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SEVENTEENTH YEAR | SIX PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING MARCH 13 1896—SIX PAGES | ONE CENT

MONEY FOR HER DEFENCE.

MRS. PEARSON AP... ORE THE DIVORCE CO...

It Promises to be an Interesting ... Archbishop Walsh Pronounces L'El... teur's Story About His Attitude on the School Question an Audacious Falsehood—A Vote Next Wednesday.

Ottawa, March 12.—(Special)—The Senate Divorce Committee had an interesting session this morning, when the Pearson case was under consideration. Mrs. Pearson was present and testified to her inability to defray the expenses of the defence. After considerable discussion and argument, the committee decided to recommend the payment of $250 by Mr. Pearson to his wife in order that she might engage counsel and produce witnesses. Mr. Wallace Nesbitt appeared for Mr. Pearson, and subjected Mrs. Pearson to a severe examination. He claimed that on her own evidence he could convict Mrs. Pearson of adultery, and was about to enter into specific allegations when he was stopped by the committee, it being decided to consider the case on its merits next Monday. Mrs. Pearson admitted acquaintance with a number of men, including the New Yorker, Langerman, whose trial and sentence was a cause celebre in New York not long ago. Langerman was sentenced to life imprisonment for alleged attempted assault on a book agent named Miss Aub, who afterwards admitted that she had committed perjury. The case promises to be a most interesting one.

Cobourg Wants a Drill Hall.

A deputation from Cobourg, consisting of Reeve Spence, Messrs. Purser, McCaughey, Pratt, McCaul, Minaker and Bickle, accompanied by Mr. Gillett, M.P., had a favorable interview with the Minister of Militia this morning, respecting an appropriation for a new drill hall at Cobourg, and to ask that the brigade camp for this year be situated at that point. To-morrow the deputation will interview the Minister of Public Works regarding harbor improvements.

The T., H. & B. Bill in Committee.

The Railway Committee had a two-hours' wrestle this afternoon with the T., H. and B. Bill, which provides facilities for the payment of claims due by Bracy Bros., sub-contractors on the road, and several other liabilities from the subsidy voted by the city of Hamilton. The representatives of other claimants appeared before the committee, and asked to be allowed to participate in last year's legislation, but the committee decided against them. Eventually the bill was reported.

An Audacious Falsehood.

L'Electeur of Quebec is fast earning the reputation of being the champion liar in Canada. It's statement yesterday that Archbishop Walsh had endorsed Mr. Laurier's attitude on the school question met with a prompt refutation. To-day Senator Casgrain received the following telegram, which speaks for itself: "Toronto, March 12. The Toronto despatch to L'Electeur regarding my attitude on the Manitoba school question is an audacious falsehood. (Signed) Archbishop Walsh."

A Division on Wednesday.

The chief Whips on both sides were engaged in conference to-day, when it was mutually agreed that a division on Mr. Laurier's amendment should take place next Wednesday. Possibly when that is disposed of there will be an amendment favoring the appointment of a commission.

Their Bill Thrown Out.

The Railway Committee this morning threw out, by a majority of eight, the bill to incorporate the Canada Electric Railway Company. The bill originally provided for the building of an electric line between Windsor and Montreal. Opposition to the bill developing rapidly, the specifications were modified so as to make the line run from Cobourg to Suspension Bridge. The Grand Trunk interest was strongly felt, and the bill was thrown out on the above vote. The gentlemen asking for incorporation were: C. Smith of London, J. Kerr Osbourne, Hon. L. M. Jones, G. W. Beardmore, W. H. Cawthra and E. Bristol of Toronto.

Of Interest to Inland Mariners.

Representatives of the Lake Carriers' Association had a satisfactory interview with Mr. Costigan this afternoon. One of their requests was that the life saving station at Point Pelee should be removed to Pelee Island. The Minister has had the matter under consideration, and it is said had decided in the interests of navigation to make the change. The removal of one of the lighthouses recently erected by the Government in the middle channel of the Detroit River was also asked, but the Minister thought the expense would be too great, and favored the idea of placing gas buoys to mark the channel in question, which are used by United States vessels equally with Canadian. It was pointed out, however, that gas would have to be procured from the American side, as there was no available supply on the Canadian side.

Personal and General Matters.

Dr. Sproule to-day received a copy of the resolution adopted by the Meaford and St. Vincent Liberal-Conservative Association on Tuesday, expressing confidence in him as their representative, and endorsing his course at Ottawa.

A. W. Wright, the Labor Commissioner, was here to-day and handed to the Government his report on the enquiry into the alleged prevalence of the sweating system in the leading cities.

Messrs. Thompson and Herst of Sault Ste. Marie are here to secure patents of land from the Government in connection with the Water Power Company's works at that place.

Mrs. Flint, wife of T. B. Flint, M.P. for Yarmouth, N.S., left Ottawa this morning for Toronto, to spend a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. L. E. Embree of Parkdale.

The first symposium of the session was given in the restaurant to-night by Mr. Ives.

Col. Gragg, president of the Coxheath copper mines, Cape Breton, and Messrs. McDougall and Gilles, M.P.'s, interviewed Sir Charles Tupper to-day and urged that a bounty be granted on refined copper the same as on iron.

Dr. Montizambert, chief medical quarantine officer here, had a conference with the St. John members relative to quarantine examinations at that port.

$125,000 Blaze in Boston.

Boston, March 12.—The handsome building on Columbus avenue, occupied by the Pope Manufacturing Company, bicycle manufacturers, was badly damaged by fire this afternoon. It is estimated that the loss to both building and stock will be about $125,000, covered by insurance.

The Bridge Across Niagara.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., March 12.—At a public meeting to-night of the Chamber of Commerce, Common Council and citizens generally, resolutions to be forwarded to Albany and Washington were adopted, in opposition to the proposed bridge to Grand Island, across the Niagara River, on the ground that it would be a serious menace and detriment to navigation.

Mark Twain Seriously Ill in India.

London, March 12.—A despatch to the Central News from Bombay says that Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) is seriously ill at Jeypor.

THE LATEST FROM CUBA.

How Morro Castle is Being Filled With Political Prisoners—General Weyler's New Order Regarding Suspects.

Havana, March 12.—One hundred and ten prisoners arrived from Las Vilas yesterday, and were sent to Morro Castle. ...in-General Weyler has ordered ... individuals captured from this ... the provinces of Havana and P... Del Rio, who are supposed to belong to the insurgent forces, be set at liberty if they deny having joined the rebels voluntarily, and if they will promise before two witnesses fidelity to the cause of Spain and do not appear to be responsible for other crimes. They will, however, be subject to the surveillance of the authorities.

A fire at Reyla, opposite Havana, last night destroyed the sugar refinery of the American firm of Grabb, Tiay & Co. Loss $230,000; insured for $100,000.

Madrid, March 12.—A special despatch to The Imparcial from Havana says that Maceo has re-entered the province of Havana, and is now near San Nicolas. Gomez remains in the Province of Matanzas.

CIVIC BOODLERS IN CHICAGO.

The City Treasurer Has Been Cashing Forged Assessment Rebate Certificates.

Chicago, March 12.—For several days the police and officials of the comptrollers' office, special assessment bureau and law departments, have been investigating certain startling facts, which came into their possession by confession and otherwise, indicating the existence of an organized band of city hall employes and men on the outside who, it is alleged, have robbed the taxpayers of $10,000 by means of forged rebate certificates for special assessments. These warrants were cashed without question by the city treasurer. The first arrest in the case came to-night, when W. G. Leonard, a prominent city contractor and politician, was taken into custody. Other arrests are expected.

BAD BLAZE IN DETROIT.

The Crossing of Live Electric Wires Causes Heavy Damage.

Detroit, March 13.—Fire started from the crossing of electric light wires in the top floor of the Wayne County Savings Bank building shortly before 11 o'clock last night. At 12.30 o'clock the flames were still raging, but the firemen had succeeded in confining them to the fourth and third floors, occupied by the Masonic bodies of the city. Monroe Chapter was holding a session when the fire started, but all the members got out safely. The Detroit Commandery loses all of its dress uniforms and elegant furnishings. The loss will be heavy.

ARRESTED AT THE FALLS.

Toronto Man Charged With Stealing a Couple of Trunks.

At the noon hour yesterday William Blair, 54 Nelson-street, went to the Detective Department and complained that Robert Edgecombe had stolen two trunks from him and was leaving the city. A warrant was issued for Edgecombe's arrest, and the detectives went to the Union Station to catch him before leaving town. The trunks were found at the depot, checked for Buffalo, but it was discovered that Edgecombe had purchased a ticket for tha place and had left on the early afternoon train.

Inspector Stark wired the authorities at Niagara Falls to look out for the fugitive, which they did, and he is now a prisoner there. Detective Davis will go for him early this morning.

Edgecombe is the young man who recently figured in the Police Court as a frequenter of Hattie White's disorderly house at 40 Nelson-street.

Carrying Arms to the Cubans

Charleston, S.C., March 12.—The alleged filibustering steamer Commodore, loaded with arms and munitions of war, went to sea a few minutes after 7 o'clock this morning. She is regularly cleared from this port for Tampa. There seems to be no doubt that she is carrying arms to Cuba, but just how she proposes to get them there no one except her captain knows.

A Presbyterian Pioneer Dead.

Windsor, March 12.—Rev. A. Waddell, one of the pioneers of Presbyterianism in Western Ontario, died at his home in Blenheim yesterday. Deceased first took charge of the Harwich pastorate in 1854, and continued in such until 1890, when he had to resign owing to his enfeebled condition. During his ministry he had to take charge of several small congregations near Blenheim, and had to walk through the forests to hold services. His funeral will take place to-morrow at Blenheim.

Sudden Death of Mrs. Burnett.

Whitby, March 12.—Mrs. Burnett, wife of the Liberal candidate in South Ontario, Mr. Leonard Burnett of Greenbank, Township of Reach, died very suddenly last night while returning home in a sleigh with her husband from the house of Hon. John Dryden, her brother, near Brooklin. A bursting of a blood vessel is supposed to have been the cause of death.

Yellow Jack on the Lombardia.

New York, March 12.—The Herald's special from Rio Janeiro says: The total number of deaths on board the Italian cruiser Lombardia from yellow fever is 104, and 76 of the crew are still ill.

What is the Fate of Two Hundred?

St. Petersburg, March 12.—Two hundred fishermen belonging to Reval, with their horses and carts, have been blown out to sea on a piece of floating ice. They had only one day's provisions with them, and they have been missing five days.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is soothing.

Roadmaster Nokes of the G.T.R. Dead

Palmerston, March 12.—Roadmaster Richard Nokes of the G.T.R., died very suddenly on the noon train between Guelph and Palmerston. Heart failure is said to have been the trouble.

Hammond's Preliminary Trial.

Gravenhurst, March 12.—The preliminary trial of Hammond, charged with poisoning Katie Tough, begins at this town on Wednesday next. Some sensational developments are expected then.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., ev'g, 50c

Parties desiring winter board should not overlook the Lakeview, corner Winchester and Parliament-streets. Just a few rooms left. J. H. Ayre, Proprietor. 135

Special Lines.

500 sheets 8 by 13 typewriting paper for 35 cents. 500 sheets 8 by 13 typewriting paper for 60 cents. Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts. Bank Commerce Building, Toronto

Gems in Art

Are found in our plantinum-finished photographs. The Bryce Studio, 107 King-street west; telephone No. 1724 for sittings. ed

Victoria County Patrons.

A meeting of the committee appointed by Victoria County Association of the Patrons of Industry to wait on the party candidates will be held in Lindsay to-morrow. The question of placing candidates in the field will be reconsidered.

A Tempting Tie Treat.

See our north window for the finest display of neckwear in the city, all shapes and styles for 15c, 20c, 25c, 40c and 45c. Bonner's, cor. Yonge and Queen-streets.

MONSTER SCHEME ON FOOT

TO CONNECT THE GREAT LAKES WITH THE ATLANTIC.

Application Made to Congress for a Charter for the Maritime Canal Company of North America—A Question of Routes—The Canadian Route is Cheaper than the American.

Washington, March 12.—The bill introduced in the Senate to-day by Mr. Hansbrough, and in the House by Mr. Cooper (Wis.), to incorporate the Maritime Canal Co. of North America, providing for the construction of a ship canal not less than 26 feet in depth and 300 feet in width, from the great lakes to the Atlantic, is wholly unlike the three dozen other canal bills now pending in Congress. It asks for no Government appropriation, aid or guarantee, and wants no money for even a survey. It is simply a Federal charter, because it proposes to engage in inter-state business and commerce, for a canal from Lake Erie to Lake Ontario, and from Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River to Lake Champlain, and thence to tidewater in the Hudson River.

Spent $200,000 in Surveys.

The company asking the charter has been at work for three years on the project, owns valuable franchhises for a ship canal from Lake Erie to the ocean, via Montreal, has spent over $200,000 in surveys and preliminary work, and owns the patents on the great Dutton pneumatic locks, the first of which is now going in at Lockport, on the Erie Canal, to take the place in one lift of all the locks at that point. The object of the company is to make an ample ship route from the great lakes to New York city, and prevent a further diversion of trade from that port. The charter mentions no foreign connections or routes, and it is said that the promoters have found that the route from Lake Ontario down the St. Lawrence, nearly to the 45th parallel, and thence to Lake Champlain, all on American soil, is entirely feasible, and using the pneumatic lock can be constructed for about 60 per cent. of the estimates hitherto made for other plans of getting down to the level of the Hudson River.

To Cost Over $200,000,000.

The charter provides that for all its canals, locks and works, there shall never be issued more than $200,000,000 of bonds, preferred stock and debentures; that no more than five per cent. shall be paid thereon, but that tolls shall be steadily reduced so as to keep the dividends and payments within that sum; that work shall commence within three and be completed within ten years, and that its terms having been complied with, the instrument shall continue in force forever, unless the property shall be assumed by the Government for the free use of the public.

They Have a Canadian Charter.

Senator Hansbrough said: "Although the persons seeking this charter have a broad and liberal charter for a ship canal from Lake Erie to the Atlantic, through Canada, granted by the Dominion Government, with the privilege of using and enlarging the Welland Canal, which is very important, and that route is immensely cheaper than one on American soil to the seaboard, the company has decided, as I am informed, to do nothing in Canada until it should be demonstrated whether a similar charter could be secured from the Congress of the United States."

Who the Incorporators are.

The incorporators are Luther Mendenhall, G. G. Hartley and T. W. Hugo of Duluth; Rowland J. Wemyss and L. R. Hurd, of West Superior; Capt. F. L. Vance of Milwaukee; W.B. Dean and P. H. Kelly of St. Paul; Henry G. Burleigh of Whitehall; Smith M. Weed of Plattsburg; James Andrews of Pittsburg; Luther Allen of Cleveland; John Birkinbine of Philadelphia; Daniel H. Burnham, Lucius G. Fisher and Oscar D. Wetherell of Chicago; John Bogart, C. H. Dutton, Henry B. Slaven and George S. Stover of New York.

PRESIDENT BETANCOURT ILL.

He Fell From His Horse in the Battle of Sagua Tanamo.

New York, March 12.—Private advices received in this city to-day from the Cuban camp confirm the report that Salvador Cisheros Betancourt, Marquis of Santa Lucia, President of the Provisional Government, fell from his horse in the battle of Sagua Tanamo, and is seriously ill. It appears that his foot caught in a stirrup, and he was dragged a considerable distance. Great concern is felt owing to his advanced age, he being in his 77th year. In the event of his death he will be succeeded by Vice-President Bartolome Maso.

DIED ERE A DOCTOR ARRIVED.

Post-Mortem Will Reveal the Cause of the Sudden Death.

A warrant has been issued by Coroner Pickering for an inquest concerning the death of Mrs. Charlotte D. Burrows at 246 Gerrard-street east.

Deceased has been in ill health for some time, and has at intervals been under medical care. For the past two or three weeks she has been confined to her bed, but she stated that she did not feel ill enough to have a doctor.

Yesterday she was suddenly taken worse, and her son endeavored to get a physician, but he states that it was an hour and a half before Drs. Cuthbertson and Pickering arrived, and during the interval his mother passed away.

A post mortem examination will be made to-day and its result will determine whether or not the inquest will be held.

500 Boiler Makers Go on Strike.

Cleveland, O., March 12.—The boilermakers of this city, about 500 in number, have gone on strike. Several days ago they demanded a general increase of 10 per cent. in wages, and when this was not granted they were ordered out by the union. As the shipyards are rushed with work, the strike is particularly embarrassing to them.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., ev'g, 50c

Why Not Have the Best?

There is no reason why you should not enjoy the best of ale. East Kent, the finest brand produced in Canada, is sold by all wine merchants of repute at the same prices as ordinary ales; that is $1.20 a dozen for quarts and 75 cents a dozen for pints.

If you drink ale you should drink East Kent. Doctors and analysts recommend it—so do all good judges. ed

Pember's hair dressing establishment, 127 and 129 Yonge.

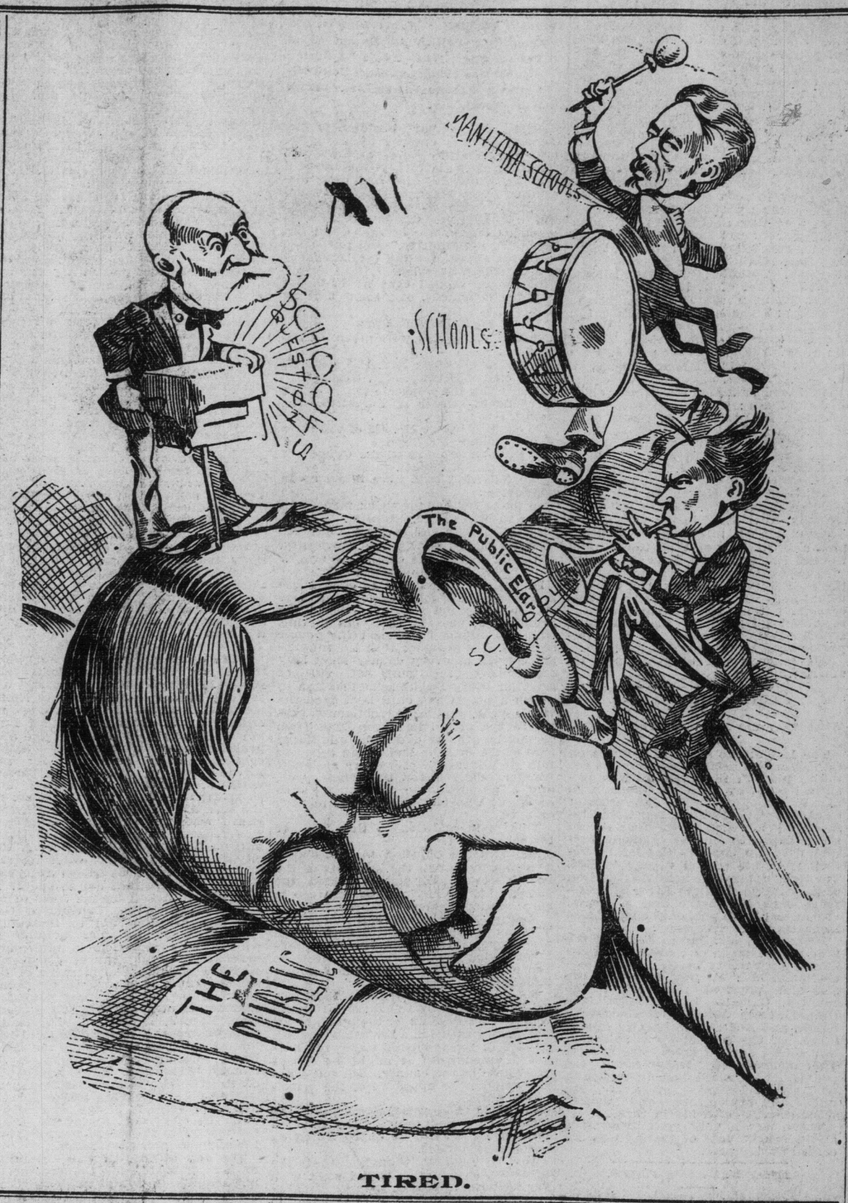
Three Thousand a Day.

Dunlop is now cutting from his 20,000 rose trees nearly 3000 roses a day. They are delivered at his Yonge and King-street stores three times every day. d

Pember's Turkish Baths 75c, evening 50c 129 Yonge.

Italians Who are Not Loyal.

Paris, March 12.—Italians desirous of escaping military service are flocking into France by every railway train.



TIRED.

WAS THIS THE MOTIVE?

KATE TOUGH'S LIFE WAS INSURED FOR $3000

And the Policy Was Made Payable to Her Husband—The Unfortunate Girl Was Employed in Toronto as a Domestic at the Time—Young Hammond Paid the Premium.

(From this Morning's Globe.)

The developments of yesterday in connection with the Hammond-Tough poisoning case give a new and more terrible aspect to the tragedy that has during the past few days so excited the quiet town of Gravenhurst, and which has aroused an interest hardly less deep in this city. From facts which came to light yesterday, it looks as if there is in prospect another sensational murder case of the stamp of those in which the prisoners were the Hyams brothers, the Hendershotts, the infamous Holmes, and Mrs. Hartley; trials in which the motive urged for the crime alleged was the desire to secure insurance money which had been placed on the supposed victims.

If it was indeed from the hand of William Hammond that his unfortunate young wife received the vial of deadly poison which is said to have been the cause of her death, and on this point no opinion can be expressed at present, then the developments of yesterday show a motive for the deed of a very strong and tangible character.

The deceased had, hardly a month before her death, taken out a policy for $3000 in the Provincial Provident Institution of St. Thomas and made it payable to her husband. There is also evidence in the girl's own handwriting that while in Buffalo at the time of their marriage, an insurance policy had been placed on Mrs. Hamond's life. The theory of the prosecution will now be that Hamond had been deliberately planning the murder of his wife, even from the time of his marriage, in order that he might secure the insurance money.

At the time Kate Tough made application for the insurance she was a domestic in the employ of Mr. T. B. Lee, 459 Bathurst-street.

It was about the end of December last that Kate Tough entered the office of the company and inquired of Mr. Ambrust regarding rates of insurance. She gave the name of Katherine Elizabeth James, and explained that her husband wanted her to make enquiries as to the cost of insurance in that company. When Mr. Armbrust had given her the required information she stated that she had not the money then, but that her husband was to get it, as he was expecting some money, and when it came she would call in again. On January 9 last the so-called Mrs. James again entered the office and told Mr. Armbrust that she had concluded to take out the insurance. She wanted a policy for $3000, and desired it made payable to her husband, Mr. William Thomas James.

The policy was in due time taken out in favor of her husband.

Aids digestion and purifies the breath—Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Some unscrupulous dealers try to palm off imitations which they buy cheaper. See that the trade mark name, Tutti Frutti, is on each wrapper.

THE RIO DE JANEIRO IS SAFE.

She Ran Short of Coal on Her Way to Yokohama.

Honolulu, March 5.—(Via San Francisco, March 12).—The steamship Rio de Janeiro arrived here on the 3rd inst., out of coal, 26 days from San Francisco. She had battled 16 days with heavy head gales on the Northern route, when her coal supply was too near exhausted for her to make the few hundred miles remaining to Yokohama. She put about for Honolulu, making sail. Before reaching here she had burned her after deck house and mizzen topmast, and she had but 20 tons of coal left.

"Salada" Tea is not nerve disturbing.

BIG BLAZE AT MIDNIGHT.

Fire at the St. Charles Restaurant Does $2000 Damage—The Origin a Mystery.

The central part of the city last night narrowly escaped another serious conflagration. Shortly before midnight flames were seen issuing from the roof of the St. Charles Cafe, 70 Yonge-street, and those who witnessed the blaze were immediately reminded of The Globe and Osgoodby fires. The restaurant is surrounded by big buildings, Michie's establishment standing in the rear, and Harry Webb's restaurant and the Dominion Bank building on either side. If, therefore, the flames had once got any headway the result would have been disastrous.

The alarm was rung from King and Yonge-streets at 11.45 p.m., and the firemen responding promptly, the flames were soon under control.

The building belongs to the Baldwin estate, and is leased by Mr. T. F. Best, proprietor of the St. Charles saloon, who sublets as a restaurant the rear and upper flat of the premises to Caterer Albert Williams.

Originated the Upstairs Kitchen.

The fire seems to have originated in the kitchen of the restaurant, located upstairs. Mr. Williams, the proprietor, it is said, left the cafe about 9 o'clock, locking the door after him, and it was, therefore, nearly three hours after his departure that the fire broke out.

Mr. Best and his head bartender, Charles Hermann, say they were standing in the saloon when they first noticed the blaze through the glass door at the rear of the bar, and gave the alarm.

The Damage.

Mr. Best's loss as lessee of the place, will probably be between $1500 and $2000, fully covered by insurance in the Manchester Fire Insurance Company. Williams' loss, though the kitchen and lunch counter room were completely consisting of crockery, completely demolished, will be small, ...signs, etc. The barroom of the St. Charles escaped with a little damage by smoke and water.

An incident of the fire was Pete Green's daring rescue of a litter of thoroughbred pups from the cellar of the burning building.

A CANADIAN SUICIDES IN N.Y.

Telegraph Operator Clarke, of Kamloops, B.C., Turned on the Gas.

New York, March 12.—William J. Clarke, 25 years old, a telegraph operator employed in The Evening Journal office in Jersey City, committed suicide on Tuesday night in the Imperial Hotel, Exchange place, Jersey City. He asphyxiated himself with illuminating gas.

At 8 a.m. yesterday the porter knocked at Clarke's door, but, receiving no answer, and noticing a strong smell of gas, opened the door with his pass key. Clarke was lying on the floor dead. He had rolled off the bed. The gas was turned on and the pipe had been broken off close to the wall, so that the gas might escape more freely. The body was taken to the Morgue. Clarke boarded at 41 East Fiftieth street, this city. His parents residein Kamloops, British Columbia, and his father is Mayor of that place. Among the suicide's papers was found an unsigned note in a feminine hand, which read: "Please keep straight, today, dear, will you?"

The Joint Use of Electric Patents.

New York, March 12.—Negotiations between the General Electric Company and the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing company have resulted in an arrangement with respect to the joint use of the patents of the two companies, subject to existing licenses, on terms which are considered mutually advantageous.

Russian Petroleum Wells Destroyed.

Odessa, March 12.—A fire at the Melikoff Petroleum Wells at Baku has destroyed eight wells and two factories. Two persons lost their lives in the conflagration.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., day 75c

Two Deaths at Deseronto.

Deseronto, March 12.—Mrs. Antoine Bruyea, resident of this place, dropped dead to-day while purchasing some goods in a store.

Rev. G. A. Anderson, pastor of the English Church on the Mohawk reserve, died this morning at 4 o'clock.

THERE'S LIFE IN THE BILL

ARCHBISHOP LANGEVIN'S TELEGRAM TO FR. LACOMBE

Read by Col. Amyot in the House Yesterday—His Grace Approves of the Coercive Measure and Claims that it is Workable—Mr. Taylor Will Vote for it—Debate Continued.

Ottawa, March 12.—(Special)—Mr. Monet resumed the Remedial debate with an attack upon Mr. Devlin. Not long ago, said he, the member for Ottawa declared Mr. Laurier was the only man to settle the question; now he seems to think Sir Charles Tupper the only man. Proceeding to deal with the bill, Mr. Monet declared it was not sufficiently satisfactory, instancing the clause of the bill which restricts the establishment of Separate schools to the districts in which there are at least 10 children within three miles of the school. He wanted a bill that would give the Catholic minority in Manitoba equal privileges with the Protestant minority in Quebec. Archbishop Langevin, who had demanded disallowance of the Act of 1890, could not be satisfied with this bill.

Col. Amyot remarked that Archbishop Langevin was satisfied with the measure.

Mr. Monet retorted that Col. Amyot ought to prove that the Archbishop had endorsed it.

Archbishop Langevin's Telegram.

Col. Amyot was promptly on his feet. "I have just received," he said, "a telegram of Archbishop Langevin, in which he declares himself satisfied with the bill, and calls upon all the bishops to approve of it."

Upon being challenged to read it, Col. Amyot replied that he would read an extract from it.

Several Opposition members: "Read it in full."

Col. Amyot: Very well, I will read it all. It is a telegram in Latin from Archbishop Langevin to Father Lacombe. Translation is as follows: "To Rev. Father Lacombe, University of Ottawa: The bill is workable, efficacious and satisfactory. I approve of it. All the bishops and all the catholics ought to oppose it. There is life in the bill. Success to you and LaRiviere. I fully approve of your written declaration."

This rather seemed to take Mr. Monet's breath away, but he repeated that this question had two aspects. As to the religious aspect, he was willing to acknowledge Archbishop Langevin's authority, but as to the political aspect, he had a right to his own opinion. After discussing the question he concluded by declaring his intention to vote for the six months' hoist.

Mr. Charlton Would Dismiss Them.

Mr. Charlton followed. On account of his physical disability, he was permitted to address the House without rising. He contended that the decision of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council was not mandatory. The Government throughout acted not judicially, but in a political and partizan sense. The Government had acted in the matter with a view to getting political support and had stirred up such a feeling that the result might be the shattering of confederation into fragments. Mr. Laurier, on the other hand, had taken the stand of a true patriot. If the Government violated the Independence of Parliament Act and carried the bill on votes of men promised Government appointments, then the succeeding Government should cancel all such appointments. He would pledge himself to do his best to secure the dismissal of every judge, every senator, every collector appointed hereafter from members of the House who voted for the bill. He concluded by denouncing the Government for forcing such important legislation through a moribund Parliament and without an appeal to the people.

Mr. Forbes contended that there was no legal obligation on Parliament to restore the rights as any of them possessed previous to the passage of the school laws of 1890. Neither by law nor by practise had the minority in Manitoba any stronger claim for Federal action than Nova Scotia would have if the Legislature there repealed the existing school law there.

After recess the debate was continued by Mr. Forbes in support of the six months' hoist.

Mr. Kenny of Halifax.

Mr. Kenny (Halifax) followed in defence of the bill. He hoped the conference with Mr. Greenway would result satisfactorily, and said Manitoba should follow the example of Nova Scotia, which settled the school question by mutual concession and compromise. However, the grievance was established, and it was the duty of Parliament to see that the compact by which Manitoba was brought into the union was carried out. Public interest required Parliament to dispose of the question without delay. For the Dominion's peace at home and her credit abroad, the question should not be kept alive. Evidence of the injury it was working to the Dominion was found in the fact that in Newfoundland opposition to the island coming into confederation was being influenced by the fact that Parliament had not so far granted redress to the minority of Manitoba. He denied that the bill meant coercion, asking how the Catholics, one-twentieth of the population of Manitoba, could coerce the other nineteenth-twentieths.

Mr. Casey supported Mr. Laurier's amendment.

Mr. Taylor Votes for the Bill.

Mr. Taylor, Conservative whip, said as an Orangeman, believing that the Catholics of Manitoba had a constitutional right to Separate schools, he would support the bill. Incidentally he alluded to Mr. Laurier's statement in which he thanked God there were no Orangemen in the Liberal ranks. This led to a storm of protests from the Liberal benches. Mr. Taylor stuck to his statement, and said Mr. Belley could confirm it. Mr. Belley, the member for Chicoutimi, had said he himself had heard Mr. Laurier make the statement.

Messrs. Grandbois, Girouard and Cleveland supported the bill, and Mr. Boyle moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at 2.15 a.m.

EVA BOOTH'S WINNING WAYS

Seem to be Drawing the Salvation Army soldiers Together Again.

New York, March 12.—Commissioner Eva Booth, at to-night's meeting of the Salvation Army auxiliaries, announced that she had received a cablegram from Chief of Staff Bramwell Booth, announcing the appointment of Commander Booth Tucker and his wife to take charge of the forces in the United States. The announcement was greeted with hisses and applause. The meeting to-night showed conclusively that Commissioner Eva Booth is fast weaning the rank and file of the army from the hero-worship of their old commanders, Ballington Booth and his wife.

Purifies the breath and keeps the teeth sound—Adams' Tutti Frutti. See that the trade mark name, Tutti Frutti, is on each 5-cent package.

Mr. Gladstone and the Armenians.

London, March 12.—The Daily News will to-morrow say that Mr. Gladstone has declined to introduce a deputation to Lord Salisbury to urge the establishment of a national fund under Government patronage for the relief of the Armenians, which he was requested to do by the Anglo-Armenian Relief Society. Mr. Gladstone bases his declination on grounds of physical infirmity and abstinence from public affairs.

IN THEIR PRIDE THEY'LL MARCH.

But Not in the Old Grandfather Style of Headgear; O, Dear, No.

It is astonishing the number of country visitors who, on Saturdays especially, throng Dineens' famous hat and fur store at King and Yonge-streets. Last Saturday the great attraction was the great spring opening of hats, the finest display ever seen in the Dominion. Trade has ruled brisk in all the grades this week, and to-morrow arrangements have been made for even a fuller display than that of a week ago. Twenty-five cases have just been passed into stock, and will be on view to-morrow, from Christy & Co., Victor Jay, A. J. White and other famed London makers. Several other cases from New York will be opened to-day. These are both silks and felts; but the silk hat will certainly, judging from the experience of the past few days, have the call today and to-morrow. Its popularity increases year by year. Judge this from the Irish and other processions, and also by the church-goers on any fine Sunday. Whilst thus catering in silks and felts for the elders, the children Dineens never forget. Every novelty for the season has arrived—children's hats and caps, school boys' and college caps, and everything so neat and natty. Whilst the cold continues the furs will not all be packed away, and some wonderful bargains can yet be secured by the ladies. Such fur bargains, it should be borne in mind, can only be had at Dineens', and only for a short time, now the season is so far advanced.

DON'T BE DECEIVED.

The Public Warned to Beware of "Tokay" Impostors.

Tokay. The popularity of California Tokay has caused unprincipled people to offer different imitations of this wine. We are the agents for California Tokay. Parties not receiving the above wine from us or not having our label may be assured that they are not receiving the genuine article. We are not afraid of any other so-called agents of Tokay doing us any harm, but do not want the public misled. We sell the above wine at $2.50 per gallon, $6 per case, qts. Special prices given to the trade on application at Mara's, 79 and 81 Yonge-street. Phone 1708.

PREMIER GREENWAY'S TELEGRAM.

An Important Sentence Not Read by Sir Charles in the House.

Winnipeg, March 12.—(Special.)—When the Legislature met to-day, Mr. Greenway arose and said he had noticed from the despatches from Ottawa a few days ago that Sir Charles Tupper, leader of the House of Commons, had read a telegram sent by him—Hon. Mr. Greenway—to Sir Donald A. Smith. He had no means of knowing whether the published despatches were correct, but he would read the telegram which he had sent. After reading the telegram, he pointed out that the following very important sentence had not been read on the floor of the House of Commons: "As you are aware, we are not to blame for the present situation."

DEATHS.

HOURIGAN—On Thursday, March 12th, 1896, Mary Hourigan, relict of the late Martin Hourigan, in the 80th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, 40 Thompson street, Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

ROSS—At Lambton Mills, on Wednesday, the 11th inst., Margaret Monro, second daughter of David Ross, in her 27th year.

Funeral on Saturday, the 14th inst., at 2 o'clock. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

Fine—Little Higher Temperature.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Edmonton, 20—40; Calgary, 14—40; Qu'Appelle, 18 below—6; Winnipeg, 26 below—6; Parry Sound, 2 below—14; Toronto, 4—16; Ottawa, 4—12; Montreal, 8—16; Quebec, 8—16; Halifax, 26—48.

PROBS: Fine; a little higher temperature.