

# CANADA LUMBERMAN

## WEEKLY EDITION

The Lumberman Monthly Edition, 20 pages } \$1.00 PER YEAR (The Lumberman Weekly Edition, every Wednesday

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### CANADA LUMBERMAN

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Weekly Lumberman, published every Wednesday. Contains reliable and up-to-date market conditions and tendencies in the principal manufacturing districts and leading domestic and foreign wholesale markets. A weekly medium of information and communication between Canadian timber and lumber manufacturers and exporters and the purchasers of timber products, at home and abroad.

Lumberman, Monthly. A 20-page journal, discussing fully and impartially subjects pertinent to the lumber and wood-working industries. Contains interviews with prominent members of the trade, and character sketches and portraits of leading lumbermen. Its special articles on technical and mechanical subjects are especially valuable to saw mill and planing mill men and manufacturers of lumber products.

Subscription price for the two editions for one year, \$1.00.

### WANTED AND FOR SALE

Advertisements will be inserted in this department at the rate of 15 cents per line each insertion. When four or more consecutive insertions are ordered a discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed. This notice shows the width of the line and is set in Nonpareil type, and no display is allowed beyond the head line. Advertisements must be received not later than 4 o'clock p.m. on Tuesday to insure insertion in the current week's issue.

#### WANTED.

1 IN. HARD MAPLE 150,000 FT NO 1 AND 2, all 14 ft. Name lowest cash price delivered at Brooklyn, N. Y. Address: MANUFACTURER, 457 7th Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

## TENDERS WANTED

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS Department up to and including the seventh day of October next, for the right to cut the pine trees over seven inches in diameter on the stump, in the township of Hodgins, in the district of Algoma.

Parties making tenders will state: (1) The amount they are prepared to pay in lump sum, as bonus for the right to cut all the pine trees over seven inches in diameter on the stump, or (2) The amount they are prepared to pay per thousand feet board measure for the timber cut into saw logs, and the rate they are prepared to pay for square or round timber made into square or round board timber. The timber when cut, to be subject to the following rates of dues: On saw logs \$1.25 per thousand feet board measure; on square or round timber \$1.75 per thousand feet cubic. No pine trees of a diameter less than seven inches on the stump shall be cut. The Department reserves all timber except the pine, together with the right to dispose of such other timber as may be necessary in the premises to cut and remove the same. Terms of payment: If tender be accepted for lump sum, one-third cash, balance in three and six months notes for balance to be endorsed by parties satisfactory to the Department.

If tender be accepted at a rate per thousand feet, payment to be made as cutting progresses. A marked cheque for one thousand dollars must accompany each order.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For further particulars apply to C. Campbell, Crown Timber Agent, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., or Department of Crown Lands, Toronto.

(Signed) A. S. HARDY.

Department of Crown Lands,  
Toronto, 5th Sept., 1895.

The Baker Lumber Co., of Gravenhurst, shipped a number of deals to Scotland last week.

ADVERTISER WANTS SITUATION AS Buyer, Shipper, Inspector or Salesman. 25 years experience in Canadian and American markets. Pine and hardwoods. Best references. "Lumberman," care CANADA LUMBERMAN.

#### FOR SALE.

FINE MILL SITE FOR SALE, CONSISTING of about 60 acres in Midland harbor, just adjoins the town; shipments can be made either by water or rail. Apply for particulars to JAMES BRYDON, Collingwood.

#### FOR SALE.

450 FT. OF SECOND HAND 1 IN. STEEL wire cable, also one good shingle mill drag saw, good as new; also two double frictions complete. Above all made by the Wm. Hamilton Co., of Peterboro. Write us for particulars.

J. W. HOWRY & SONS, Fenelon Falls.

#### FOR SALE

LUMBER BUSINESS IN NEW BRUNSWICK, consisting of Steam Saw and Planing Mill; also one hundred miles of spruce limits. Mill almost new and in good running order; property must be sold to wind up an estate.

IRVING R. TODD,  
Milltown, New Brunswick.

#### CURRENT TRADE CONDITIONS.

ONTARIO.

THE lumber situation this week remains much as it was at the time of our last issue. Confidence at the business outlook appears to be strengthening, favoured by encouraging crop reports and fine harvest weather. Low prices deter farmers from being in a hurry to sell, but they are learning by degrees that, taking one year with another, it is best to market their crops as soon as possible. As the money they receive goes into circulation, the lumber trade, in common with all others, must feel the benefit. The strong and rapid advance in the price of iron and steel will place a check on the use of these materials for structural purposes, with a corresponding advantage for lumber, in buildings actually planned for. At the same time some of our dealers cannot see that the advance rests on a firm basis, and express their conviction that it is only temporary. In addition, the insurance companies require iron to be used in a certain class of building, so that no matter how much it costs, it must be employed. The increased demand for lumber as a result of the advance in iron, must therefore be limited. The result too of the good crop will be felt slowly. But hopefulness is manifested, and that in itself is an encouraging feature, and will help to stimulate business. At present lumber orders are usually for small lots, to supply present demand, rather than for stocking up the yards.

#### QUEBEC AND NEW BRUNSWICK.

In Quebec, crops are reported as fairly good, and the same will hold true generally, of the Maritime Provinces. Montreal reports trade behind expectations. Merchants in the Lower Provinces are

buying very conservatively. These general trade conditions are reflected in the lumber market, which partakes of the same conditions.

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The situation in British Columbia is stated by a correspondent as follows: Repeated rumors to the contrary there is no uniform advance in lumber prices in British Columbia. When it was incorrectly reported in the newspapers that lumber had advanced, the workmen in the lumber mills at once demanded more pay, and it was difficult to convince them that there had been no advance. Some effort was made toward uniform action by mill owners, but as yet no results have been obtained. Though lumber is selling below the prices quoted in the trade journals, prices have an upward tendency, being regulated by the law of supply and demand, and the mills are able, owing to the numerous requests for cargoes, to pick their customers, and secure charters at rates somewhat higher than heretofore. In fact the demand for lumber here, and the higher prices on the Sound, are slowly but surely forcing up the prices in British Columbia, and for the first time in ten years lumbermen are able to refuse unprofitable charters offered, and do business at a profit. As to the Manitoba market for British Columbia lumber, it has sold, delivered at Winnipeg, for some time, at prices which must have been ruinous to the producers, steep cuts having been made to secure business. Recently, owing to the revival in the lumber trade at the coast, manufacturers there have not been pushing business in Manitoba at such heavy cuts, and on lines which were cut the lowest they are asking advances. Cedar shingles, which were being sold, delivered c. i. f., at as low as \$2, are now held at \$2.25 delivered. No recent changes have been made in local selling prices, however, notwithstanding advances at the mills in some lines of British Columbia lumber.

#### UNITED STATES.

The labor holiday, and advances on some classes of lumber going into effect on Sept. 1 have had a tendency to check orders temporarily, but on the whole the distribution trade has been well maintained, though showing a falling off from the preceding week. In eastern cities consumption is large, showing a marked increase over last year. The shipments from Lake Superior have been checked by the advance in freight rates, which amounts to about \$2 a thousand to Buffalo and Tonawanda, and a little more to Chicago. This advance is due to a lack of tonnage, the larger vessels having been diverted

to the grain and ore trade. A large number of vessels are on their way from Lake Erie to Lake Superior, but vesselmen say this will have no effect on rates as they will all be wanted for grain and ore. The lumber, if sent forward at rates contracted for, will either undergo an advance to consumers to cover the increased freight, or dealers will lose money. Rail rates continue moderate. Stocks at lake ports are somewhat unbalanced, there being too much coarse inch stuff and too little framing and dimension timber. In the east there is a fairly active demand for pine. Yellow pine is being sold in large quantities. Hemlock has advanced in Philadelphia under the influence of an agreement among dealers. Car stock is in demand, as the railway companies feel the necessity for an immediate increase of rolling stock to move the crops. Spruce prices are a little better, although the combination has suspended the obligation as to prices among its members, for a time. The New York market is somewhat erratic, a condition for which the dealers can offer no satisfactory explanation. Throughout New England manufacturers and dealers have every reason to be hopeful. On Puget Sound there is a marked improvement in business, but freight rates are high, and the lumbermen wonder why the railways give better rates for fish than they are willing to do for timber and shingles.

#### FOREIGN.

The British market has undergone no change this week, nor is it likely to for some time. Dealers are ready to pick up bargains which can be turned over quickly at a profit, but otherwise are disposed to pursue a conservative policy. With reference to Canadian woods the Timber Trades Journal has this to say: The market for spruce is showing signs of improvement, and a much healthier tone prevails amongst all the large whitewood centres. Stocks on the other side are only moderate, owing to the unusually dry summer experienced, and prices of Lower Port Deals are up quite 5s a standard. At Quebec values are about holding their own. In Ireland there is a large demand for 2nds, but shippers are obliged to refuse offers from that quarter, as buyers are not satisfied unless they can get two-thirds of the quality mentioned, but as the mills only produce one-third seconds, it is awkward to do business. Pine is stronger everywhere in London, but prices continue low for this season's cut, and the business done still on a hand-to-mouth scale, which increases the expenses without adequate returns. The threat of the Bristol merchants to veto consign-