part of any power whatfoever, that it will be no difficult matter to efface the ill imprefions which the court of France might have conceived from the false reports that possibly have been suggested to it on that head.

The only thing, which might have with juftice given umbrage to the court of France, were a well grounded apprehension of the king's having given orders for extending the settlements in New Scotland, beyond what his majesty was entitled to by the twelsth article of the treaty of Utrecht.

But this apprehension falls of itself; as the king, agreeable to the defires of the most chriftian king, has confented to refer to the commiffaries the fettling of the limits of New Scotland, according to its ancient boundaries; as well as the limits of, and right of posses to the feveral Islands and countries, about which the two nations have any dispute: moreover, is it to be supposed the king would make settlements, which are necessarily attended with fo much expence, in a part of the province to which his right was not clear and indisputable?

The limits therefore, of Nova Scotia being referred to the examination of the commiffaries, it is needlefs here to make replies to all the affertions contained on that fubject, in the faid memorial of the fieur Durand.

The fieur Durand has also taken fome fort of notice in his memorial of the plan defigned

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