

# TELEGRAPH NEWS.

LONDON, Oct. 27.  
Sir Roderick Murchison was buried to-day. The services were attended by a large number of distinguished personages, including Mr. Gladstone and Professor Huxley.  
Reported that the French National Assembly and Government will return to Paris before December.  
The Governor of the Portuguese Colony of Goa, on West Coast of India, telegraphs that a revolt is threatened and asks assistance.  
French Government yet owes the Swiss Confederation for the maintenance of Bourbaki's army.  
Cardinal Antonelli is seriously indisposed, and the gravest apprehensions are entertained.  
Montpensier takes his seat in Cortes as soon as his daughter's health will permit.  
Joe has formed in the Baltic, and there is danger of interruption to navigation.  
New York, Oct. 28.  
No signs of Russian fleet.  
Gen. Anderson, of Fort Sumter fame, died at Nice, France, Thursday evening.  
New York, Oct. 28.  
The arrest of Tweed causes much local excitement. His bail was fixed at two millions which he gave.  
The Citizens' Committee of Investigation report the embezzlement of Tweed and other amounts to nearly twenty millions.  
Sensational reports of an organized band of Communist incendiaries to burn the principal cities in the United States are circulated.  
London, Oct. 29.  
In closing his address at Greenwich, Mr. Gladstone said the nation could not but be gratified by the economies effected by the present Government through the abolition of official patronage, the concentration of military and naval forces, withdrawal of troops from Canada and New Zealand, introduction of system of army reserves, and abolition of purchase system in army.  
The House of Lords might need reform, but nothing should be done precipitately. The Lords had not acted wisely in rejecting the ballot bill, which would again be introduced at next Session. The Contagious Disease Act would be dealt with at the next Session in a manner which would commend the sympathies of the nation. Other measures would be brought forward, which he hoped would meet with the approval of Parliament and the country. At the conclusion a resolution of thanks enthusiastically passed.  
Dublin, Oct. 30.  
The trial of Kelly for the murder of Constable Galbot, commenced to-day.  
Paris, Oct. 30.  
The French Assembly propose to remove from Versailles to Paris in order to secure better accommodations during the cold weather.  
New York, Oct. 30.  
The sentence of Hawkins, a leading Mormon, to three years imprisonment and a fine of \$500 for Polygamy, is causing great excitement at Salt Lake City.  
Brigham Young has fled.  
The Mayor and other prominent Mormons are under arrest for murder.  
Extraordinary activity in re-building Chicago is manifested, and thousands of mechanics are wanted.  
Gold 111½.

## THE HORTON CASE.

The Cabinet at Washington is not quite so clear as the citizens at Gloucester were that Capt. Knowlton did the State service in cutting out the "Edward A. Horton" from the custody of Canadian officials. Secretary Boutwell has declined to issue new papers to the stolen schooner and has confined himself to the promise that he will consider the application further when full accounts of the transaction are received.  
"Full accounts" are hardly likely to make the transaction appear anything else but what it is in the light of the law of nations—a simple act of piracy. For the future amicable relations of the two countries concerned, it is encouraging to find that the feat of the Gloucester skipper has awakened any preposterous enthusiasm unless among the constituency which has the distinction of sending Gen. Butler to Congress. On the other side, it is equally encouraging to find that too much indignation has not been expended upon it. The Canadians are content to regard it as a simple violation of the custom regulations, while the feeling in Great Britain has found expression in the suggestion of the London "Times" that an impartial commission should be appointed to settle any international difficulty which may grow out of the episode. No better proof could be given of how rapid has been the growth of mutual confidence between the two great English-speaking communities during the past twelve months.  
The magnitude of the cause of dispute is entirely immaterial in international difficulties. The temper of two nations is the essential thing. It is as in the parallel case of two individuals, one of whom has suffered wrong through the agency of the other. If the injured party believes that his neighbor regards him with feelings of animosity, he will be very quick to resent the aggression upon his rights. If, on the other hand, he has the consciousness that the offender would not consciously injure him, he will be content to await the clearing up of the matter, and will cheerfully accept the apology or reparation which may be tendered him. Such, fortunately, is the tendency of the present relations between Canada and the United States—relations which cannot fail to be of mutual advantage and of essential service to the cause of civilization and humanity.  
FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.—On Saturday morning the house of Mr. Patrick Nash at

the Cove, St. Stephen, was destroyed by fire, and a girl of eight years was burnt to death. The dwellings of Mr. Joseph Johnson and Thomas Burns, adjoining were also destroyed. All the parties are heavy losers, the insurance being small.  
ARRIVAL OF THE ORONTES.—The troop ship Orontes arrived at Halifax on Saturday morning from Portsmouth. She brought out for Halifax 1 assistant for the Control Department; 4 officers and 32 men of the 60th Rifles; 2 officers and 16 men of the 61st Regiment; 84 men of the Royal Artillery; 5 men of the Army Hospital Corps, and also some small detachments for Bermuda. She left Portsmouth on the 12th Oct., and on the 20th, in lat. 50, long. 41 experienced a heavy gale, during which part of her bulwarks were stove, and lost two cutters. A boy named Francis Jones was struck and probably killed by a rope, and was immediately washed overboard. After repairing she will proceed to Quebec to take the 60th Rifles to Halifax, and will then take home the 78th Highlanders now in that garrison. [News.]

S. M. PETTINGILL & Co.  
37 Park Row, New York.  
Are our sole agents in this city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.  
PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.—Accounts from this Office have been made out for advertising, subscriptions, &c. Many of them are due upwards of twelve months, and it is hoped they will be paid when presented.

## The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, NOV. 1, 1871.  
The great fires in Michigan and Wisconsin have destroyed an immense amount of property and life. In almost every Western paper there are lists of dead and missing; severe as the Chicago conflagration was, it was small in comparison to the unparalleled fires in Michigan and Wisconsin, where so many lost their all and hundreds of lives were sacrificed. The people in those States stand as much in need of assistance, as the residents of Chicago. In another column we publish a thrilling account of a person who witnessed the fire in Michigan.  
What are the School Trustees doing towards preparing for the introduction of the new School Law? In most towns of the Province, meetings have been held, and arrangements entered into for commencing the new year on the Free School system. The people have all to say now, and will be jealous in granting money to any institution over which they have no immediate control, or in other words whose trustees or directors they have no voice in electing.

THE TOWN OF ST. GEORGE is making rapid strides towards taking its place among the places of note in this County. Several new buildings are being erected, among them one by Mr. A. H. Gillmor, which for beauty of design will rank favorably with any in the County. The mills are working night and day, and are then hardly able to keep up with the demand for dimension and other lumber. St. George can boast of a first rate hotel, "Frisbie's" where travellers want will be supplied, and attention paid to their comfort. Mr. Frisbie's Card may be seen in our advertising columns.  
If the writer of the letter signed "Ajax," would devote his time to advocating the introduction of manufactures and extension of business in the town, instead of meddling with the personal quarrels and encounters of people, he would be better employed. We will publish what we believe to be for the benefit of the Town and country, and will thank him if he has any business to mind it. His letter has been consigned to the stove.  
The "Telegraph and Journal" has passed into the hands of Mr. Elder; owing to failing health, it is said, Mr. John Livingston has been obliged to leave the business. Mr. Elder is favorably known as a journalist; he is a polished writer, ardent, and a good scholar. We heartily wish him success as proprietor and editor in chief of the "Telegraph and Journal," and to the late proprietor Mr. Livingston, a return to robust health.

On Wednesday Evening a fire took place in the Millinery establishment of Mrs. Magee. A lamp was placed in the Show window which had been tastefully arranged with a large and new supply of fashionable goods, ignited one of those ladies acquisitions, termed "jute switches," and set the whole window on fire, consuming we learn upwards of \$500 worth of valuable goods. By the exertions of some few thoughtful persons the fire was got under, and considerable valuable property saved. The goods were insured.  
It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns, that in consequence of the fire Mrs. Magee has postponed her opening until Saturday next, when she will display an entirely new stock of Millinery.

Capt. Geo. W. Street, late of the 16th Regt., son of Geo. D. Street, Esq., is at present on a visit to his relatives and friends in this town. Capt. Street has resided for some years in Ireland.  
POSTAL CHANGES.—From advertisements in the "Daily News," we notice that changes in the conveyance of the mails and the hours of departure have been made. The mails from St. John and the United States for St. Andrews and St. Stephen are to be conveyed by railway and arrive in the evening, daily, Sundays excepted. The

mails from St. John to St. George will be conveyed by Stage. In our next issue we will publish the official notice. The mails close at 7.15 in the morning.  
CARDS.—In our advertising columns will be seen Mr. Donaghy's Card. His new residence is quite equal to the requirements of the town; his rooms are neatly furnished, the attendants prompt and attentive, and he is prepared to cater to the wants of customers.  
Mr. Williamson, whose card will be seen, is prepared to fill physicians prescriptions, and also to supply such groceries as are generally required.

RARE.—On Monday last, Dr. Leary, Botanic Physician, left at this office, a full grown ripe strawberry, with a vine on which were several half grown strawberries, some blossoms and new shoots, which he plucked from his garden.

The brig Bachlor, arrived on Friday last from Sydney, C. B., with a cargo of coal to W. Whitlock.  
HARPER'S MAGAZINE for November is at hand. This number concludes the Forty-third Volume—a volume which has been crowded with the most varied and entertaining matter, profusely illustrated, there having been in its 960 pages as many as 418 engravings, many of which have surpassed in excellence any that had ever hitherto been presented to the reader of a popular illustrated magazine.

The November Number opens with a very carefully considered paper by M. D. Conway, on "Edouard Frere and Sympathetic Art in France." Mr. Conway's object is to show what has been done by a school of artists who have found their subjects and motives in the common life of the people, accomplishing in painting the mission which Charles Dickens accomplished in literature. This paper is illustrated with eleven engravings, after pictures by the French artists.  
"A New England Village," by N. H. Eggleston, is a description of Stockbridge, Massachusetts, including an interesting resume of the early history of the Housatonic Valley. As the home of Jonathan Edwards, John Sergeant, Benjamin West, Catherine Sedgwick, and Cyrus Field, and for sometime the residence of Nathaniel Hawthorne, this region is especially interesting to Americans. The article is beautifully illustrated with portraits and effective pictures of natural scenery. Among the latter may be mentioned two splendid engravings—one of Monument Mountain, immortalized by Bryant's well known poem; and another, of the beautiful lake called by Miss Sedgwick "The Stockbridge Bowl," and by Fanny Kemble "Mountain Mirror," including in the view the cottage in which Hawthorne wrote "The House of Seven Gables." There are numerous other well written articles, making Harper's the most interesting and best Magazine published in the United States.

SUMMARY.  
Mr. John Livingston, the retiring editor and proprietor of the "Telegraph and Journal," was presented on Saturday evening with a handsome and valuable gold watch and chain by the employees of the establishment—Globe.  
The coal beds of Alaska are extensive and of good quality, generally bituminous, but often of the purest anthracite. The coal, it is said, can be mined and delivered at San Francisco at a cost of from five to six dollars per ton.  
Two thousand women of Utah have petitioned the authorities at Washington in favor of polygamy and against the action of the Federal agents stationed in the district.  
American papers chronicle a rise in price of coffee, which is said to be owing to short crop in Java. Ceylon had Brazil, the principal coffee-producing countries. The estimated deficit is 100,000 tons.  
The London Morning Post, regarded as a semi-official organ, in its issue of the 25th, pronounces the rumor regarding the establishment of a regency, in consequence of the Queen's prolonged illness, as entirely devoid of foundation.  
A Washington dispatch of the 24th says that the only solution that the United States Government has determined on in the Horton case, is to collect a fine of her for entering port without papers.  
The people of Truro, N. S., offer to provide \$5,000 by assessment, if the Nova Scotia Government will furnish the remaining sum necessary to the erection of the proposed Provincial Model School building in that town.  
The Scotch sea fisheries have been immense the past year.  
Boston has now a European steam line in successful operation.  
A resident of Wisconsin recently celebrated his 78th birthday day by plowing two acres of land.  
While a woman with a sick child in her arms was being tried in an English police court, the child died.

When a man wants to speak at a public meeting in Prussia, he must first obtain permission of the authorities.  
Among the furniture necessary in the church in Baltimore, when the Episcopal Convention is in session, is said to be 295 spirituous.

The total issue of "iron crosses" in connection with the late Franco-German war is estimated by the German War Ministry at about 40,000.

## A Night of Terror—The Tornado of Fire in Michigan.

THE EXPERIENCE OF A MAN WHO STAYED TO SEE IT OUT—TAKING REFUGES IN A WELL.  
Allison Weaver, who reached Detroit from Port Huron on Wednesday, had a narrow and curious escape from being roasted alive in the north woods. Weaver is a single man, about 50 years old, and served all through the war in an Ohio regiment of infantry. Up to two weeks ago he was at work for a man named Bright, ten miles from Forestville, and the next day all the men employed about the place either followed his example or made haste to reach their homes. On leaving Bright informed his men that the fire would sweep that way, and warned them to lose no time in making their escape. Having no property to lose or family to care for, Weaver determined, as he says, "to stay and see the circus out," meaning that he intended saving the mill if possible. He has a stubborn sort of a spirit, and the fact that everybody else went induced him to stay.  
As soon as the men left he set to work and buried all the provisions left in the house, and during the day also buried the knives and other light machinery of the mill, as well as a stove and a quantity of crockery ware. There was plenty of water in the vicinity of the mill, and he filled several barrels full, besides wetting down house, mill, stock, and everything which would burn, scattering several hundred pailfuls of water on the grounds around the buildings.  
When night came, and the fire had not appeared, he began to fear his absent comrades. But his self conceit soon left him. About 10 o'clock the heavens were so light that he could see the smallest objects around him, and there was a roaring in the forests which sounded like the waves beating against rocks on the shore. He began to suspect that he would soon receive the visit predicted, and accordingly made preparations for it. In leveling up the ground around the shingle mill, earth had been obtained by digging here and there, and Weaver went to work and dug one of these pits deep enough for him to stand up in.  
He then filled it nearly full of water, and took care to saturate the ground around it for a distance of several rods. Going to the mill he dragged out a four-inch plank, sawed it in two, and saw that the parts tightly covered the little well. "I calculated it would be tech and go," said he, "but it was the best I could do." At midnight he had everything arranged, and the roaring then was awful to hear. The clearing was ten or twelve acres in extent, and Weaver says that for two hours before the fire reached him there was a constant flight across the ground of small animals. As he rested a moment from giving the house another wetting down, a horse dashed into the opening at full speed, and made for the house, where he stopped and turned toward the fire. Weaver could see him tremble and shake in his excitement and terror, and felt a pity for him. After a moment the animal gave utterance to a sort of dismay, ran two or three times around the house, and then shot off into the woods like a rocket.

Not long after this fire came. Weaver stood by his well, ready for the emergency, yet curious to see the breaking in of the flames. The roaring increased in volume, the air became oppressive, a cloud of dust and cinders came showering down, and he could see the flames through the trees. It did not run along upon the ground, nor leap from tree to tree, but it came on like a tornado, a sheet of flame reaching from the earth to the tops of the trees. As it struck the clearing he jumped into his well and closed over the planks. He could no longer see, but he could hear. He says that the flames made no halt whatever, nor ceased their roaring for an instant, but he had hardly got the opening closed before the house and mill were burning like tinder, and both were down in five minutes. The smoke came down to him powerfully, and his den was so hot that he could hardly breathe.  
He knew that the planks above him were on fire, but remembering their thickness, he waited till the roaring of the flames had died away, and then with his head and hands turned them over and put out the fire by dashing up water with his hands. Although it was a cold night, and the water had at first chilled him, the heat gradually warmed it up until he says that he felt very comfortable.  
He remained in his den until daylight, frequently turning over the planks and putting out the fire, and then the worst had passed. The earth around, was on fire in spots, house and mill were gone, leaves, bush and logs were swept clean away as if shaved off and swept with a broom, and nothing but soot and ashes were to be seen.  
After the fire had somewhat cooled off, Weaver made an investigation of his "caches," and found that considerable of the property buried had been saved, although he lost all his provisions, except a piece of dried beef, which the fire had cooked in an oven without spoiling it. He had no other resources than to remain around the place that day, during the night, and the greater part of the next day, when the ground had cooled enough so that he could pick his way to the site of the burned village. He was nearly twelve hours going the twelve miles, as trees were falling, logs were burning, and the fallen timber had in some places heaped up a breastwork, over which no one could climb.—[Detroit Post.]

THE NEW BRUNSWICKERS at Worcester, Mass., united in procuring four handsome badges for the St. John Crew. They were made by Mr. Thos. Gard, now of Worcester.

formerly of this city, and they are of gold, about one and a half inches long. They consist of the Arms of the City of St. John, with the motto, supported by a small arc on which the "Champion" is engraved. D-pendent from each end of the arc are two small gold-on ones, well shaped and of the spoon pattern. The lettering and figures in the shield are of blue enamel. The present is a very handsome one.

## Announcement.

Mrs. MAGEE will be prepared with an entirely new stock of MILLINERY, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c., for the opening  
ON SATURDAY NEXT,  
the opening of Wednesday having to be postponed in consequence of the fire.

## John S. Magee

Begs to call attention to his large and well assorted stock of BLANKETS, which are very cheap, as they were bought before the great advance in the price of Woollen goods.

## JOHN S. MAGEE

Has a large stock of New and Fashionable DRY GOODS, which he will sell cheap.

## JOHN S. MAGEE

Has a large stock LADIES', MISSES', and CHILDREN'S BOOTS, Shoes and Rubbers. Also a good assortment of KNEE BOOTS, for the Boys.

## JOHN S. MAGEE

Sells for small profits—Take a note of THIS.  
Look out for the splendid sign board, painted glass, over the shop door, head of Market Wharf, which reads

## JOHN S. MAGEE.

Walk right in and see his splendid stock of Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps, Shirts, Gloves, Mitts, Socks, &c.

## REMOVAL.

## New Grocery Store.

THE Subscriber returns his thanks to the public for the liberal share of patronage extended to him since he commenced business, and respectfully announces that he has removed to his new building on Frederick Street, where he has just opened a fresh stock of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, which he offers at reasonable prices. A supply of Montreal Ale and Lager Beer, on tap and bottled.  
Also for sale the celebrated Portland Oil. He trusts by strict attention and efforts to please to merit a share of patronage.  
P. B. DONAGHUE.  
St. Andrews, Nov. 1, 1871.

## REMOVAL.

W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Groceries, Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other ceteras commonly found in a Druggist Shop.  
St. Andrews, Nov. 1st, 1871.

## Frisbie House.

(NEW HOTEL.)  
ST. GEORGE, --- Charlotte Co.,  
S. F. FRISBIE, PROPRIETOR.

In connection with this establishment is a good Livery Stable.

## PAINT & OIL,

Ex "Choice" from London.  
6 Hbds. } Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil,  
24qr. Casks } Brandram Bros. & Co.  
1 Ton No 1 White Lead  
Nov. 1. J. W. STREET.

## JOHN MCCOULL, GENERAL AGENT.

Commission Merchant, AND AUCTIONEER St. George, N. B.

REFERENCES: Hon. B. R. Stevenson, Sur. General, W. Whitlock, Esq., St. Andrews; Jas. A. Moran, and Alex. Young, Esqs., St. George; Chas. F. Clinch, Esq., St. John; J. Morchie, and David Main, Esqs., St. Stephen.

## NOTICE.

ALL persons having any claims against the Estate of Hugh Maxwell, late of St. Andrews, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from date hereof. And all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to H. H. HATCH, ISAAC SNOODGRASS, Executors.  
St. Andrews, Oct. 25, 1871. 3m

## FLOUR, CO.

Oct 25  
Landing ex "Mar"  
230 Bbls extra  
10 1/2 bbls fam  
2 Tierce "Sh"  
20 bbls heavy M  
5 " clear  
200 Bushels Corn  
Oct 25, 1871.

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