Notes on Annapolis History.

Alexander How.

BY W. A. CALNEK.

XXI.

The remaining part of this letter, though it relates to another subject, is full of interest, and never before published. I therefore quote it in full:—

"Since my last I have made further enquiries in respect to *Gautier*. I find that he was an old Frenchman*, married to a daughter of an Acadian Frenchman named *Allain*, and owned (I suppose by his marriage) that tract of land at the head of the cape, at Annapolis, now belonging to Mr. Easton's estate, and when the mill is built on Allain's creek that runs down at the back of the fort. This Gautier was an arch rebel against the British government, as early as 1744 or 1745—set himself with Bourdon and Duvivier at the head of the French, who invested this fort previous to the attack on Loinsburg, and after doing as much mischief as they could, relinquished their design and went to the relief of Louisburg. But Gautier had left spies and skulkers in his house to watch the motions of this garrison, and give accounts of its strength. My father, Major Phillips, and Matthew Winniett, who is now alive supported by a small detachment, invested the house in the night and brought the whole family prisoners to the fort.

Gautier, after the reduction of Louisburg, 1745, returned here, gave himself up as a prisoner to be with his family, and in the winter, with the assistance of one Maigre Leblanc, and several others, who were prisoners for their treasonable conduct, broke their prison, and availing themselves of the height of the snow, scaled the walls with all his family, and has never been heard of here since. His lands were confiscated and given to Mr Easton, on condition that he keep up the mill. The minutes of council from 1744 to 1749 may throw some light on the character of this fellow. He was a merchant here of some consequence with the natives. I shall procure a written evidence with regard to him, from three very old inhabitants here, as respectable for their character as for their antiquity.

In the following year (1792) he seems still to have lived in Granville, indeed there is a letter extant which affirms the fact, and speaks of his farm, which was that now, and for many years past, known as the *Gesner Farm*. It is said by tradition that his political opponent, Seabury, once owned the same property, and that it was purchased from him by Mr. How. The letter to which reference has just been made, was addressed to the Provincial Secretary, and was, concerning the removal of the negroes. 'In it he says he has charged one pound per day for the services in that matter, which if His Excellency thinks is too much, may be reduced, and he affirmed he "would rather have His Excellency's approbation than any pecuniary compensation," but he adds, with much *naiveté*, that he was "never so much in want of money, my Jamacia attorneys not having made any returns for several years." From this it is plain he possessed an interest in some plantation in that island.

At the general election, which occurred near the close of 1792, Mr. How was again a candidate, and a successful one. On the meeting of the new Assembly his old opponent Barclay was chosen speaker, but whether he was opposed by How, as on a former occasion, I do not know.

His parliamentary life and labors came to a close in 1799. His public career as a representative, therefore, covers the space of thirteen years, 1786—1799. It is to be regretted that no extended reports of the speeches of members of this period have come down to our times. Judging from the shreds of correspondence and fragments of speeches which have survived to the present day, he seems to have been a gentleman of very considerable culture and intellectual power, and tradition still assures us that he was esteemed for a humane and kindly disposition, and amiable social qualities. His connection with the country terminated in 1797 or 1798, though he continued to represent it in the Assembly until 1799. He removed to the capital, where he was for some time charged with the management of the *Maroons*. Shortly after the beginning of the century he received the appointment of Assistant Commissary General in Prince Edward Island, and was made a member of the Council there. These positions he held until 1811, when he resigned them both and returned to this province, taking up his residence in the town of Dartmouth. Before his departure from the Island he was presented with the following address, which is here given as an illustration of the high estimation his social and official conduct had gained for him during his residence there.

Sir,—The many years you have resided here have afforded us ample opportunity of forming a just estimate of your private and public character and conduct. The test of time has stamped both with a value that cannot be effaced from our recollection. In your private situation we lose a kind-hearted friend, a sensible acquaintance, and a cheerful companion.

"In the public capacity as a member of his Majesty's Council, the Island will be deprived of those servicable talents, of that firm aid, experience, and support, of that excellent knowledge in Colonial Legislation, which, for a long series of years, has so justly and deservedly drawn forth the unanimous encomiums of this community. Your wish, so often reported, in the fulness of your heart, of making this Island your constant home, and of ending your days with us, has made us, has made that lively impression on our minds, which sentiments so kindly expressed justly merit, renders your departure the more to be lamented.

We cannot conclude without expressing our firm hope that your long services will not be allowed to go unrewarded, and that you will still meet with a remuneration from government, sufficiently ample to make the evening of your days glide on with ease and comfort. Wishing you and your family every happiness and prosperity, we remain with sincere regard and esteem, &c., &c.

To this rather incoherent, grandiose and ill-written, but warm hearted and friendly address, which was signed by George Irving, High Sheriff of P. E. I., on behalf of the inhabitants, Mr. How made the following neatly expressed and appropriate reply.

Gentlemen,—The kind and honorable testimony your approbation bears of my public and private conduct, since my arrival in this Island, is truly gratifying to me, and for which I give you my most sincere thanks. I assure you, gentlemen, that your very kindly sentiments on the subject of my departure are, and ever shall be, indelibly expressed on my heart; while it beats I will retain the affectionate respect I feel for a society in which I have been treated with the greatest kindness and hospitality, and with which it would be my pride, as well as my wish to live.

Circumstances having taken place by which I am obliged to quit the Island, I leave you with unfeigned sorrow, wishing your families every happiness that can be bestowed on the most favored subjects of the Almighty's care.

With my most earnest prayer for the prosperity of this Island, and all its inhabitants, I have the honor to remain with affectionate regard, &c., &c.

(Signed), ALEXANDER HOW.

He married Margaret Ann Green, daughter of Harry Green, and grand daughter of Benjamin Green, the first Provincial Treasurer, by whom he had several children—three of whom survived him. Of these, one son was educated at King's College, Windsor, and was a class-mate of the late reverend John Milledge, L. L. D., who was for many years Rector of St. Luke's church, at Annapolis. His name was Richard John Uniacke How. Soon after leaving college he entered the military service, and become a Captain in the 81st regiment. In 1838 he marred, at Ilfracombe, in Devonshire, Judith, daughter of Thomas Benson, Esq., of Cockermouth, Cumberland, and retired on half-pay in 1840. Of the two other children no particulars have been obtained—even their sex remaining unknown to me.

He died in Dartmouth, in January, 1813, in the 64th year of his age. His widow, who survived him *thirty three* years, died in the same town, at a very advanced age, in 1847. An interesting relic of this lady is still in the possession of Mrs. Edwin Morse, of Bridgetown, in the form of an arm chair which is known as "madam How's chair," to this day. It was probably purchased at the sale of How's effects, on his removal from the country, by Mrs. Morse's father, who was a neighbor. Illustrative of the popularity of this gentleman, it may be added that it was not an uncommon event to name children to his honor—as Alexander How Troop (father of the late Speaker, J. C. Troop, Esq.,) and Alexander How Winniett, youngest son of the late Sheriff Winniett.

** That is born in old France.*

[*For the Monitor.*

Teacher's Association.

The Teacher's Association for Inspectoral District No. 4, embracing the Counties of Digby and Annapolis, convened in its third annual meeting in Whitman's Hall, Annapolis, April 27th, 1882.

The Association was called to order by L. S. Morse, Esq, M. A., inspector of schools for the district. Upwards of sixty teachers were in attendance. After the transaction of preliminary business, officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

Vice President—S. C. Shaffner.
Sec. Treasurer—I. M. Longley.
Managing Committee — Messrs. A. D Brown, N. E. Butler, R. W. Ford, Messrs. C. E Longley and S. Bonyman.

The following programme of subjects was provided by the Managing Committee.

Needed Reforms in our Public Schools, *Mr. J. A Balcom.*
The Best Method of Teaching Geography, *Mr. Jas. P. Nowlan.*
The Successful Teacher, *Mr. W. E. Read.*
Improved methods of teaching since 1848, *Mr. Phineas Whitman.*
The Teacher's Opportunities and How to Improve them, *Mr. N. E. Butler.*
Process of Subtraction, *Miss Bonyman.*
Oral lesson in Analysis, *Mr. A. D. Brown.*

Mr. Balcom treated of the necessity of making due provision for the physical as well as the mental development of the child. Commodious play-ground, a proper supply of school furniture, arranged with due regard to the comfort and convenience of pupils were considered as essentials to success, while the adorning of the walls with suitable pictures and mottos added much to its good cheer.

While in these respects there was much need for reform, there was also ample room for improvement in the methods of imparting instruction. The cramming system, lifting pupils over difficulties, and too much government were faults especially noted. Among the elements of success in the teacher himself were noted natural practical talent and decision.

The discussion on this subject was continued by Dr. J. B. Hall, N. E. Butler, P. J. Chute and A. D. Brown.

The afternoon session was opened by a discussion on the best method of conducting an exercise in Dictation. Then followed a paper on "The Successful Teacher" by Mr. W. E. Read.

The teacher should be both a scholar and a student, books should not form his only source of knowledge, his teaching should be as far as possible *practial*, this aim not only to communicate knowledge, but to awaken an interest in study as well. The application of skill, in relation to the physical development of the pupil, was considered of paramount importance.

The teacher should possess a high sense of his calling, clear conception of moral truth, and by giving his pupils constant and suitable employment, banish largely the necessity of punishment. Sympathetic, prompt and cheerful, he will most surely win for himself the pupils best affections, and thus lead them the more successfully along the rugged paths of knowledge.

The subject was further considered in a discussion which was carried on by Messrs. W. E. Read, P. Whitman, S. C. Shaffner and Dr. Hall.

The President here introduced to the attention of the association the course of study as embodied in the prospectus of the Acadia Science Club, and commended it to the teachers present as a valuable means of self-improvement.

Some questions on the grammatical structure of sentences followed, the discussion of which was carried on by Messrs. L. D. Morse, A. D. Brown, S. C. Shaffner and N. E. Butler.

Further was considered the "Best Method of Teaching Geography." This was the source of lively discussion, in which the proper use of maps formed a prominent feature, and was participated in by C. E. Cornwell, A. D. Brown, S. C. Shaffner and others. The Association also listened with interest to the explanation of the cause of the tide on the side of the earth opposite the attracting body, with blackboard illustration as given by Dr. Hall.

On Thursday evening the Supt. of education delivered a public lecture in the interest of our educational work. He noted the work of the day school as an important factor in rendering effective the instruction secured at the S. School. He regarded the first years of our school system as years of trial, and time was testing the results. The teachers in our common schools should train their pupils to think and reason for themselves, thus placing in their hands the key of knowledge. The uniform developement of the faculties would be the outgrowth of a systematic course of study. Many other topics of interest were carefully considered.

On motion a vote of thanks was tendered the Supt., which met with an appreciative response.

Rev. M. Ritchie, Dr. Hall and T. W. Whitman, Esq., each advanced practical hints relative the education of the young, after which the meeting was closed by singing the "National Anthem."

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The paper upon "Improved methods of Teaching since 1848," by Mr. Phineas Whitman, was a clear exposition of correct method, and its practical illustration in teaching the various branches of our common schools. The author treated method under the three divisions, 1st, naturally progressive, 2nd rational, 3rd, objective, each being clearly defined and enlarged.

Inquiry being raised by Mr. P. J. Chute as to the practability of the phonic method of teaching reading, the Supt. of Education gave his views on the question, which were heartily received by the members of the Association, &c.

The subject of "History and How Best to Teach it," was then introduced and spoken upon by Messrs. N. E. Butler, I. M Longley, S. C. Shaffner, A. D. Brown, P. J. Chute and M. L. Fields.

"The Opportunities of the Teacher and How to Improve them" was treated by Mr. N. E Butler.

He considered it not the highest work of the teacher to make of his pupils good readers, good writers and able mathematicians; but to train them to become good citizens. Examples for the introduction of such sentiments as loyalty, patriotism, &c., are not wanting in every day school, earthquakes, pestilence, and such dire calamities in other lands are in the hands of the skilful teacher, suitable opportunities for the fostering of patriotic sentiment is naturally and clearly developed from the physical surroundings of the inhabitants of the different zones. The writer also treated of the obligation of the teacher in regard to moral truth. He assumed that the teacher held *pro tem* the place of the parent as an instructor, and in that position should consider himself responsible for the moral training of the child.

The Supt. while endorsing in the main sentiments of the paper, took exception to some of the broad statements expressed therein, particularly to the teachers obligation respecting moral teaching. He then defined what, in the legal sense, were the duties of the teacher in this respect.

Questions grammatical, analytical and practical, from the "Question Box," were then discussed proving of much benefit and interest of those present.

The meeting on Friday afternoon was devoted largely to practical teaching. Accompanied by a class of little ones, Miss Bonyman first illustrated the "Process of Substraction," and was followed by Mr. A. D. Brown in an "Oral Lesson on Analysis," also taught to a class of suitable age. These were both highly successful efforts and were amongst the most interesting exercises of the meetings.

The Association then listened to some cheering words from Rev. E. B. Moore, Thos. Whitman, Esq, and the Supt. of Education.

A vote of thanks was tendered Dr. Allison for his presence and aid, also to the officers of the Association for their services; to Thos. Whitman, Esq. for the Hall, and to his estimable lady for the elegant bouquet which decorated our tables, all of which received the hearty respond of the teachers.

After the transaction of other necessary business the Association adjourned, to meet in its next annual gathering at such time and place as shall be determined by the Managing Committee.

I. M. LONGLEY, Secy.

Washington Letter.

(From our Regular Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25th, 1882.

In spite of the grim tragedy that hung like a pall over the opening of the fashionable season at the Capital, Vanity Fair has never shown with more brilliancy than during the past winter and present Spring, and now that the six months of mourning prescribed by our English imitating official etiquitte is over, and the repressive days of Lent are passed, all semblance of restraint is laid aside and Washington, from sage Senator to sweet sixteen, is nightly massed at the opera. At the Presidential receptions during the last two weeks the dressing was unsurpassed by anything I have ever seen, except perhaps the toilettes of "Nana" and those of her class at the *grand prix de Paris* in 1878. The gentleman of the foreign legations wore court dress with great display of golden lace and buttons, and it was necessary for the ladies to throw the utmost possible splendor into their costumes in order to vie in brilliancy with the trinseled soldiers and diplomats. The display of diamonds was literally dazzling. No such display has been seen since Mrs. Astor appeared, during the last administration, loaded with precious stones and followed by a hired detective.

Among successful dinner givers Senator Fair must be awarded the first place. He lives in a large house adjoining the Arlington Hotel. The building is superb in all its appointments. The practically unlimited wealth of the bachelor Senator enables him to dine everybody that is worth dining. It was impossible of course for Congress, Officers of the Army, and of the Navy to sit down to his table at one time, but he has followed the programme of the President's State Dinners, and by inviting en group, has gotten pretty well through the list. At a dinner given by him attended by the President, Cabinet, and their families, there were sixteen courses and eight varieties of wine.

President Arthur has not upheld the enthusiasm, and has incurred the displeasure of those who lament the end of the administration of Mrs. Hayes. He has been accused of unseeming debauchery, and of making the White House a chapel of drunken saturnalia. On the other hand it is claimed that while not a total abstainer he has complete control of his appetite, and that neither he nor his companions ever go beyond the bounds of decorum. One of his defenders goes so far as to say that his cares and his devotion to the business of his exalted office have caused him to lose twenty pounds in weight. I do not believe this last story. He is certainly stouter looking, and has more color than he had when he presided over the Senate one year ago, or when he appeared at the Inaugural Ball at the National Museum. Mr. Cushing was lecturing on the mythology of the Zuni Indians, while half-a-dozen representatives of the tribe, in native costume, sat on the platform behind him, fast asleep. I could not help thinking of the last time I had been in the building, lighted and heated to suffocation crowded with the wealth and talent and beauty and wickedness of the country. About ten o'clock there was a commotion in the crowd, and a rush to the western door through which entered the pale, careworn, bored-looking President with Mrs. Garfield on his arm.

Putting the Chief on His Feet.

The Hamilton, Ont., Fire Department, under the training and supervision of Chief A. W. Atchison, is not excelled in efficiency by that of any other city in the Dominion. Chief Atchison, by the way, met with a very severe accident in driving to a fire not long ago. His head, shoulders and back were injured in a terrible manner. Being asked how he accounted for his rapid recovery, he repled: "Simply enough; St. Jacobs Oil can put any man on his feet, if there is any life in him at all. I used that wonderful medicine from the start, and the result is, that I am today in prime health and condition. St. Jacobs Oil, the panacea that comes to the relief of the Fireman for rheumatism, burns, etc., served me in my trouble and cured me quickly, completely and permanently. It is the standard medicine here in the Fire Department."

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

(*To the Editor of the Monitor.*)

Sir,—As there are various routes of travel between the lower Canadian Provinces and the United State, and these lines all cater energetically for business, it may not be out of place for one who frequently travels by one of these lines, to mention through your columns, for the benefit of the few who are yet left in Nova Scotia, and who may intend to follow their friends and neighbors who have gone before (not dead) what line appears to offer most advantages.

We left Digby on the 20th inst., at one o'clock on board S. S. Secret, and reached Boston on the evening of the 21st inst., at eight o'clock. The ship was very heavily laden, several hundred bbls. more than she is supposed to carry when fully loaded. This could be done with safety, as a large portion of the cargo was apples being forwarded to England via Boston. Apples are a light cargo, and a ship will carry more than her carrying capacity will accommodate.

We had about one hundred and twenty passengers, most of whom were going to the States in search of employment. The most of these were young men and women who had every appearance of being not only able, but willing to encounter any amount of work in its more rugged forms, just such material as Nova Scotia must keep at home and give employment to, before she shall be blessed with the tidal wave of prosperity about which, through political sources, we have of late heard so much.

The Secret is a paddle boat formerly run in the Gulf trade, and recently purchased by Messrs. Hatheway & Co., of Boston, to run in conjunction with the Hunter on the new line between Annapolis and Boston, recently established by this enterprising firm. She is a seagoing boat and well calculated to cope with heavy weather.

Her commander, Captain Ludlow, is a thorough seaman and good pilot on this route, which together with his affable and gentlemanly demeanour, adds greatly to the feeling of security as well as to the pleasure and comfort of the passengers, and what can be said of the captain in this respect, can also be truthfully said of the subordinate officers of many of the steamers running in American & Canadian waters appear to think that gruff indifference, if not actual indifference, toward passengers is about the correct thing as soon as the the passage money is bagged.

There are three substantial meals per day provided on board the Secret, for which the moderate price charged is fifty cents each. The cooking on board may not have reached the dignity of a science or even an art but the passage is a short one from Annapolis to Boston and no one need go hungry.

The agent informed us that as the spring is now at hand, they are about to "clean house" and put new carpets, &c., in the saloons and staterooms in place of the present furniture which has become somewhat defaced from faithful service.

There can be but little doubt that the business of this line which has already developed and reached respectable proportion, shall continue to increase, greatly to the advantage and accommodation of the farmers and merchants of Nova Scotia as well as to the travelling public, all of whom we think can well afford to congratulate themselves that this new enterprise is in the hands of parties so disposed to accommodate the public in every possible way as are the Messrs Hatheway. The careful handling of the apples both at Annapolis when taking them in, and also at Boston when landing them, we pleased to notice, as most of your readers know Mr. Editor, that a great many apples are damaged from rough handling in transit after leaving the packer's or consignor's hand, in good condition.

Thanking you for space,
I am yours, &c.,
B.

April. 27th, 1882.

TELEGRAPH NOTES OF THE WEEK

London, April 27 —The *Times* says it is understood that the Government are considering the scheme of Mr. Shaw, member for Cork County, for dealing with arrears of rent in Ireland.

The *Times* also says it has reason to believe that the House of Lords Committee on the Land Act will recommend large and liberal terms, including the advance of the whole purchase money to tenants purchasing, the withdrawal of all limitation on the amount to be paid, and on the number of years purchase to be given, settlement to be left to the parties interested and the exaction of a fixed rate of interest by the State, subject to the condition that the annual payment on account of interest and sinking fund, and the number of years over which the payments are to extend, shall be so regulated that the tenant shall not have to pay a larger yearly sum than the amount of his original rent.

Ottawa, April 26.—It is reported that the Princess Louise will return to Canada early in June and accompany the Marquis to British Columbia.

At the Assizes here to-day, Dr. Griffiths, late clerk in the Railway and Canals Department was found guilty of bigamy. He is about 50 years of age, had a wife and eight children living about 100 miles from here and recently married a young Ottawa girl of 18 summers.

Fear Not.

All kidney and urinary complaints, especially Bright's Disease, Diabetes and liver troubles Hop Bitters will surely and lastingly cure. Cases exactly like your own have been cured in your own neighborhood, and you can find reliable proof at home of what Hop Bitters has and can do.

— Mr. John Buckler, the well known brick manufacturer of Saw Mill Creek, has purchased a block of land at the rear of the Baptist Church, known as the Johnson lots. This property contains an excellent bed of clay for brick making, and suitable also for good pottery. It is the intention of the purchaser to go extensively into the manufacture of bricks, using steam power and improved machinery in the process. We hope that a pottery factory will also be added to the establishment.—*Journal.*

— A new form of One Cent Canada Post Card has been issued. It is larger than the card hitherto in use, and the one cent postage stamp impressed thereon has a somewhat different appearance, but the device is the same. There is no marginal rim on the card, so that there is more room on the face side for the address.

☞ If you want to know the value of money, try to borrow some, and if you want to know the value of Esterbrook's steel pens you can ascertain it by testing them.

Perkins' Balsam of Hoarhound and Anise-Seed.

CURES:

Coughs, Colds, Shortness of Breath, Asthma, Diseases of Infancy and Childhood, Hoarseness, Pulmonary Consumption, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Sore Throat, Wheezing of the Breath, Bronchitis, Diarrhœa, Quinsy, Etc., Etc. Never failing for Children. Observe a fac-simile of the Manufacturer's Signature on the Wrapper of every Bottle.

B. F. PERKINS, Proprietor.
St. John, N. B. March 29, 1882.

Travellers should always carry a bottle of "PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN PANACEA" with them; a few drops in water will prevent sickness or pain from change of water.

Ottawa, April 20 —House sat until 4.15 and passed all the items for public works chargeable to income, amongst them the following for Nova Scotia harbors and Rivers:

Cow Cay, $3,000;
Benscadie Pond (to complete) $3,000;
Cheverie, Hants, $5,000;
Arisaig, $1,500;
Great Village River, Londonderry, $8,000;
Cape St. Mary (to complete), $2,500;
Digby Pier, $3,500;
White Point, $500;
Parrsboro (to complete), $2,500;
East Bay, $1,800;
Pier at Annapolis, $15,000.
Total, $58,300.

Dredging in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, $52,000.

Signal Service including Cape Sable connection with Barrington, $20,000.

Farmers' Market, Halifax.

	c.	c.		c.	c.
Choice Butter,	18 @	19	Heavy Pork,	8 @	9
Ordinary "	14 @	17	Small Pork,	8 @	9½
Early Rose Potatoes,	00 @	75	Black Oats,	50 @	55
Prolific do.,	00 @	75	White Oats,	50	
Turnips,	45		Beef, ⅌ Cwt.,	5 @	8
Choice Turkey,	15		Beef, on foot,	5 @	9
Fair to good,	12 @	14	Lambs,	6 @	7½
Ducks,	40 @	70	Mutton,	6 @	7
Geese,	40 @	60	Rabbits,	12 @	15
Hens,	20 @	60	Yarn,	50 @	60
Chickens,	20 @	60	Jowls, smoked,	7	
Fowls,	30 @	50	Jowls, green,	5 @	6
Ham,	60 @	12	Herring, smkd.,		
Dried Apples,	6½ @	7½	per hundred,	30 @	40
Fresh Eggs,	14 @	15	Cheese, fancy.,	10 @	11
Lined Eggs,	10 @	12	Cheese, dairy,	6 @	10

Heavy Mess Pork, per bbl.,	$20.00 @	$00.00	
Light " "	20.50 @	00.00	
Prime " "	14.00 @	16.00	
Parsnips, per bbl.,	1.50		
Apples, per barrel,	1.50 @	3.00	
Beans,	2.50 @	3.00	
Mitts, .75 @ $2.00.	Socks,	1.50 @	2.75
Straw, 8.00.	Hay,	10.00 @	12.00

☞ The above may be relied on, as it is corrected every week by WATSON EATON, COLONIAL MARKET, HALIFAX.

☞ Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy, and general corrective, *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil*. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, ear-ache, bruises, cuts and sores, succumb to its action.

☞ *Jacob H. Bloomer*, of Virgilie N. Y., writes:—"*Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil* cured a badly swelled neck and sore throat on my son in forty-eight hours; one application also removed the pain from a very sore toe; my wife's foot was also much inflamed—so much so that she could not walk about the house; she applied the Oil, and in twenty-four hours was entirely cured."

☞ There is no remedy known to science that will so speedily and so effectually cure or relieve lumbago, chronic or acute rheumatism, swollen or stiff joints as *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* used internally and externally.

☞ In answer to numerous inquiries we have to say that *Sheridan's Cavedity Conditon Powders* are a pure article. We know them to be so. They are as much superior to all others as a good thing is superior to a worthless one.

SERVICES ON SUNDAY NEXT.

Episcopal Church ..... 7, p. m
Methodist " ..... 7, p. m.
Baptist " ..... 11, a. m, 7½, p. m
Presbyterian " ..... Uncertain.
Roman Catholic Church.... 4th Sunday of every month.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

Marriages.

FELTUS—DURLING.—At the Methodist Parsonage, Bridgetown, on Wednesday, April 26th, by the Rev. D. W. Johnson A. B., Mr. Robert E. Feltus to Miss Euphemia M. Durling, both of Lawrencetown.

Deaths.

HALL.—At Hartford, Conn., on the 10th inst., of pneumonia, brought on by sudden cold, Edward James, son of Edward F. Hall, of Annapolis, aged 25 years.

MOUNTAIN.—On the 5th ult., at Yarbridge, Isle of Wight, Annie, wife of Rev. J. J. S. Mountain, and daughter of the late Rev. E. Gilpin, former Rector of Annapolis.

JAMES & ABBOT
Commission Lumber Merchants,
13 KILBY ST., BOSTON, U. S. A.

Consignments and correspondence solicited. Cash advances made on consignments. n24ly

Now, Will You Bite!
A FEW FIRST-CLASS
SLEIGHS!
for sale. Apply immediately to
JOHN HALL,
n42tf Lawrencetown.

Valuable Property for Sale or TO LET!

THAT pleasantly situated property in the Bridge Lane, so called, within five minutes walk of R. R. Station, with large and commodious BRICK HOUSE, and Outbuildings and about one acre of best land for gardening, and 80 Apple, Pear, Plum and Cherry Trees.

Purchaser can get easy terms for sale. Possession given 1st May.

GEORGE MURDOCH.
Bridgetown, April 17th, 1882.

Schr. "IVICA,"

CAPT. J. H. LONGMIRE, will ply as a Packet between Bridgetown and St. John, N. B., this season. All freight consigned to him carried cheap, and handled with every care.

Also—Plenty of the best

LIME,

at vessel or out of store. Apply to
MRS. LONGMIRE,
ap19ntf Bridgetown.

New Advertisements.

MUMFORD BROS.,
Produce Commission Agents
ARGYLE ST., Halifax, N. S.

HAVING leased our Hotel and Farmer's Market to S. S. Sanford, Esq., we beg to notify the public we still retain the North part of building for our own Commission Business, and will now be able to devote all our attention to sales of produce consigned to us.

Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

MUMFORD BROS.
April 10th, 1882.

READ AND PROFIT.

THE subscriber offers for sale his desirable FARM situated at Inglesville, about two and a half miles from the railroad station. The farm is 52 rods wide, and extends over two miles south. On the place there are a dwelling house and barn; a thrifty orchard; and a good well of water. 20 acres is hay land, 30 pasture land and the remaining portion is choice hardwood and timber land. There is considered to be enough timber on the place to pay for it.

TERMS.—Half the purchase money down; remainder on good security.

B. B. DANIELS.
Lawrencetown, April 7, 1882 pd13it12

Spring, - 1882.

John Lockett
HAS JUST RECEIVED:
4 Cases Mens', Youth's and Boys'
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
1 CASE TWEEDS,
For Mens' and Boy's wear.
6 Bales Room Paper.
English and Canadian, from 5c. to 25c.
500 Paper Window Blinds,
Something entirely new in Pattern and Color.
Green and Blue paper for Blinds.
1 Case Park's Ball Knitting Cotton, in all colors.
24 Cases Boots and Shoes,
As good value as any in the Dominion.
10 CASES RUBBERS.
2 CASES FELT HATS,
Hard and Soft.
☞ Don't forget to call on me when you have Butter, Eggs or any other produce, as I will, in all cases, give the highest prices.
☞ Eggs this week, 20 cents. ☜
John Lockett.
Bridgetown, March 15th, 1882.

New Store,
New Goods.
MIDDLETON STATION.

THE subscriber having just completed the enlargement of his premises respectfully invites the inspection of his new and varied stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes,

Especial attention is invited to one of the LARGEST STOCKS of Boots and Shoes to be found outside of the Cities, and at prices that defy competition. Ladies' and Misses' Fine KID BOOTS and SLIPPERS a specialty.

Ladies' and Mens' Overshoes and Rubbers.

Also, Crockery, Tinware, and everything found in a well stocked country store.

Always on hand, Flour, Meal, Lime, Salt, etc., at prices as Low as the Lowest.

It is not my intention to advertise impossible prices, but a comparison of prices is cordially invited. Close cash buyers will find it to their advantage to give me a call.

WANTED—100 doz. Good Home-knit Socks, at 25c. per pair; good double and twisted Yarn, at 60c. per lb; Cloth, butter, eggs, at the highest market rate — also, Lumber, Shingles, cordwood, etc,

J. H. CHUTE.
Jany. 16th, 1882. n40tf

Spring Suitings, 1882.
JUST RECEIVED AT THE
"BLUE" STORE.
A choice assortment of
ENGLISH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS, WORSTED CLOTHS, WEST OF ENGLAND BROADCLOTHS, &c., of the best value. All orders for Suitings promptly attended to. Fits guaranteed. Terms reasonable.
JOHN H. FISHER,
Merchant Tailor.
Bridgetown, April 16th, 1882.

Fresh Vegetable
AND
Flower Seeds
AT MIDDLETON!

The subscriber has received his spring supply of Garden Seeds, among which are—

EXTRA YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS ONION, (true.)
CARTER'S PURPLE TOP SWEDE TURNIP.
YELLOW GLOBE MANGOL WURTZEL.
LONG ORANGE CARROT, &c.

All of which he will dispose of at his usual low prices.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY:
The Amateur and Market
Gardner's Companion!

A book published at 25 cents.

Every purchaser of seeds amounting to fifty cents (50c.) will be entitled to a copy of the above useful work gratis.

H. CROSSKILL.
Middleton, April 3rd, 1881.

Notice of Assignment.

ISAAC L. WHITMAN,

OF Lawrencetown, in the County of Annapolis, did by deed of assignment made on the 21st day of March, A. D., 1882, and which has been duly recorded, grant and convey to me all his real and personal estate, for the payment of his debts; and creditors are duly notified that to entitle them to the benefits and proceeds of said estate, they must come in and execute said deed, which lies in my office at Lawrencetown, within three months from the date thereof.

L. R. MORSE, M. D., Assignee.
Dated at Lawrencetown, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1882. [6i5

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having legal claims against the estate of Parker Nelly of Brooklyn, are requested to render the same duly attested to within three months from the date, and all parties indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment.

J. H. NEILY, } Executors.
O. M. TAYLOR, }
Brooklyn, April 19th, '82.

New Advertisements.

BEARD & VENNING,
NO. 16 KING STREET (SOUTH SIDE).
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Fall Importations,
We have received during the past few weeks a full stock of
Autumn & Winter
DRY GOODS,
Embracing the latest productions in English, American and Canadian manufactures.
☞ Each Department is now well supplied and from being added to daily, will, for extent and variety, commend itself to our numerous customers.
TO WHOLESALE BUYERS
we offer special advantages, and invite their inspection.
☞ Homespun Cloth, Socks and Mits taken in payment.
BEARD & VENNING.

Can. Save Money
BY BUYING YOUR
FURNITURE
AT KELLY'S.

I have on hand and will be constantly receiving, a splendid assortment of CHAMBER SUITS, in Walnut, Ash, Basswood and ornamented Pine, of the newest and most beautiful designs, which I offer at astonishingly low prices. Parlor Suits a specialty, and finished in any style of covering, from Forty-five Dollars upwards. Everything in the Furniture line at equally low figures. Call and examine for yourselves, I will convince you that you have found the right place to purchase your Furniture.

THOMAS KELLY.
Bridgetown, March 20th, 1882.

FOR SALE.

That FARM AT MARGARETVILLE, in the County of Annapolis, lately owned and occupied by
W. P. STRONACH.
containing about
82 ACRES,
With House, Barns, etc. Price, $620. $400 may remain on property at 6 per cent.
Apply to
J. N. & T. RITCHIE,
ap5 6i5] Halifax.

Flour and Meal.

THE Subscriber has a large consignment of FLOUR, CORN MEAL and OAT MEAL which he offers for sale at
LOW RATES,
EITHER
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE, SUCH AS WOOD, BUTTER, EGGS, RYE-STRW, BEANS, POTATOES, ETC.
P. NICHOLSON.
Bridgetown, January 5th, 1882.

COTTAGE FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at Private Sale, his Cottage at PARADISE, together with a good stable and other outbuildings, all in good repair.

The property is situated in the village of Paradise, is within five minutes walk of the Windsor and Annapolis Railway Station, two churches and a first-class grade Day School, which, with its pleasant and attractive surroundings make it one of the most desirable residences that has been offered to the public for some time. Possession given at any time.

Terms made known on application to
W. F. MORSE.
Paradise, April 3rd, 1882 tfn52

NEWEST Importation of
TEA!
CROSSKILL has Just received a fresh supply of Tea, equal in quality to the last. No better in the County.
Middleton, 10th April, 1882.

NEW
Spring Goods!!
Now Opening:
Printed, Grey and Bleached Cottons,
TICKING,
MAT-CANVAS,
GRASS CLOTH,
FANCY SHIRTINGS,
ULSTER CLOTH,
FRILLINGS AND LACES.
ALSO:
J. & P. Coat's Spool Thread.
A very superior article for Machine use.
☞ Balance of Spring Goods expected shortly.
Mrs. L. C. Wheelock
Lawrencetown, 14th March, 1882.

New Advertisements.

Middleton Station!
Just opened:
5 Bales English Wall Paper,
Fifty different patterns.
On hand and to arrive, one of the best assorted stocks of
Boots & Shoes
in the country. Very low
☞ Also—11 lbs. Moncton Sugar for $1.
American Oil, Dominion Test—Imperial Gallon—Cash!
N. F. MARSHALL.
March 7th, 1881.

March 4th, '82.
GROCERY GOODS!
Now receiving ex "Herbert Beech," from Liverpool, Steamships from Glasgow and London via Halifax, and rail from Ontario and Halifax:—
BICARB, Soda, Rice, Teas, Scotch Refined Sugars, Bright and Yellow Soft Sugars, Granulated Sugar, 200 Boxes Butts and Caddies Tobacco, at Lowest Market Prices.
J. & W. F. HARRISON.
mar20 11 and 12 North Wharf.

Acadia Organ Co'y.
BRIDGETOWN, : : : N.S.
The attention of the public is respectfully directed to the above establishment.
FIRST-CLASS CHURCH AND PARLOR ORGANS
are now being turned out, which are UNRIVALLED in WORKMANSHIP! ELEGANT IN STYLE, AND ARE UNEQUALLED IN TONE.

All Lovers of Music wishing to purchase a First Class Instrument will do well to call and examine those of our manufacture at our Warerooms. MR. J. P. RICE is now canvassing the County, and will take orders for instruments at the Lowest Possible Prices.
Tuning and Repairing
Promptly and Tho