

BOMBARDMENT CONTINUES

Big Guns Are Fired Daily on Ladysmith, but Little Damage is Being Done.

GENERAL BULLER CHANGES HIS PLANS

Will Send a Large Force to Relieve White--Boers Preparing For Strong Attack on the Position-- Fighting in Rhodesia.

(Associated Press.) London, Nov. 10.—With the arrival at Capetown of the British transports Roslyn Castle and Moor, to be followed by a continuous succession of troop-laden ships, the real campaign in South Africa may be said to have commenced, and the fact that the former was ordered to proceed to Durban forthwith is said to indicate either an entire change, or at least a modification, in the plan of advance.

It seems that General Buller's first move will be to free General White. That is departing somewhat from the earlier plans credited to him of advancing through the level country of the Orange Free State and Southwestern Transvaal.

It has been apparent for some days that the situation at Ladysmith could not be indefinitely prolonged, and it is understood information has reached the government that the quiescence of the Boers will shortly be changed by the arrival of the siege train from Pretoria into a determined attempt to deliver a telling stroke.

A Counter Stroke. This, it is added, is leading Gen. Buller to prepare a counter stroke and endeavor to push the Boers back by a direct attack.

Such an operation if attempted will necessarily entail a great expenditure of life, as during the months the Boers have occupied northern Natal they have fortified most of the passes and other positions suitable to their style of fighting.

Is White Short of Ammunition? While the pigeon dispatch of General White shows the beleaguered garrison was holding its own yesterday, it is feared here the silence regarding what the British artillery is doing in reply to the Boer guns indicates the dread that General White is short of long range ammunition is not altogether groundless. If this is true the reported further destruction of the railroad near Colenso assumes greater importance.

Boer Treachery. A very serious passage in Gen. White's message gives the first official confirmation of the statement of Boer treachery, which there had been a disposition hitherto to discredit, but which must unfortunately now be accepted as at least partly true.

No Boers Near Colenso. Escourt, Natal, Nov. 7.—The armored train which has returned from within half a mile of Colenso saw no signs of Boers.

More Troops For Buller. London, Nov. 10.—With the additional division announced by Lord Wolseley at the Lord Mayor's banquet yesterday evening, General Buller's forces will aggregate about 90,000 men by Christmas.

An Explanation. The war office has issued the following: "A report having appeared in South African papers that our artillery fired on the Geneva-flax, General Buller telegraphs the following account of the incident given to the Standard and Diggers' News by Rev. Mr. Martin, a Dutch clergyman with the Boers: "Directly after the first cannon shot

000,000 at twelve months. The average rates per cent. were £3 6s 3d for six months' bills, and £3 5s 6d for twelve months' bills.

Another Transport Arrives. Capetown, Nov. 10.—The British transport Major, having on board the officers of the three divisions of the British army corps, on its way to South Africa, arrived here at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

Vegetables for Troops. Toronto, Nov. 10.—The Ontario department of agriculture has received a communication from the Imperial authorities inquiring as to the export of vegetables for the troops in South Africa.

GOVERNMENTS THANKS. Canada's Offer to Send a Second Contingent Will Be Accepted Should It Be Required.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Nov. 10.—The following is a copy of Hon. Chamberlain's dispatch declining a second contingent for South Africa. It is dated 7th November, 1899: "Your minister's generous offer to send, without delay, a second contingent for service to South Africa has received the attention and consideration of the secretary of state for war and his military advisers, but they regret that, under existing circumstances, they are unable to accept it. "The offer will, however, certainly be borne in mind and Her Majesty's government will have no hesitation in availing themselves of it should future events make it desirable to do so. "Her Majesty's government attach great importance to this fresh proof of Canadian sympathy and good-will, and desires to express their grateful appreciation of it." "Signed" CHAMBERLAIN."

Massing of British Troops

They Are Now Preparing for the Invasion of the Free State.

Ten Thousand More Soldiers to Be Mobilized--The Shelling of Pretoria.

London, Nov. 9.—A dispatch from a correspondent at Queenstown, Cape Colony, dated November 6, says: "I arrived here yesterday afternoon via De Aar, Rosendal and Stormers, and did not see a sign of enemy's forces. "The concentration upon the frontier at De Aar and Queenstown has been completely effected without interruption. "The Boers have destroyed the Vaan-syl bridge, seven miles south of Norval's Point, but they have not further advanced towards Colenso. There is a general belief that the Free Staters intend to act on the defensive unless the Cape Dutch show active sympathy. "The railway within the Free State is completely wrecked. It is estimated that it will take six months to repair the damage already done in South Africa, and the army will hardly be able to use the railway any more than in 1881."

Washington News. London, Nov. 10.—(4:30 a.m.)—News is anxiously awaited from General Buller about the reported fighting around Ladysmith. It may be that White has sent news which Buller has thought best to keep to himself is the version beginning to be believed, as the stories of heavy fighting brought by Kaffirs in such circumstantial detail can hardly be wholly groundless. The Boers, if they ever entertained the idea of a real invasion of Cape Colony, have probably not abandoned it, to devote their energies to reducing Ladysmith.

Orders have been received at Woolwich and Devonport for the mobilization of a Siege Train, which it is supposed is for the purpose of shelling Pretoria. The force manning it will approximate to the strength of eight batteries, and will consist of thirty-two officers and 1,104 non-commissioned officers and men. Its armament will be thirty howitzers, fourteen 6-inch guns, eight 5-inch guns and eight 4-inch guns, the whole train weighing over 3,000 tons. This will be the first employment of a modernized siege train by a European army.

Three large steamers have just been chartered at Liverpool to convey the 10,000 troops of the division which Lord Wolseley yesterday announced would be mobilized. The Daily Telegraph correspondent at Pietermaritzburg, telegraphing Monday, says: "Estcourt, Pietermaritzburg and Ladysmith Are All Safe for some time to come. Owing to the fact that Ladysmith lies low and the Boers, unlooked for, have been permitted to occupy Mount Bulwan and other surrounding high hills, attempts to open up telegraphic communications have proved a failure."

The Capetown correspondent of the Standard says: "The ministerial papers here are giving currency to infamous Boer charges of British brutality to prisoners and the treacherous use of the

white flag. It is asserted that the British have bound prisoners to the wheels of Maxim guns and dragged them along."

From Port Elizabeth comes the intelligence that the customs officers have seized a bale of new flags consigned to the Free State.

At Constantinople it is rumored that Lord Cromer, British diplomatic agent in Egypt, has received instructions to arrange with the Egyptian cabinet for the dispatch of 6,000 Egyptian troops to the Transvaal, but the report is discredited here.

Movements of Troops in Natal. Estcourt, Natal, Nov. 6.—There are signs that a movement is contemplated by the British troops here, but their destination is kept a profound secret.

An armored train which has returned from reconnoitering in the direction of Colenso reports having seen nothing of the enemy. The train guard met a native runner returning from Ladysmith, who said that a party of Boers had torn up the line within a mile of Colenso station. The Boers, he asserted, were in great numbers. They brought big guns down from Gohlenshoek Hill, pointed them in the main roadway and fired five shots into Colenso, only to ascertain that it had been completely evacuated. They entered with five empty wagons, which they filled with goods from Edwards's store. The train party went scouting and obtained reliable news that Colenso was then in possession of the Boers, and therefore returned.

Volunteers Killed. London, Nov. 9.—A telegram has been received at the colonial office from the Governor of Natal, giving a copy of the pigeon post message received by the Premier from the commandant of volunteers. It is as follows: "Ladysmith, Tuesday, Nov. 7.—I sent you November 3 by native messenger a report of the engagement that day, but I am not sure if it reached you, as the messenger has not returned. Major Taunton and Sergt. Mappone, of the Natal Engineers, were killed; Capt. Arnott, of the Border Mounted Rifles, was wounded; nine troopers were wounded, all slightly, and are doing well."

There has been nothing important since the hospital removed to a spot on the railway three miles south. All was quiet on Sunday and Monday. The enemy renewed the bombardment to-day, but no damage was done."

Police Reoccupy Stormberg. Burghersdorp, Cape Colony, Nov. 8.—There are no signs here of the Boers, though it is asserted that they will invade Burghersdorp to-morrow morning. The police have returned and reoccupied Stormberg.

The Boers have blown up the Achterstad railway bridge and have cut the wires.

Carnegie on the War. New York, Nov. 9.—Mr. Andrew Carnegie was interviewed on his arrival here to-day. Speaking of the war between England and the Boers, Mr. Carnegie said Great Britain had brought on the war by a desire for gain. "The war against the Boers is most infamous and unjust, and it was brought about by England's lust for dominion, and is on a par with our attacks on the Philippines. The two attacks are a disgrace to both branches of our race. The people in the Transvaal and the Orange Free State have a right to rule themselves. One war is an attack on an existing and the other on an embryonic republic. It was wrong for us to attack the Philippines for England to attack the Boers, for we all see from a greater height, as we believe in a government by the consent of the governed."

CANADIAN BREVITIES. London, Nov. 11.—Thomas Dickenson, of the firm of Dickenson, Nicholson & Co., wholesale drygoods and millinery, is dead, the result of injuries received on a train near Philadelphia yesterday.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—The Lord's Day Alliance, in conference here, is strongly opposed to the opening of Canadian canals on Sunday, and has appointed a committee to wait on the government regarding the matter.

Varsity students have decided that in future no liquor shall be served at annual dinners. J. G. Jardine, commissioner to Paris, who has returned to the city, says a great amount of activity is prevailing among the manufacturers of musical instruments for the Paris exposition.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—Mr. E. Wicklemann, vice-consul, Adelaide, Finland, who has just returned from the west, says Alberta and Prince Albert districts are fine countries. He contends that with ice-breakers they have in Finland it would be possible to keep Hudson's Bay open all the year round. Mr. Wicklemann will endeavor to push forward Finnish immigration to Canada.

Quebec, Nov. 11.—Mr. Davidson, counsel for Fox Bay settlers, and Rev. Dr. Griffith, ex-president of the Methodist conference, make charges of gross injustice in the decision of the courts in sustaining Menier's right to eject settlers. It is claimed no witnesses were heard, nor any attempt made to argue the cases. The case will be appealed.

Carleton Place, Nov. 11.—A shocking attempt at suicide was made at Plainfield yesterday by a young man named James Gillespie, aged 21 years. He cut his throat with a razor, nearly severing the wind-pipe and cutting the vocal cords. His recovery is doubtful.

Oshawa, Ont., Nov. 11.—Hon. G. E. For addressed a meeting in the interest of the Conservatives.

THE JAPS DID IT.—They supplied us with the newshod contained in that wonderful D. & L. Menthol Plaster, which relieves instantly backache, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism and neuralgia. Manufactured by the Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

ATTACK ON KIMBERLEY HAS COMMENCED

Despatch From Pretoria Says the Boers Began the Bombardment on Tuesday.

THE BOERS REPULSED AT MAFEKING

Colonel Keith-Falconer Killed in a Skirmish Near Belmont-- Naval Men and Guns for the Front--News of Big Engagement Hourly Expected.

(Associated Press.) London, Nov. 11.—The last infantry battalions under orders for South Africa left England to-day and the last of Hussars also sailed, leaving the Household regiment the only cavalry still to be dispatched, and last but not least, the first battery of the howitzer artillery has started.

Great things are expected of the howitzer battery, of which there are only three in the British army. These five-inch breechloaders are claimed to be of a superior character, and are expected to be particularly serviceable in removing the Boers from the hills.

Absence of News Causes Anxiety. The absence of news of any importance from Ladysmith is having its effect on the nerves of the country, and references in the censored dispatches of abnormal losses heightens the anxiety. It is pointed out that the absence of serious news in such dispatches as have been received from General White proves nothing, for the general is not likely to send anything unpleasant or indicative of anxiety by pigeons, which are so liable to fall into the hands of the Boers.

Isolating Ladysmith. There are signs that the greater part of the Boers are concentrating between Ladysmith and Colenso, but the stories are so contradictory that it is impossible to assert this absolutely. If true, it is pointed out, that while it cuts off Ladysmith, the risk to the Boers is also great, for it will give Gen. White a great chance to intercept their retreat when Lord Methuen's division advances from the southward, unless in the meanwhile Gen. Joubert succeeds in crushing the beleaguered garrison. As the latter is completing preparations for a series of desperate attacks on Gen. White's position it is not doubted that heavy fighting may be heard of at any moment.

Gen. White's force, it is asserted, must be enduring a daily ordeal which will hardly improve their fighting efficiency and the danger of the shortness of ammunition looms up largely.

Can White Hold Out? On the development of the situation at Ladysmith the immediate future depends, probably the length of the war. It is pointed out that if Gen. White can maintain his position until Nov. 26th or 28th the British authorities will be fully satisfied that all danger in Natal will be over. Should he fail to do so and be compelled to abandon his guns and stores, where he will meet the Boers in position on Tugela river it is impossible, it is added, to predict what may happen.

On the other hand, the critics say, should the situation at Ladysmith not be materially changed before November 28th, it is confidently predicted the majority of the Boer force will be caught between two British forces and be compelled to retreat over the difficult Tintwa pass or Livershook after abandoning its guns.

Boers Confident. The Boers have expressed the intention of capturing Ladysmith and then marching on the capital of Natal, and the fact of their retaining Tugela bridge intact shows they have confidence in their ability to carry out their plans. Gen. Schalkburger's flanking movement

via Zululand must shortly develop, if it is to be effective, but the experts here scout the suggestion that, with the reinforcements already there and the big naval guns continually arriving at Pietermaritzburg, there can be any serious danger.

No News of Disaster. There is nothing corroborative of the rumors from Brest of a disaster to a British troopship. The admiralty has no knowledge of any such occurrence.

The Queen Inspects Cavalry. Sunshine so brilliant that it compelled Queen Victoria to resort to a sunshade for protection, greeted Her Majesty's return to Windsor this morning when she inspected three detachments of the Household cavalry bound for South Africa. The Royal Horse Guards and the Second Life Guards journeyed up from London, joining the First Life Guards. Amid scenes of great enthusiasm, the troops formed in two lines, unmounted, in khaki uniform. An immense crowd of people witnessed the assembly. Brigadier-Gen. Trotter, district commander, with his full staff, conducted the inspection.

Colenso Deserted. Estcourt, Natal, Tuesday, Nov. 7.—The armored train, manned by the engineering staff, and a company of Dublin Fusiliers under Captain Henley, returned here to-night. It reports it found the stores at P'ree had been looted, apparently by Kaffirs, and that cyclist patrols were met who reported the Boers were on Springfield Road, five miles away.

The train proceeded cautiously and found Bluefruit bridge intact. The train was frequently stopped, and Captain Henley examined the road before proceeding. Nearing Colenso, Captain Henley inspected Fort Nicholson, and, proceeding, found the line cut a mile south of Colenso. Two lengths of rail on each side had been lifted and placed out of gauge. From information obtained from Kaffirs it appears the Boers left the vicinity of Colenso early this morning, proceeding in the direction of Bulwer mountain.

Captain Henley found Colenso absolutely deserted. A balloon was observed for several minutes hovering over the Boer position in the mountains. It was presumably a British balloon from Ladysmith.

Bluejackets to the Front. Durban, Wednesday, Nov. 8.—A large force of men and guns from the British first-class cruiser Terrible have started for the front.

ATTACK ON KIMBERLEY. Skirmish Between Boers and British Near Belmont--Colonel C. B. Keith-Falconer, of the Northumberland Fusiliers, Killed. Pretoria, Tuesday, Nov. 7.—The bombardment and attack on Kimberley started this morning. Dispatch from Kekewich. London, Nov. 11.—The War Office has received the following from General Buller: "Capetown, Friday, Nov. 10, 1:20 p.m.—The following message has been received from Kekewich, dated Kimberley, Monday, Nov. 6th: "The wounded are progressing satisfactorily. "Two unarmed natives have been

Castoria is a... Regoric, Drops... either Opium... It is Pleasant... Millions of... lays Feverish... Colic. Castoria... stipitation and... od, regulates... children, giving... the Children's

Castoria... well adapted to children... superior to any pre... M. D. Brooklyn, N. Y.

URE OF... APPER.

TELEGRAPHY... Interesting Experi... Way to England.

Passengers on the... which starts for... will have the ad... the latest South... some time before the... shore. Signor Mar... of wireless telegraphy... Paul, taking with him... instruments. He says... with the English... at Land's End, when... hundred miles of that... rough estimate three... in Southampton.

AND LOSE ALL... on intent on "grasping... strength of nerves, ap... health. Fortunately... be restored by taking... which has put him on... the road to success by... reaction, strong nerves... does the same thing... women.

ACQUITTED... The trial of J. W. V... of stealing \$62,000... here in October... at one o'clock to... "not guilty." The... one hour and a half... was received with

AN EXPRESS... Ont., Nov. 8.—The... Montreal express ran... last night. No one... cause of the accident... switch.

SAILORS FREE... All of the Scots... are now at liberty... acquitted, two on... and two were dis... in jail during the... considered sufficient

D DYES... Protectors. Dyes Are Vile... tions.

women in our... and farming districts... protection afforded... Diamond Dyes... coloring agents have... for over twenty... ways been tried... made. The magni... shades produced by... everywhere extolled... in every case proved... of sunlight and... ample directions on... Diamond Dyes... with perfect... of Diamond Dyes... for the sake of long... ions are deceptions... they cause annoy... loss of money and... The colors are... they cannot stand... protection and secur... for the Diamond... trouble to see that... is on each pack... this direction will... of trouble.