

Had Weak Back

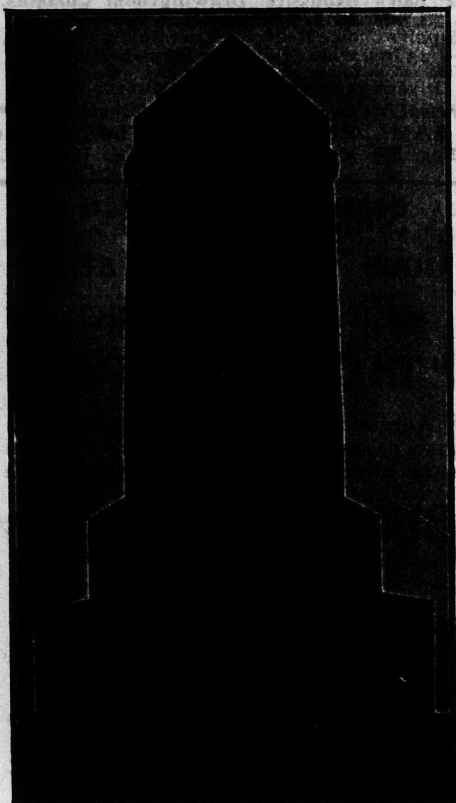
Would Lie In Bed For Days And Was Scarcely Able To Turn

Liniments and Plasters Did No Good But DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS Cured

Mrs. Arch. Schnare, Black Point, N.B., writes:—For years I was troubled with weak back. Oftentimes I have lain in bed for days, being scarcely able to turn myself, and I have also been a great sufferer while trying to perform my household duties. I had doctors attending me without avail, and have tried liniments and plasters but nothing seem to do me any good. I was about to give up in despair when my husband induced me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and after using two boxes I am now well and able to do my work. I am positive Doan's Kidney Pills are all that you claim for them, and I would advise all kidney sufferers to give them a fair trial.

Doan's Kidney Pills will cure all kinds of Kidney Trouble from Backache to Bright's Disease, and the price is only 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

SOMERVILLE Steam Marble and Granite Works ROSSER AVE. BRANDON



ABERDEEN to BRANDON

A long distance indeed, but nine-tenths of the granite we handle comes direct to us in car lots from the Scottish quarries. When you buy from us you pay no jobber's profit. Our prices are rock bottom.

MAIL ORDERS

Be wise, and deal direct with us. We can sell you from 15% to 30% cheaper than you can buy elsewhere.

DOVER'S PATENT CURLING STONES with cross handles carried in stock. Curling Stones sharpened at \$4.00 per pair.

Remember! BRANDON.



Are you
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away?

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DOMINION EXPRESS
MONEY ORDERS
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FOREIGN CHEQUES

The BEST and CHEAPEST system for sending money to any place in the world. For full information and rates call on local agents of Dominion Express or C.P.R.

ENTERTAINING MISCELLANY

VARIOUS SUBJECTS CLEVERLY TREATED

Maxims of the Business Philosopher.

Health is power.
Joy is the universal germicide.
True riches are never burdensome.
Invest smiles and get high dividends and sure pay.
Curiosity is a powerful appetizer to the ad-reader.

Sorrow for sin should cease the instant sinning ceases.

Every ounce eaten beyond actual bodily need is poison.

Your backbone gets its strength from the rich, red blood of high vitality.

Faith in your food doubles its nutritive value; eat food you can believe in.

Don't waste any time belaboring the cause of all your troubles—you're the trouble.

The optimist has escaped quarantine and spreads the contagion of health and good cheer everywhere.

Uncle Zeke Says—

Nothing makes a woman madder'n tu have sum other woman talk so fast that she can't git a word in edgewise—but that don't happen very often.

If sum peepul could see themselves as others see 'em, they'd never take another look.

One stitch in time won't save nine unless ye keep on stitchin'.

Th' man who keeps a workin' will soon be rich—if he works th' right kind uv peepul.

Necessities uv life are th' things yeh put off buyin' till yeh have tu.

Men who are ashamed to buy five cents worth uv anything, are generally th' first tu complain if their wives spend a cent more'n is absolutely necessary.

Th' pen has ceased to be mitier'n th' soard since the tipewriter was invented.

Origin of Coffee.

The use of coffee originated in Abyssinia and from there passed to Arabia several centuries later. The bean was introduced into Europe by Leonhard Rauwolf, a German physician, soon after which the introduction of coffee houses arose nearly everywhere. The first in Europe was established in Constantinople in 1531. The first London coffee house was opened in Newman's Court, Cornhill, in 1652, by a Greek named Pasquet, who was the servant of an English merchant by the name of Edwards, who brought the coffee with him from Smyrna. When the fact of his having the coffee became known, his home was so thronged with friends and visitors anxious to sample the new beverage, that Edwards established his servant in the coffee house as a means of relieving himself of the annoyance. Marseilles possessed the first coffee house in France in 1671 and a year later one was opened in Paris, speedily followed by numerous competitors.

Parrot That Kills Sheep.

The kea is a mountain parrot found only in the south island of New Zealand, where it lives among the peaks and valleys of the Southern Alps. When it was discovered, in 1856, its chief food seemed to be berries and the larvae of insects, but in 1863 the report spread that it was a meat eater and a bird of prey of no mean order.

A few years later, when sheep were brought into the mountain valleys, keas had been seen to descend the mountains, attack sheep in the pastures and kill and eat them. There were similar reports in later years, but they were generally discredited.

A while ago George Marriner, assistant in the biological laboratory of

Canterbury College, was assigned the task of collecting evidence and finding out the real facts. His report is printed in the latest annual of the New Zealand Institute.

He has proved that the kea actually lights on the backs of sheep and kills them. He quotes the testimony of thirty-five eye witnesses who have seen the occurrence, and his map shows that instances of the killing have been observed in nearly all parts of the Southern Alps.

All the witnesses are the owners of sheep stations, their managers or shepherds in their service. Marriner says that in 1900 it was denied in scientific papers that the kea killed sheep, and the fact was never satisfactorily proved before 1905.

Usually one or two birds do the killing, and the others share the spoil. The testimony is unanimous that the kea does not attack sheep in poor condition, but usually takes the pick of the flock.

The bird settles on the ground, near its quarry, hops around a little, and then lights on the sheep's rump, where it can get the best foothold. It at once begins to tear out the wool with its powerful beak and at last gets its beak into the flesh.

The sheep vainly tries to shake its tormentor off, and at last, frantic with pain and fright, it runs blindly about at its highest speed. Down-hill it usually rushes, heedless of rocks and pitfalls, the kea holding on and balancing itself with outstretched wings.

When the beast stumbles the relentless bird rises on its wings, and settles down again as the sheep regains its feet. The race continues, until the frantic animal, bruised by falls and maddened with pain, stumbles to rise no more, and becomes an easy prey to the kea.

Mr. Marriner says that in most of the kea infested country the annual damage to the flocks is under five per cent., though at a few stations the loss has been as much as ten per cent. Some of their victims are almost untouched at the time, but the birds return later and feed on the bodies until they are consumed.

His Clothes.

The seaman of Nelson's time had few pleasures save the prospect of hot fight and his daily pint of rum. But to these must be added the vainglorious satisfaction he took in his clothes. The Admiralty in those days had not descended upon him with the tape measure and a stern insistence as to uniformity in cut and color, so his naturally lively taste ran riot.

When rigged out in his best he frequently wore rings in his ears and silver buckles on his low shoes; his short blue jacket would be decorated with gold buttons and colored ribbons sewn down the seams to give an additional gaiety; his waistcoat might be red or canary yellow, and a black silk handkerchief would be knotted loosely round his throat; while, as the finishing touch, his hair would be hanging in a queue down his back, for, as Captain Brenton said, this was "the distinguishing mark of a thoroughbred seaman." The broad collars, so familiar on the bluejackets of today, were first worn as a protection against the grease and pomatum used in dressing the pigtail.—From "Sea Life in Nelson's Time," by John Masefield.

The "singing quality" in the tone of every Gourlay piano is a distinguishing characteristic. It is not due to any one cause alone, but is rather the result of unwearied study, perfect craftsmanship, rarest of materials and a determination to excel no matter what the cost may be.

Benger's Food is mixed with fresh new milk when used, is dainty and delicious, highly nutritive, and most easily digested. Infants thrive on it, and delicate or aged persons enjoy it.

Benger's Food is sold in tins and can be obtained through most wholesale Druggists and leading Drug Stores.

**BENGER'S
FOOD**

Was Weak and Run Down WOULD VERY OFTEN FAINT AWAY

Mrs. J. H. Armstrong, Port Elmaley, Ont., tells of her experience with
**MILBURN'S
HEART AND NERVE
PILLS.**

She writes: "It is with gratitude I tell how your Heart and Nerve Pills benefitted me."

"I was very weak and run down, had headaches nearly every day and very often would faint away, in fact, my doctor said that sometime I would never come out of the faint. It was through one of your travelling agents that I was induced to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and after taking three boxes I am glad to relate it has been a number of years since I had a fainting spell and scarcely ever have a headache. Too much cannot be said in praise of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, for in me they have effected a perfect cure."

Price 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE

ODD NUMBERED SECTIONS

As already publicly announced, odd numbered sections remaining vacant and undisposed of will become available for homestead entry on the coming into force of the Dominion Lands Act on the 1st September next.

As the records of only the even numbered sections have hitherto been kept in the books of the various land agencies in the western provinces and the time having been very limited since the passing of the Act within which to transfer the records of all odd numbered sections from the head office at Ottawa to the local offices, it is possible that the transfer of records in some cases may not have been absolutely completed by the 1st September. In any case where the record of any quarter section has not been transferred, application will be accepted but will have to be forwarded to head office to be dealt with.

As it has been found impossible as yet to furnish sub-agencies with copies of the records of odd numbered sections and in view of the large probable demand for entries, all applicants for entry upon odd numbered sections are strongly advised to make their applications in person at the office of the Dominion Lands Agent and not through a Sub-Land Agent. Applications for even numbered sections may be dealt with through the Sub-Land Agent as before if desired.

J. W. GREENWAY,
Commissioner of Dominion Lands,

19th August, 1908.