THE CHRONICLE.

MORTGAGES vs BONDS OR DEBENTURES

An Investor (not a speculator) purchases securities, that is, lends money at interest. He wants security above all else. After being satisfied as to the security he desires as large interest as possible.

There are three forms of very secure bonds or debentures, namely, Government, Railway, and Municipal.

Government Securities are safe but the interest return is so small that they are not generally satisfactory to the average investor.

Railway Bonds are very popular. They are generally considered very safe. They pay about $4\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. interest.

Municipal debe-tures are also safe as a class. Of course, whether one considers Railway or Municipals he must either analyse the security himself or depend on the house offering it, but generally speaking, both these forms of security are safe.

Now to compare them with first mortgages on Vancouver improved real estate placed by this Company :

SECURITY: The Railways of the United States have a total capitalisation of about \$17,000,000,000, of which their bonds and debentures amount to \$10,000,000,000.

This means that the Railways borrow up to about 60 p.c. of the value of their property and the purchaser of the security, or lender to the company—which is the same thing—has a margin of safety of only about 40 p.c.

THE DOMINION TRUST COMPANY lends on improved real estate never exceeding 50 p.c. of a conservative valuation.

Is a loan of 50 p.c. on revenue-producing real estate not as safe or safer than a loan of 60 p.c. on Railways?

In New York city loans on central improved real estate bring only about 3.55 p.c. to the investor, while New York city bonds bring about 4.05 p.c. This means that in the estimation of New York investors, central real estate mortgages are safer than the bonds of the City of New York. But in Vancouver such mortgages yield from 6 to 7 p.c., and the first inference is naturally that some element of safety may be sacrificed.

It is generally conceded that a city of 75,000 or over will not under any circumstances, materially retrograde. Even a calamity like an earthquake will not permanently reduce population

Although the Panama Canal will not be opened for three or four years, yet already the annual tonnage of the ports is greater than that of any other Canadian city, excepting only montreal.

The ideas of railway men regarding the future of Vancouver are shown by the fact that it is the terminus of so many railways. More railways will in five years be in Vancouver than in any other Canadian city. Vancouver, including Point Grey and South Vancouver, now has a population of 135,000. Then why do first mortgages on improved real estate return 6 to 7½ p.c. to the investor? Because of the scarcity of money due to the many uses for it in developing the country.

The Financial Post of Toronto recently mentioned that insurance companies were becoming large purchasers of mortgages in Western Canada, and says "The margin of security usually taken is so great that the risk of loss is practically reduced to a minimum." That is just about as strongly as a financial paper will speak of any municipal or railway bond or debenture.

Write and ask us for a booklet on the subject which explains the precautions taken by the company before lending its own or clients' funds on first mortgages.

