these terms are [illegible] not be devised; and why seven members of the House of Assembly—*four* of them members of the present Government—should be entitled to the thanks of the people of this Colony for the late cunning attempt to clandestinely foist those terms upon them, passes our comprehension. We trust, however, we have said enough to put the people upon their guard as to any documents that may be presented to them for signature. Such addresses, if numerously signed, even though apparently non-committal, may have a deeper significance than appears from the surface, and the best and safest plan is to have nothing to do with them.

ECONOMY OF THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT.

The exciting news of the past week claims so much of our space, that we are unable to make room for a second article on political matters, particularly with reference to the lavish expenditure of the public revenue by a Government and a party whose banner was at one time conspicuous for the motto, "Retrenchment and Economy." The *Examiner*, however, has grouped together a lot of these extraordinary items of expenditure, in a short editorial article, which deserves the serious consideration of every elector and tax-payer in the Colony. We shall, therefore, make no apology for transferring the article in question to our columns. We may make this observation, that the subject is by no means exhausted, as we shall show when we again return to it. Here is the *Examiner's* statement, which is all the more valuable from the fact that it has been looked upon of late and claimed by the Leader of the Government, as a Government organ:—

"Cost of Collecting Rents by Military Force.—We find in the Public Accounts, submitted to the Legislature, a few curious items of expenditure incurred in employing the military to collect the Proprietors' rents; or, in other words, to carry out the instructions of the so-called "Bloody Despatch." They are as follows:—

Richard Bagnall's bill for the exertions of the troops,	£72 14	0
Thomas Wright's Bill for do.,	20 5	0
40 bottles best Scotch Whisky,	8 0	0
40 gallons Whiskey,	14 0	0
Corkscrew, and account for Crackers and Cheese, together with pay to Special Constables, as set forth in Sheriff's bill,	321 5	0
Wm. Swabey, Esq., Magistrate, in charge of the expeditionary force,	75 0	0

The collection of rents, even with the aid of the military, must have been regarded as a perilous affair when Special Constables were paid each 15s. per day and mounted horses and waggons were charged at the moderate rate of forty shillings and fifty shillings a day each team; a pair of horses 45s. and 55s., besides being found. Another little item in this interesting account is that for clothing the soldiers as civilians (so they should not be known, we suppose,) £31 10s. The whole outlay seems to have been conceived in a spirit of reckless extravagance, as if it were a grand thing to get up by some wealthy nabob, who though of dignity and eclat would be given to it by a lavish waste of money. Unfortunately the poor tenants and farmers have to pay for it all,—the proprietors, for whose benefit the tragi-comedy was improvised, do not pay one shilling towards the expense;—the resident proprietors pay nothing but on the usual assessment on their land. Is this fair or just to the people of the Colony? Is it not the natural result of having a Proprietary Government? Will the approaching General Election remedy the evil? We have some doubt, we confess, as to there being sufficient public spirit in the country and small freeholders to meet the emergency, but we hope we may be mistaken. At all events, apathy and indifference seem greatly at present to cloud the public mind."

The steamer *Alhambra*, which arrived here on Saturday morning, is owned by the Boston and Colonial Steamship Company, and, in connection with the *Commerce*, is intended to keep up a weekly communication between Boston, Halifax and Charlottetown. She is about 1,000 tons burthen, one year old, built of the best material, with large passenger accommodations, affording both comfort and convenience. Her freight capacity is about 7,000 barrels. She is commanded by Capt. P. A. Nickerson, an able and experienced seaman. To Franklin Snow, Esq., of Boston, is principally due the credit of having originated this line, and both he, and the Company of which he is so prominent a member, deserve the thanks of the people of this Colony for their enterprise and spirit in furnishing a line of steamers so beneficial to Colonial interests, and so well calculated to promote friendly relations, as well as to develop trade between the United States and the British Provinces. We trust the Company will receive sufficient encouragement from the business men of this Province and of Nova Scotia to insure the success and permanency of the line.

Eighty Years' Progress of British America.—This is the title of a very useful, large-sized volume, published by L. Nicholls, Toronto. It is well-printed and bound, and is illustrated with several wood and steel engravings. The matter is extensive in its range, and embraces, in a fuller and more accurate form than we have ever met before in any one work, the history and resources of all these British North American Colonies, and as such will prove a valuable addition to the most modern library. The writers and compilers—six in number, and the principal of whom is Prof. H. G. Hind, M.A., F.R.S., who has already acquired an enviable notoriety as explorer of the North-west Territory—are all British Americans, and their names are a guarantee as to accuracy and merit. Mr. N. B. Perkins, Agent, is now in this city canvassing for the work.

The latest intelligence from New Brunswick gives the number of members thus far elected to be sixteen—all Confederates. The anti-Confederates still assert that they will eventually win, as the Government played their cards so that the elections should come off first in those Counties where a Confederate triumph was certain. In the remaining Counties, we are assured that the tables will be turned on the Government. A short time will suffice to test the accuracy of these statements.

In some contemptible, drunken street squabble in St. John, N. B., on the night of the 24th of May, a young man named Humbert, who was said to have been a Confederate in politics, was felled to the ground by a blow from another young man, named Cregan, an alleged anti-Confederate,—erroneously stated by the *Islander* to be in the *Freeman* office. It would appear from the evidence before the Coroner's Court, that there is some doubt as to whether or not Cregan used any weapon, such as a sling-shot, or merely his clenched fist; but, at all events, Humbert died shortly after being struck, and Cregan has been committed upon a charge of "wilful murder." Out of this unfortunate affair, which happened about one o'clock in the night, or rather in the morning, the Confederates of St. John have endeavored to make political capital, by representing Humbert as a martyr to his Confederate principles. Flags waved at half-mast, and the funeral partook of the character of a political demonstration. To such straits are the Confederates driven to secure a dishonest triumph; and we must here observe, that if Mr. Tilley were to devote his talents to the cause of temperance, instead of political warfare, distressing circumstances like the foregoing would be of less frequent occurrence than they now unfortunately are.

Public Meetings on Confederation.—At the request of several members of the Legislature we publish the following paragraph, which suggests the propriety of the people of this Island holding meetings in their several localities, to make known their sentiments with respect to Confederation. If the electors of this colony are opposed to the scheme, they should, after the busy season of planting is over, take such opportunities of expressing their views as may prevent the other Provinces from supposing that the people of this Island will ever accept the terms of the Quebec Report,—the only terms to which the Canadians seem willing to accede. The paragraph referred to reads thus:—

"The Despatches and Correspondence received from Her Majesty's Colonial Minister, on the subject of Confederation, and laid before the Legislature of this colony at its last session, having undergone the consideration of both branches of the Legislature, and the proposal that this Colony should enter into the said Confederation having been negatived by the unanimous voice of the Legislative Council, and by a large majority of the House of Assembly, it now appears necessary that the inhabitants of the Island should, with as little delay as possible, give public expression to their opinion on the merits of this grave and all-important question. It is considered that if the people approve of the action of the Legislature, that approval should be made apparent by something more than their tacit sanction. If they remain passive, their opinions, it may be feared,—in view of the events which are passing in the neighboring Provinces,—notwithstanding the vote of their representatives in the Legislature, may be misconstrued or misrepresented to their serious disadvantage before the next General Election. It therefore appears desirable that the people of the Colony should convene public meetings without delay, at convenient places in each County, and give decided expression of their opinions on the subject—but confining their deliberations to this most especially in the Districts of those members who have voted in favor of Confederation."

Resignation of Mr. Secretary Pope.—The rumor to which we gave publicity last week respecting Mr. Secretary Pope's resignation, has turned out to be correct. The *Islander* says the grounds of the Secretary's resignation are—

"His entertaining opinions upon Confederation diametrically opposed to the views held upon this important subject by a majority of the members of the local Government, and also his belief that it is his duty to endeavor to shew to the electors of this Island that Confederation would benefit them, and that, as dutiful subjects, it is incumbent upon them to disavow the resolutions passed last session by the House of Assembly."

Commenting on these reasons, the *Patriot* of Saturday says:—

"Mr. Pope's opinions on Confederation have not, we believe, undergone any change since his return from the Quebec Conference. He was then as diametrically opposed to the majority of the Executive and the House of Assembly as he is now; and if the *Islander's* "grounds" be the real cause of his resignation, they were equally valid in 1864. Why did not Mr. Pope resign then? is the query which comes to every lip. When the *Islander* stated that the Colonial Secretary "retires from the Executive, in order to evidence his condemnation of the resolution of the majority of the House of Assembly, and to enable him more freely and independently to advise the people of this Island that so long as they remain subjects of the British Crown, they must be held bound to pay deference to the desires and wishes of Her Majesty's Ministers," the Government organ casts a reflection, not only on every Confederate member of the Executive, but also on every Confederate official in the Island. Mr. Pope in 1866 seems to pay great deference to "the desires and wishes" of the Colonial Minister; but how did he speak, write and act two years ago, when the Duke of Newcastle disallowed the Orange Bill?

The Executive Council meets to-day. It is understood that the Colonial Secretary's resignation will be accepted. The Hon. Mr. Longworth will, says the "Islander," probably succeed him. This, however, is doubtful. The Hon. Mr. Haviland is also spoken of in this connection, and it is, we think, pretty certain that he will be the new Colonial Secretary. James Duncan, Esq., is to fill the vacancy at the Council Board.

Governor Gordon, of New Brunswick, has been promoted to the Governorship of Trinidad, no doubt for the good services he has rendered to the British Government while serving in the adjoining Province. Gen. Doyle, at present commanding in this Garrison, has been appointed Governor of New Brunswick. While congratulating the General on his appointment to the Governorship of New Brunswick, we must, at the same time, express what we believe to be the sentiments of the people of the Province at large, their regret at his departure from among us.—[Hx. Express.

The Halifax *Reporter* of the 26th ult. says:—

"Our obituary list this evening records the demise at New York, this morning, of Lady Mary, wife of Sir Edward Cunard, Baronet. The deceased lady was, if we remember aright, a daughter of Bache McIver, Esq., an eminent merchant and millionaire of New York City."

June 5, 1866.

Westmorland County returned four Anti-Confederates. Large majority.

Unfortunate St. Domingo is once more in its chronic state of revolution. The precise object of the present rising does not appear; but it may be supposed, that like many of the previous revolutions, mere personal supremacy is the high aim.

LOCAL.

Unhealthy Flour.—We have heard that some person or persons in Charlottetown have disposed of bad Flour to to country people at extravagant prices, without informing them of the danger of using it in their families. We would wish to know if all the Flour which arrives here is examined by the inspector or not, as to him must be attributed the injury, if any arise, for allowing such an article to come into the market. We trust that the reports concerning this bad Flour are not correct.—*Weekly.*

Scarcity of Seed Grain.—We regret to learn that in several parts of the Island, oats are not to be had, and that unless Government comes to the aid of the poorer people, much land will be left unsown. This is a very important matter, and we would suggest to the Executive, which will meet in a few days, the propriety of at once instituting inquiries, and, if necessary, procuring a few thousand bushels of Oats and supplying them to poor persons destitute of seed. If this be not done, we fear that the applications to the Executive for means to prevent destitute persons from starvation will be very many.—*Isl.*

The Hon. W. H. Pope, late Colonial Secretary, of this Island, left Charlottetown in the steamer "Princess of Wales," on Monday night last, for Ottawa, on business connected with his recent mission to the West Indies, Brazil, &c., &c. Mr. Pope was one of the Secretaries of the mission. He will be absent from the Island about two weeks.—*Isl.*

Mr. Brydges, Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, Canada, arrived yesterday morning from Pictou, per "Princess of Wales." The object of his visit, we understand, was to ascertain what encouragement would be given here to opening up direct communication between Canada and the Lower Provinces by a line of steamers. He left again in the "Heather Belle" last night in haste *en route* for Canada, on account of the Fenian invasion of that Province.—*Pat.*

Is there anything further to be done to improve Queen Square? It is neatly enclosed, but the cows, in sight of the Police Court, disport themselves rooting and tearing up the trees planted last Fall. These animals appear to have no respect for the Bye-Laws of the Corporation.—*Is.*

Medical Notice.

Perfectly safe in all cases.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for all diseases of children, such as teething, wind colic, &c., is a safe, reliable, and harmless remedy. It not only relieves the child from pain, but regulates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system; gives rest to the mother and health to the child.

Cure for Cough or Cold.—As soon as there is the slightest uneasiness of the chest, with difficulty of breathing, or indications of Cough, take during the day a few Brown's Bronchial Troches. Containing demulcent ingredients, they allay Pulmonary Irritation. Military Officers and Soldiers should have them in readiness upon the first appearance of a cold or cough.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Diseases of the most formidable and chronic characters have been cured by Holloway's remedies. Ulcerations which have proved themselves incurable by any other known means, have healed kindly under the purifying and regenerating influence of this Ointment. Sprains, stiff joints, contracted muscles and glandular swellings can be most safely and effectively treated by Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which can do no harm under any circumstances. Neither of these medicaments has anything deleterious in its composition.

Ship News.

The Brigt. Ariadne, Cole, from Glasgow, arrived here on Friday morning last, after a pretty long passage, with a full cargo of goods for this port. The goods are being landed in first rate order.

The ship David Cannon, owned by W. W. Lord & Co., with goods from Liverpool, arrived at this Port on Monday last.

Launched.

On the 21st ult., from the shipyard of Mr David Grady, the Clipper Schooner "Summerside," built for the Summerside Fishing Company. Her dimensions are 82 feet keel, 26 beam, and 8½ feet depth of hold. New tonnage, 119, old tonnage, 240. Drawing 4½ feet of water forward and 8 feet aft. She is substantially built, and strongly fastened, and is expected to sail very fast.—*S. J.*

PRICES CURRENT.

CHARLOTTETOWN, June 4, 1866.

Butter (fresh)	1s 2d to 1s 6d	Turkeys, each	4s 6d to 8s
Do by the tub		Geese,	
Lamb per qr.,		3s to 5s	Carrots per bush,
Pork		6d to 6½d	Fowls 1s9d to 2s 3d
Do. (small)		7d to 8d	Partridge 1s to 1s 3d
Mutton, per lb.,		5d to 9d	Chickens pair,
Beef (small) per lb		5d to 10d	Codfish, per qtl., 20s to 30s
Do. by qr.,		5d to 8d	Herrings per brl. 30s to 40s
Cheese, per lb.		4d to 6d	Mackerel, doz. 2s to 3s
Tallow		7d to 9d	Boards (Hemlock) 3s6d to 4s
Lard		10d to 1s	Do (Spruce) 4s to 5s
Hams, per lb.		6d to 8d	Do (Pine) 7s to 9s
Pearl Barley		2d to 2½d	Shingles, per M. 10s to 15s
Flour, per barrel,		50s to 55s	Wool, per lb. 1s 3d to 1s 9d
Do. per lb.		3d	Hay, per ton, 90s to 100s
Oatmeal		1½d to 2d	Straw, per cwt., 1s 6d to 2s
Eggs, per doz		9d to 11d	Homespun, per yd. 4s to 6s
Potatoes p b.		2s to 2s 6d	Calfskins, per lb. 8d to 9½d
Barley		5s to 6s	Hides, do 4d
Oats		3s to 3s 6d	Sheepskins, 4s 6d to 6s 6d
Clover Seed, per lb.	1s 6d to 2s		Timothy per bush. 28s to 30s

GEORGE LEWIS, Market Clerk.

GEMS OF LITERATURE.

Books! Books! Books!

THE cheapest, choicest, and best-selected Stock of BOOKS in the City, is to be found at the

KENT STREET BOOK STORE.

All kinds of School Books and School Materials, from a slate pencil or a half-penny Primer to Colenso's Algebra.

Bibles (Douay), Testaments, Missals, Standard Histories, Essays, Theological, Controversial and Devotional Works.

Poetry, Biography, Oratory, Science and Mechanism. Light Literature (by the best writers.)

Choir and Hymn Books, Song Books, Statuary, Engravings.

STATIONERY:

Copy Books, Exercise Books, Ledgers, Day Books, Mem. Books, Writing Paper and Envelopes in variety.

Blotting Paper, Slates, Lead and Slate Pencils, Pens, Holders, Ink, Photographs of Eminent Personages, (also, of Tignish Catholic Church)

Albums, Pen Knives, Port Monaies, Pocket Books, Cricket Balls, Mucilage, Thermometers.

Besides a lot of Fancy and small articles, to particularize which would occupy too much space.—All of which have been received this Spring, per "Lotus" from LONDON, and "Alhambra" from BOSTON.

☞ For catalogue, apply at the Book Store of

E. REILLY,

Coles' Corner, Kent Street, Ch. Town.

June 6, 1866. R W 3in

KENT STREET

Clothing Store.

SPRING STYLES!

THE Subscriber has JUST RECEIVED a supply of

CLOTHS

suitable for Spring and Summer Wear,—among which will be found—

SCOTCH TWEEDS, (a genuine article)
DOESKINS, BROAD CLOTHS,
And FANCY COATINGS.

The above Goods will be made up on more reasonable terms than can be had in Town, for the reasons—1st, that the subscriber is Rent-free; 2d, that he has not to employ a Cutter; and 3d, that he is his own Book-keeper. These are important items, and the Tailor who has to pay others to perform these services, is necessarily under a heavy outlay annually, and must, as a matter of course, charge his customers a larger price for their work than one who is exempt from such expenses. Those in want of Clothing will, therefore, see that it is for their interest to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

P. REILLY.

June 6, 1866. RW3in

DELANY & BYRNE

QUEEN STREET,

Opposite Hon. Daniel Brenan's,

HAVE RECEIVED, per "Undine," "Lotus," and other arrivals,

A Large Stock

—OF—

SPRING AND SUMNER

DRY GOODS,

HATS and CAPS,

Boots and Shoes,

GROCERIES, &c., &c.

which they will sell at less than the usual rates for CASH. They are now opening a large assortment of

HOOP SKIRTS,

in all sizes, which they will sell at a very small advance on Cost.

Charlottetown, June 6, 1866.

CHARLOTTETOWN MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, £12,675.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

William Brown, Esq., President.

John Ings, Esq.,	H. J. Calbeck, Esq.,
Hon. George Beer,	Thos. W. Dodd, Esq.,
Mr. Thomas Essery,	Mr. Artemas Lord,
Hon. George Coles,	Mr. William Dodd,
Mr. Owen Connolly,	Thomas DesBrisay, Esq.,
Richard Heartz, Esq.,	Mark Butcher, Esq.

Risks taken Daily

Office hours from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

H. PALMER, Secretary.

Mutual Fire Insurance Office, Kent St., Charlottetown, Feb. 15, 1866. } y

FAT HERRING.

200 Barrels No. 1 LABRADOR FAT HERRING, —for Sale by

I. C. HALL.

Water Street, Charlottetown, June 6, 1866. 3i

WANTED,

A BOY, about 15 or 16 years of age, to make himself generally useful about the Premises of the Subscriber. A Boy from the country preferred. A good recommendation will be required. Good wages given. Apply to

J. G. ECKSTADT,

Oyster and Refreshment Saloon, Queen Street.

Charlottetown, May 30, 1866. RWIE 1in

NOTICE!

To the Inhabitants of Souris.

THE Subscriber hereby notifies the inhabitants of Souris and adjacent neighborhood, that having lately removed from Charlottetown, he has commenced the

TAILORING BUSINESS,

in the house lately occupied by Mr. Morrison, Souris East. He is now prepared to execute all orders in his line of business in a satisfactory manner, and respectfully solicits the patronage of the inhabitants of this section of the Island.

JAMES McQUAID.

Souris East, May 30, 1866. 1m

WANTED.—A BOY, about 15 years of age, to learn the Printing Business. One acquainted with the City preferred. Apply at the Herald Office.

May 30, 1866.

School Wanted!

BY a Teacher of Ten Years Experience. For reference, apply to John Arbuckle, Esq., S. V. Please address "J. R.," Post Office, Charlottetown.

May 23, 1866.

Found!

ON the North Shore of Black Bush, Lot 45, on the 8th instant,

Two Herring Nets.

The owner can have them by proving property and paying expenses. Apply to

DONALD McISAAC,

May 23, 1866. 3in Black Bush, Lot 45.

WHOLESALE!

BY the recent arrivals from EUROPE, the Subscriber has COMPLETED his

SPRING IMPORTATIONS,

comprising a very

General Assortment

—OF—

DRY GOODS,	GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,	BRANDIES,
IRON,	WINES,
STEEL,	IRISH WHISKEY,
SHIP CHANDLERY,	SCOTCH WHISKEY,
SADDLERY,	HOLLANDS GIN,
GLASSWARE,	OLD TOM,
PAINTS,	ALCOHOL,
OILS,	DEMERARA SPIRITS,
SCHOOLBOOKS,	OLD JAMAICA RUM,
STATIONERY,	LONDON STOUT,
SMALL WARES,	" PALE ALE
CONFECTIONARY,	DUBLIN PORTER,
&c.,	&c.

which are offered WHOLESALE, by the Bale, Package, or Piece, at small advance on costs and charges.

DANIEL BRENAN.

May 23, 1866. 3m

REMOVAL.

DR. W. G. SUTHERLAND has removed from his late residence on Queen Street,

To the Corner of Great George & Kent Streets,

and would respectfully inform his friends and customers, that, by late arrivals of direct importations from EUROPE, he has greatly added to his

LARGE STOCK

—OF—

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY and TOILET ARTICLES in variety.

DR. SUTHERLAND returns thanks for the patronage so liberally extended to him since his residence in Charlottetown, and hopes the same may be continued towards him; trusting that, by assiduity and attention in every branch of his profession, he will retain the confidence of the public.

☞ The DISPENSARY is under the Doctor's own supervision.

Advice to the Poor Gratis.

Charlottetown, May 16, 1866.

ARCHIBALD KENNEDY,

Sail Maker,

DESIRES to return his thanks to his friends and customers in town and country, for the Patronage bestowed upon him during the last twenty years that he has been in business in this City; and begs to inform them that, in addition to his Sail-Making Business, he will, on the arrival of the *L. C. Owen*, from Liverpool, and *Ariadne* from Glasgow, open a

SHIP CHANDLERY & HARDWARE STORE,

in the Shop lately occupied by Mr. P. W. HYNDMAN, head of Queen's Wharf, where he intends to keep constantly on hand, viz:—

Cordage, Canvass, Oakum, Pitch, Rosin, Tar, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c., Anchors, Chains, Iron, Steel, Spikes, Nails, &c., &c., &c.

May 9, 1866. 6in

JUST ARRIVED,

PER Brig "ANNANDALE," direct from the

WEST INDIES:

200 puncheons choice RETAILING MOLASSES.

DAILY EXPECTED:

Per Bark "LOTUS" from LONDON, *Undine*, from Liverpool, Brig *Ariadne*, from Glasgow, also Steamer *Ottawa*, from London to Halifax,

60 hhds. Holland GIN,
20 hhds. and qr. casks Dark and Pale BRANDY,
10 do. Port and Sherry WINE,
hhds. Scotch and Irish Malt Whiskey,
500 doz. Edinburgh and Burton Ale,
50 doz. Guinness' Porter,
200 chests and half-chests Congou TEA,
hhds. Sugar, bbls. Crushed Sugar,
boxes Soap, boxes Candles,
40 boxes Honeydew Tobacco,
sets Plough Mounting, Plough Traces,
60 puns. Demerara Rum.

OWEN CONNOLLY.

Charlottetown, May 9, 1866. 2m

TURKEY FIGS!

TURKEY FIGS, MUSCATEL RAISINS,
ZANTE CURRANTS,
Jordan Almonds,
Filberts,
Walnuts,
Ground Spices,
ESSENCES,
Gelatine,
Baking Powder,
Pickles and Sauces,

For sale by—

W. R. WATSON.

City Drug Store, Dec. 20, 1865.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

W. H. WILSON

WOULD inform the public that he is now moving from the corner of Great George and Kent Streets to the Shop long occupied by Donald McIsaac, Esq., on Queen Street, immediately below the Market Square. Having refitted this Old Business Stand, and put it in perfect order for a

DRY GOODS STORE,

he shall be happy to welcome his numerous customers at his NEW ESTABLISHMENT, and will be in a position, on the arrival of the *Ariadne* from Glasgow, and the *Lotus*, from London, to supply the public with every article of

MERCHANDIZE

common to the Trade.

Charlottetown, May 9, 1866.

FLAX SEED!

BEST RIGA SEED, at 15s. per bushel, and ENGLISH GROWN RIGA SEED at 10s. per bushel, imported by the Government, may be obtained on application to the Hon. JOHN ALDOUS, Colonial Building, Charlottetown. All orders from the country enclosing remittances, will be attended to, and Seed forwarded.

Those farmers who purpose the cultivation of Flax this Season, should not delay in immediately procuring Seed, it being advisable to sow as early in May as possible.

May 9, 1866. 3i

Farm for Sale!

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for Sale 40 Acres of FREE LAND, situate on Lot 54. There is an excellent site for a Mill or Mills on the premises, as one of the best vacant streams of water in King's County runs through the Farm. 15 acres are clear and in a good state of cultivation; the remainder is covered with a heavy growth of Pine and Spruce. Apply to the subscriber on the premises,

DONALD B. McPHEE.

Queen Creek, Lot 54, April 11, '66. 5i

COAL!!!

THE Subscriber has always on hand—

Pictou Round and Small COAL.

FRANCIS STANLEY.

Fairbank's Scale, head of Queen's Wharf.

Charlottetown, May 2, 1866. rw b 3m

FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD by PRIVATE SALE—

400 Cedar Posts,
40 Tons Pictou large Coal,
50 do. do. small do.
1 Anchor, 2¼ cwt.
A lot of Chain, 5-8th
Standing Rigging,—suitable for a Schooner of 40 tons.
4 bbls. Pogies, 1 Bait Mill.

Also—1 Mare, 6 years old, suitable for general purposes.

Apply to J. P. IRVING,

At Mr. DeBlois's Office.

May 2, 1866.

LOOK HERE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale at the Kent Street

Grocery Store,

(Next door to Douglass's Furniture Rooms,) at extremely LOW PRICES, the following articles, viz:—

Flour,	*Tea,*
Sugar,	*Rice,*
Kerosene Oil,	*Molasses,*
Tobacco,	*Pork,*
Soap,	*Candles,*

STARCH, and almost every other article to be found in a general Grocery Store.—Parties will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

JAMES PEARDON.

Kent Street, April 25, 1866.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

BOOT & SHOE FACTORY

South Side Queen Square.

THE Subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his Customers and the Public generally that his Warerooms are now well filled with all kinds of goods in his line suitable for the season, which have been manufactured with great care, and of best material, with a due regard to sizes, and which will be offered to wholesale buyers on the most favorable terms, and at such prices as cannot fail to insure quick sales.

He particularly invites the attention of the Citizens of Charlottetown and vicinity to the Stock now on sale in the Retail Department, which, for quality and price, cannot fail to please.

This is the only Establishment in the City where you can get a Good Boot, a Good Fitting and Fashionable Boot, CHEAP.

Call and examine the Stock before purchasing elsewhere, when you will find the most fashionable and cheapest Stock of BOOTS and SHOES, &c., ever offered in this City.

—ALSO—

Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses', Boys', Youths', and Children's INDIA RUBBER OVER SHOES, for sale at unprecedentedly low prices.

GEORGE NICOLL.

April 11, 1866. 6m

INTERESTING!

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

THE Subscribers—to make room for new importations—will sell the balance of their

Choice retailing Barbadoes Molasses,

for Three Shillings per gallon.

HUDSON & WRIGHT.

April 18, 1866. 8im

PORK AND BEANS.

Prime Mess Pork,
American White Beans,

CHEAP FOR CASH at

HUDSON & WRIGHT'S.

VIRGINIA LEAF TOBACCO.

(Manufactured by J. & T. Morris,)

Retailing low at

HUDSON & WRIGHT'S.

SUPERIOR MOULD CANDLES.

(Manufactured by D. Griffith,)

Wholesale and Retail at

HUDSON & WRIGHT'S.

Kent Street, March 21, 1866. 3m

T. T. T.

HUDSON & WRIGHT

Offer for Sale at the

KENT STREET

Grocery Depot,

A SUPPLY OF

TEA,

Direct from LONDON, which they warrant equal, if not SUPERIOR, to any ever offered for sale in Charlottetown.

Kent St., May 30, 1866. R. W. 1m