

Blasting Powder

Single and double tape fuse detonators.
Electric fuses, batteries.
Cast steel for drills.

W. H. THORNE CO., Limited
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

HERE'S THE RECORD OF THE FILING OF DEEDS OF G. T. P. PROPERTY

Copy from Registrar's Files Should Silence Finally the Silly Statements of Standard That Land for Terminals at Courtenay Bay Has Not Been Secured.

At the office of J. V. McLellan, registrar of deeds, King street east, this morning, a Times reporter was shown the registration of the transaction by which the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company came into possession of the lands and riparian privileges at Courtenay Bay, on which they propose to erect their terminals. The deed was signed on April 9, 1910, is numbered 83,228, and states that for a consideration the lands in question pass from the ownership of Thomas Gilbert, et al, and into the control of the Grand Trunk Pacific Development Company, which, as explained in a message from Wm. Wainwright, vice-president of the road, is subsidiary to the G. T. P. Railway Company.

In the record the "G. T. P. Development Co." is mentioned as being "duly incorporated," and the purpose of the transfer is that they gain possession "to have and to hold the said lands and premises, and all rights, title, and interest therein, unto the said parties hereto of the first part therein with the appurtenances unto the said the company, its successors and assigns, to and for the use of the said the company, its successors and assigns forever."

WEST SIDE TRANSFER AGREEMENT PROVIDES FOR EXTENSIVE WORK

Papers Left With Minister of Public Works by C. P. R. Solicitor Yesterday—Government and Company to Co-operate in Big Development at Sand Point—Minister Greatly Pleased to Receive Document Which Facilitates His Plans for St. John.

Tuesday, Sept. 19. Yesterday afternoon, F. B. Taylor, of Weldon & McLean, solicitors of the C. P. R. Company, visited upon Hon. Mr. E. G. Coyne, Minister of Public Works, and submitted to him the agreement providing for the transfer of the shore rights on the west side of the harbor, which has now been executed by the city and the C. P. R. Company.

RAILS FOR ALBERT RT. DELIVERED THURSDAY

Thursday, Sept. 21. Hon. William Pugsley received a telegram yesterday from A. W. Campbell, deputy minister of railways, Ottawa, which read as follows:

WEDDINGS

Blissard-Gray. Tuesday, Sept. 19. A very pretty wedding took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock when Frederick Lemuel Blissard, of Fredericton, was united in marriage to Jennie Louise Gray, daughter of Mrs. Almond McPherson, of Moncton, at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. McPherson, 155 Brunswick street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Wilder Williams, pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church. The bride was dressed in a suit of coral-colored blue with hat to match. The couple were unattended. A wedding luncheon was served to the immediate friends of the contracting parties. Mr. and Mrs. Blissard left by the evening train for their home at Fredericton.

Fredericton, Sept. 19.—The residence of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Wiley, George street, was the scene of a pretty home wedding this afternoon when their youngest daughter, Miss Margaret McDonald Wiley, was united in marriage to Stewart Harrison, son of Mrs. F. I. Morrison, and secretary of the Fredericton Gaslight Company.

The ceremony was performed at 4 o'clock by Rev. Neil McLaughlin in the presence of a gathering of friends and relatives of the happy young couple. The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was costumed in ivory satin draped in chiffon and held a bouquet of orange blossoms and carried a bride bouquet of lilies of the valley.

The bridesmaid was Miss Edwina Wraycott, of this city, and the bridesmaids were light blue crepe de chene and she carried a bouquet of pink roses. The best man was G. Guy Morrison, cousin of the groom. At the conclusion of the ceremony a luncheon was served at the home of the bride's father, Mr. Morrison, and his bride left for Boston, New York and Philadelphia. The bride's traveling suit was of blue broadcloth with hat to match. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful presents. The groom's present to the bride was a beautiful diamond brooch, while to the bridesmaid he gave a pearl pin and to the bridesmaid a gold watch fob.

Buck-Jardine. Tuesday, Sept. 19. A quiet but very pretty wedding took place at 8 o'clock this morning at the home of the bride's father, Platt's Point, when their niece, Miss Isabel Jardine, was united in marriage to Chesley D. Buck, traveler for Brock & Peterson, St. John. The parson had been prettily decorated for the occasion with golden rods and golden glow, the ceremony being performed beneath an arch of bloom. The bride was given away by her father, the ceremony being performed by Rev. A. D. Archibald.

The bride was handsomely and becomingly attired in cream satin with point lace, mousseline and train and looked very lovely. She wore a handkerchief of sweet peas and maiden hair fern.

The wedding march was played by her niece, Miss Dorothy Forbes. Her sister, Miss Mayde Janssen, who was attired in grey silk and white, acted as bridesmaid, assisted the bride, while the groom was supported by J. Harry Baird, manager for A. & R. Loggie.

After a breakfast a dainty breakfast was served. The happy couple, accompanied by the 9.45 train to St. John, followed by the good wishes of many friends.

Thursday, Sept. 21. The Portland Methodist church was the scene of a very pretty wedding yesterday morning when Rev. D. A. May, pastor of the church, united in marriage Myrtle Marie Holder, second daughter of Captain D. J. Holder of this city and Arnold Olyver Burnham, son of a Burnham family of Moskenburg street. The wedding took place at 6 o'clock in the presence of only intimate friends and relatives. The bride was handsomely attired in a grey traveling suit with hat to match. The groom was given away by her father and carried a bouquet of sweet peas. There were no attendants. The church was very prettily decorated with autumn leaves and flowers. The choir of the church sang "The Wedding Song," "Blessed O'er Eden" and several other hymns. W. Patterson, Surrey Holder and Guy Burnham acted as ushers at the church.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Burnham left on the morning train for a honeymoon trip to Boston and New York. On their return they will reside at 127 West Main street.

Many handsome presents were received by both the bride and groom. Among them were a handsome tea set from the office staff of the city, a silver vase from the groom's employer, and a silver present to the bride was a handsome set of mink furs. The other presents included a gold watch and several checks for substantial amounts.

WEDDINGS

Mrs. M. D. Knowles, Red Rapids (N. B.); Mrs. Jennie L. Wilson, Boston; and Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Lutz, Amherst (N. B.); Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Somers, Moncton.

Thursday, Sept. 21. The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Guy Shillington of Silver Falls was the scene of a very pretty event at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon when their only daughter, Jennie M. was united in marriage to Perry McAvoy of this city, by Rev. J. C. B. Appel. The bride, who was given away by her father, looked charming in a gown of cream serge with baby Irish lace and satin trimmings, and carried a bride bouquet of roses and a nosegay of white flowers.

After a tempting luncheon, the happy couple left by auto for the S. S. Calvin Austin on route for New York and other cities in the States. On their return they will reside at 306 Princess St. Among the many handsome presents received were substantial checks from the bride's father, the groom's parents and brother, a dinner set from the groom's mother, a large engraving and limoges from the office staff of William Thomson & Co., in which the bride was a valued employee, a handkerchief and knife from A. Starkey, a purse of gold from C. E. Barbour, the groom's employer, and a mahogany parlor table from the bride into a wine glass, and the broken yolk of a new laid egg, then more juice, the whole to be swallowed without beating the mixture.

The representatives of the cold storage company, who are in opposition to the bill when it was in committee in Albany, said Mr. Brennan yesterday, "urged that the high cost of living was not due to unlimited storage, but rather to the fact that the price of foodstuffs had increased in proportion to the population. But statistics which I gathered in preparing this measure prove that whereas in the last ten years the population of the country has increased 20 per cent, food products, including cattle, have increased from 40 to 60 per cent. The increased cost is due to the quantities of foodstuffs that have been held over not only a scanty harvest season after one in which there has been more than plenty, but for the purpose of gambling in these foodstuffs."

The company against, which the first proceeding in this sense is being made is the Greenwich Cold Storage Company of 402 Greenwich street. Magistrate Corrigan issued a summons against it as a corporation and also against Laurens D. Prior, the president. The complaint states that Mr. Prior admitted to two inspectors that his company had violated the law in not stamping the date of entrance and exit of foodstuffs from his company's warehouses. The inspectors had already been made upon these summonses, but at the adjourned hearing before Magistrate O'Connor today, the actual prosecution for the violation of the law was discontinued. District Attorney Delahanty said: "I don't want it understood," said Mr. Brennan in discussing the gathering of evidence against these companies, that all of the warehouses have been found to be in violation of the law. There are two that I can think of which are of modern construction and which are obeying the provisions of the law.

There are others, which I must say have shown a sudden disposition to conform to the provisions. In these cases our men have found changes going on which carry out the law. They are going to avoid prosecution. They are going to be going after them on the old conditions, because when they have been violating the law they can't expect to find immunity. They must get a right new one.

But the great majority of the thirteen cold storage plants that we have visited we have found absolute disregard for the scientific methods of cold storage. And when there is a limit of twelve months. It is demanded that a system of stamping be enforced by which it will be possible for inspectors to detect violations of this phase of the law.

Thus far the inspectors have not covered many of the houses where meat alone is stored. There are many smaller subsidiary houses which derive their refrigeration from the large cold storage plants which also have not been reached. But about half of the big houses have shown conditions that the inspectors have put down in affidavits for the board of the state health department. These also go to Mr. Whitman's office here and outside to the district attorneys in whatever county the evidence appears.

The reports that have already come to Mr. Brennan in this county he said yesterday that at the present time there are in the thirteen plants visited 220,237 pounds of meat and poultry, 6,000,000 pounds of butter, 2,900,000 pounds of lard and 180,000,000 eggs. In one cold storage house was found 4,500,000 pounds of fat.

The sanitary conditions against which the inspectors have come have suggested to Commissioner Porter the advisability of drawing up a set of rules for the conduct of employees in these places. There was an inspector's report on one warehouse. In this place, where 200,000 pounds of meat and 48,000 cases of eggs are stored, I found the rooms filled with dirty barrels and a sort of rubbish. The top floor was in particular a filthy place. I was told that my inspection was the first ever made at the plant.

This is another place where the floors were not properly swept nor cleaned. The walls were not scraped or whitewashed. The pipes were not insulated and the building was in fact a hot-house. It should be condemned to other uses than those for which it is being used. A mixture of creosote with fuel was found in another place and described in this way:

AP TO THE NEW YORK COLD STORAGE PLANTS

Inspectors Find Some Places in Good Order, But Many Are Filthy—Rule That Date of Entry and Withdrawal Be Stamped Is Ignored.

(New York Sun.) The prosecution of one cold storage company will be started today in the Tombs court, and before the end of the week it is expected that three other concerns will be summoned to explain why their warehouses do not conform with the regulation of the Bessman law. Thomas A. Brennan, the assemblyman who drafted the bill, has signed more than plenty of subpoenas for State Health Commissioner Porter and has opened temporary headquarters in his law office at 346 Broadway.

From day to day since Governor Dix has signed the appropriation bill, which allowed for the enforcement of the law, reports have been received from the inspectors who are swinging through the city, and it is clear that the law is being violated in many places. Thus far prosecutions have been started in Buffalo, Syracuse, Rochester, Utica and Corning.

The representatives of the cold storage company, who are in opposition to the bill when it was in committee in Albany, said Mr. Brennan yesterday, "urged that the high cost of living was not due to unlimited storage, but rather to the fact that the price of foodstuffs had increased in proportion to the population. But statistics which I gathered in preparing this measure prove that whereas in the last ten years the population of the country has increased 20 per cent, food products, including cattle, have increased from 40 to 60 per cent. The increased cost is due to the quantities of foodstuffs that have been held over not only a scanty harvest season after one in which there has been more than plenty, but for the purpose of gambling in these foodstuffs."

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LEMONS USED FOR FOOD AND MEDICINE

Many Ways in Which This Fruit Can Be Utilized in Domestic Economy.

There are few fruits which contain so many domestic virtues as the lemon, and yet, apart from its use as a flavoring medium as applied to one of the many branches of culinary arts, the familiar yellow fruit meets with but scant appreciation by women of this country, says the London Daily Mail.

The extracted juice has invaluable soothing qualities for persons suffering from throat and chest troubles. One of the homeliest, but not on that account to be despised, remedies for a cold is to drink a glass of lemonade as hot and strong as it can be swallowed when in bed at night. A profuse perspiration follows, and provided the remedy is taken in time it is a famous cure.

Lemon juice and honey are beneficial for coughs. The ordinary method is to mix the juice of the fresh fruit with equal parts of honey, but the better plan is to take a large lemon in the oven until it is thoroughly soft, and then add sufficient strained honey to the pulp to produce a thick syrup.

This should be kept warm and a teaspoonful taken every quarter of an hour will greatly relieve the patient. Pure glycerine may be substituted for the honey. An old stillroom recipe for the alleviation of an obstinate sore throat is as follows: Strain two teaspoonfuls of lemon juice into a wine glass, add the unbroken yolk of a new laid egg, then more juice, the whole to be swallowed without beating the mixture.

Older women who indulge in outdoor exercises are often worried with rheumatism and swollen feet. They will derive much relief if they rub their skin with equal parts of lemon juice and alcohol, well blended.

The most obstinate corn can be cured, it is said, by the application of a poultice made of bread crumbs and lemon juice. A thin slice of the fruit takes the place of the poultice during the day, the process to be repeated as often as necessary. Rub chilblains with a slice of lemon dipped in salt.

A small bottle of fresh lemon juice should be kept on every table. It is useful to allay irritation caused by the stings and bites of flies and insects. A dash of it in water forms an excellent mouth wash, whitening the teeth, preventing the formation of tartar and sweetening the breath.

The following is a simple recipe for a shampoo: Extract the juice from two lemons and boil with the peels for ten minutes. Strain the juice into two ounces of salt of tartar, add two quarts of warm water and a few drops of any approved perfume. Use as an ordinary shampoo wash and note the beneficial effect on the hair and skin.

Women who are inclined to be "too, too solid," or who suffer from rheumatism or torpid livers, should take the juice of half a lemon squeezed into half a tumbler of water (without sugar) every morning instead of the customary early tea.

Two or three slices of lemon in a cup of hot tea (without the addition of milk) will often cure a nervous or sick headache, and many people find that mashing a lemon is an excellent preventive of train or sea sickness.

The juice of lemon juice need not necessitate the waste of the peel. Thinly sliced and boiled in the same way as orange marmalade, the result is a delicious and refreshing preserve for the breakfast and tea table.

SHIPBOARD TYPES. According to Stephen French Whitman, in his delightful article, on Shipboard, in the current Harper's Weekly, here are some of the people one meets aboard a transatlantic liner:

A DISCOVERY THAT IS BENEFITING THE WHOLE WORLD

Canadian Physician Made It

Wonderful New Substance Formed By Combining Fruit Juices.

It takes Canada to do the really big things that are being done. For thousands of years people have known that fruit juice was good for them without knowing exactly why. A Canadian physician experimenting with fruit juice discovered a new substance which is now being used in the treatment of many diseases.

Fruit juice is so much more than a mere refreshment. It is a powerful medicine. It is the only medicine that is so easy to take and so effective. It is the only medicine that is so natural and so pure.

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