6

THE CATHOLIC RECORD.

EVENING CHANT.

ADELAIDE A. PROCTER.

Strew before the Lady's picture— Roses—flushing like the sky, Where the lingering western cloudlets Watch the lingering daylight die.

Violets steeped in dreamy odors, Humble as the Mother mild, Blue as were her eyes when watching O'er her sleeping child.

Strew white Lillies, pure and spotless, Bending on their stalks of green, Bending down with tender pity-Like our Holy Queen.

Let the flowers spend their fragrance On our Lady's own dear shrine, While we claim her gracious helping Near her Son Divine.

Strew before our Lady's picture Gentle flowers, fair and sweet; Hope and Fear, and Joy and Sorrow, Place, too, at her feet.

Hark ! the Angelus is ringing— Ringing through the fading light, In the heart of every blossom Leave a prayer to-night.

All night long will Mary listen, While our pleadings fond and deep, On their scented breath are rising. For us-while we sleep.

Scarcely through the starry silence Shall one trembling petal stir, While they breathe their own sweet fra-

grance And our prayer—to her.

Peace to every heart that loves her! All her children shall be blessed; While she prays and watches for us, We will trust and rest.

NEWS FROM IRELAND.

Dublin.

A dinner was given by the Lord Mayor of Dublin, Mr. T. D. Sullivan, M. P., on January 11th, in the fine Round Room of the Mansion House. It was what may be called a representative dinner, for while the classes usually invited to the Mansion House were present in full force, the Lord Mayor had very thoughtfully in-vited the Mayors of the various provinvited the Mayors of the various provin-cial towns, as well as representatives of many trades' bodies in Dublin, to take part in the proceedings. Unusual inter-est attached to it, too, from the presence of two English M. P's., the witty Mr. Henry Labouchere, and another very able and eloquent Radical, Mr. Conybeare. Mr. Conybeare, who had been going over the country and noting what is going on, showed in his speech that he was pro-foundly moved by the horrors of landlord rule and profoundly strack by the differrule and profoundly strack by the differ-ence between the administration of the law here and in his own country. Mr. Labouchere's speech was witty and quite

in keeping with his well known Home Rule views, Mr. D. B. Sullivan, B. L., spoke ably in favor of "The Legal De-fenders of Irish Patriotism," and a num-ber of other toasts which were given and responded to showed that eloquence is as responded to showed that eloquence is as yet no waning gift in Ireland. There were fully seven hundred guests at the tables, and the gallery after dinner was filled with ladies. Many prominent Con-servatives were among the guests, but none of them took any exception to the sentiment of the various speakers.

A meeting of the Protestant Home Rulers, held in Dublin, on January 10th, affords ground for deep gratification as a cheering symptom of the times. The cheering symptom of the times. The gathering was the largest and most influ-ential of any yet held in connection with the Association, and the speeches through-out had the true ring of earnestness and honesty. Among the speakers were Mr. T. W. Rolleston, Mr. Alfred Webb, Pro-fessor Galbraith, and Mr. T. A. Dickson, J. P., who formally announced his conver-sion to the full Home Rule programme.

Kildare.

The tenants on the estate of Lord Mayo,

of the Rev. E. Finn, C. C., Carlingford, assembled at the parochial residence, and presented him with a purse of over 150 sovereigns as a token of the esteem and affection in which he is held among them. Father Finn, who has been in a rather delicate state of health for some time past, is about to leave for a few weeks for the purpose of recruiting again.

Cork.

The tenantry of Mr. J. W. B. Creagh in the Donoghmore district have come to a resolution to adopt the plan against rack-renting. The tenantry sought an abatement in their rents of 30 per cent. from the landlord, and the reply came in a sheaf of writs from the landlords solici tor. The tenantry, notwithstanding police vigilance and the efforts made to counteract their determination, have accumulated the rents in a common defence fund, and the landlord has been already forestalled, the cattle and effects of the tenants having been disposed of at the local markets.

The landlord of the Kingston estate, on Jan. 12, took initial steps towards defeating the rent movement of the tenants. A large number of tenantry, principally traders holding farms on the estate of the most leading farms, as well as those who took a conspicuous part in the movement, have been served with writs. The tenants look on this movement of the landlords as preliminary to the general service, if it should succeed, in compelling these served to depart from the combination, and thus break the union. Active steps are being taken for the defence.

Kerry.

Father Frederick Eccles died in Kil-larney, on Jan. 12. The deceased was ill for a week and died from typhoid fever. He was ordained a priest in 1868. In 1873 he joined the Franciscan Order in Manchester. During the four years he was in Killarney he has been on missions to most of the dioceses in the South of Ireland.

Tipperary:

Mr. Arthur Fitzmaurice, J. P., agent to the Earl of Clonmel, attended on Jan. 11, at Hearn's Hotel, Clonmel, for the pur-pose of receiving rent. The great major-ity of the tenants came in during the day and paid their rents. They were allowed 20 per cent. on the year's rent ending March and May last, which was the abatement originally offered, and similar in amount to that given last year.

Clare.

On Jan. 8th, the tenants on the Shanahea estate of Mr. Scott, who lodged their rent in the hands of trustees on New Year's Day, disposed of their cattle, leav-ing nothing for the Sheriff to seize. The determined stand made by all the tenants on the estate mentioned, is the chief topic throughout the district, and their action has been greatly stimulated by the num-ber of congratulatory letters and telegrams which they received. Mr. Michael Con-roy, the assistant agent, receiving a letter adapting him to give up his negative ordering him to give up his position and take his stand with the other tenants. Two notices were found posted in Shanahea, threatening him with serious punish-ment if he failed to resign his position. Another notice couched in the same terms was posted on the door of his dwelling. house.

The erection of a house at Ballycastle for Patrick Slattery, was made the occa-sion of an imposing demonstration, on Jan. 11. The foundation stone was laid by the O'Donnellan Blake Forster, J. P., Ballykeale House Kilferage. The mode Ballykeale House, Kilfenora. The work was undertaken by the Lisdoonvarna League, of which Slattery is a member. The Kilfenora, Kilshanny, Killispunnave, Curran, Ennistymon, Murrough, Bally-wauchan and Chennemarch Large methods. in Kildare, have offered to pay their rents, on getting a reduction of 20 per cent. on the present gale. The tenants, with the exception of four or five, met in Kik, and when the building had been completed. vaughan, and Glennamanagh League were

Waterford,

The Bishop of Waterford and Lismore has made the following appointments and transfers : Rev Nicholas Power, P. P., of Gammonsfield and Kilcash, transferred to the pastoral charge of Dunmore and Pas-sage; Kev. P. Spratt, late C. C., Tramore, to the pastoral charge of Gammonsfield and Kilcash, to be C.C., Cahir; Rev. E. and Rifeash, to be C.C., Canir, Rev. E. Dunphy, Cahir, to Tramore; Rev. J. Power, Clonea, to Cahir; Rev. J. Doran, Cahir, to Clonea. On Jan. 20 the Sub sheriff, Mr. J. T. Hudson, with a number of bailiffs, and a

force of about fifty police, under G. E. Dagg, D. L, proceeded to Cahernaligne for the purpose of evicting John Malcaby and his family. The estate on which the holding is situate belongs to Huntington minore, and is at present in Chancery, so that little hope was entertained of a set the tenant's family, numbering thirteen persons, came out of the house and took refuge in the house of a neighboring farmer. farmer. Immediately after the bailiffs had completed the clearance of Mulcahy's

house they proceeded to the estate bailiff John Baldwin, and seized the cattle for debt, to the intense amusement of the people. Mulcahy's rent was $\pounds 94$, while his valuation was $\pounds 64$.

Fermanagh.

A great National meeting was called to take place on Jan. 10, at Rosslea, County Fermanagh. The Orange landlord faction worked up Sir Michael Hicks-Beach to proclaim the meeting. In the neighbor-hood of Rosslea, on what are known as the College land, a number of evictions are to be carried out at the instance of the land-lord, Mr. John Madden, Aughfin House. Mr. Madden, it appears, is only a middle landlord, the head landlords being the Board of Trinity College, from whom he holds the lands on lease. The land is of an extremely poor character, and utterly un-able to produce the rents. The Govern-ment made this a plea for the suppression of the intended meeting, alleging that it would be a menace to the sheriff. Two hundred police were drafted into Clones from Louth, Monaghan, Fermanagh and Armagh.

Donegal.

On Jan. 7, Mr. John S. McCay, Sub-Sheriff, accompanied by his assistant bailiff, passed through this town, and reached the Blown Rock, Glen Swilly, at such an early hour as to have been almost unobserved. It was soon discovered that, owing to threats of eviction and in ac cordance with notice, the tenants had come to give up possession of their farms to the sheriff on condition of being reinstated as caretakers for six months. The tenants made the legal surrender, and were read mitted on signing a six months' caretaker's agreement.

Derry.

On January 9th, there was a rather sen-sational visit to Derry in the person of a gang of convicts,—the Belfast rioter, sentenced at Omagh—on the way to the county prison. The convicts were conveyed in busses and vans supplied by the Imperial Hotel. Some of them kept shouting, and others sang "Rule Britannia!"

At Enlinton, some miles from Derry, At Entition, some miles from Derry, on January 9th, Mr. Pinkerton, M. P., delivered an address on the present posi-tion of political parties. A Presbyterian farmer presided, and the agricultural in-terests, irrespective of creed, were well represented. The lecture was delivered under the success of the National Lecunder the auspices of the National Lea-gue of the district. Mr. Pinkerton de livered a lengthened address, and re-ferred to the Land Purchase Act, and warned his hearers not to be foolish enough to pay too high a price. He re-marked that it was singular that the pro-clamation of the Plan of Campaign and the application of the Londonderry nts for a reduction of rent occurred about the same time. Mr. John Dillon, M. P., was announced to be present, but was unable to attend.

General to direct a Whiteboy prosecution against an obnoxious journalist and his mother for reports published in his news paper in common with our own—in common with a hundred others through the length and breadth of the land. The manner of the prosecution was worthy of its character. First a jury was packed ex-clusively Protestant in the hope that defending council would be again driven from court by the outrage, and the tra-verser abandoned to the tender mercies of the selected jary, the virulent Crown prosecutors, and the Constitutional Judge who assisted them from the bench. The sole evidence against the accused was an admission which on the face of it was the most astounding and disgraceful document ever produced in a court of justice.

GOD'S LOVE FOR MAN.

Dr. Faber. What a wonder it is that God should love men. Intrinsically, what is there in them to love? If we compare our own natural gifts with those of an angel, how miserable we appear. If we consider how much more faithfully the beasts answer the ends of their creation than we do, of what shall we be proud ? Moreover, God has tried men over and over again, and they have always failed Him, and failed Him with every circumstance of unamiable selfishness which can be conceived. There was, first of all, Paradise and the Fall. Every one knows what and the Fall. Every one knows what came of it. God was matched against an apple, and the apple carried it. The flood was an awful judgment, but many went along with it. Yet we soon find the knowledge of God almost confined to one family and one line of patriarchs. Then came the Jews. Job's patience is literally a picture of God's long sufficience literally a picture of God's long suffering with his people. He rewarded, and they despised Him. He punished, and they hardened their hearts. He sent them His Son, and they crucified Him; and the Romans had to go and take away their place and paties their place and nation, and to burn up their city and temple. Then here is the world since the crucifixion. To look at it you would say that our dearest Lord's passion had been a simple failure, so little is the face of the world, or the tone of the world, or the ways of the world changed. The results of the Gospel on the world seem to be, first, a tinge of universal romance in its history; and secondly, a great number of new works brought into its various languages to express phenom. ena and genius of the Incarnation. Can sacraments? How many of us are serving our crucified Lord generously and out of love? Verily, God's love of man is simply a wonder. Yet how He must love them, seeing that, He became not an angel for angels, but He did became a generation for more but He did become a man for men. There is no other account of the matter than the Scripture account of it. It is simply one of the mysteries of the char-acter of God, as the Eternal Wisdom says of Himself: I was set up from eternity, and of old before the earth was made. The denths were not so yet a way The depths were not as yet, and I was conceived; neither had the fountains of water yet sprung out. The mountains, with their huge bulk, had not as yet been established. Before the hills I was brought forth. He had not yet made the earth, nor the rivers, nor the poles of the world. When he prepared the heavens, I was present; when with a certain law and was delighted every day, playing before Him at all times, playing in the world, and my delights were to be with

AYER'S HAIR No More Bald Heads.

To produce a new growth of hair Restores the color, gloss, and youthful freshness of the hair; stimulates a rich and on bald heads, in the case of persons luxurious growth; thoroughly cleanses advanced in years, is not always posthe scalp; prevents dandruff and humors; sible. When the glands are decayed and is the most cleanly and effective and gone, no stimulant can restore them; preparation for the hair ever offered but, when they are only inactive, from to the public. Rev. J. W. Davenport, the need of some excitant, the applica-Illinois Bend, Texas, writes: "Ayer's tion of Ayer's Hair Vigor will renew Hair Vigor, used in my family for several their vitality, and a new growth will re-years, has no equal as a dressing, nor for sult. L. V. Templeton, Newbern, N. C., preventing the hair from falling out or writes: "After a protracted illness, with turning prematurely gray. It ranks fever, my hair all came out, leaving me among the first luxuries of our

house." Miss AYER'S HAR VIGOR. Kate Rose, Ingersoll, Ontario, writes: "While

of Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, be-fore I had used all its contents. a

entirely baid. I precured a bottle

keeping my head clear of dandruff, and thick growth of hair, nearly two inches preventing Scald Head, Ayer's Hair Vigor long, covered my head." L. D. McJunkin, has also caused my hair to grow luxuri- Perryville, Md., writes: "Baldness is antly, resulting in my now possessing hair forty-two inches long, and as thick as the hair on the top of my head was becould be desired." The wife of Dr. V. S. coming weak and thin. I procured Ayer's Lovelace, Lovelaceville, Ky., had very bad Hair Vigor, the application of which intetter sores upon her head, causing the vigorated the hair roots, and sent out a hair to fall out. Ayer's Hair Vigor healed the sores, and in less than twelve months hair is as thick and vigorous as ever. I produced hair a foot long.

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ORGANS BELL

AT THE COLONIAL EXHIBITION.

The Marquis of Lorne and H. R. H. The Princess Louise, after testing all the exhibits in Canadian Court, purchased a handsome BELL ORGAN. Sales were made also to Right Hon. Sir Robert Bourke, Governor of Madras. anybody say that much else has come of it, looking at the world at large? Then here are we, Christians, a most unsatisfac-tory sight indeed. How do we treat our

For Tone and Pleasing Design the Bell Organ maintains its supremacy as the best. Send for latest circular to



forwarded a memorial, in which they asked 25 per cent. reduction. The land-lord replied, offering 10 to 15 per cent. to some of the tenants. On Jan. 9th the tenants met again, and modified their offer to an all round reduction of 2C per cent, To this application no reply has been received. The tenants are determined not to go to the rent office, if their reasonable proposal be not favorably entertained at headquarters. The tenants have a good The property of Lord Mayo is highly rented, even rack-rented, in greater part. The tenants, have always been harshly, illiberally, and arbitracily dealt with.

Wexford.

A fearful accident occurred, on Jan. 8th, at Ballyroe, about three miles outside cf New Ross, on the new line of railway in course of construction between Palace East and New Ross, by which two men named Luke Kehoe and Michael Murphy, and a boy named John Scully, lost their lives. It appears that the dynamite which is used for blasting purposes was damp, and the men, who were employed by night, were drying it at a fire in preparation for use. By some accident or mis-management the dynamite got too near the fire and exploded, killing Kehoe and Scully instantly, and injuring Murphy to such an extent, that he died on his way to the New Ross Workhouse. When Kehoe's body was found, it was discovered that one of his legs was torn off. The limb was The agent said he would not reduce a found after some hours in a cutting nearly 100 yards from where the accident took place. The arms and legs of the man Murphy, was also blown from his body. The accidents on this line, including the present fatality, have brought the number of deaths to twelve within the last two years,

Longford,

which he derived a rental of about £12,. 000, is at present engaged in a bitter con-troversy with some of his tenants over the paltry sum of four guineas.

Louth.

On Jan. 11th, the Rev. Eugene Sheehy lectured in Dundalk, for the purpose of obtaining assistance for the evicted ten-ants on the estate of Captain Gibbons, Co. Limerick. Father Sheeby received a most enthusiastic welcome, and was presented with addresses from the following bodies : The Dundalk Town Commission. ers, Board of Guardians, Harbor Commis-sioners, Young Ireland Society, and Lord Edward Fitzgerald Irish National Foresters.

He was escorted in the evening to the parochial house by a huge procession, accompanied by several bands. The build-ing was styled "Hut No. 1,"

Ing was styled "Hut No. 1." On Jan. 10, District Inspector McDon-ald, in charge of fifty men, proceeded to Trenchew, Newmarket on Fergus, to assist the sheriff in the eviction of one P. Casey, on the estate of Mr. Singleton. Previous to their arrival the members of the local Gaelic club took possession of the tenant's house and bailt up the doors and windows. The property is in court for the past five years, during which period the tenant was not asked for rent. Previous to 1886 the rent was $\pounds147$. When asked for the full rent, viz., $\pounds734$, he was unable to pay it, but if a fair reduction was made he would pay. The landlord seemed inclined to come to a settlement but for the agent, and some time since Casey's cattle, sheep, horses, and a car, were sold by the sheriff at Ennis, and bought for £40, the balance, £586 remaining due. To realize that amount an eviction was attempted on January 10th. On the approach of the evicting party a mounted messenger was despatched, and the chapel bells were set a ringing and horns blowing from the bill tors. In a chart time the from the hill tops. In a short time the house was barricaded and defended by 200 men. The sheriff and agent seeing the state of affairs, the former suggested a settlement. Casey said he was willing, and would meet his landlord half way. penny. Casey, pointing to his house, said, "Then go and take it." This seemed to have the desired effect on the agent, who was disappointed at the bold and defiant challenge of the tenant, and ultimately offered to take £300 as a settlement of £680, together with £60 costs, in full set. tlement of all claims up to September. Longford. Lord Greville who holds property in and around the town of Granard, from 1885, and for the year's rent up to Sep-tember, 1886, viz.—£1 7s—he agreed to take £90, and gave on that a reduction of 25 per cent., which settlement was agreed to by both parties.

Limerick.

Limerick. The Bishop has made the following changes:-Rev. P. Brennan, C. C., Birr, King's County, to be P. P., Carrigaholt, vice Rev. M. O'Donoghue, deceased; Rev. J. McNamara, C.C., Clare Castle, to be C.C., Birr; Rev. P. O'Meara, Castle-connell, to Lorrha; Rev. J. Gleeson, Lorrha, to Templederry; Rev. J. Daly, Dankerrin, to Toomavara; Rev. J. Lini-han, Toomavara, to Ballinacally; Rev. J. McKenna, Ballinacally, to Coalmeen: Rev. McKenna, Ballinacally, to Coalmeen; Rev. Thomas Kelly, Coalmeen, to Doora; Rev. dward Fitzgerald Irish National Fores. P. Hogan, Doora, to Kilmeally; Rev. J. Costigan, Kilmeally, to Clare Castle; Rev. J, Maguire, Frikle, to Dunkerron,

Bown.

Intelligence has been received that the Holy See has confirmed the nomination of the Very Rev. Dr. McGivern, P. P., Drumgath, to the Coadjutor Bishop-ric of Dromore. The Very Rev. gentle-man is a native of Annaclene, where he was born in 1829, and his career has been confined entirely to the diocese of Diomore. His appointment is received with great satisfaction throughout the diocese.

Galway.

A meeting of the parish priests of the united dioceses of Galway, Kilmacduagh, and Kilferona was held, on January 11th, at Athenry, to elect a Vicar Capitular, pending the appointment of a successor to Dr. Carr, now Archbishop of Melbourne, His Grace the Archbishop of Tuam, and Metropolitan of the diocese of Galway, presided. There were twenty parish priests present, and the selection fell upon Very Rev. Father Power of Lisdoonvarna.

On Jan. 11, the tenants on the estate of Captain P. J. Conan, J. P., assembled to a man at his residence, Eyrecourt, county Galway, to request an abatement of 40 per cent. After a good deal of reasoning on the present depression of the times, he generously, as is his wont, consented to grant an abatement of 35 per cent., and intimated his design of making same known to his agent at It is only justice to add that once, since he became owner of his estate in the county he had always acted as con-

the children of men.

Saved from the Wreck.

If the delicate organization of woman gets out of order, prompt application of remedial agents is required to save it from total wreck. In all such cases, whether to assist nature in the discharge of her functions, or to repair damages caused by diseases of special organs, there is no remedy so mild, and yet so effective, as Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," prepared at the World's Dispensary at Buffalo, N. Y., and administered for many years to thousands of patients with the happiest results results.

James Cullen, Pool's Island, N. F., writes: I have been watching the progress of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil since its introduction to this place, and with much pleasure state that my anticipations of its success have been fully realized, it having cured me of bronchitis and soreness of nose; while not a few of my 'rheu. matic neighbors' (one old lady in particular) pronounce it to be the best article of its kind that has ever been brought before the public. Your medicine does not re-quire any longer a sponsor, bat if you wish me to act as such, I shall be only too happy to have my name connected with your prosperous child.

He Shook It.

"I was subject to ague for two or three seasons, which nothing would eradicate until I tried Bardock Blood Bitters, since which time, four years, I have had no return of the disease." W. J. Jordan, Strange, Ont.

A Cure for Drunkenness.

Strange, Oat.
A Cure for Drunkenness.
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