

MAYOR'S NEXT MOVE IS PRICES OF BACON

Thinks Packers Are Getting Away With Too Much Profit — Health Department Will Investigate — Alleges Restaurants Making Two to Five Hundred Per Cent.

A request has been sent to the medical health department by Mayor Church to start an investigation into bacon prices. He expressed the opinion yesterday that the packers were getting away with too much profit. When the O'Connor investigation was held three years ago hogs were then selling at 20 to 21 cents, the mayor points out, and bacon was selling around 55 cents a pound. Today hogs are selling around 15 to 16 cents and bacon from 62 to 70 cents a pound, indicating a greater margin of profit now than formerly.

The report on food prices charged by restaurants has been prepared by Dr. Hastings' department, and Mayor Duncan, representative of the board of commerce, is engaged in preparing a report on overhead costs. The report on prices shows that restaurants are charging from two to five hundred per cent. profit on some foods, but the overhead costs will cut these percentages considerably. The report will be in the hands of Mayor Church today, and will no doubt receive the attention of the police commission at their next meeting.

Attacks Legal Department. Mayor Church has renewed his attack on the city's legal department for failing to take legal action against the Toronto Street Railway to collect the percentages of earnings now overdue for two months. Some time ago the mayor instructed the lawyers to get busy but it is understood they will not launch a suit without instructions from the board of control. The mayor also criticizes Corporation Counsel Geary for advising that the city would be protected by an agreement to defer the payments providing the legislature approved.

Said his worship yesterday: "I believe the city council will support me with a big majority in opposing the application of the Toronto Street Railway Company to vary their contract by postponing the percentages. We are not going to depend on our legal department for advice in this matter as I believe it is wrong in law and fact. We cannot vary the contract without violating it. If the company is as solvent as they say they are they will have no trouble in borrowing from the banks themselves. We have a very weak legal department to offer such advice as they are giving. I am one of the trustees for the public, and will see the contract is not varied. I have already instructed the legal department to go ahead and collect the money and they can do so by a specially endorsed writ and get speedy judgment. If they cannot do it, there are other lawyers who will carry out instructions, as I am fast losing confidence in the results this department is obtaining."

Collecting Information. Mayor Church, who has accepted, at the hands of the board of control, the job of running down the milk producers, if any exist, has not yet had a writ issued against the milk dealers, on the grounds that they were a combine in restraint of trade, which he hinted on Wednesday that such action would be taken.

When asked yesterday what was being done, the mayor replied: "Dr. Hastings is collecting information, and I have asked Acting Chief Constable Dickson to investigate and get the facts." The smallpox epidemic, which began ten months ago, and has now disappeared, cost the city \$145,000, it was stated at the medical health department yesterday. The bulk of the expense was incurred in equipping the Riverside Smallpox Hospital.

Will Divide Taxes. Toronto will have to divide with Hamilton the taxes accruing on W. B. Cleland's \$10,000 income, and the assessment commissioners of the two cities will make the adjustment. Mr. Cleland, who occupied the position of manager of the government dispensaries in Toronto, succeeded in having his Toronto assessment canceled, on the ground that he was a resident of Hamilton. On May 11, 1920, he wrote the Toronto assessment commissioner that he had "never at any time been a resident of Toronto, my home being in Hamilton, where I have lived since 1907. I have been located in a business way in Toronto for the last three years in the imperial munitions board, and in the department, but travel up and down each day."

In a letter dated June 23, 1919, to Assessment Commissioner McLeod of Hamilton, he wrote: "I am making my income in Toronto, and have been living there for the last two and one-half years, and have to pay income tax in that city. You could hardly expect me to repeat in Hamilton. I do not mind paying in Hamilton if you show me how I can avoid paying in Toronto."

It was shown at the court of revision yesterday that Mr. Cleland had paid no taxes in Hamilton in 1919 on his new income. The executors of the Turner estate contended against the assessment of \$12,500 on an acre on six acres of land on Devonport road. The court reduced the assessment to \$10,000 an acre.

SELECT LOCAL BOARDS FOR MOTHERS' PENSIONS. The members of the Mothers' Pension Board are busy with routine work of appointing local boards, of which it is estimated there will be about 90 throughout the province. Beginning with the capital, some of the appointments made are:

Ottawa: Mrs. Charles Thorburn, Mrs. Bryce Stewart, Madame S. Leveille, F. W. McRae, Thos. S. Burn and A. G. Cameron. The Guelph board appointed by Mrs. Goldie, Mrs. A. Anderson, J. M. Taylor, C. W. Dawson and H. Quarmby. The board have appointed Miss Frances McDonald special investigator, with Toronto as her centre, and Harry Bentley, a returned soldier, has been placed in charge of the records.

HORSE, WAGON AND CHICKENS VANISHED

When F. Shankman, 54 Palmerston avenue, emerged from the market, where he had been making some purchases yesterday afternoon, he found that his horse, wagon and a number of chickens had disappeared. Very much perturbed, he hunted around until he found P. C. Dunn (140), and the two made a search of the vicinity, finally coming on Fred McCue, 237 East King street, who, the police allege, was driving from place to place trying to sell the chickens. He was immediately placed under arrest on a charge of theft.

FARM PURCHASED BY HARBOR BOARD

Will Secure Top Dressing for the Sunnyside Reclamation Work.

The Toronto harbor commission has purchased a 96-acre farm near Pickering, in order to secure top dressing for the Sunnyside reclamation work. It is estimated that 20,000 carloads of loam will be required. A siding will be built to the farm to facilitate loading. The entire harbor reclamation scheme will add 894 acres to the city's land holdings, made up of 192 acres off Sunnyside, 350 acres at the island, and 352 acres east of Cherry street.

The home of the late C. A. B. Brown at 47 Wellesley street has been sold by the executors to H. M. Asling for \$20,000. The lot has a frontage of 55 feet and a depth of 150 feet.

The following permits were issued by the city architect's department yesterday:

W. Headley, store and dwelling, north of Applegrove avenue, near Morley avenue, \$4,500.

Mrs. E. Hanna, detached brick dwelling east of Twellen avenue, near Evelyn Crescent, \$7,000.

J. Detez, one pair semi-detached stores and houses, 2180-2182 East Queen street, \$14,000.

THIRTEEN CALLED TO BAR OF ONTARIO

Suggest Limitation of Candidates—Two New Women Lawyers Admitted.

Eleven men and two women were yesterday called to the Ontario bar before Justice Logie. Commenting on the rush to the legal profession, a bencher suggested that it would be an excellent idea if admission of candidates as students-at-law could be limited as was suggested with the medical profession. He had the impression, however, that the Law Society of Upper Canada was under the statutes required to admit anyone with the required qualifications. "I think that you will see the standard raised," he added. "Something must be done."

Next examinations were presided over by F. G. Gardiner (gold medal), J. R. Cartwright (silver medal) and K. S. Merton (bronze medal), the ceremony being performed by Dr. John Hoskins, K.C., treasurer of the Law Society. Those called to the bar were: G. A. Phillips, P. B. Bowdler, P. A. Lard, F. E. Breen, J. E. Robinson, W. M. Egan, A. J. Sneath, E. H. Kraund, J. R. A. Barrett, R. L. Kellock, J. de Navarro Kennedy, and Misses Gladys Verona Taylor and Vera Alexandra Robinson.

DIES IN OTTAWA. Ottawa, Sept. 16.—Mrs. Elizabeth Harkin, 84 years of age, relict of the M.L.A. for Vankeet Hill, died here today.

Bombing and Booming Wall Street. St. Louis: "I'm tellin' ye, Josephus, they Wall Street bombs are a warnin' til ye an' yer prentn's specials frae Wall Street shoot safety razor shares, Mexican like an' United Trans."

Joe: "No more than your Montreal specials about pulp and paper shares. We must both chime for both. We are chumming when we print the Manufacturers' Association canned goods."

Stoort: "The Globe's only damn it til keep up an air of impartiality. Joe: Chime, brother, chime: chime for the Safety Razor, and Mexican Petroleum, Chime for pulp. The time to chime is when the bombs are loud. The Canadian Association has issued its convention. Owing, however, to differences of opinion as to the mode and extent of approach to the British session, it was decided to leave the session in abeyance for another year."

Chartered Accountants Seek Reciprocity in Membership. Altho chartered accountants of British institutes are welcomed in Canada, the same privileges of practice are not granted Canadian accountants in Great Britain.

An effort to eliminate this condition was proposed yesterday by the Dominion Association of Chartered Accountants which closed its convention. Owing, however, to differences of opinion as to the mode and extent of approach to the British session, it was decided to leave the session in abeyance for another year.

OPENING OF WAR SERVICE MEMORIAL CLUB



A number of prominent Torontonians were present yesterday afternoon at the opening ceremonies in the building at 41 East Gerrard street. Front row, from left to right: Mrs. R. L. W. Eaton, Mrs. Harris McPhedran, Mrs. E. E. Duggan, Lady Eaton, Lady Pellatt, Mrs. Geo. Heathcote, Mrs. W. R. Ross. Second row, from left to right: Col. Barker, Col. Wright, Sir John Eaton, Col. Bishop, Finance Commissioner Ross.

SETTLERS WOULD NOT STAY ON LAND FOR AMALGAMATION

New Ontario Colonization Company's Affairs Are Investigated.

The affairs of the ill-starred New Ontario Colonization Company were investigated yesterday by the Riddell-Latchford commission yesterday. In 1912 W. K. Jackson of Buffalo secured from the Hebert government two townships on the understanding that within two years at least 2400 acres would be prepared for settlement, houses and barns built, and at least 16 bona fide settlers brought in per year for three years. It was shown in evidence that from 1912 to 1929, only 20 settlers had been secured, and only seven were on the land now, and only 250 acres cleared and settled. But in that period the company had cut and sold 19,000 cords of pulpwood, 22,000,000 feet of round lumber and 10,000,000 feet of logs.

Heavily Capitalized. In his evidence Mr. Jackson said the company was capitalized at \$1,250,000, of which \$250,000 was preferred stock fully paid up, and of which Rushworth and Wigwe owned only one share, par value \$100 each. First negotiations with the government had been made by Rushworth. He was to receive a commission from the other two for his interest; there was merely a sort of elastic understanding on that point. Justice Riddell: "Had you no agreement with Rushworth as to the interest which he and his friend Wigwe should have?" "No, because at that time there was some doubt as to how much the government was going to ask for the land," Rushworth had expected to make \$25,000, but circumstances cut it down to about \$17,000.

Danes Soon Departed. The company had brought out 52 Mr. Harding: "Did they stay on the land?" "Unfortunately they did not." "Until they could get away," remarked Mr. Harding. "Well, I suppose you put it about right," witness admitted. He relieved most of them were still in the country. Asked if there were any bona fide farmers up there at all, witness said: "Yes, we have contracts that total \$2." "Are there any settlers here?" "I don't mean contracts," said Justice Riddell. "Did it, yes, six or eight." The war had interfered, prospective settlers had enlisted. If they came back they would be welcomed and could commence again where they left off. "Have you received any letters from the government that your company was being shut up to the strict letter of the contracts they had entered into?" "Yes, I have some such letters."

Many Did Not Sign. Examined by Mr. Bain, witness said that 89 persons had signed settlers' contracts, and that 27 more had paid their money, but had not signed. Justice Latchford: "Did it not occur to you that the best people to settle that country are people who live in this country and who are used to the climate—for example, the French-Canadians?" "Yes, I agree with you. All those 27 who paid their money but did not sign, were French-Canadians." Witness thought the military service act might have caused this. "I was wondering," remarked his lordship, "whether that measure synchronized with the disappearance of these French-Canadians."

Judge Riddell's Aside. Justice Riddell later observed: "I must say it pleases us, Mr. Jackson, to think that the American citizen takes such an interest in our province that he would almost sacrifice business interests over that we should have more settlers." The inquiry will resume on September 29.

Come, Lord Jesus. A Letter will be delivered in "WILLARD HALL," W.C.T.U. 16-22 Gerrard Street East. THIS EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK Showing many reasons for believing that Battle of "Armageddon" took place in September, 1918—The "Water" of the "Great River E-phraim" was "dried" on October, 1918; That the "Seventh" "Vial" was "poured out" on October 10, 1918; That the "Eighth" "Vial" is "done" as fulfilled in November, 1918; That the "Ninth" "Vial" may be expected to be fulfilled in the next week, or in October or November this year—Then "Peace on Earth" for "1,000 years."

TIGHTNESS OF MONEY CAUSES BIG SLUMP IN HOUSE BUILDING

Freight Rate Increase on Lumber Is Also Contributory Cause.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

Rates from Vancouver to Toronto has been raised from 77c to \$1.05 1/2 per 100, which adds from \$5 to \$8 per \$100 to the Toronto price. British Columbia fir has moved eastern hemisphere, but out of the Toronto market all summer, and there are said to be large stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

Rates from Vancouver to Toronto has been raised from 77c to \$1.05 1/2 per 100, which adds from \$5 to \$8 per \$100 to the Toronto price. British Columbia fir has moved eastern hemisphere, but out of the Toronto market all summer, and there are said to be large stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

Rates from Vancouver to Toronto has been raised from 77c to \$1.05 1/2 per 100, which adds from \$5 to \$8 per \$100 to the Toronto price. British Columbia fir has moved eastern hemisphere, but out of the Toronto market all summer, and there are said to be large stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

Rates from Vancouver to Toronto has been raised from 77c to \$1.05 1/2 per 100, which adds from \$5 to \$8 per \$100 to the Toronto price. British Columbia fir has moved eastern hemisphere, but out of the Toronto market all summer, and there are said to be large stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

Rates from Vancouver to Toronto has been raised from 77c to \$1.05 1/2 per 100, which adds from \$5 to \$8 per \$100 to the Toronto price. British Columbia fir has moved eastern hemisphere, but out of the Toronto market all summer, and there are said to be large stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

Rates from Vancouver to Toronto has been raised from 77c to \$1.05 1/2 per 100, which adds from \$5 to \$8 per \$100 to the Toronto price. British Columbia fir has moved eastern hemisphere, but out of the Toronto market all summer, and there are said to be large stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

Rates from Vancouver to Toronto has been raised from 77c to \$1.05 1/2 per 100, which adds from \$5 to \$8 per \$100 to the Toronto price. British Columbia fir has moved eastern hemisphere, but out of the Toronto market all summer, and there are said to be large stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

Rates from Vancouver to Toronto has been raised from 77c to \$1.05 1/2 per 100, which adds from \$5 to \$8 per \$100 to the Toronto price. British Columbia fir has moved eastern hemisphere, but out of the Toronto market all summer, and there are said to be large stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

There has been a decided slump in the house building industry in the last month, and the chief reason for this situation is said to be the scarcity of funds for building loans. Representatives of several loaning concerns told The World yesterday that the demand for loans was still active, but the money was not available to meet the demand, even at the 7 1/2 per cent, which is now the prevailing rate.

Some improvement of the money supply is expected after progress has been made with the movement of the western crops. It is reported that some of the financial houses are demanding 8 per cent. for funds, but no confirmation of this was obtained.

The falling off in building operations has created a quiet market for lumber, tho the increase of freight rates is partly responsible for the depression. A Toronto representative of British Columbia mills said yesterday that he could not compete under the new freight schedules with Ontario and eastern lumber companies in rough building lumber, and he was not placing any more orders for the present.

Rates from Vancouver to Toronto has been raised from 77c to \$1.05 1/2 per 100, which adds from \$5 to \$8 per \$100 to the Toronto price. British Columbia fir has moved eastern hemisphere, but out of the Toronto market all summer, and there are said to be large stocks of rough hemlock available in Ontario, which will now be able to take advantage of the big freight penalty on British Columbia stuff. No. 1 common fir and also hemlock now in the market are selling around \$5 per 1000.

PARISH PRIEST OBJECTS TO PROPOSED STABLES

Rev. Father O'Donnell, parish priest of St. Ann's Church on First avenue, has addressed a letter to the mayor and members of the board of control protesting against the erection of stables on that avenue by Hilton Bros. Father O'Donnell says he represents 550 families who have erected on that avenue a church and dwelling worth \$200,000, and that the building of these stables will tend to depreciate that property, as well as that of working men in the immediate vicinity.

ELsie FERGUSON IN "LADY ROSE'S DAUGHTER"

Regent TODAY AT 1, 3.25, 5.25, 7.30, 9.55

OVERTURE "ZAMPA" Famous Regent Orchestra.

Strand Continuous, 10 a.m. to 11 p.m.

A Flaming Romance of Old Seville. "THE WORLD AND HIS WIFE" Comedy. Lella Auger in Songs, with Spectacular Settings. Strand Popular Orchestra.

FAMILY Fri.-Sat. "THE PRINCE CHAM" GARDEN Fri.-Sat. "THE BEST OF LUCK" TECK Fri.-Sat. "FORBIDDEN TRAILS"

ELsie FERGUSON IN "LADY ROSE'S DAUGHTER"

Regent TODAY AT 1, 3.25, 5.25, 7.30, 9.55

OVERTURE "ZAMPA" Famous Regent Orchestra.

Strand Continuous, 10 a.m. to 11 p.m.

A Flaming Romance of Old Seville. "THE WORLD AND HIS WIFE" Comedy. Lella Auger in Songs, with Spectacular Settings. Strand Popular Orchestra.

FAMILY Fri.-Sat. "THE PRINCE CHAM" GARDEN Fri.-Sat. "THE BEST OF LUCK" TECK Fri.-Sat. "FORBIDDEN TRAILS"

ALHAMBRA New Play. "THE SEA WOLF" From Jack London's Greatest Adventure Story. Other Fine Features. Alhambra Concert Orchestra.

OAKWOOD A Production of Thrills. "THE FOOL AND HIS MONEY." Spectacular Music. Comedy and Other Attractions.

MUSICAL NOVELTY AT 2.30, 6.30, 8 O'CLOCK.

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."

WINDSOR. (Geo. Bollemaker, the Toronto cil and Jam the congress they should Labor Tem the Trades w was the me sitted of m. Labor Cou as having a sitting of member of m. Mrs. Jos. in an impa cause of B. J. Simpa James Sim the mo re; was a flat of Bol Trades and organization, two it principle of one of the attached to Labor party power wid enda, but establishment "Trusts."