

The Pigeon Berry (*Duranta Plumieri*) is abundant, growing everywhere. It is from 6 to 12 feet high, with smooth glossy leaves, and its blue flowers merge into long stalks drooping over with wax-like yellow berries, the size of a pea, very ornamental, but highly poisonous. It is abundant on cuttings through hills on the roadside, drooping over gracefully.

The Sage Bush (*Lantana crocea*), a handsome shrub with yellow or orange-coloured flowers, one and a-half inches in diameter, has taken possession of most of the wayside waste ground, and along the old stone walls where it mostly flourishes. It is a greenhouse flower in the north, but is so common in Bermuda as to be thought nothing of. A kindred bush (*Lantana Odorata*), is very common and is used for cleansing kitchen utensils after fish, a few sprays of it taking away all traces of previous cooking, when boiled for a short time. It has nothing in common with the pot herb Sage, nor with the Sage bush of the American desert (*Artemesia*).

The Snuff Plant (*Buddleja Americana*) is a very showy shrub, 6 to 10 feet high, branched from its base, with a woolly down on its foliage, the leaves being 3 or 4 inches long. Its blossoms hang in drooping clusters of from 4 to 6 inches, of a yellow colour, presenting a pretty appearance. Its drooping growth is not unlike that of the weeping willow.

The Wild Acacia (*Lucana glauca*) is common on waysides and in hedges. Its flowers are in dense globular white heads, and the seeds which hang in the pods are used for making necklaces, under the misnomer of *Cassia* seeds.

There is a straggling sea-side shrub, 2 to 3 feet high, with fleshy leaves and small pinkish flowers, followed by a black fruit, the size of a cherry, not edible. It is the *Scavola Plumieri*, but I could find no common name by which it is known. It is very abundant fringing sandy bays.

The Bay Berry (*Myrica cerifera*) a bushy shrub, bearing brown catkins, followed by berries in dense clusters, half the size of a pea, coated with white fragrant wax used in America for candles, is abundant in marshy valleys. The Elder (*Sambucus niger*) is