AN ANGLO EPISCOPALIAN POPE.

The Churchman, July 24, dwells or the difference which has arisen of late between the Protestant Episcopal Church in America and the Anglican or Church in America and the Anglican or Mother Church in England. Anglicans in England have assumed a patronizing tone towards their co-religionists in this country. Canterbury wishes to be the head, and its Archbishop a quasipope of the Episcopalian Church all over the world. After setting forth the powers which the Archbishop of Conterbury claims from this new arrangement. The Churchman says: "Even Pius X. might envy such unlimited personal power, and yet the Archbishop does not exaggerate the part assigned to him and the consultative body on paper by the the consultative body on paper by the reports and resolutions of the Confer-

The claims of Canterbury could be The claims of Canterbury count be upheld, were the Anglican Church en-titled to be called Catholic. As it possesses no such title, these claims are absurd. The Protestant Episcopal Church in America, or for that matter Church in America, or for the mace, in any other country, is right in rejecting them. By declaring its independence of the church "by law established," it has consistently renounced every connection with the See of Canterbury. though by so doing it beclouded its already shadowy claim to be considered Catholic. Independence, implying dis-tinction or severance, and Catholicity

are conflicting terms.
In repelling the claims of Canterbury there is the usual fling at Rome.
"Americans, too," says The Churchman, "reject the idea of precedence and primacy as artificial, as unreal, as offer-ing claims which cannot be reconciled with their source and as substituting heredity and age for efficiency and power. The English Church needs just power. The English Church needs just what the American Church needs, a chief executive chosen by a free national church, representative of it, and obedient to it, with full power of administration . . . along with them the churches of the whole world will need similar principles of administration need similar principles of administration instead of the papal system which is unrepresentative and necessarily tyrannical." This is tantamount to saying that the pa; acy is a despotism, and Anglicans reject it as such. But the system which the Episcopalians would constitute is no less a papacy, and therefore should be for them essentially tyrannical. We are not going to defend Anglicanism nor are we going to uphold Protestant Episcopalianism in America. We believe that Separatism is the soul, the life giving principle of Protestantism; and the controversy between Episcopalians here and their brethren in England shows once more that the only possible agreement between Protestant sects is the agreement to disagree. We do not agreement to disagree. We do not question the sincerity of The Church man in deeming the papacy a system essentially tyrapnical, but what "gratis asseritur, gratis negatur,"—gratuitously stated, gratuitously denied.

The statement, however is false.

Who taught The Churchman that the

papacy is essentially a tyranny? The accusation of the Jews against Christ was: He stirreth up the people; forbids tribute to Cæsar; and maketh Himself the Messiah, the King. Yet for all that Christ was the Messiah; and by His own avowal a King. So the Pope is not the tyrant but the Vicar of Him Who is King, the Shepherd of Shepherds and the Refege of all who suffer appression and tyranny. The light oppression and tyranny. The light shines and to see one needs but to open The light

one's eyes.

The papacy is not tyranny, because it is legitimate power, legitimately exercised. It is not of man but of God. It has its origin in the mission given to the Apostles. Christ did not instruct them to receive their power from the people. He Himself appointed them. St. Paul commands Timothy to appoint and to ordain ministers by imposition of hands even as he appointed and or-dained him, Timothy. If Ambrose was selected by the people, it was not the people that appointed him or gave him commission, but a successor of the Apostles who was in communion with the Apostolic See. The power of the Vicar of Christ over the faithful is not tyrannical for it is not forced on any one but accepted only on convicany one but accepted only on conviction. It is accepted not blindly but by him who sees it to be a divine power, just and holy. Wherein lies the tyranny? Not in its origin, therefore, and surely not in its exercise. For the Pope is a father and it is precisely the fatherly treatment of his children that makes the Pope the Holy Father and all

Christendom his loving children.

How needful tais central governing power is appears not only among Anglicans, who are seeking a head now in the twentieth century for the church which they decapitated in the sixteenth, but likewise among Episcopalians in America who, if we are to believe The Churchman, ought to have "a chief executive chosen by a free national church, representative of it and church, representative of it and obedient to it, with full powers of administration." In other words Episcopalians would have a "chief executive," "this representative," "with full powers of administration," be essentially a tyrant? Power unlawfully constituted to the property of the power of administration of the constituted to the property of the is tyranny in principle and, if exercised, would be saved from being tyrannical only by accident. The appointment of the representative chief executive, confessedly so sorely needed by Episco-palians, would be the setting up of a tyrannical power; it would be the establishment of a sham church on the muins of the Church of Christ.

The Church of Christ is the Society

by Christ instituted, and not by men. It is the Church which is preserved and propagated through Apostles sent by Him and whose mission is to impart salvation by means of the infallible word of truth. None of these conditions would obtain in a representative Church with its chief executive as set up by The Churchman. In the Catholic Church, such representation has existed from the beginning, where those who rule are drawn from the people and with the good will of the people, and where the good will of the people, and where the people are to their pastors what children are to their father. The Chief Executive, pay more, the head of the Church, has been constituted by Christ, all the members forming one body, in the unity of one faith. It is difficult to improve the head of the Church, has been constituted by Christ, all the members forming one body, in the unity of one faith. It is difficult to improve the head of the Church, has been constituted by Christ, all the members forming one body, in the unity of one faith. It is difficult to improve the head of the Church, has been constituted by Christ, all the members forming one body, in the unity of one faith. It is difficult to improve the head of the Church, has been constituted by Christ, all the members forming one body, in the unity of one faith. It is difficult to improve the head of the Church, has been constituted by Christ, all the members forming one body, in the unity of one faith. It is difficult to improve the head of the Church, has been constituted by Christ, all the members forming one body, in the unity of one faith. It is difficult to improve the head of the Church, has been constituted by Christ, all the members forming one body, in the unity of one faith. It is difficult to improve the head of the Church, and guaranteed every for m of itching, bleeding and protruding and p

on the work of Christ or to constitute a new body of jarring members, with a head elected by themselves. "Ye are the body of Christ and members of member. And God indeed hath set some in the Church: first apostles, secondly prophets, thirdly doctors; after that miracles, then the graces of healing; governments, interpretation of speeches."

Such is the ideal of the Church pre sented by St. Paul, an organic body, distinguished by ordinary and extra-ordinary gifts, which finds its fulfilment in the Catholic Church and in her alone.

"THE BATTLE OF THE DIAMOND."

There are thousands of Canadian Orangemen, who celebrate the 12th July, who know nothing of the origin of the Orange Society as an organized body, and for that reason it may not be amiss at this season, to examine its history taken from Parliamentary records and historical sources, as follows:

historical sources, as follows:
In the year 1795, in that part of the county of Armagh (Ireland) known as "The Diamond," a faction-fight took place between a body of men associated as Peep of-day-Boys, consisting of Protestants on one side, and a party styled "Defenders," consisting of Catholics, on the other side, There were thirty of the Defenders killed. The Peep-of-day-Boys did not lose a man.

Boys did not lose a man.

It was after this sanguinary affair
that the Peep-of-day Boys found it advisable to change the name, and they adopted the more euphonious name "Orangemen" instead, and to commemorate the victory a song was composed, of which the following is the last verse:

"The battle of the Diamond
A triumph song wesing;
We care not haw the rebels roar,
Nor how the welkin ring;
The shouts of Protestants shall swell,
Voice-borne from shore to shore,
And it shall be in Ireland
A toast for evermore,"

The Protestant historian, W. C. Taylor, A. B., of Trinity College, Dublin, in his History of Ireland, vol. 2, page 260, says: "In 1795 a Protestant banditti, "calling themselves Peep-of-day Boys, served notice on most of the Catholics of the county of Armagh, to quit their farms before a certain day, threatening destruction of property, and even loss of life, in case of disobedience. To oppose this association, the Catholics formed that of the Defenders, which "formed that of the Defenders, which soon spread widely over the country, and soon proceeded from defence to aggression. Towards the close of that year, the Peep-of day Boys formed themselves into an Orange Association, which was soon joined by a number of respectable and influential individuals. The professed object of the new institution was to maintain Protestant association, and the principles estabtution was to maintain Protestant ascendancy, and the principles established at the Revolution. It is but institute to add, that the respectable portion of the Orange society was decidedly opposed to the plundering system established by their vulgar associates; but they could not control their excesses, and had subsequently to deplore that they were themselves "hurried to the commission of acts of viclence and cruelty, by having joined "hurried to the commission of acts of viclence and cruelty, by having joined a society whose foundation was eternal hostility to the greater portion of their fellow-countrymen. The Peep"of-day Boys were not checked before they had driven from Armagh several hundred Catholic families. These, "seeking refuge in various parts of the country, spread through the Catholic country, spread through the Catholic body a report, to which appearances gave some sanction, that the extermin-

ation of the Catholics was the real object of the new Orange Association."

The Province of Ontario is indebted to the late Ogle R. Gowan as the 'father and founder" of Orangeism, in

the year 1831.

With such an unsavoury record of Orangeism and its "founders," one is surprised to find intelligent men like Professor Goldwin Smith, Dr. Pyne, our Minister of Education, and "Sir Knight" Minister of Education, and "Sir Knight
John Ross R. bertson endorsing it. The
latter received his "Mark" degree
many years ago, when witnessing an
Orange procession, and does not forget
ic. M. TEEFY.

Richmond Hill, Aug. 9, 1909.

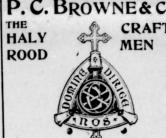
CONVERTED THE POPE OR THE LADY?

The "Catholic American Historical Notes" in Griffin's Magazine, give an interesting account of a zealous Protestant lady who went to Rome to convert the Pope. She was convinced that if she could have an interview with the venerable Pontiff she could convince him of the errors of Romanism and the beauties of Protestantism. If she could lead the head of the Church into the Protestant fold or folds the whole Catholic body would follow course, for the head and the body are inseparable in living things. It was a bright idea, from her point of view. It did not occur to her that her enterprise might result the other way. Mr. Griffin and the property of the fact consequents the fact consequents the fact consequents. quotes the facts concerning this Pro-testant missionary from Mr. George Haslehurst, in The Ledger, Feb. 3, 1907, who tells how the enterprise ended. The lady was the wife of Mr. Peter, the

Mr. Hazelhurst says: Mr. Hazelhurst says:

"She was Sarah Worthington of Cincinnati, the widow of Edward, youngest son of Rus King, and a great-aunt of Nicholas Longworth, the husband of President Roosevelt's daughter. Among other things, Mrs. Peter, after she was a widow for the second time, conceived the idea that she had received from heaven a message to convert the Pone heaven a message to convert the Pope into a Protestant and accordingly, after borrowing the necessary funds for a journey from her brother-in-law, James Gore King, she set out for Rome on her arduous mission. I can well recall the story told me by one of my aunts, who was in Rome at the time and who sat next to Mrs. Peter at a Midnight Mass

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in St. Peter's. In the middle of the Mass Mrs. Peter turned to my aunt, asking what her impressions were of the service. Of course my aunt, being a Protestant, replied in the usual denunciatory language so common even among educated people at that time. Mrs. Peter made no reply but three weeks from that time was seen walking barefoot in a religious procession, carrying a lighted candle through the streets of Rome. On her return to America she gave her property in Cincinnati to the Church of her adoption, and ended her days as a religious devotee."

To this account we can add an item of interest in the subsequent life of Mrs. Peter. One evening in April, 1863 while the troops were going through military drill on the battle-field of Shiloh or Pittsburg Landing in Tenesee, we noticed an elderly lady and, with her, night or ten pure who were watching eight or ten nuns, who were watching the

days as a religious devotee."

evolutions with great interest.

We approached them and entered into conversation with the lady who seemed to be the leader, though not in nun's attire. She said: "I am Mrs. Peter of Cincinnati. I hired a steamboat and these Sisters came with me having to be these Sisters came with me hoping to be of assistance to the sick and wounded."

This was perhaps two weeks after the battle and the sick and wounded had all been transported to Cairo, Mound City, and other hospitals on the Ohio River. It was only in such permanent hospitals that the Sisters and other women nurses could be of any practical use to the army. An army moving about has no proper accommodations for women nurses, and the care given to the sick and wounded is only temporary, looking to transportation to the hospitals as soon as possible. The temporary care is better given by soldiers detailed for that duty.

Mrs. Peter was ignorant of all this The evening we met her she asked if we would celebrate Mass on her boat the next morning for her and her compan-ions. We assented, and the next morn-ing went to the boat and found the lady's cabin prepared and a temporary altar fixed over the piano. After Mass, which they devoutly attended, we had breakfast together.

We did not know at that time that she was, or had been, the zealous Protestant who had designs on the ortho doxy of the Pope and whom the Church had swallowed.

After breakfast we bid adieu to her After breakfast we bid adieu to her and her companions and never saw them after. They returned to Cincinnati. Being in that city recently we spent some very pleasant days with Mr. Eugene Sullivan and his excellent and charming family. Mr. Sullivan has been Superintendent of St. Joseph's Cemetery for the last forty-two years. In conversation with him one day Mrs. In conversation with him one day Mrs. Peter's name came up. He said, "She is buried in this cemetery, among seventy thousand others." Mrs. Sullivan procured a key and said, come and I will show you her tomb. She brought us to a little stone chapel, ten by twenty feet in extent, Gothic architecture. She unlocked the door and we entered. In the end was an altar and in front of it in the floor a large stone slab indicating posed the body of M Peter. May her soul rest in peace.

20,000 Men Wanted for Western Harvesting

To meet the demand for farm laborers in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. special second class excursions will be run by the Canadian Pacific Railway from all Ontario stations. Cost of one from all Ontario stations. Cost of one-way ticket to Winnipeg is \$10.00, and from Winnipeg to points where laborers contract to work they will be carried without charge. After at least one month's work in the harvest field, a months work in the narvest held, a ticket back to Ontario starting point will be issued at \$18.00. Tickets are only good on Farm Laborers' special trains. Tickets will also be issued to women, but no half-rate for children. Leaving dates of excursions are as

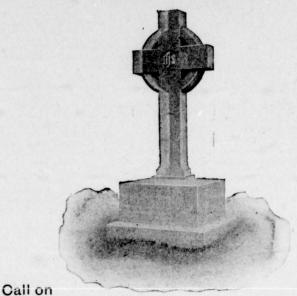
August 19th and Sept. 7th, from all stations in the territory between Toronto-Sudbury line and Toronto-Sarnia line of the Grand Trunk.

August 23rd and Sept. 7th, from all C. P. and G. T. R. stations on Toronto-

Sarnia line and south thereof (in Canada) and all stations in Ontario on M. C., P. M. and T. H. & B. Rys. August 27th and Sept. 10th, from all stations east of Toronto-North Bay line, to and including Kingston, also stations on C. O and B. of Q. Rys. and stations on K. &.P. south of Renfrew.

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Many good people receive the grace of conversion as a reward for their loyalty to their conscience and to what light they have. Mrs. Peter was true to both and received the greater light.—N. Y. Freeman's Journal.

A CELEBRATED CANADIAN SINGER.

Maria Ricardi, who has just finished her course under Dr. Theo. Lierhammer in London, has returned to Ottawa, her old home. Miss Ricardi is the eldest daughter of Mr. Charles T. Gibbs, of Ottawa. Her last appearance in London was at Bechstein Hall on the 10th July, where she sang leading soprano at a concert of Dr. Lierhammer's pupils. In a polacea from Mignon her voice reached High F, winning great applause from a large audience.

The London Evening News has the The London Evening News has the following to say regarding the attain-ments of this young and gifted Cana-dian; Regret will be felt in musical circles that Miss Maria Ricardi—whose recital at the Æolian Hall last June was so much appreciated—makes her fare-well appearance in Eugland at Dr. Theo. weil appearance in England at D. Theo. Lierhammer's pupils' concert at Bech-stein Hall to-morrow. Miss Ricardi is a Canadian by birth, and the eldest daughter of Mr. Chas. T. Gibbs, of the Senate, Ottawa. She made her first professional appearance at the Bech-tain Hall a year ago and at once disstein Hall a year ago and at once dis-tinguished herself. Since then she has appeared several times with marked success, notably in oratorios in the provinces. Dr. Lierhammer considered his pupil's voice was defined to be heard amongst the greatest artists of the world. It is a high lyric soprano, ranging over nearly three octaves.— Toronto Saturday Night.

God is a Being most simple in His essence, admitting no composition what-ever. If, then, we desire to render our-selves as much like Him as possible, we should endeavor to become by virtue what He is by nature; that is, we ought what he is by hattie, that is, we bight to have a simple heart, a simple soul, a simple intention, a simple mode of action. We ought to speak simply and to act frankly, without deceitor artiflee, always letting our exterior reflect our interior, and never regarding anything in all our actions except God, Whom alone we should endeavor and desire to please.— St. Vincent de Paul.

DEATH OF MR. W. F. O'BOYLE

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and honor the deceased for his many noble qualifications of heart and hand.

"Requiem Mass was chanted by Rev. Father W. F. O'Boyle, O. M. I. rector of New Westminster Cathedral, and son of the deceased. The deacon was Rev Father Rocality College. Toronto; sub-deacon, Rev. Father McGuire Downey/ille; Master of Ceremonies, Rev. Father Downey/ille; Master of Ceremonies, Rev. Father W. Guire Downey/ille; Master of Ceremonies, Rev. Father W. Guire Downey/ille; Master of Ceremonies, Rev. Father Downey/ille; Master of Ceremonies, Rev. Father Downey/ille; Master of Ceremonies, Rev. Father W. Grown West. Father St. Pather W. G. Sandwich, and Phelain, of Young's Point.

"At the conclusion of the Mass the funeral cortegy proceeded on its way to the Roman Catholic ceme tery. It was one of the largest seen in years. The Lindsay Branch C. M. B. A., of which the deceased was a charter member and chancellor, turned out it a bedy, as did the Ops township council and officials. Mr. J. R. McNeilhe, county clerk and treasurer represented the county, and there were also represented the county derivation.

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ay his soul rest in peacel

McMillan,—At Boston, on July 13th., Mr. John
eorge McMillan, formerly of Cape George, N. S
ged McMillan, formerly of Cape George, N. S
genesk.—At Victoria General Hospital, Halifax
S.G. on Thursday, July 22nd. Mrs, Schenk, daughtet
Ronald McDonald, Collector of Customs, Sydney
ged thirty-five years May her soul rest in peace! McDonald.—At the residence of John H. McDonald, Dunmore, N. S., on the 26th July, Mr. Dan McDonald son of Angus and Mary McDonald, New Glasgow, N. S. May his soul rest in peace!

C. M. B. A., Branch No 4, London

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