—an honor that McCarthy can never forget. His speech, which lasted nearly two hours, dealt almost exclusively with the coercion policy and was punctuated with the heartiest cheering. When Mr. Martin followed, declaring that he stood with McCarthy on his straight platform of anti-remedial legislation and would even oppose his leader Laurier should he attempt a policy of coercion, the enthusiasm passed all bounds, and men cheered to the limit of their endurance. There was also great cheering when McCarthy said: "I bring you the message that the great city of Toronto almost to a man is with you in your school struggle. Whatever you may do in Winnipeg I can tell you that Toronto will only elect candidates opposed to remedial legislation."

Mr. McCarty left for the west this morning, speaking at Portage la Prairie at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Then he goes on to Brandon and speaks in that city to-night. A big reception awaits him there. Several prominent Winnipeggers accompany him on his western trip. W. W. McDonald wires this morning denying the report that he has resigned as the Conservative candidate for Eastern Assiniboia.

SOLEMNLY CROWNED.

The Emperor and Empress of Russia Annointed To-Day.

Moscow, May 26.—His Majesty Emperor Nicholas Alexandrovich, Autocrat of all Russia, and Her Majesty Empress Alexandra Feodorovana, were solemnly crowned to-day in the Cathedral of the Assumption with the utmost ceremony, and in accordance with all religious forms and ancient rites. At 11:20 a.m. the booming of cannon and the pealing of bells announced that that act of the coronation was completed. The Emperor and Empress were annointed about noon, and the entire ceremony was finished at 12:30. According to programme their majesties reached the Garnevetia Palata at 10 o'clock.

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ROYAL Baking Powder. *Highest of all in leavening strength.*—U. S. Government Report.

OUTBREAK IN CRETE.

Turkish Soldiers Savagely Maltreating Christians.

London, May 26.—The Times has a dispatch from Athens which says: "The long expected disaster in the Island of Crete seems suddenly to have been precipitated. Since Sunday anarchy has reigned at Canea. The Turkish soldiery, breaking all restraints, poured through the streets, shooting, massacring and pillaging Christians. The consuls have all telegraphed for warships. The British fleet at Malta sailed to-day for Crete. Her Majesty's ship Hood, anchored at Phaleroum, starts hitherto tomorrow. The great ironclads will probably follow to-morrow. The cavasses of the Greek and Russian consulates at Canea have been recalled. Turkham Pasha is utterly powerless to restrain the soldiers. He is on bad terms with the military governor, Izzedin, who is suspected of being at the bottom of the whole trouble. The immediate cause of the outbreak, however, is inexplicable, as the Christians there have never given provocation. The situation at Retimo is equally serious. At Heraklion quite sharp fighting is reported between the Turks and Cretans in the vicinity of Vamois."

CHRONICLE OF CRIME

Fatal and Very Foolish Fracas Over Ten Cents in South Chicago Last Night.

A Man Living With His Throat Cut—Two Men Shot by a Crazy Brother-in-Law.

Chicago, May 26.—A quarrel over ten cents resulted in the killing of Jos. Hacorock at South Chicago last night. He was shot through the head by Venzel Eisenheimer, a neighbor. Hacorock sent his young son with ten cents to buy a can of beer. The boy on his way to the saloon lost the money under a sidewalk, where it was found by one of Eisenheimer's children. This fact was discovered by the Hacorock family, who insisted on the return of the coin. A row ensued, during which Eisenheimer drew a revolver, with the fatal result above stated. The murderer was captured and locked up.

Moline, Ill., May 26.—A stranger, apparently a traveling man, 35 years old and six feet high, weight about 200 pounds, was found Sunday morning sitting on a wall by the sidewalk on Bluff street with his throat cut from ear to ear. A trail of blood several blocks long led to his discovery. At the police station he gave the name of J. M. Short, of Texas, and said he had jumped from a Rock Island train the night before to escape a man who tried to murder him, but he refused to talk further. A bloody pocket knife was found in his pocket, also $12 and two gold watches. His throat was sewed up and he was taken to a hospital and may recover.

Albion, Ind., May 26.—Edward Warner instantly killed his brother-in-law, Charles Badger, and mortally wounded Frank Badger Sunday. The Badgers were working in the field, when Warner slipped up behind them and fired. Charles Badger fell dead instantly. Warner then ran for the woods, but was soon captured. He is insane, it is thought, and when asked the motive for the crime he refused to talk. Warner has claimed that the Badgers tried to alienate his wife's affections. The sheriff had hard work to place Warner in jail, as a mob quickly gathered with the intention of lynching the prisoner.

ATTACKED MR. LAURIER.

The Bishop of Three Rivers on the Liberal Leader.

Montreal, May 21.—Le Trifluvien, of Three Rivers, a strong clerical organ, publishes six columns of Bishop Laflèche's sermon delivered in Three Rivers on Sunday, after having read the mandement. His lordship says: "The debate which has taken place in parliament on the school question has elicited opinions and doctrines absolutely contrary to the doctrines of the church. The state has not the mission to educate the child. In the 18th century the revolting proposition was laid down that the child belonged to the state before it belonged to the family. That is the principle which has caused so much evil. In Manitoba liberty of religious instruction has been trampled under foot.

"During the recent debate on the school question, a French-Canadian member, who styles himself a Catholic, who is the recognized leader of a great party, made up of Catholics and Protestants, made the following declaration: 'While I occupy a seat in this house, while I occupy the position I do, whenever it shall be my duty to take a position on any question whatever, I shall take that position, not as a Catholic, not as a Protestant, but as one animated by sentiments of justice, independence of faith.'

"There is the Liberal doctrine which has been condemned by the church. The man who speaks thus is a Rationalistic Liberal. He formulates a doctrine opposed to the Catholic doctrine, viz.: that the Catholic is not obliged to be a Catholic in public life. It is a fundamental error."

The bishop quotes other speeches, and concludes: "The first instruction I have to give to Catholics of this diocese is to give votes only, to candidates who bind themselves to vote in favor of the remedial law, accepted by the bishops."

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

WEYLER'S WINNINGS

Every Time a Spanish Regiment Appears the Insurgents Retreat With Loss.

The General's Ship Went Aground on the Way Home From Review Yesterday.

Castillo's Concession—Blockader Bermuda Had a Close Share From Spaniards.

Havana, May 26.—Col. Marito, near Santa Clara province, came in sight of the insurgent band of Zaya. The insurgents abandoned one prisoner, who declared that the insurgent brigadier general, Tayo, was dead. Col. Marito met the insurgent leader Eduardo Garcia who, in conjunction with other leaders, had a force of 25,000 men at the farm of Vinola in Matanzas, near the great southern swamp. The battalion of Alfonso Depo opened fire and the insurgents retreated, leaving sixteen killed, two prisoners, their arms and ammunition.

At 11 o'clock this morning Capt. General Weyler, Gen. Ochando, his chief of staff, and Col. Ahumada, the aide-de-camp, with other staff officers returning to Havana, after visiting Bahia Honde, and Cabanos. After leaving Cabanos, the cruiser Ensedal, which was conveying Weyler, ran ashore, and he was obliged to return to the gunboat Alenfor, which was cruising on the coast near Cabanos.

Madrid, May 26.—Senor Canovas del Castillo, the premier, declares he will only sanction the export of orders for tobacco from Cuba, which were given prior to Capt. Gen. Weyler's decree prohibiting the export of tobacco. This is presumably in reply to the representations made by the United States government to Spain, with regard to the prohibition of the export of tobacco.

New York, May 26.—News has reached this city to-day from Puerto Cortez, Honduras, that the steamship Bermuda, with a large party of filbusters and a cargo of ammunition and provisions, had a narrow escape from being captured by the Spanish warships on her last cruise to Cuba. This was the Bermuda's second successful trip. She crossed the St. John's river bar on April 17 in command of Capt. E. S. Reilly.

The Bermuda hove to at a place on the northeast coast of Cuba, some ten miles east of Cardenas, and at once began to lower her boats. It was said today by one in authority that the first boat capsized, being overloaded, and that five men were drowned, among a brother of Col. Nicholas De Cardenas, one of the insurgent leaders.

The cargo was all landed when one of the boats got adrift. Some of the party began shouting. Suddenly the flash of an eletric light was seen directly over the ship's masthead. The shouts of the men in the boat had been heard by a Spanish warship. There was a flash and a roar and solid shot passed about 300 feet astern of the ship. Capt. Reilly headed his ship westward and was pulling away from the Spaniards very quickly. A few minutes after a second shot was fired and went wide. Then it was discovered that two Spanish gunboats were in pursuit. The Bermuda had no trouble in showing the Spaniards her heels.

A HIRED TOUTER.

How Mr. E. King Dodds is Regarded on the Mainland.

The Westminster Columbian alludes to the coming of the Tory touter, E. King Dodds, as follows: "The eastern Conservative managers, it appears, have so poor an opinion of the intelligence of the British Columbia electorate that they imagine a hired professional touter is good enough to send out here to harangue the electors, in the interest of the Conservative party, during the campaign. So they have given the notorious E. King Dodds, of Toronto, a commission to that effect, and sent him forth. Mr. Dodds will make his first appearance, in his new role of Tory touter on the Pacific coast, at a public meeting, in the interests of the hardly beset Conservative candidates of Victoria, to be held in that city on Wednesday next, and is billed to speak for the local Conservatives, in the opera house, this city, on the following Friday evening, the 29th inst. Mr. E. King Dodds, though at one time a speaker in favor of the temperance movement, afterwards found it more profitable to devote his oratorical powers to the liquor interests in Ontario, whose advocate on the platform he has been when the traffic was any way at issue."

The Vancouver World says: "So desperately helpless are the Conservatives and their cause so hopeless, that the hat has been passed around, and bit and half bit collections made to raise the wherewithal to induce the notorious E. King Dodds to harangue the electors of British Columbia on the political situation and instruct them as to what they should do in order to retain the boodlers in power. If the people of this province do not know their own business it is not likely their can be either enlightened or instructed by a person of the stamp of E. King Dodds, who, for whatever he might be paid, will blow either hot or cold water upon any question. Unfortunately for his reputation, the prognostications made by that individual about twenty years since concerning the tall chimneys, the sky cleaving smoke stacks, the thousands of new industries to be established in the Dominion, the enormous wealth which the adoption of the National Policy was to bring everyone, the millions which it would add to our population and peace, contentment and prosperity it would bring to all have in no instance been realized, as every farmer and toiler in the land only too well knows. Yet this false prophet, with an effrontery such as he alone possesses—but after all it is dollars that talk in his case—will tell the people British Columbia that the National Policy has made the country flow with milk and honey; and everybody rolling in riches!"

FIRE INSURANCE FRAUD.

Mrs. Bolger Wanted for Perjury in a Toronto Case.

Toronto, May 25.—Detective Porter, of this city, and Detective Baker, of Detroit, arrested Mrs. Ellen G. Bolger, who has lived with her husband at 69 Vanauley street, on a charge of having committed perjury in Detroit. On April 11 Mrs. Nellie Morse, a milliner in Detroit, insured her stock for $800. Two days later there was a fire in her shop and she made a claim on the insurance company, stating that two men had aided her in extinguishing the blaze without help from the firemen. When the insurance people were called in to inspect they found the entire stock drenched with water, but not damaged by fire. One of Mrs. Morses's witnesses was Mrs. Bolger and she is now wanted on the charge of perjury. She may fight extradition.

THEY FLEW MUCH TOO HIGH.

Saratoga Presbyterians Tired of Their Two Million Dollar Church.

Saratoga, N. Y., May 27.—The Presbyterian general assembly has decided to take no action in regard to church unity, favoring the report which was presented on this subject and which called for a declaration that this was a Protestant Christian country. If the forenoon hour had not expired before action could have been taken the assembly would have discharged its committee on the relation of young people's societies to the church.

The surprise of the day came at the afternoon session, when a paper was submitted in regard to the $2,000,000 building in New York City, by William M. Hubbard, of Auburn, New York. It has been known that there was strong feeling in regard to this building, but it was not anticipated it would take this shape. The subject was made an order for to-morrow morning, but it is believed that by reason of the opposition of the missionary board it will probably go over until Thursday. The discussion promises to be animated at least. The paper read to the conference submitted two propositions. John S. Kennedy, of New York city, offered to take the new building out of the hands of the church, purchasing it at the original cost. Miss Rachel Lennox Kennedy, owner of the old building, the historic Lennox homestead on Twelfth street and Fifth avenue, offered to repair and make such alterations in the premises as might be desired, providing the mission boards would return and occupy their old quarters. The paper concluded with a resolution to accept both proposition, thanking Miss Kennedy for her generous gift and expressing appreciation of "her generosity and fidelity to the church of her fathers."

WARM WAVE IN THE WEST.

Coast of California Visited by an Unusually Hot Spell

San Francisco, May 27.—The hot spell of the past few days is without precedent for the month of May in this state. The local forecast official has issued the following bulletin: "The temperature has risen in the past twenty-four hours about ten degrees along the central coast of California, and in the valleys and northwestern Nevada. Maximum temperature of 102 degrees occurred at Los Angeles, 108 at Yuma, 106 at Phoenix. In the great valleys the temperature has ranged from 90 to 100 degrees. The temperature for San Francisco to-night is 23 degrees above normal for this times in May. At Los Angeles, San Deigo and San Luis Obispo the temperatures are from 20 to 25 degrees above normal."

Los Angeles, May 27.—This day has been the hottest day in May that there is any record of in Los Angeles. The thermometer climbed to 102 degrees at noon, eclipsing all previous May day records by 2 degrees. The breeze that comes fitfully from the eastward grings the hot breath of the desert, and the effect is almost suffocating.

San Deigo, May 27.—The warm wave continued here to-day, the thermometer registering as high as 98 degrees in the shade during part of the day.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Book.

Send 12 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers to Lever Bros., Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, who will send post-paid a paper-bound book, 160 pages. For 6 "Lifebuoy" Carbolic Soap wrappers, a similar book will be sent. This is a special opportunity to obtain good reading. Send your name and address written carefully. Remember "Sunlight" sells at six cents per twin-bar, and "Lifebuoy" at 10 cents. One cent postage will bring your wrappers by leaving the ends open.

Mr. J. H. Bowes, Nelson; Capt. and Mrs. Sodergen, Bark Hesper, Chemainus; Mrs. L. K. Beeman, San Francisco; Mrs. Schultz and two daughters, San, Francisco; Capt. J. Peterson, San Francisco; Dr. Wilson, R. M. S. Warrimoo, are guests at the Dallas.

POLITICAL BIRTHDAY

Of the "Prince of Political Cracksmen" Marked by an Unanimous Meeting

In His Own Particular Stronghold—Mr. Laurier Denies a Cowardly Canard.

Newfoundland Lawyers Think They Can Clear the Burst Bank Directors.

North Sydney, C.B., May 26.—Yesterday was the anniversary date of the premier's career, it being 41 years ago since he entered public life. He addressed a crowded meeting here last night, which, however, was not absolutely harmonious, a section of the meeting consisting of Liberals. This did not prevent the premier making a capital speech and frequently turning the interruptions to his own advantage. He, of course, predicted a great victory for the Conservatives and challenged any one to come on the platform and declare what was Mr. Laurier's policy on the questions of the day. He contrasted Sir Oliver Mowat's hesitancy in accepting the invitation of Mr. Laurier to join him in the fight, to the willingness with which Premier Taillon, of Quebec, with a majority of 23 behind him accepted the invitation to join the Cabinet.

Montreal, May 26.—Mr. Laurier says it is scarcely necessary for him to deny the Conservative canard that he is in secret conclave with Ed. Farrar with a view to securing funds from the United States manufacturers.

St. John's, Nfld., May 26.—The attorneys of the indicted bank directors say that they have abundant material and that they will succeed in quashing the grand jury's finding. They insist that the law has been violated in the matter of the constitution of the jury, many jurors not being eligible. It is asserted that the jury virtually agreed to bring in an indictment against the Union Bank directors, this case being established in almost the same lines as the case of the Commercial Bank directors indicted to-day.

OTTAWA LETTER

Ottawa, May 19.—All the signs of the times here point to the inevitable overthrow of the present government. The present is not a Conservative government, it is a combination for the benefit of the Tuppers, and therefore conscientious Conservatives need not feel disturbed over the defeat of their party. During the election of 1891 there was the old man—Sir John Macdonald—who led the forces and raised the cry of the "old flag," the old policy, and the Conservative electors whooped it up for the old man, adding that it was his last time of calling. And so it was. Therefore, there is no old chieftain now at the helm, but an old arch-conspirator, as Sir Charles Tupper was styled when he made the attack on Sir Mackenzie Bowell. As for the old flag and the old policy, they are of little avail in this contest. The Farrar pamphlet was used with telling effect; the thief who stole it was rewarded with a position in the department of justice. At present he is in the department that was presided over by Sir John Thompson. Besides these cries there was perhaps the more effectual manifesto of the president of the Canadian Pacific railway. And perhaps the strongest cry of all was used by the Tories was that after the elections a reciprocity treaty was to be negotiated with the United States. For his share which Sir Charles Tupper took in that piece of deceit he had afterwards to crawl upon his knees with a meek apology to the Washington authorities. But what did he care for that since he won the elections? There were also the contributions of the Red Parlor, which will not be very heavy this time, since many of the leading manufacturers are now with Laurier. Take A. T. Wood, in Hamilton, for instance.

In addition to all this one of the strong election cards was that both the national debt and annual expenditure would be at once cut down to the lowest notch and that speedy reduction would follow. Yet with all these odds against them and handicapped as they were, the Liberal party captured within four of as many seats in Ontario as were taken by government supporters while Sir John Macdonald's majority in the house was only 27 before he bought up seats in the by-elections.

But there is no Sir John Macdonald to lead the Conservative party this time. It is Sir Charles Tupper, and to him the people of Canada need no introduction.

It is of interest to look over the record for the past five years with a view of seeing what chances the government have of re-election. In place of a reduction in the national debt and expenditure we find the debt in that time increased from $237,533,211 to $253,074,927 and expenditure increased from $35,994,031 to $38,132,005. We also find that the surplus of $3,885,893 turned to a deficit in the treasury of $4,153,875 in 1895. What have they done to strengthen confidence in them since they last appealed to the people since 1891? There have been some rather startling disclosures at Ottawa as to the methods of the Tory government. Sir Hector Langevin out of the cabinet and his associate Thos. McGreevy, was expelled from parliament and cast into prison. The printing bureau scandal was exposed. The superintendent, who was a personal friend of Mr. Chapleau, was dismissed and prosecuted. Mr. Haggart's incompetency to administer his department was exposed in connection with the Curran bridge, a job which cost over a quarter of a million dollars. Mr. Foster pleads guilty to having permitted his political friends to default interest which he should have collected from them for seven years. Mr. Costigan's connection with the Tobique Valley railway subsidy was ventilated, and last, but not least, there was the outrageous attempt of John Haggart to secure over two hundred thousand dollars out of the treasury for Geo. Goodwin in connection with the Soulanges canal contract, which the auditor-general refused to pay.

Is it possible that the country at this critical moment does not realize the enormity of their government's corruption and dishonesty? From a monetary standpoint look at the result of dishonest government as it has been revealed since these men were elected in 1891. Estimated cost of Little Rapids locks, $45,000; expended on works, $255,000. Galops Rapids, estimated cost $312,000; actually paid, $629,630. St. Charles Branch railway, estimated cost, including damages, $566,000; actual expenditure, $1,732,288. Langevin block, estimated cost, $440,000; expended, $772,000, with an outstanding claim of $295,000. Curran bridge, estimated cost, $233,000; actually paid, $405,000; still claimed $79,000. In the same category must be mentioned the Quebec harbor works fraud, the Lake docks steal and the Esquimalt dry dock job.

To those of you who desire to see the overthrow of the government let me remind you that it all rests in your hands. You know what to expect if you hand over the reins of office to Tupper and his pals for another five years. He has told you that he will go on with the Hudson's Bay Railway scheme and the Chignecto ship railway, which means millions of dollars out of your pockets. Speaking of the proposed raid on the money in aid of the Hudson's Bay Sir Donald Smith said in London in July last: "I do not hesitate to say that I belive it would be a great misfortune were the money given for that purpose. It would only be throwing it away; worse than that. Of course if you threw that amount of money into the fire you would lost that only; but such a loan or grant by the government for such a purpose might lead people to invest in a venture from which they would certainly never receive any return." Such is the opinion of Sir Donald Smith.

Then there is the Montreal exhibition $750,000; the Quebec bridge, three or four million dollars; and the Prince Edward Island tunnel, $12,000,000 more, not to speak of the seven new railways on the island. British Columbia should speak with no uncertain sound.

SLABTOWN.

A QUARRELLING CONFERENCE.

Methodists Have Some Lively Times In Their Deliberations.

Cleveland, May 27.—There was a stormy scene in the Methodist general conference yesterday. The contest came over the fourth section of the new constitution, as reported by the committee. When the section was read an amendment providing for equal representation for the laymen in the general conference was proposed. Many bitter things were said, and it looked for a time as though there would be no reconciliation between the ministers and the laymen. Finally, however, peace was restored by the withdrawal of the amendment, with the understanding that the whole matter should be brought up again in different form.

The election of Dr. J. C. Hartzell, of Louisiana, as missionary bishop for Africa, to succeed Bishop Taylor, who was retired, was the incident of the morning session.

Mrs. May Johnson.

Ayer's Pills

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troubles, and for the cure of headache caused by these derangements, Ayer's Pills cannot be equaled. They are easy to take, and

Are the Best

all-round family medicine I have ever known."—MRS. MAY JOHNSON, 368 Rider Ave., New York City.

AYER'S PILLS

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